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Jyaistha 10, 1894 (Saka)

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NEW DELHI

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LOK SABHA

Wednesday, May 31, 1972/Jyaistha 10, 1894 (Saka)

The Lok Sabha met at Eleven of the Clock

[MR. SPEAKER *in the Chair*]

MEMBER SWORN

Shri Arvindkumar Mohanlal Patel (Rajkot)

ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

Playing of National Anthem in Cinema Houses

*1063 SHRI SUKHDEO PRASAD VERMA : Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state :

(a) whether the playing of the National Anthem in Cinema Houses is being stopped ; and

(b) if so, the reasons thereof ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRIMATI NANDINI SATPATHY) : (a) No, Sir.

(b) The question does not arise

श्री सुखदेव प्रसाद वर्मा : अध्यक्ष महोदय, मैं आपके माध्यम से मंत्री महोदय से जानना चाहता हूं कि क्या उनको इस बात की जानकारी है कि सिनेमाघरों में जब राष्ट्रीय गान होता है तब उसको यथोचित सम्मान नही मिल पाता है। चूंकि राष्ट्रीय गान को सिनेमा-घरों में जो सम्मान मिलना चाहिए वह नहीं मिलता है इस लिए ऐसा लगता है कि उसका अपमान होता है। इस बात को ध्यान में रखकर क्या सरकार इस पर विचार करेगी कि सिनेमा-घरों में राष्ट्रीय गान के गाने पर प्रतिबन्ध लगाया जाय ?

SHRIMATI NANDINI SATPATHY : No, Sir ; we do not propose to stop playing of National Anthem in cinema houses. It is not a fact that the National Anthem was not shown proper respect in the cinema houses. In fact, during the course of these few years, this has become a habit with the people. People have got accustomed to this thing and they are standing up and showing proper respect. Maybe in certain cases, some people are not showing proper respect. That does not mean that we should stop playing the National Anthem. That means they will never get a chance to learn it.

श्री सुखदेव वर्मा : मैं समझता हूं कि माननीय मंत्री ने जो उत्तर दिया है वह सत्य से परे है। सचमुच मे सभी को इस बात की जानकारी है कि जब सिनेमा-घरों में राष्ट्रीय गान होता है तो उसको यथोचित सम्मान नही मिलता है। मंत्री महोदय का कहना है कि नही, वह सम्मान मिलता है। मैं चाहूंगा कि मंत्री महोदय स्वयं एक बार सिनेमा घर का निरीक्षण करके इस पर पुनर्विचार करें।

अध्यक्ष महोदय : क्या आप कह रहे है कि पहले मन्त्री महोदय सिनेमा देखने जायें तब विचार करे ?

श्री सुखदेव प्रसाद वर्मा : वह कहती हैं कि सम्मान मिलता है। लेकिन हम लोगों का अनुभव है कि सिनेमाघरों में राष्ट्रीय गान को सम्मान नहीं मिलता है।

श्री अटल बिहारी वाजपेयी : क्या यह सच है कि राष्ट्रीय धुन के कापी-राइट के सवाल को लेकर कोई विवाद खड़ा हो गया है ?

अध्यक्ष महोदय : आप किधर चले गए ?

श्री अटल बिहारी वाजपेयी : मैं अपने प्रश्न पर आता हू। सिनेमा हालों में राष्ट्रीय धुन न बजाई जाए यह विचार शायद इसीलिए निकला कि कोई कापी-राइट के अन्तर्गत उसकी कीमत वसूल .....

अध्यक्ष महोदय : क्या आप पर भी जो पीछे बैठे हुए है उनका असर हो गया ?

श्री अटल बिहारी वाजपेयी : अच्छा मै दूसरा सवाल पूछता हू। यह बात सच है कि बड़े शहरों में तो नही, लेकिन छोटे नगरो मे जब राष्ट्रीय धुन सिनेमाघरों मे बजाई जाती है तो जैसा सम्मान प्रदर्शित करना चाहिए वैसा नहीं किया जाता। क्या इस सम्बन्ध मे सरकार विचार कर रही है कि राष्ट्रीय धुन बजने समय जो भी उठ कर जायें उनको रोकने की कोशिश की जाय, और अगर आवश्यक हो तो उनके ऊपर कुछ जुर्माना किया जाए ?

SHRIMATI NANDINI SATPATHY : In fact, as I have already said, we want people to learn to show respect to National Anthem. It may be that in some places they are not showing proper respect. In this connection, we expect co operation from all political parties and those who are responsible for educating the masses of our country.

श्री नवल किशोर सिंह . मैं जानना चाहता हूँ कि क्या यह सही है कि जब तक सिनेमा-घरों मे फिल्म चलती रहती है तब तक तो दरवाजे बन्द रखे जाते हैं, लेकिन जब राष्ट्रीय ध्वज पर्दे पर आता है और राष्ट्रीय धुन बजाई जाती है ठीक उसी क्षण दरवाजे खोल दिए जाते है ? खुले दरवाजे पर हर आदमी की जल्दी से निकल जाने की इच्छा होती है। क्या सरकार सिनेमा-घरों के मालिकों को इस बात की ताकीद करेगी कि जैसे वह पूरी फिल्म के समय दरवाजे बन्द रखते हैं वैसे ही राष्ट्रीय धुन बजने तक वह अपने सारे दरवाजे बन्द रखें ?

SHRIMATI NANDINI SATPATHY : The cinema houses are expected to keep the doors closed till the national anthem is over. I do not know whether there are any instances where this is not followed. After all, the cinema houses come under the jurisdiction of the State Governments. Already, a number of times the State Governments and the Chief Secretaries of different States were requested to look into this aspect. We will request them again to look into it.

SHRI PRABODH CHANDRA : Is the government aware of the fact that the respect that is given to the national anthem in other countries is much more than what is being given to the national anthem in our country ?

MR SPEAKER : He is asking for an opinion.

SHRI SAMAR GUHA : The hon Minister said that cinema is a State subject. But the national anthem is a Central subject.

MR. SPEAKER : He can make any subject a Central subject.

SHRI SAMAR GUHA : I do not know if the hon. Minister ever had an occasion to go to a cinema But it is the experience of those who see cinema almost every day that before the play of the national anthem is over, there is a great rush towards the door which is very bad. This is actually an amusement type of patriotism. I do not know why only cinema houses have been selected to inject this amusement type of patriotism into our people ? Why is it that other community functions have been left out ? Will Government reconsider the whole issue ?

MR. SPEAKER : For the present, the question concerns only the cinema houses.

SHRIMATI NANDINI SATPATHY : No disrespect is shown to the national anthem anywhere. But cinema houses are places where all types of people congregate. It was in 1963 that this was introduced at the time of Chinese aggression. It was felt that people should imbibe the spirit of national integrity and they should learn to respect the National Anthem. This is a place where all types of people congregate and that is why this decision was taken and the cinema house owners were requested to show this at the end of the film.

THE PRIME MINISTER, MINISTER OF ATOMIC ENERGY, MINISTER OF ELECTRONICS, MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS AND MINISTER OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRIMATI INDIRA GANDHI) : As my colleague has pointed out, this decision was taken at the time of Chinese aggression. It was felt that the National Anthem should be played after every function, not only after cinema shows It is now the last item of almost every programme. Playing it in cinema houses does give an opportunity to a large number of people to hear it and to know it, who otherwise might remain unfamiliar with it. This is not a matter of policy or principle. We would like more people to learn the National Anthem ; even hearing it does enable them to recognise the tune and the words. If it is felt that this should not be done, the question can certainly be considered But it is incorrect to say that it is played for amusement of any kind. It is true that many cinemas open their doors at the time and I think we should take up the matter. I hope that we will be helped by Members of Parliament whether they are in the Opposition or on our own side, who can try to look into this matter in their towns and constituencies. We cannot force cinema house owners. It is only the local authorities, municipalities or corporations or whatever local authority there is in the States, who can take up this matter Shri Piloo Mody, not loudly but in a loud enough whisper asked me whether Opposition leaders had asked us to stop the playing of the anthem. So far as I can remember, that decision was in connection with TV and radio and that was done.

SHRI PILOO MODY : If I may clarify, on one of the occasions that we met during the war it was suggested that this might be done away with in the cinema houses and if I remember rightly, you seemed to appreciate the idea. However the suggestion that I should like to make in this matter is to play it on the All India Radio would not be a bad idea and much larger audiences would get an opportunity of hearing it. But in the cinema houses where you have a lot of people, this is what happens. For instance, the day before yesterday, I went to Vigyan Bhawan where they were showing a film mostly for Members of Parliament ; Shri Atal Bihari Vajpayee was there ; I happened to see him ; even when the National Anthem was being played at Vigyan Bhawan in a show meant for Members of Parliament, there were umpteen people going out of the House. I think that this is very disrespectful. Particularly when the house is dark and people have been sitting for a long time it is psychologically not the right moment to do something like that. Therefore, I strongly recommend that it is resumed again on the All India Radio if the Prime Minister is keen about it, but not in movie houses ; that is my submission.

श्री राम सहाय पाण्डे : मैं कल सिनेमा देखने गया था 'पाकीजा"। जब शो खत्म हुआ और राष्ट्रीय ध्वज दिखाया गया और राष्ट्रीय गान बजाया गया तो मैंने देखा कि कोई भी अपनी जगह से हटा नहीं और सभी वहां खड़े रहे। इसलिए यह कहना कि इसका लोग अपमान करते है ठीक नहीं है। मैं एक ही निवेदन करना चाहता हूं। राष्ट्रीय ध्वज और राष्ट्रीय गान के पहले यह कह दिया जाया करे कि कृपया अपने राष्ट्रीय ध्वज और राष्ट्रीय गीत का सम्मान करें, इसको अगर लिख कर दिखा दिया जाया करे और इसकी एनाउन्समेंट करवा दी जाया करे, तो मैं समझता हूं कि जहां इनका सम्मान नहीं होता है, वहां भी इनका सम्मान होने लग जाएगा।

MR. SPEAKER : It is a suggestion for action.

Inquiry into Death of a College Student by A.B.S. F. Sub-Inspector at Katwa Station in Burdwan District

-|-

*1064. SHRI P. GANGADEB :
SHRI M. S. SIVASAMY :

Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state :

(a) whether any enquiry was held in the case of a College student who was killed and a College teacher injured by the Border Security Force Sub-Inspector at Katwa Station in Burdwan District on 2nd May, 1972 ; and

(c) if so, the outcome thereof and the steps taken by Government against the said Sub-Inspector ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI

K. C. PANT) : (a) and (b). The Sup-Inspector of the Border Security Force has been arrested and a case under Section 302 IPC (Murder) concerning the incident has been registered by the local police. The case is still under investigation by the police. The Sub-Inspector has been suspended and further suitable departmental action will be taken after the police case has been decided.

SHRI P. GANGADEB : I would like to ask the hon. Minister whether the Central Government or the West Bengal Government has issued any guide-lines to the Border Security Forces to take measures for preventing occurrence of such incidents in future.

SHRI K. C. PANT : There is no need for a guide line in this matter. This particular Sub-Inspector was on leave and he was returning from leave, and this incident took place. Since it is *sub judice*, I do not want to say anything about it. If it happened as it is reported to have happened, it is a serious matter. It should not have happened. We take a serious view of it. But I do not want to say anything more because the matter is *sub judice* and it will not be right for me to pronounce any opinion at this stage.

SHRI P. GANGADEB : In view of the fact that such incidents yet represent the none too good relations that exist between the student community, the public and the police forces in West Bengal, may I know what steps are proposed to improve the public understanding and appreciation of the police force ?

SHRI K. C. PANT : I do not think that one can draw the conclusions from this incident that the relations between the police and the student community in West Bengal are not good. This was an incident the beginnings of which are rather common-place, that this happened in a compartment in which this Sub-Inspector occupied a berth, the students came in and an altercation ensued and that resulted in firing, etc. This is a kind of incident that takes place often except that it led to a firing resulting in a death and injury. That part is a very serious one. Otherwise, it happens between passengers who are travelling.

श्री राम रतन शर्मा : मैं जानना चाहता हूं कि सब इंस्पैक्टर पर किस दफा में मुकदमा चल रहा है । उन्होंने बताया है कि मामला सब जुडिस है । मैं जानना चाहता हूं कि क्या वह जेल में हैं या जमानत पर रिहा हो गए हैं ?

श्री कृष्ण चन्द्र पंत : 302 दफा में चल रहा है ।

अध्यक्ष महोदय : 302 में क्या जमानत होनी है ।

श्री इसहाक सम्भली : हो जाती है ।

श्री कृष्ण चन्द्र पंत : जमानत पर हैं या नहीं, इसका मुझे पता नहीं है । लेकिन 302 में चल रहा है ।

श्री इसहाक सम्भली : मैं जानना चाहता हूं कि क्या सरकार इसका पता चलाएगी कि वह जमानत पर हैं या नही है ? अगर किसी तरह वह कोशिश करके जमानत पर चले गए है तो क्या सरकार कोशिश करेगी कि उनकी जमानत खत्म कराई जाए ?

श्री कृष्ण चन्द्र पंत : सरकार अदालतों के मामले में दखल नही दिया करती ।

श्री इसहाक सम्भली : यह कैसे कह सकते है ? केसिस में रोज अपील आप करते है ।

डाक क्षेत्रों का पुनर्गठन

*1065. **डा० लक्ष्मीनारायण पाण्डेय** : क्या संचार मन्त्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या सरकार का विचार देश में डाक क्षेत्रों का पुनर्गठन करने का है;

(ख) यदि हां, तो मध्य प्रदेश को कितने क्षेत्रों में विभाजित करने का विचार है; और

(ग) क्या इस समय मध्य प्रदेश के कुछ जिले उत्तर प्रदेश के डाक क्षेत्र में है ?

संचार मंत्री (श्री हेमवतीनन्दन बहुगुणा) : (क) और (ख) : यह मानते हुए कि 'डाक

क्षेत्रों' का तात्पर्य डाक डिवीजनों से है, यह कहा जा सकता है कि वित्त मंत्रालय की कर्मचारी जांच यूनिट (स्टाफ इंस्पेक्शन यूनिट) ने डाक डिवीजनों के कार्य-भार की जांच के लिए जो मानदण्ड निर्धारित किए हैं, उन्हीं के आधार पर मौजूदा डाक-डिवीजनों के कार्य भार की जांच की जाती है और जहां कहीं नये डाक डिवीजन खोलने का औचित्य सिद्ध होता है, नये डाक-डिवीजन खोल दिए जाते हैं। जून, 1971 में कर्मचारी जांच यूनिट द्वारा निर्धारित मानदण्ड अपनाने के बाद मध्य प्रदेश सर्किल में दो नये डाक डिवीजन खोलने की मंजूरी दे दी गई है।

(ग) ग्वालियर का रेल डाक सेवा कार्यालय उत्तर प्रदेश डाक तार-सर्किल के अधीन है।

डा० लक्ष्मीनारायण पांडेय : मध्य प्रदेश के कार्यभार को देखते हुए दो नए डाक क्षेत्र आपने सैंक्शन किए है। मै जानना चाहता हूं कि क्या उन क्षेत्रों ने कार्य करना प्रारम्भ कर दिया है ? यदि नही तो कब तब वे कार्य करना प्रारम्भ कर देंगे तथा उसके मुख्यालय कहां रहेंगे ?

श्री हेमवतीनन्दन बहुगुणा : पोस्टल डिविजन्ज नियत करने के बाद जून, 1971 में पोस्ट-मास्टर जेनेरल को आज्ञा दे दी गई है। यह बात पोस्ट-मास्टर जेनेरल के हाथ में है कि वह डिवीजन का मुख्य कार्यालय किस जगह खोले। मुझे इस वक्त यह सूचना नही है कि वह खुला है या नहीं। लेकिन जब जून, 1971 में आदेश दे दिया गया है, तो डिविजन जरूर खुल गए होंगे।

डा० लक्ष्मीनारायण पांडेय : इस बात का क्या कारण है कि ग्वालियर के रेलवे मेल सर्विस सर्किल को उत्तर प्रदेश के साथ जोड़ रखा है ? जब राज्य का सारा भाग उसी राज्य के डाक सर्किल के साथ जोड़ा जाता है, तो केवल ग्वालियर को उत्तर प्रदेश के साथ जोड़ने का क्या कारण है ?

श्री हेमवतीनन्दन बहुगुणा : रेल डाक सेवा के सब सर्किल्ज प्रदेशीय सर्किल्ज के साथ को टर्मिनस नहीं है, यानी उन दोनों की सीमा एक नहीं है। देश भर में रेलवे के कनेक्शन्ज और डिविजन्ज को देखकर उनको बनाया जाता है, ताकि एक जगह से दूसरी जगह आने-जाने के सम्बन्ध में जो स्थिति उत्पन्न हो, उस पर अधिक अच्छा नियंत्रण रह सके। इसी कारण ग्वालियर को झांसी के साथ जोड़ा गया है और झांसी से ग्वालियर पर नियंत्रण रखा जाता है।

डा० लक्ष्मीनारायण पांडेय : क्या रेलवे मेल सर्विस के कर्मचारियों ने कोई ज्ञापन दिया है कि इसको झांसी के साथ नही जोड़ना चाहिए, इसका सम्बन्ध मध्य प्रदेश के साथ होना चाहिए ?

श्री हेमवतीनन्दन बहुगुणा : उन्होंने पोस्ट-मास्टर जेनेरल के साथ ऐसी बात पेश की थी, लेकिन डाक-तार व्यवस्था को देखते हुए जो वाजिब मालूम होता है, वह यही है। जैसा कि मैंने निवेदन किया है, उड़ीसा, बंगाल, बिहार, उत्तर प्रदेश, उत्तर प्रदेश का मुगलसराय, ये सब एक दूसरे के साथ जुड़े हुए हैं। इसलिए इस को करना सम्भव नही है।

श्री अटल बिहारी वाजपेयी : क्या यह सच है कि क्षेत्रों का पुनर्गठन किया जा रहा है, उसके अन्तर्गत एक कार्यालय ग्वालियर से गुना ले जाया जा रहा है, जिसके परिणामस्वरूप बहुत से कर्मचारियों को भी ग्वालियर छोड़ कर गुना जाना पड़ेगा ? मैं चाहता हूं कि मंत्री महोदय इस पर पुनर्विचार करें। मैं यह जानना चाहता हूं कि ग्वालियर से गुना ले जाने की आवश्यकता क्यों पड़ी है।

श्री हेमवतीनन्दन बहुगुणा : कर्मचारी स्वयं चाहते हैं कि डिविजन बढ़े, क्योंकि डिविजन होने से उनके प्रोमोशनल ऐवेन्यूज बढ़ते हैं। अगर नया डिविजन बनाना है, तो गुना उसका हैड-क्वार्टर होना है और इसलिए कुछ लोगों को गुना में और कुछ को ग्वालियर में रहना होगा। लेकिन हम देखेंगे कि कर्मचारियों को कम से कम तकलीफ हो।

A.R.C's Recommendations on 'Personnel Administration'

*1066. SHRI KRISHNA CHANDRA PANDEY : Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state :

(a) whether positive steps have been taken by Government to implement the recommendations of the Administrative Reforms Commission on 'Personnel Administration' ; and

(b) if not, the reasons therefor and the percentage of recommendations implemented so far ?

गृह मंत्रालय और कार्मिक विभाग में राज्य मंत्री (श्री राम निवास मिर्धा) : (क) सरकार ने कार्मिक प्रशासन के बारे में प्रशासनिक सुधार आयोग की उन सिफारिशों को क्रियान्वित करने के लिए कदम उठाए है जिन्हें कि स्वीकार कर लिया गया है ।

(ख) प्रश्न नही उठता । सरकार ने 50 प्रतिशत से अधिक सिफारिशो के सम्बन्ध मे निर्णय ले लिया है ।

श्री कृष्ण चन्द्र पांडे : मै इसके लिए मन्त्री महोदय को बधाई देता हूं ।

श्री भागवत झा आजाद : मंत्री महोदय के उत्तर से मालूम होता है कि सरकार ने कार्मिक प्रशासन के बारे में प्रशासनिक सुधार आयोग की सिफारिशो को स्वीकार कर लिया है, लेकिन यह पता नही चलता है कि उनको स्वीकार करने के बाद उनका कार्यान्वयन किस स्तर पर हुआ है । मै यह जानना चाहता हूं कि स्वीकार करने का मतलब कार्यान्वयन है या कार्यान्वयन का मतलब स्वीकार है ।

श्री राम निवास मिर्धा : स्वीकार करने के पश्चात् कार्यान्वयन की प्रक्रिया प्रारम्भ होती है और वह प्रक्रिया प्रारम्भ कर दी गई है ।

श्री भागवत झा आजाद : कितनी सिफारिशों को स्वीकार किया गया है और स्वीकार करने के बाद कितनी सिफारिशों को कार्यान्वित किया गया है ?

श्री राम निवास मिर्धा : जो भी सिफारिशें स्वीकार की गई है, उन सब पर अग्रेतर कार्यवाही प्रारम्भ कर दी गई है ।

SHRI P. VENKATASUBBAIAH : The hon. Member has congratulated the Minister for having implemented 50 per cent of the recommendations. Does it mean that the other 50 per cent has not been accepted by the Government and if that is so, what are the reasons ? The Administrative Reforms Commission was constituted primarily to go through the entire gamut of administration and suggest certain recommendations.

MR. SPEAKER : That is part (b) of the question.

SHRI RAM NIWAS MIRDHA : The fact that the Government has taken decision on more than 50% of the recommendations does not mean that the rest of them have been rejected. The rest of them are in varying stages of processing and very soon decisions on the rest of them also will be taken.

MR SPEAKER : Shri Jagannatharao Joshi - absent

Shri Indrajit Gupta

Contract with I.T.T. of U.S.A.

*1068 SHRI INDRAJIT GUPTA :
SHRI RAMKANWAR :

Will the Minister of COMMUNICATIONS be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government are aware of the revelations in the U.S. Press recently of International Telegraph and Telephone Corporation's under cover espionage and subversive activities in a number of countries such as Chile ;

(b) whether in view of the above exposure, no further extention of the contract of Indian Telephone Industries with I.T.T. will be sanctioned ; and

(c) the number of I.T.T. personnel who have been functioning in India ?

THE MINISTER OF COMMUNICATIONS (SHRI H. N. BAHUGUNA) : (a) Government have seen the Press reports which have recently appeared on the subject.

(b) The term of the collaboration Agreement of the Indian Telephone Industries Ltd., Bangalore, with the International Standard Electric Corporation (a subsidiary company of the I.T.T. Corporation) and the Bell Telephone Manufacturing Company, Belgium (a subsidiary of the International Standard Electric Corporation) expired on the 30th May, 1972. The extention of this agreement is likely to be formalised soon.

(c) In all, 21 technicians came to India. The details are :

Year in which the technicians came.	Employee of I.T.T.	BTM Company
1964	Nil	4
1965	Nil	6
1966	Nil	3
1971	Nil	7
1972 (upto 1st May)	1	Nil

SHRI INDRAJIT GUPTA : In reply to part (a) I understood the Minister to say that the Government has seen these reports which have appeared. I would like to know from him that in view of the fact that these reports have not been disputed or denied and their source is the same very well-known journalist, Jack Anderson, who has been exposing the CIA performances in various fields, what steps the Government are taking after the disclosure of these facts to safeguard our national security of the vital public undertaking against the possibility of subversive activities rather than agreeing to extend further the period of the contracts which have expired.

SHRI H. N. BAHUGUNA : I appreciate the anxiety of the hon Member, Shri Gupta and I can assure him that the Government are adequately prepared and are looking into the whole thing so that no such harms to national interest occur. The Ministries of the Home Affairs, External Affairs and Communications have been in constant touch with each other to see that nothing of this type happens.

It is true that CIA activities of this company have not been disputed by that company or authoritatively by any other person, but, so far as we are concerned, the only purpose in extention of this agreement is that the technical know-how or the equipment supplied by the Belgians, *i e*, the BTM is substandard and we are working on it during the last one year and we are still on the rectification programme. The whole thing was in the overall interest of the rectification programme which is still in hand and on account of that, we have decided to extend it by one year more subject to this that we will not pay any money to the BTM in the last year as their collaboration fee and the only purpose of retaining them here is to see that the rectification programme is completed.

I can once again assure the hon. Member and the House that the Government will not allow anything to happen adverse to the interests of the nation.

SHRI INDRAJIT GUPTA : These are important revelations. Sir, you were also Chairman of the Public Undertakings Committee So, I am appealing to you Consider the significance of what the Minister has said It is admitted that it is a CIA agency, yet it is permitted to continue functioning as the technical collaborator of one of our most vital public undertakings and whatever they carried on during the last seven years during the pendency of the contract, how can any investigation be held by the Government now with retrospective effect to know what mischief they have already done ?

My second question is : under what provisions of the Industrial Policy Resolution which was adopted by the Parliament, are these companies BTM and the ISEC– both are subsidiaries of the ITT - and also a British company, by name, Automatic Telephone and Electric Co of Liverpool allowed the function

here ? Under what clause of to Industrial Policy Resolution have these foreign private companies been permitted to hold shares amounting in one case to Rs 67 lakhs and in another case to Rs. 16 lakhs in a public sector undertaking ? It is an extraordinary thing. No such thing has happened before. A public sector undertaking is allowed to have over 70 or 80 lakhs of rupees worth of shares to be held by private foreign companies which belongs to contain monopolistic international undertakings. How is this done ? Is it not a subversion and deliberate violation of the Industrial Policy Resolution to which this Government was a party ?

SHRI H N. BAHUGUNA : The collaboration is with the subsidiary of BTM which has not been identified as involed in the CIA affair. It is true that ITT has been indicated by Mr. Jack Anderson in his papers which have been published. As for the second part, I would like to say, when the British company entered into an agreement, it was at that time that they were given shareholding, which is a very small one, that is, 3 46 per cent of the total share capital of the company.

SHRI INDRAJIT GUPTA : Is it per cent ?

SHRI H N. BAHUGUNA : Yes, 3 46 per cent.

SHRI INDRAJIT GUPTA : Its value is about 60 lakhs.

SHRI H. N. BAHUGUNA : A little more about As. 70.30 lakhs. And, so far as the International Corporation. New York is concerned, their value of the share has been 12 7 per cent. Under the Industrial Policy Resolution itself what was indicated was that equity participation of minority type was not prohibited. Therefore, in 1964, when this decision was taken by my predecessor or the Government then it was, to my mind, not a violation. Of course, I say this, subject to what Shri Indrajit Gupta may have to say, he may have something more to say on that.

SHRI INDRAJIT GUPTA : Minority participation was allowed in the public sector ?

SHRI S. M. BANERJEE : This matter was discussed here and it was repeatedly pointed out that this foreign company had controlled the biggest CIA systems. In Chile, it was found they were tapping the telephones of the Prime Minister and the President of the country. They were shunted out from those places. I would like to know as to what the idea behind all these things is Why do you invite them for the sake of the agreement and so on ? Under this agreement who is to rectify whom ? Will they rectify themselves or will they rectify the CIA agents ? I would like to know whether this agreement will be scrapped even at this later hour.

SHRI A N. BAHUGUNA : I am not aware of what this House discussed in 1964 when this agreement was entered into I am not aware of those facts right now.

SHKI S M. BANERJEE : It is there in the parliamentary records.

SHRI H N. BAHUGUNA : Right now, I am not aware of them, But one thing that I would like to suggest here is that the ITT had the capacity to do mischief in Chile but it does not have the capacity to do anything here. It was running the whole telecommunication network in Chile ; there, they had about 8000 workmen most of whom were Americans and they could have easily involved themselves in such subversive activities Here there is no capacity for doing that, even this one man whom we have here is going to go in the month of January, 1973. We shall not permit him beyond that point of time.

Schemes for Educated Unemployed in Punjab

*1069. SHRI RAGHUNANDAN LAL BHATIA : Will the Minister of PLANNING be pleased to state :

(a) the total amount allotted to Punjab to implement the scheme for providing jobs to the educated unemployed during the year 1971-72 ; and

(b) how much money has so far been spent thereon ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHRI MOHAN DHARIA) : (a) and (b). Out of a provision of about Rs. 25 crores in the Central Budget formulating various schemes specially designed to meet the problem of educated unemployed Rs. 35.49 lakhs were allocated for such schemes

to be undertaken by the Government of Punjab Schemewise details of funds allocated and actually released are given in enclosed statement

Statement

(Rs lakhs)

S. No.	Ministry/Schemes	Funds	
		Allocated	Actually released
1	2	3	4
1.	*Ministry of Education* Improvement in the quality of Primary Education	2 14	2 14*
2.	*Ministry of Industrial Development* Assistance to small entrepreneurs	30 00	30 00*
3	*Ministry of Agriculture* Agro Service Centres	2 45	Nil
4.	*Ministry of Shipping and Transport* Advance action on investigation of Road Works for Fifth Five Year Plan	0 20	Nil
5.	*Ministry of Health* Rural Water Supply	0 70	Nil
	Total	35 49	32 14

*Actual expenditure figures are not yet available

SHRI RAGHUNANDAN LAL BHATIA In view of the fact that there is great unemployment in Punjab, the sum of Rs 35 lakhs is a very meagre sum May I know from the hon Minister whether the Punjab Government have written to the Planning Minister in this regard for the increase of this amount ?

SHRI MOHAN DHARIA These schemes were for the last year For the current year, several schemes have been taken, and the Punjab Government had written to us and had discussed the matter with us, and when we finalised the annual plan for 1972-73, they have been incorporated in the plan

श्री लालजी भाई अध्यक्ष महोदय, मैं आपके माध्यम से जानना चाहता हू कि पजाब मे कुल कितने शिक्षित बेरोजगार हैं और उनमे से कितने क्रियान्वित योजना मे चल रहे है, तथा शेष शिक्षित बेरोजगारो के लिए सरकार कौन-सी योजना बना रही है ?

MR SPEAKER The main question relates only to the total amount allocted to the Punjab Government

श्री लालजी भाई : क्रियान्वित योजना मे कितने चल रहे है और शेष कितने बेरोजगार है उनके लिए सरकार क्या कर रही है, यह मैंने पूछा है ।

अध्यक्ष महोदय : जिसका सवाल से सम्बन्ध न हो वह न पूछा करे । यह इस प्रश्न से नही उठता ।

Experimental Work for Developing Nuclear Power Propulsion for Marine Application

*1070. SHRI SAMAR GUHA Will the Minister of ATOMIC ENERGY be pleased to state

(a) whether the Atomic Energy Commission has undertaken experimental work for developing nuclear power propulsion for marine application in India ; and

(b) is so, the progress so far made ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI

K. C. PANT) : (a) and (b). No experimental work for developing nuclear power propulsion marine application has been taken up so far by the Atomic Energy Commission. However, a Project Report outlining the development work involved on 'Nuclear Propulsion for Marine Application" has been prepared.

SHRI SAMAR GUHA : This is more or less a good news, because of the fact particularly we know that the nuclear submarine...

MR. SPEAKER : Let him come to the question straight.

SHRI SAMAR GUHA : Because of the fact that now the nuclear submarine has the advantage of avoiding frequent intake of water...

MR. SPEAKER : Let him put his question.

SHRI SAMAR GUHA : I have already said 'In view of the fact...'.

And also in view of the fact that it can remain under water for an indefinite period. I would like to know from Government whether it is a fact that in view of our mastery over reacter technology, a feasibility project has been drawn up by the Naval Engineering Department and the Atomic Energy Engineering Department about the application of nuclear propulsion for our Indian submarines ?

SHRI K. C. PANT : I have already said that no experimental work has been done, but a project report outlining the development work involved on 'Nuclear Propulsion for Marine Application' has been prepared. It is true that nuclear submarines enjoy certain of these advantages. They do not need oxygen which is required in any combustion engine, which is replaced in this case by the reactor. It is also true that they do not require. At replacement fuel for a long time and therefore the range is much wider but the cost at the moment is higher. Nevertheless advantages are definitely there and I have already indicated the work that has been done so far.

SHRI SAMAR GUHA : My question has not been answered : whether the atomic energy commission and our marine engineering department have jointly undertaken to draw up a feasibility project for making a nuclear propelled submarine. That was my question.

MR. SPEAKER : If you put a straight question, the Minister may be in a position to answer. You start with something and and somewhere else.

SHRI K. C. PANT : I have already indicated precisely where the matter has been and I have nothing to add to that.

SHRI SAMAR GUHA : You have said that an outline has been prepared. Naturally the expectation is that this outline may be used to prepare a feasibility programme also. May I know whether our atomic energy commission is in a position to prepare such a project with know-how or technology and the necessary fuel ?

SHRI K. C PANT : As I said at this stage no experimental work has been done by the BARC. A project report has been prepared with a view to study the question. I have already indicated that there are certain obvious attractions in this proposition ; it will be studied further.

SHRI VISHWANTH PRATAP SINGH : The fuel for marine application will require enriched uranium. If so, does this report of the atomic energy commission indicate the sources from which we shall get enriched uranium because we have no provision in our country to provide enriched uranium.

SHRI K C PANT : Actually it depends upon the reactor installed It need not necessarily be enriched uranium. Apart from the type of reactor which my hon. friend has in mind, there are other types of reactors. We have thorium in this country which we have in plenty But the technology that is being developed depends upon the reactor you instal.

Indicators for Identifying Backwad Areas

*1071. SHRI NAWALKISHORE SINHA : Will the Minister of PLANNING be pleased to state :

(a) whether the Planning Commission has prepared a set of indicators for identifying the backward areas and guidelines for the

formulation of district plans and sent them to State Governments ; and

(b) if so, what are those ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHRI MOHAN DHARIA) : (a) and (b). A statement is laid on the Table of the House.

Statement

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) A list of 15 indices of development was suggested by the Planning Commission to the State Governments for the purposes of identifying backward districts in the State. A copy of the list is inclosed.

In September, 1969, the Planning Commisson issued guidelines to the State Governments which indicated, *inter-alia*, the lines on which information regarding the level, trends and potential of development of various districts should be collected and analysed. The guidelines have further indicated the steps involved in the preparation of District Plans and suggested forms for data collection

Indicators of development

(i) Total population and density of population.

(ii) Number of workers engaged in agriculture including agricultural labourers as percentage of total workers.

(iii) Cultivable area* per agricultural worker.

(iv) Net area sown per agricultural worker.

(v) Percentage of gross irrigated area to net sown areas.

(vi) Percentage of area sown more than once to net sown area.

(vii) Per capita (Rural population) gross value of agricultural output.

(viii) Establishments (manufacturing and repair) using electricity—

(a) Total.

(b) Household.

(c) Non-household.

(ix) Number of workers per lakh of population employed in registered factories.

(x) Mileage of surfaced roads—

(a) per 1000 sq miles.

(b) per lakh of population.

(xi) Number of commercial vehicles registered in a district.

(xii) Percentage of literate population—

(a) Men.

(b) Women.

(xiii) Percentage of school-going children —

(a) Boys.

(b) Girls.

In age-group of (a) 6-11 years, and (b) 11-14 years.

(xiv) Number of seats per million population for technical training—

(a) Craftmen.

(b) Diploma level.

(xv) Hospital beds per lakh of population—

Notes

(i) Information on all the indicators other than gross value of agricultural

*Includes net area sown, current fallows, fallow land other than current fallows, culturable waste and miscellaneous tree crops and groves not included in net area sown.

output, might be furnished for 1961-62, 1962-63 and 1963-64 ;

(ii) The gross value of agricultural output may be calculated on a three yearly average basis for 1958-59, 1959-60, 1960-61, 1961-62 and 1962-63 ;

NB. Agriculture comprises of agriculture (proper), Animal Husbandry, forestry and fisheries (*vide* CSO letter No. Cso/NID/SI/WG(10)/64, dated November 27, 1964 to all the States Statistical Bureaus).

The gross value of agricultural output in each district for the major crops (excluding by-products) for which output figures are available, may be estimated by using the corresponding State average price (wholesale price during the harvest period or farm harvest price whichever is being used by the SSBs for evaluating the agricultural output in connection with State income Estimation). In the case of crops for which output figures are not readily available, the value of output may be estimated on the basis of area under such crops and the obseved value of output per acre for similar type/types of crops for which data are available.

(iii) The districts may be ranked on the basis of the data for sectors other than gross value of output, for 1962-63 and for gross value of output the last three-yearly average figure.

SHRI NAWAL KISHORE SINHA : May I know whether all the States have undertaken this task of formulation of district plans and whether the Government propose to circulate a model proforma for the preparation and formulation of district plans and whether people will be associated with the formulation of such plans and if so, in what manner ?

SHRI MOHAN DHARIA : So far Assam, Gujarat, Jammu and Kashmir, Maharashtra, Haryana, Punjab and U.P. have accepted preparation of the plans considering the district as the basis and we are trying to persuade the other States also to accept districts as units for the formulation of the plan. We have already circulated some suggestions in the form of models, on what basis these plans should be formulated. If State plans are formulated on the basis of districts as units, it will be possible to involve people more and more in the process of participation of people in such plans.

SHRI NAWAL KISHORE SINHA : Keeping in view the indicators for identification of backward districts and their development, may I know whether the Government propose to include employment of a general and technical nature in a particular district and also the development potential of that particular district in agricultural or industrial sector for such development ?

SHRI MOHAN DHARIA : The statement I have laid includes all these matters about agriculture, industrial labour, what is their percentage, etc.

SHRI NAWAL KISHORE SINHA : Not as completely as we would like to have.

SHRI MOHAN DHARIA : We have given guidelines If hon. members have some suggestions, we shall certainly consider them.

श्री विभूति मिश्र : अध्यक्ष जी, मंत्री जी ने जो जवाब दिया है, उसमे बिहार का नाम नही लिया । हिन्दुस्तान की गरीबी के ख्याल से, पर-कैपिटा इनकम के ख्याल से बिहार सबसे नीचे है । मै जानना चाहता हू कि जो सूबे सबसे पीछे हैं और जिनमे उत्तर बिहार सबसे पीछे है, क्या सरकार ने बिहार-सरकार को लिखा है कि उत्तर बिहार के सम्बन्ध मे कोई योजना बनाकर भेजे ताकि वहां के आदमियों की पर-कैपिटा इन्कम बढ़े और वहा इण्डस्ट्रीज लगाई जाये ?

SHRI MOHAN DHARIA : This circular was sent to all the State Governments on 15 September 1969 requesting them to have their plans on the basis of the district. Unfortunately Bihar Government has not taken any steps so far. But I am glad to announce that we recently had some discussion with the Bihar Chief Minister and he has agreed to have a planning body as we have suggested and naturally they will also include all those districts.

SHRI AMRIT NAHATA : Having fixed certain indicators for identifying backward

districts, will the Central Government request the State Governments to immediately apply those indicators, identify the backward districts, conduct techno-economic feasibility surveys of those districts and formulate masterplans for their development ? Will the Minister assure us that in laying down the priorities in the fifth plan, highest priority will be given for the implementation of those masterplans even at th cost of having a moratorium on the development of other areas ?

SHRI MOHAN DHARIA : On the basis of these criteria, all the State Governments have identified the backward districts. They number 325. The lists have already been circulated in the House and also attached to the mid-term plan appraisal documen'. The National Development Council is having its session in Delhi at the moment. There is a consensus that in the fifth plan, the emphasis should be to see that these backward areas, backward districts and weaker sections of the society get priority, in order to remove regional imbalances.

डा० गोविन्द दास रिछारिया : मैं योजना मंत्री जी से जानना चाहता हूँ—क्या उन्होंने प्रदेशों को निश्चित आदेश दिये है कि वे जिलों की योजना बनाते समय जितनी जन-कल्याणकारी योजनाएं हैं, शिक्षा, स्वास्थ्य, समाजकल्याण आदि इनका पैसा आबादी के लिहाज से बांटे ? इसी तरह से क्या उन्होंने आदेश दिये हैं कि जो भूमि से सम्बन्धित योजनायें है, जिनमें सिंचाई, भूमि-सुधार, भूमि-संरक्षण, वन आदि, इनका पैसा भूमि के आधार पर बांटें ? इसी तरह से क्या उन्होंने भारत सरकार का जो पैसा योजनाओं के लिये प्रान्तों को वितरण किया जाना है, उसमें भी यह सिद्धान्त सामने रखा है कि आबादी के लिहाज से और भूमि के रकबे के लिहाज से बांटा जायेगा, जिससे कि बिहार, उत्तर प्रदेश, मध्य प्रदेश, आदि, जो पिछली तीन योजनाओं में पिछड़ गये हैं, अब पांचवीं योजना में समानता पर आ सकें।

SHRI MOHAN DHARIA : The hon. Member has asked one supplementary involving several questions which I can answer, if you so desire. But I would suggest that the hon. Member may be asked to lay the supplementary on the Table of the House.

MR. SPEAKER : In my opinion the supplementary is quite relevant. If you can answer it, you may answer it.

SHRI MOHAN DHARIA : We have given all the indices and one of the indicators is the density of population. So, considering all these indices it is for the State Governments to identify the backward districts. We cannot issue any mandate ; we can only give suggestions and persuade the States. But I can assure the House that if there is any complaint that any particular backward district has not been identified by the State Government, I am prepared to take it with the concerned State Government.

SHRI R. S. PANDEY : Madhy Pradesh has many backward districts like Bastar. I am very happy that the hon. Prime Minister is going to visit that State very soon. Have you got any scheme to collect data of potentiality of the backward districts so that you can develop them and thereby increase the *per capita* income of the backward districts ?

SHRI MOHAN DHARIA : The object of giving all these indices to the State Government is that they may collect the exact data regarding all the districts. It is on the basis of this that the plans are formulated. If they are backward districts, the Central Government is coming forward for giving assistance to the various schemes.

Activities of C.I.A. in Chhotanagpur

*1072. SHRI K. M. MADHUKAR : Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state :

(a) whether the attention of the Government has been drawn to the news story which appeared in "Link" news magazine dated the 30th April, 1972 with the caption "C.I.A. active in Chhotanagpur" ;

(b) if so, the main points thereof ; and

(c) the reaction of Government on that matter ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI K. C. PANT) : (a) to (c). A statement is laid on the Table of the House.

Statement

Government's attention has been drawn to the news story in question. It was stated in the news report that CIA is understood to have increased its activities in the recent months in Chhotanagpur and neighbouring areas. The unsuccessful attempt made by some prisoners of war to escape, the labour agitation launched by the Universal Protist Labour Federation in the Hindustan Steel Construction Company, Bokaro, the discontent amongst a sections of workers in the Heavy Engineering Corporation, Ranchi Hatia and the frequent breakdowns in the Patratu Thermal Power Station have been mentioned in this connection. The Government have, however, no evidence of the involvement of any foreign agency in these incidents.

श्री कमल मिश्र मधुकर : अध्यक्ष जी, सी० आई०ए०की एक्टिविटीज बिहार के बहुत से इलाकों में जैसे छोटा नागपुर के आदिवासी इलाके में चल रही है जिनकी ओर सरकार का ध्यान आकर्षित होना चाहिए था लेकिन आजतक, दुख की बात है कि सरकार ने उधर ध्यान नहीं दिया। मैं सरकार से जानना चाहूंगा कि सी०आई०ए० की एक्टिविटीज जो बिहार के बहुत सारे इलाकों में चलती है, आनन्द मार्ग का प्रश्न भी आ गया है, तो इन सारे क्रियाकलापों को रोकने के लिए बिहार सरकार से कोई वार्ता की है या नहीं की है, यदि की है तो उसके क्या परिणाम हुए है ?

श्री कृष्ण चन्द्र पंत : यह बात सही नहीं है कि ट्राइबल एरियाज में सी०आई०ए० या कोई भी फारेन एजेन्सी सक्रिय हो और उसके सम्बन्ध मे सरकार सतर्क न हो। सरकार सतर्क है और उस पर विशेष ध्यान देती है। जहां तक उन घटनाओं का सम्बन्ध है जिसकी चर्चा इस आर्टिकिल में की गई है, जैसा मैंने अपने स्टेटमैंट में कहा है "The Government have, however, no evidence of the involvement of any foreign agency in these incidents."

श्री कमल मिश्र मधुकर : आपने कहा कि गवर्नमेंट सतर्क है लेकिन वहां पर आये दिन घटनाये हुआ करती है, सदन मे चर्चा भी होती है लेकिन फिर भी इन घटनाओं के प्रति राज्य सरकार सजग नहीं है और इसीलिए यह घटनायें आये दिन होती हैं जिस पर कोई कार्यवाही आपकी ओर से नहीं होती है। इसलिए मैं जानना चाहता हूं इन एक्टिविटीज को रोकने के लिए बिहार सरकार से जो बातें की हैं उनका क्या परिणाम निकला है या बातें नहीं की हैं।

श्री कृष्ण चन्द्र पंत : मैंने जैसा कहा कि गवर्नमेंट के पास एविडेन्स नहीं है कि सी०आई०ए० या किसी का हाथ था। जो सूचना मै आपको दे रहा हूं, बिहार सरकार ने जो सूचना दी है उसी पर आधारित है। हमारी आशा है कि जो भी प्रादेशिक सरकारें हैं, जैसे हम निगरानी रखते हैं और सतर्क रहते है वैसे ही वे भी सतर्क रहेंगी।

Delayed Delivery of Mail in Ahmedabad

*1074 SHRI PRABHUDAS PATEL : Will the Minister of COMMUNICATIONS be pleased to state :

(a) whether the delivery of mail in several parts of Ahmedabad was being delayed on account of 'go-slow' work by the Postal staff ;

(b) if so, the reasons for their agitation ;

(c) the steps being taken to accept their demand ; and

(d) whether the 'go-slow' work started by the Postal staff has adversely affected the Business in the Ahmedabad city ?

THE MINISTER OF COMMUNICATIONS (SHRI H. N. BAHUGUNA) : (a) No 'go-slow' movement in Ahmedabad city has come to notice during past three months. However, in one post office the delivery of mails was delayed on one occasion on account of a few postmen being on leave on medical grounds.

(b) to (d). Do not arise.

SHRI PRABHUDAS PATEL : May I know from the hon. Minister whether before

three months there was any movement of "go-slow" by the postal staff.

SHRI H. N. BAHUGUNA : As I stated in my reply, we traced it back upto three months. I have not traced it beyond that.

चलचित्रों में अश्लीलता, अशिष्टता और हिंसा को समाप्त करने के लिए फिल्म सेंसर बोर्ड की कार्यवाही

*1076. **श्री फूलचन्द वर्मा** : क्या सूचना और प्रसारण मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या फिल्म सेंसर बोर्ड के अध्यक्ष ने दक्षिण भारतीय फिल्म चैम्बर की कार्यकारिणी समिति की बैठक में बोलते हुए कहा था कि बोर्ड चलचित्रों में अश्लीलता, अशिष्टता और हिंसा को समाप्त करने के लिए कठोर कदम उठाने जा रहा है; और

(ख) यदि हां, तो तत्सम्बन्धी मुख्य ब्यौरा क्या है और इस बारे में भविष्य मे क्या कार्यवाही करने का विचार है ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRIMATI NANDINI SATPATHY) : (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The Central Board of Film Censors is prevailing upon producers not to undertake production of films with objectionable scenes, enforcing the censorship principles more thoroughly through appropriate excisions and is also trying to maintain uniformity of censorship throughout the country.

श्री फूलचन्द वर्मा : अध्यक्ष महोदय, मैं माननीय मन्त्री महोदया से जानना चाहता हूं क्या आपत्तिजनक फिल्मों की कोई परिभाषा है, यदि है तो क्या है ? 'जरूरत' फिल्म के अन्दर एक अभिनेत्री शरीर के सम्पूर्ण वस्त्र एक-एक करके उतारती हुई दिखाई गई है। इसी प्रकार से फिल्म 'दोरहा' में भी अश्लील दृश्य दिखाये गए हैं। तो ये दृश्य आपत्तिजनक की परिभाषा में आते हैं अथवा नहीं ? यदि आते हैं तो फिर ये दृश्य क्यों दिखाये गए और यदि नहीं आते हैं तो उसके क्या कारण हैं ?

SHRIMATI NANDINI SATPATHY : The hon. Member wants to know the definition of films which are not suitable or bad films. There is a Board of Film Censors in which a number of people from different walks of life are members. They represent the culture of India and there is a standard on which they certify the films. As such, of course, it is not very difficult for any ordinary person to know the films which are obscene or films which are mainly based on sex and crime. But when this is entrusted to a group of people who are responsible for this job, naturally, we expect them to see and find out films which are suitable for viewing and which are not so suitable. If I may be allowed to read out a portion of the Cinematograph Act under which the films are certified, because the hon. Member wanted to know the definition...

MR SPEAKER : I think, the hon. Member was a little beyond the scope of the Question, whether the Chairman of the Censor Board made certain changes. He has gone a little beyond its scope. (*Interruption*)

श्री फूलचन्द वर्मा : अध्यक्ष महोदय, देश मे दिखाई जाने वाली जो फिल्में है, वह चाहे देशी हों या विदेशी, उनको देखने वाले भारत के नागरिक ही होते है। जो भारतीय फिल्म सैन्सर बोर्ड है वह भारत में बनने वाली फिल्मों को ही सैन्सर कर सकता हैं लेकिन जो विदेशी फिल्में होती है जिनमें चुम्बन आदि के अश्लील दृश्य दिखाये जाते है जोकि भारतीय फिल्मों के लिए वर्जित है तो मैं जानना चाहता हूं क्या इस प्रकार की कोई प्रणाली लागू की जा सकती है जिससे देशी अथवा विदेशी दोनों फिल्मों में एकरूपता लाई जा सके ?

SHRIMATI NANDINI SATPATHY : It is not a fact that the foreign films are not censored, but it is a fact that, while censoring the film, the standard of life and the culture of that country are taken into account. That is why, sometimes, there is a difference in censoring the Indian films and the films from foreign countries. But even while censoring the foreign films, it is always kept in mind that things which are objectionable or which will affect the moral life of our people are not permitted, and they are not permitted. Some-

times the whole film is rejected and sometimes portions of the film are cut.

While on this point I would like to make a submission that the job of the censors is only to cut certain portions of film. But whether a film is of good taste or not depends on the producer of the film So, I would like the hon. members to know that it is the job of the film producers and I would appeal through this House to them to make more and more good films, films of good taste for the people of this country.

श्री फूलचन्द वर्मा : अध्यक्ष महोदय, निर्माताओं को तो पैसा चाहिए, इसलिए वे ऐसी फिल्में बनाते है। आप कोई कानून बनाइये, अपील से कोई काम नही चलेगा।

श्री एस० एम० बनर्जी : अध्यक्ष जी, मैं कोई सवाल नहीं कर रहा हूं, केवल यह कहना चाहता हूँ कि माननीय मंत्री खुद उन फिल्मों को क्यों नही देखती ?

अध्यक्ष महोदय : मैं तो और टाइम देने को तैयार था लेकिन क्या करूं क्वेश्चन आवर समाप्त हो गया।

श्री अटल बिहारी वाजपेयी : अध्यक्ष जी, मैंने आपकी इजाजत मांगी थी एक मामला उठाने के लिए।

श्री इन्द्रजीत गुप्त : अभी तो एक शोर्ट नोटिस क्वेश्चन है।

SHORT NOTICE QUESTION

Acute Shortage of Foodstuff in Orissa

\+

SNQ. 6. SHRI P. GANGADEB :
SHRI D. K. PANDA :

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government's attention has drawn to the news item in "Times of India (Delhi)" dated the 27th May, 1972 about acute shortage of foodstuff in Orissa leading to cannibalism ;

(b) whether Government would announce immediately declaration of famine in the affected districts of Orissa in accordance with 'famine code' ; and

(c) whether emergent steps will be taken to meet the situation ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI ANNASAHEB P. SHINDE) : (a) Yes, Sir, The State Government was requested to report about this new item. Now the State Government has intimated that an enquiry was held in the matter and in regard to the alleged case of cannibalism, and it has been found that one woman, whose husband abandoned her, turned mad about two years back. This woman has developed the habit of lifting dead bodies of infants. The State Government further reported that she is availing herself of the facilities provided by a Red Cross free kitchen and that the report of cannibalism is not true.

(b) The State Government has reported that there are no famine conditions in the State.

(c) Relief measures have been undertaken by the State Government and will continue to be undertaken. Central assistance for drought relief measures will be provided in accordance with the prescribed procedure.

SHRI P. GANGADEB : Mr. Speaker, Sir, The statement made is not convicing. In view of the facts which I am putting forth categorically and which are as follows : (a) the State of Orissa today, with its millions of people, is ravaged by drought and is faced with acute famine conditions in a number of districts in my State ; (b) what is worst and most shocking is the report, the alarming report...

MR SPEAKER : Please ask your question. Short Notice Question is like other questions. There is no special procedure for this. Don't depart from the accepted procedure.

SHRI P. GANGADEB : Having got a chance...Sir, we don't get a chance. Even

calling attention notice you have not admitted. So, please give me a chance to explain it a little.

(b) What is the worst and the most shocking is the report, the alarming report and the horrifying instance of hunger leading to cannibalism in the District of Balasore.

(c) While, on the one hand, we have a State Government . . .

MR. SPEAKER : Sorry, please. Don't deviate from the accepted procedures. Every time you are trying to make a speech. I know the subject is as such. But, anyhow, please ask the question.

SHRI P. GANGADEB : In view of the fact that on the one hand, we have a State Government which does not wake up, nor react to the situation either intentionally or unintentionally . . .

SHRI P. K DEO (Kalahandi) : Question.

SHRI P. GANGADEB : ...on the other hand, famine relief is technically a State subject. I would like to know from the hon. Minister firstly, whether the Central Government will make an independent inquiry as to whether a woman in a village near Balasore or near the Balasore town itself did live on the dead when reports are just to the contrary.

Secondly, is the Covernment considering adoption of an All India Famine Code ?

Thirdly, are there any proposals to create a special agency to handle . . .

MR. SPEAKER : Please ask one single connected question. Don't ask disconnected questions.

SHRI P. GANGADEB : Are there any proposals to create a special agency to handle famine relief directly by the Centre ? And lastly . . . .

MR. SPEAKER : Order, please. I propose that your supplementaries may be circulated. They are too long and many-facted questions.

SHRI P. GANGADEB : Lastly, whether the people have been facing drought in the districts of Sambalpur, Sundargarh and Dhenkanal in addition to the coastal districts of Balasore and Mayurbhanj as reported in the Press . . .

MR SPEAKER : Mr. Samar Guha, does he come to you often ?

SHRI P. GANGADEB : . . . . and if so, may I know what steps the Government propose to take to meet the situation on a war footing ?

MR. SPEAKER : I don't know how he is inspired to ask so many questions.

SHRI ANNASAHEB P. SHINDE : The State Government has reported that there has been no case of cannibalism and the Government of Orissa has informed us after making due inquiries. If the hon. Member wants me to find out any specific information relating to any specific point, I am prepared to refer it to the Orissa Government again. But the facts are as reported to us by the Orissa Government.

Secondly, as the hon. Member himself has submitted, drought relief is a State subject. Naturally, the State Government has to take action. It is a well-established procedure for helping the State Governments by the centre. As far as the specific question is concerned, namely, whether there is to be a Central Agency, there is no such proposal at the moment before Government. If the Government of Orissa wants to have some sort of coordinating agency we will consider the proposal at the appropriate stage.

SHRI P. GANGADEB : What about the All-India Famine Code ?

MR. SPEAKER : If you ask one question, the Minister can answer but you have put so many questions.

SHRI ANNASAHEB P. SHINDE : We are just awaiting the proposal of the Orissa Government and in the next 2 or 3 days as soon as the report is sent we will immediately depute the central team to look into the matter.

MR. SPEAKER : Have you finished, Mr. Gangadeb ?

SHRI P. GANGADEB : Yes.

SHRI D. K. PANDA : Mr Speaker, Sir, in view of the worst famine condition and the horrors of death due to starvation which has assumed already the nature of a national calamity especially in 5 districts such as Balasore, Cuttack, Kenihore, Dhenkanal and Mayurbhanj, which can be separated from the other 9 districts which are in distress, considering that in these 5 districts, the famine condition has assumed such unimaginable proportions that one lady in village Multa in Chandvali Panchayat Samiti ate human flesh...

SOME HON. MEMBERS : Shame, Shame.

SHRI D. K. PANDA : This is the position and reports have come in the papers. There have been several representations. In view of these facts, (*Interruption*) I am coming to the question...(*Interruption*) In view of the memorandum which was submitted by the Congress people in Orissa and the Communist Party, together, on 10-3-72, and in view of the second memorandum which was submitted on 14-4-72, reporting about the death due to starvation and the third one which was submitted by Shri Rajeshwar Rao, Secretary of the Communist Party, to the Prime Minister, with copy to the Agriculture Ministry, in view of all these things, in view of all these facts, may I put it to the Minister ; is it not a fact that 20 lakhs of people are affected in these districts due to worst starvation conditions ? What is the type of action that they are taking ? Sir, these are all the things that they are eating. These things should be seen by the hon. Minister. I may be permitted to place these on the Table of the House. (*Interruption*)

MR. SPEAKER : I am not going to allow.

SHRI D. K. PANDA : Poisonous herbs are being taken by them. In view of these things, I want to know whether the Government is going to play its role, its constitutional responsibility which is embodied in List III, Item 23 of the Concurrent list, where there is food scarcity, where there is famine, they have to intervene. That the State Government has failed miserably has been brought out beyond any reasonable doubt. The people should not be allowed to die under these circumstances. May I put to the Minister a straight question ? Are they going to intervene immediately ? Are they going to send a Parliamentary delegation for investigation and taking appropriate action immediately ? People are dying. Hundreds and hundreds of them are dying. This is happening in my own constituency. What is to be done, Sir, if the Centre does not intervene ?

MR. SPEAKER : Kindly calm down before the Minister replies.

SHRI ANNASAHEB P SHINDE : About cannibalism, I have already made a statement earlier. On the basis of the enquiry made by the Orissa Government, we have got certain information to which I have already referred to. The Central team which will be visiting Orissa in the near future. As far as the food situation is concerned, in the country as a whole, the food situation is very comfortable and this has never been so in the past before. Therefore, there should be no difficulty to meet all the requirements of the Orissa Government. Only yesterday, the representative of Orissa Government had some discussions with us and we are prepared to meet all the requests of the Orissa Government.

SHRI D. K. PANDA : Is the Government going to send a Parliamentary delegation to assess the situation ? Is the Government going to declare that area as a famine area ? (*Interruption*)

MR. SPEAKER : Don't try to create heat and excitement. If you ask a question in a sober manner, in a calm manner, if you put a straight question, that would be much more effective.

SHRI D. K. PANDA : Under these circumstances, I want to know whether they are going to do this or not...

MR. SPEAKER : You get so much excitement that you get lost in it.

SHRI D. K. PANDA : Why not a parliamentary delegation go there ? Every party is shouting. This is the reality of the situation.

SHRI P. K. DEO—*rose*.

MR. SPEAKER : He represents the Government there.

SHRI P. K. DEO : In view of the collusion of the Congress Party and the CPI in maligning us and the non-Congress Governments...

SHRI PILOO MODY : Well done...

SHRI P. K. DEO : This is admitted by them. Rajeshwar Rao's statement is full of contradictions. This gets publicity in the *Times of India* which is controlled by the Government of India...

SHRI S. M. BANERJEE : I rise on a point of order.

MR. SPEAKER : I am standing. May I request you to sit down ? It would be much better if no heat in generated. I know you represent a party which is ruling there, in Orissa. And, that places still more responsibility on you to put the question in a sober manner.

SHRI S. M. BANERJFE : I rise on a point of order.

MR. SPEAKER : Normally we don't allow points of orders during Question Hour.

SHRI P. K DEO : Let me put a question.

MR. SPEAKER : No points of orders during Question Hour.

SHRI P. K. DEO : You called me, Sir, I am going to put the question. Then somebody else gets up...

SHRI S. M BANERJEE : You feudal, you murderer, you maharaja...

SHRI PILOO MODY : I take strong objection to irresponsible children losing their temper and using words which they should not be using. What does he mean by : you fuedal, you murderer, you rajah ? What does he mean by saying all this. This is collusion, we are talking about, incidentally, if you want any demonstration. What does he think he is ? You should throw him out of the House.

MR. SPEAKER : It is not fair to use this language.

SHRI S. M. BANERJEE : I will use only two words—feudal, which he is ..(*Interruptions*) He is the product of feudalism.

SOME HON. MEMBERS : No.

SHRI PILOO MODY : If you are said to be a produce of foreign agency, would you like it ?...(*Interruptions.*)

SHRI S. M. BANERJEE : I withdraw the word 'murderer'.

SHRI PILOO MODY : You should explain to him that there is no withdrawal from merder ; it is a final act.

MR SPEAKER : He has withdrawn it. So far as the word 'feudal' is concerned, I think it has come to acquire a meaning which is a bad as an abuse.

SHRI R. S PANDEY : It is objectionable to say that a Member is a child ; he is father of so many children (*Interruptions*)

SHRI P. K DEO : It is a serious matter which cannot be treated so lightly. Three questions arise out of the statement of the Secretary of the Communist Party...(*Interruptions*)

SHRI S M. BANERJEE : Please allow me to lay it on the Table of the House—the statement of the Communist Party Let him read that statement and search him own heart.

MR. SPEAKER : It is not a general debate going on ; he need not refer to all that now.

SHRI P. K. DEO : Three controversies have been raised in the statement. Firstly, cannibalism—that has been denied and the lady, according to the telex message a copy of which has been received by the Minister developed the habit much before the last cyclone Regarding starvation deaths, the Governor himself has gone to the spot, to each and every case and he has denied it. The third charge is that the social fabric is crumbling. He has meniioned that Brahmins have been forced to work in test relief work. We have had enough of Brahminish in the country for centuries. Right from Mrs. Indira Gandhi, Nandini Satpathy, Chintamani Panigrahi to Banerjee, Mukerjee and D. K. Panda, we have Brahminism and we have had enough of it in this country (*Interruptions*)

SHRI PILOO MODY : It is a crime for a Brahmin to do manual labour ?

SHRI P. K. DEO : He brings out a statement like this. Will you kindly read that ?

SHRI PILOO MODY : The caste-ridden communists do not know what the dignity of labour is.

SHRI P. K. DEO : I want to make this submission. The Government of India can abdicate its responsibility. It is not a State subject ; it comes under entry 97 in List I, under residuary powers. Under these circumstances, when Orissa Government has made a demand of Rs. 150 crores for long-term relief and Rs. 40 crores for short-term relief, only Rs. 23 crores have been given. If they are keen to meet the situation squarely, will the Government of India take the responsibility on their own shoulders and sanction these amounts of Rs. 150 crores and Rs. 40 crores for long-term and short-term relief respectively ?

SHRI ANNASAHEB P. SHINDE : There is no question of the Government of India getting out of its responsibility. In fact, we have faced more difficult situations in other States But there is an well-established procedure. I wanted to avoid certain controversial issues. The Orissa Government conveyed to us that they have taken a decision on 10th May that they would be sending a request to the Centre for sending a central team We are still awaiting that request. The Orissa Government has not yet sent it. As soon as the request is received, we will see that immediately a central team is deputed. We would not like any party politics to come in the way of relief when millions of people are suffering. We will take all necessary steps.

SHRI ARJUN SETHI : The State Government has denied that nobody has been eating human flesh or anything else and there have been no starvation deaths. With your permission, Sir, I can show you so many photographs to prove the alarming conditions now prevailing there...

MR. SPEAKER : I am not allowing it. If you persist, I will ask you to sit down.

SHRI ARJUN SETHI : May I know whether the Government of India is now prepared to supervise the State relief machinery of Orissa by appointing a special officer or group of officers, so that large-scale misuse of relief funds may be avoided and all sections of the people may get a fair deal ?

SHRI ANNASAHEB P. SHINDE : As is well known to the House, drought relief is entirely a State subject according to our Constitution. There is no question of having a separate machinery for supervision. When the central teams go, they will look into the items eligible for expenditure.

MR. SPEAKER : Mr. Mody, kindly have some regard for the decorum of the House. Why don't you sit quiet ? Why do you behave like this ? There should be some limit.

SHRI PILOO MODY : I want to ask a question.

MR. SPEAKER : Don't try to mock.

SHRI CHINTAMANI PANIGRAHI : I am not going to repeat the things that have been said. We are also ashamed of things happening there in Orissa Mr. P K. Deo has no shame left in him.

SHRI P K DEO : You should protect me, Sir. He calls me shameless. You should pull him up.

SHRI CHINTAMANI PANIGRAHI : When the Orissa Government has asked for a central team to study the latest drought conditions there which have caused a number of starvation deaths, etc , when the central team goes there, what is the total amount of foodgrains which the Central Government has released from its foodgrains pool in stock, so that it reaches the people in those scarcity-affected areas ? The Central Government had instructed the State Government to open a large number of fair price shops so that the people in the scarcity areas can get rice at Rs. 1.10, instead of at Rs. 1.40 or 1.50 which is beyond the purchasing power of the people. Have the government checked up whether an equal number of fair price shops have been opened by the State Government ? My knowledge is that they have not done so.

MR. SPEAKER : I am not concerned with your knowledge ; I am concerned with your question. Ask your question.

SHRI CHINTAMANI PANIGRAHI : When Rajasthan was faced with a very difficult drought situation in the past, the Central Government had deputed a special officer to coordinate relief work there. Will the government consider sending a special officer to Orissa to see that all the relief operations are properly carried out in view of the calamity that has be fallen Orissa ?

SHRI ANNASAHEB P. SHINDE : As far as deputing a Central team is concerned, as soon as a formal request is received we will take quick action As far as the availability of food is concerned, in Orissa at present they have a stock of 1,80,000 tonnes of both wheat and rice. They have asked for release of 35,000 tonnes. There will be no difficulty in supplying that. About fair price shops, on our suggestion they have opened a very large number of fair price shops, according to the information furnished to us by the Orissa Government. Since the hon Member has made a suggestion, we will check up whether there is any need to have additional fair price shops in that area. The foodgrains made available at a controlled price.

SHRI DINEN BHATTACHARYYA : A question was asked by Shri Ganga Deb whether Government have any proposal to change the Famine Code, which we have inherited from the British days. Have they got the capacity to sanction any amount of money or any amount of foodgrains asked by any State Government ? Is it not a fact that because of the bureaucracy and red-tape there is no proper distribution and whenever foodgrains are required because of distress, the foodgrains do not reach the people in time ? Now there is a serious drought in West Bengal but the fair price shops are not being supplied with sufficient stocks. After some months when there will be floods, Sir, you will be astonished to know, drought relief will be given. In view of all this, are they going to change the system of giving relief ?

SHRI ANNASAHEB P. SHINDE : This question has been answered a number of times. Famine code is a State subject and we have requested the State Governments, including Orissa, from time to time to revise their Famine Codes. But they do not come in the way of giving relief. Among the various items of Central relief, one is subsidised food. Even if the State Government cannot provide subsidised food, Central assistance is available for that.

श्री अटल बिहारी वाजपेयी : क्या यह ताज्जुब की बात नहीं है कि जब देश में अन्न के भंडार भरे पड़े है, तब लोगों के भूख से मरने की खबरें आ रही है ? क्या यह सच नहीं है कि अकालग्रस्त क्षेत्रों में लोगों के पास अनाज खरीदने के लिए पैसा नहीं है और इसलिए केवल सस्ते अनाज की दुकानें खोलने से समस्या हल नहीं होगी ? क्या उड़ीसा सरकार को कहा गया है कि वह लोगो को मुफत अनाज दे, जिससे उनके जीवन की रक्षा हो सके ?

SHRI ANNASAHEB P. SHINDE : What is required to be done under such circumstances is this. There are two categories of persons, firstly, of invalid and old persons, children, etc. For them, gratuitous relief is available. Gratuitous relief is being provided to them. I know, at the moment, 1 million people are being fed every day. As fas as the persons who can do physical work, what is to be done is to provide physical work to them. We have brought it to the notice of the Orissa Government. They should undertake test relief works. But the detailed arrangements will have to be made by the State Government. The State Government is aware that all these items are entitled to Central assistance. We have now so much experience of facing these calamities that I do not think with the cooperation of the Central Government and the State Government there should be any difficulty to meet the situation adequately.

SHRI S. M. BANERJEE : While asking a supplementary, the hon. Member, Shri P. K. Deo, referred to a memorandum submitted by Shri Rajeshwar Rao, General Secretary of the Communist Party of India. I would like to know from the hon. Minister whether it is a fact that on 10th March, 1972, a memorandum enclosing the list of those 98 persons who died of starvation was submitted to the Prime Minister and also to the Minister of Agriculture and, if so, what action has been taken on the suggestions made in this particular memorandum.

SHRI ANNASAHEB P. SHINDE : About the starvation deaths, the Orissa

Government have specifically denied that there are any starvation deaths.....*(Interruption)*

SHRI S. M. BANERJEE : I have got the list here.

SHRI ANNASAHEB P. SHINDE : Why don't you allow me to complete my reply ?

First of all, the Orissa Government has supplied to us the information that they have enquired about 29 specific cases and they have said that there have been no starvation deaths and that those people have died as a result of old-age ... *(Interruption)*

MR SPEAKER : The question was very simple. I do not think there was any need to side-track it. He asked whether the Prime Minister and the Minister of Agriculture received a memorandum along with the list which he is referring to. You say, yes or no.

SHRI ANNASAHEB P. SHINDE : A memorandum has been received.

MR. SPEAKER : That is all.

SHRI ANNASAHEB P. SHINDE : He referred to starvation deaths and I wanted to say something about that. Otherwise, they will again say, I am not saying about that. About the other cases, we will refer it to the Orissa Government. I cannot give information of my own. It is necessarily through the State Government to get the information. We will refer the specific cases to the State Government.

SHRI PILOO MODY : Sir, the memorandum that has been just referred to by Mr. S. M. Banerjee and others has made three charges. One of the charges is under the heading "Social Fabric is Stumbling" and it says that the Brahmins have been forced to work in test relief works. Am I to take it that Brahmins are exempt from all works ? It says very clearly. Is this also one of the charges that Mr. Rajeshwar Rao, General Secretary of the Communist Party of India, is levelling against the Government of Orissa and, if so, what is the opinion of the Central Government regarding this charge ?

SHRI ANNASAHEB P. SHINDE : The hon. Member or anybody else is free to have his own views in regard to these matters. I do not think the Government of India should express any opinion on it.

SHRI JAGANNATH RAO : May I know what is the amount the Government of Orissa has asked for test relief works, for drought relief, and what is the amount that has been sanctioned by the Central Government ?

SHRI ANNASAHEB P. SHINDE : So far, an amount of Rs. 25 crores ceiling has been prescribed. Roughly, Rs. 19 crores have been released. We are awaiting the request from the State Government again for additional assistance.

WRITTEN ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

आकाशवाणी भोपाल का प्रसारण सीमा क्षेत्र

*1061. **श्री गंगाचरण दीक्षित** : क्या सूचना और प्रसारण मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या आकाशवाणी के भोपाल केन्द्र के प्रसारण सीमा क्षेत्र और शक्ति का विस्तार करने का कोई प्रस्ताव सरकार के विचाराधीन है;

(ख) यदि हां, तो तत्सम्बन्धी मुख्य बातें क्या हैं; और

(ग) इसे कब तक कार्यान्वित किया जायेगा ?

सूचना और प्रसारण मन्त्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्रीमती नन्दिनी सत्पथी) : (क). जी, नहीं। तथापि इन्दौर के ट्रांसमीटर की शक्ति को 20 किलोवाट से बढ़ाकर 100 किलोवाट कर देने से भोपाल, जो इन्दौर के ट्रांसमीटर के मुख्य सेवा क्षेत्र के अन्दर आता है; को भी लाभ होगा ?

(ख) और (ग). प्रश्न नहीं उठते।

Price of Jeeps

*1062. SHRI G. Y. KRISHNAN : Will the Minister of INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :

(a) whether there has been an increase in the prices of jeeps during last two years ; and

(b) if so, the reasons therefor ?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI MOINUL HAQUE CHOUDHURY) : (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The reasons for increase in prices have been attributed to increases in the prices of components and raw materials, rise in the labour costs and increase in Government levies.

मैसर्ज मारूति प्राइवेट लिमिटेड द्वारा छोटी कार के निर्माण के लिए आयात की गई मशीनों का मूल्य

*1067. **श्री जगन्नाथराव जोशी** : क्या औद्योगिक विकास मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) छोटी कार के निर्माण के लिए मैसर्ज मारूति प्राइवेट लिमिटेड द्वारा सरकार की अनुमति से कितने मूल्य की विदेशी मशीनें आयात करके लगाई गईं;

(ख) इसके लिए कितनी विदेशी मुद्रा मंजूर की गई; और

(ग) इस समय कितने मूल्य की विदेशी मशीनों के आर्डर विचाराधीन हैं और इन पर कितनी विदेशी मुद्रा खर्च होगी ?

औद्योगिक विकास मंत्री (श्री मोइनुल हक चौधरी) : (क) और (ख). सरकार ने यात्री कारों के बनाने के लिए मैसर्स मारूति प्राइवेट लिमिटेड को विदेशी मुद्रा की कोई मंजूरी नहीं है और न कम्पनी को किसी प्रकार की मशीनरी आयात करने की ही स्वीकृति दी है ।

(ग) कम्पनी द्वारा मशीनरी आयात करने का कोई प्रस्ताव सरकार के पास नहीं आया है ?

Industrial Development of Tamil Nadu

*1073. SHRI C. T. DHANDAPANI : Will the Minister of INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :

(a) whether Tamil Nadu is the only State where for the last fifteen years there has been very limited number of industries opened ;

(b) if so, whether in spite of the availability of raw material in the State, the industries are not being set up in that State ; and

(c) whether Tamil Nadu is very much lacking in the industrial sphere in comparison to other States ?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI MOINUL HAQUE CHOUDHURY) : (a) to (c). In Tamil Nadu progress in the field of industrialisation has been very substantial and more satisfactory then in most other states. At the end of 1961, there were 3,000 small scale units; this number has increased to 25,190 at the end of 1971. During the period 1951 to 1971, 1260 industrial licences were granted to Tamil Nadu, which amounts to 9.9% of the total number issued in the country, giving Tamil Nadu the third highest place amongst the States During the period 1967-1971, the number of letters of intent issued to Tamil Nadu was 138, which amounts to 6.3% of the total number issued and gives Tamil Nadu the sixth place amongst the States.

The Centre has invested a substantial amount in the industrial and mineral projects of the State During the period 1951-1969, an amount of Rs. 285.4 crores has been invested in Central projects located in the State amounting to 9.9% of the total Central investments in the country, and giving Tamil Nadu the fifth place amongst the States.

In an effort to utilize local material and resources a steel project is shortly to be set up in the State and only recently the Madras Refinery has gone on stream.

There are a number of very important industries in Tamil Nadu, such as railway coaches, automobiles, trucks, teleprinters, fertilizers, high pressure boilers, rubber and surgical instruments etc. which play a signifi-

cant role in developing and supplementing the industrial economy of the country as a whole.

Booklet "The Ugly American in Madras"

*1075. SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to a booklet entitled "The Ugly American in Madras" published and circulated in 1971 by the Madras Regional Centre, the Indian School of Social Science, 6-B, Sullivan's Garden Road, Madras-4 ; and

(b) if so, Government's reaction thereto ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI K. C. PANT) : (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Government keeps a continuous watch on activities of all foreign agencies which seek to influence our educational or other institutions.

Creation of Zonal Councils

*1077. PROF. NARAIN CHAND PARASHAR : Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state :

(a) whether it is proposod to constitute Zonal Councils on the pattern of the one constituted for the North Eastern Region for the rest of the country ; and

(b) if so, whether the Members of Parliament from the respective States will be associated with such Councils ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI K. C. PANT) : (a) and (b). Zonal Councils already exist for groups of States and Union territories in the rest of the country. It is not proposed to make any change in their present pattern.

Scooter Manufacture in Public Sector

*1078 SHRI D. K. PANDA : Will the Minister of INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to a report captioned "Scooter Manufacture in Public Sector" published in the *Patriot* of 7th May, 1972, and

(b) if so, the reaction of Government thereto ?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI MOINUL HAQUE CHOUDHURY) : (a) and (b). The Government have taken due note of contents of the report appearing in the *Patriot* of 7th May, 1972.

Bogus Money Orders

*1079. SHRI AMAR NATH CHAWLA : Will the Minister of COMMUNICATIONS be pleased to state :

(a) whether the Central Bureau of Investigation has unearthed a gang of cheats, who used to issue bogus money orders of high amount and then collect their proceeds in Calcutta ;

(b) the particulars of the persons arrested in this connection ;

(c) whether some persons of the Postal Department or any other Government Department were also involved in it ; and

(d) if so, the particulars thereof and the action taken against them ?

THE MINISTER OF COMMUNICATIONS (SHRI H. N. BAHUGUNA) : (a) On receipt of certain money orders for payment, the staff of Park Street Post Office (Calcutta) suspected their genuineness and after verification these were found to be bogus. The matter was reported to the C.B.I who unearthed the gang of cheats.

(b) to (d). 1. Shri Jyotirmoy Das, Clerk, Joynagar Mozulpur Post Office (Calcutta).

2. Shri Suresh Ch. Das, U.D. Clerk, Heavy Engineering Corporation, Calcutta.

3. Shri Ramesh Ch. Das, Clerk Regional Provident Fund Commissioner's Office, Calcutta.

4. Shri Khagendra Ch Chowdhury, Sub Inspector Baranagore Rationing Office. Government of West Bengal.

5. Shri Ashutosh Ghosh (Outsider).

Action under appropriate discipilinary rules has been initiated against the postal clerk mentioned at item (1) above. Nature of action taken/proposed to be taken against 3 employees of other departments mentioned at items 2 to 4 above is not known. Police investigation is in progress.

Assistance to Freedom Fighters during Silver-Jubilee Celebrations of Independence

*1080 SHRI P. NARASIMHA REDDY : Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government have recognised the need to restore properties or to suitably compensate Freedom Fighters or their legal heirs who have suffered as a result of confiscation or auctioning of their properties due to their participation in the freedom struggle ; and

(b) if so, the steps taken in this regard during this Silver-Jubilee year of our Independence ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI K. C. PANT) : (a) and (b). Government recognize the need of assisting those who suffered in the struggle for freedom and have accordingly formulated a scheme of pension to deserving freedom fighters commencing from the 25th anniversary of our independence. It is not practicable for Government to restore property that was confiscated or auctioned. However, State Governments give such assistance in this regard as is found possible.

Issue of Licences for setting up new Companies in Gujarat

8038. SHRI VEKARIA : Will the Minister of INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :

(a) the names of the persons to whom licences to set up new companies in Gujarat have been granted in 1971-72 ;

(b) whether Government have also provided financial assistance to certain companies ; and

(c) if so, the amount of assistance provided ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD) : (a) During the period from 1.1.1971 to 31.3.1972 ten industrial licences were issued for setting up of new industries in Gujarat. Details of industrial licences issued are regularly published in the "Weekly Bulletin of Industrial Licences, Import Licences and Export Licences", the 'Weekly Indian Trade Journal" and the monthly "Journal of Industry and Trade". Copies of these publications are supplied to Parliament Library.

(b) and (c). Government assistance to private sector industries is generally given through the public financial institutions. No central record of the assistance given company-wise to the holders of the various licences/letters of intent is being maintained.

Invention for Reducing Consumption of Fuel in Cars

8039. SHRI SAT PAL KAPUR : Will the Minister of INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government are aware that an Indian scientist perfected an invention of effecting economy in Fuel and of improving the quality of exhaust and claimed to reduce substantially carbon monoxide for the car exhaust and air pollution and was granted an award of Rs. 5000 ;

(b) if so, whether any experiment has been conducted on the device ; and

(c) whether Government propose to acquire the device and make its use on all motor vehicles compulsory ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD) : (a) Government are aware that a gadget has been developed by an Indian inventor which

results in fuel economy. The inventor has been given an award of Rs. 5,000 by the Inventions Promotion Board. The device has been patented in India and abroad.

(b) The information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House later.

(c) No such proposal is under the consideration of the Government.

Creation of a Scientists Pool of Indian Technicians Staying Abroad

8040. SHRI MARTAND SINGH : Will the Minister of SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY be pleased to state :

(a) whether there was a scheme of creating a Scientists' Pool mostly from technicians staying abroad ;

(b) if so, how many Scientists are on the list at present : and

(c) what type of work is being entrusted to them ?

THE MINISTER OF PLANNING AND MINISTER OF DEPARTMENT OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (SHRI C. SUBRAMANIAM) : (a) The Scientists' Pool scheme was instituted by the Government of India in October, 1958 for temporary placement of well qualified scientists, engineers, techologists and medical personnel, returning from abroad without assured employment in India. Well qualified scientists etc. who had not been abroad are also eligible for the Scientists' Pool.

(b) Since its inception, 8,469 persons were selected to the Scientists' Pool. Of them, 388 were working as Pool Officers as on 1.4.1972 attached to various organisations in India.

(c) Persons selected to the Pool are attached to appropriate organisations. The user organisations assign duties, such as—research, teaching, design, development, production, or clinical work, etc. depending on their qualifications and experience.

Loans to Members of Film Finance Corporation

8041. SHRI BISHWANATH JHUNJHUNWALA : Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state :

(a) whether there is any statutory bar on granting loans to the members of the Film Finance Corporation to enable them to turn into film producers ;

(b) whether a similar bar exists in regard to holding of membership of the corporation and membership of other bodies which is constituted by the Central Government/State Governments which deals with films ;

(c) if so, the manner in which these rules are being followed and the number of cases the rules have been violated and the reasons for the same ; and

(d) the total amount of money that has been given to the members of Film Finance Corporation during the last three years for producing films who had not previous experience in the line and how much of the loan amount remains to be paid back ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI DHARAM BIR SINHA) : (a) A sitting member of the Board of Directors of the Film Finance Corporation is not entitled to get loans from the Corporation for production of films.

(b) So far as the Film Finance Corporation is concerned no such bar exists.

(c) and (d). The rules are being strictly followed and there has been no violation. No sitting member of the Board of Directors has been advanced loans.

Use of Atomic Technology for Peaceful Purposes

8042. SHRI VAYALAR RAVI : Will the Minister of ATOMIC ENERGY be pleased to state ;

(a) the names of countries with which India has entered into bilateral agreements for cooperation in the use of atomic technology for peaceful purposes.

(b) the nature of assistance India has received under these agreements and how far

we have succeeded in applying this technology in different fields ; and

(c) whether the Atomic Energy Commission is giving technical assistance to any other country for the development and use of atomic technology, if so, the details thereof ?

THE PRIME MINISTER, MINISTER OF ATOMIC ENERGY, MINISTER OF ELECTRONICS, MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS AND MINISTER OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRIMATI INDIRA GANDHI) : (a) The names of countries with which India has current bilateral agreements for collaboration in the field of peaceful uses of atomic energy are Afghanistan, Balgium, Brazil, Canada, Czechoslovakia. Denmark, France, Federal Republic of Germany, Hungary, Philippines, Romania, United Arab Republic, USA and USSR

(b) the terms of the collaboration agreements vary from country to country. There are general collaboration agreements which usually provide for exchange of fellowships, exchange of unclassified information, exchange of visits of scientists etc. Besides, there are the special agreements with government abroad and commercial agreements which provide for technical collaboration and assistance in the development of India's programmes in the field of nuclear energy details of which are contained in the Annual Reports of the Department which are circulated to the Honourable Members and copies of which are available in the Parliament Library.

(c) Yes, Sir. This assistance is in the nature of grants of fellowships for training in India, supply of equipment on loan and exchange of scientific visits.

Telephone in Government Quarters in the Name of Private Persons

8043. SHRI ISHAQ SAMBHALI : Will the Minister of COMMUNICATIONS be pleased to refer to the reply given to Unstarred Question No. 5377 on 8th May, 1972 regarding sub-letting of quarters in R.K. Puram New Delhi and state :

(a) whther Government's permission is necessary for the installation of a telephone in a Government quarter/flat/bungalow by a private person who is either sharing accommodation with the allottee or the sub-lettee ;

(b) if not, the reasons therefor ;

(c) the number of cases in Sectors VII and VIII in R K, Puram where private business executives have got telephones installed at quarters sub let by them ; and

(d) whether Government propose to issue some instructions making it incumbent to get Government's prior sanction for installation of a telephone in a Government quarter sublet by these business executives to prevent such malpractices ?

THE MINISTER OF COMMUNICATIONS (SHRI H.N. BAHUGUNA) : (a) to (d). While installing the telephones in any premises Government or otherwise the P & T Department does not normally ask for permission of the landlord to be produced. In case, however, while verifying the bonafides at the time of installation it is found that the applicant for whom the telephone has been sanctioned is not in occupation of the premises, the telephone installation is refused and in such cases until the applicant can prove that he is in authorized occupation of the premises, the telephone is not installed. In cases where the telephones have been installed and subsequently a complaint is received from the landlord of the telephone having been opened for an unauthorized occupant, the subscriber concerned is asked to prove that he is an authorized occupant. In case of his failure to do so, the telephone is disconnected. The landlord in case of Government Quarters in R.K. Puram is the Estate Officer. No complaints have been received from this Officer regarding any telephones having been provided in Sector VII and VII in R K. Puram for unauthorized occupants. In the absence of any complaint from Estate Officer, the question of Communication Ministry taking any action as proposed in Para (d) does not arise.

Panels for Promotion to Selection Grade of Central Secretariate Service

8044. SHRI DINEN BHATTACHARYYA: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state :

(a) whether the panels for promotion to the Selection Grade of the Central Secretaiat

Service were issued during the past 3 years ; and

(b) if not, the reasons for the repeated delays in the issue of these panels and the measures taken by the Government to ensure issue of Select Lists before the close of each year ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS AND IN THE DEPARTMENT OF PERSONNEL (SHRI RAM NIWAS MIRDHA) : (a) and (b). Select Lists for promotion to the Selection Grade of the Central Secretariat Service for the last three years were issued on 22nd April 1970, 28th October, 1971 and 11th April 1972. The finalisation of the 1970 Select List had been rather delayed because it took time to fix the strength of the Select List, in amending the regulations laying down the composition of the Selection Committee and the time taken by the latter in considering all the cases within the zone of consideration, Government have since laid down a time scheduled for preparation and issue of such Select Lists.

Preparation of Select List for Promotion to the Selection Grade of Central Secretariat Service

8045. SHRI DINEN BHATTACHARYYA: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to refer to the reply given to Unstarred Question No. 7725 on the 11th August, 1971 regarding panel for promotion to Selection Grade posts of Central Secretariat Service and state the time schedule laid down by Government for the preparation of Select Lists for promotion to the Selection Grade of the Central Secretariat Service ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS AND IN THE DEPARTMENT OF PERSONNEL (SHRI RAM NIWAS MIRDHA) : According to the promotion Regulations, a fresh Select List for the Selection Grade of the C.S S. is to be prepared every year if on the 1st July of the year the number of officers already included in the Select List of that Grade is below the strength fixed for the fresh Select List. Necessary action to prepare the Select List is generally initiated each year in the month of July. As per the time schedule laid down last year the Select List of C.S S. officers for promotion to the Select Grade of the Service for a particular year is to be finalised and issued by the end of that year.

Functions of the Central Establishment Board and the Departmental Promotion Committee

8046. SHRI DINEN BHATTACHARYYA: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to refer to the reply given to Unstarred Question No. 7726 on the 11th August, 1971 regarding the Departmental Promotion Committee and state :

(a) the functions performed by the Central Establishment Board for sponsoring the names of Officers for appointment to the post of Deputy Secretary and above in the Central Government and the functions of a Departmental Promotion Committee ;

(b) whether the Central Establishment Board does not function as a Departmental Promotion Committee for promotion of Central Services Class I Officers for promotion to higher grades within Class I, but it functions as a Departmental Promotion Committee for promotion of Class I Central Secretariat Service Officers for Selection Grade of the Service (Promotion within Class I) ; and

(c) if so, the reasons for having two different roles of the Establishment Board and for the discrimination in the case of Central Secretariat Service Officers only ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS AND IN THE DEPARTMENT OF PERSONNEL (SHRI RAM NIWAS MIRDHA) : (a) The functions of the Central Establishment Board are to make recommendations for the selection and appointment to all posts and above the rank of Under Secretary but below the rank of Joint Secretary to the Government of India and all other non-Secretariat posts similar in rank when it is proposed to appoint thereto officers of All India Services, Central Secretariat Services and other feeder Services, having regard to the merits, claims and availability of all such officers in the field of choice for any particular vacancy.

The functions of Departmental Promotion Commitee are to assess the merit of officers of a particular Service to which a particular

Departmental Promotion Committee relates who are in the field of selection, and to make its recommendations in regard to the officers considered suitable for promotion/inclusion in the Select List for the grade for which such a List is prepared.

(b) No, Sir.

(c) Does not arise.

Rural Industries Project Programme in A.P.

8047. SHRI Y. ESWARA REDDY: Will the Minister of INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :

(a) the names of the Districts in Andhra Pradesh brought under Rural Industries Projects programme ;

(b) the progress of work done in carrying out the various tasks assigned to them in each of the above districts, since their inception ; and

(c) whether there is any proposal under consideration to bring Cuddapah District also under Rural Industries Projects programme in the current year itself ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD) : (a) Under the Programme initiated in 1962-63, three projects were taken up in Andhra Pradesh in the districts of Anantapur, Nalgonda and Guntur. The coverage of the programme at that time was limited to 5-6 C.D. Blocks in each district. However, from the 1st April, 1971 the coverage has been extended to cover each district in its entirety but excluding towns and villages with population above 15,000.

In 1971-72 a new Rural Industries Project has been sanctioned in Karimnagar district for close coordination with the pilot Rural Electric Cooperative Project located in that District.

(b) The progress achieved upto the 31st March, 1971, is given below : —

Name of the Distt.	No of units provided financial assistance	Employment opportunities created (Persons)	Types of Industries set up	No. of units and the amount of Credit Facilities provided by the State Bank of India	
				No of Units	Amount Rs. in lakhs
1. Anantpur	548	4,0000	Polythene bags, packing material, paper bags, expanded metals, Pesticides and insecticides, agriculture implements, ready-made garments, footwear, safety matches, bakery, etc.	324	9.73
2. Nalgonda	1301	Not available	Forest besed industries, animal husbandry based industries, engineering and allied industries, building materials, ceramic industries, agricultural processing industries and chemical industries etc.	1731	10.90
3. Guntur (Narsaraopet)	3728	6521	Forest based industries, animal husbandry based industries, textile based industries, building material, ceramic and engineering and Allied industries etc	392	16 00

4. *Karimnagar District.* This Rural Industries Project has been initiated in 1971-72. The preliminary work, such as conducting of techno-economic surveys of the District and drawing up of development programme, considering the potentials of infrastructure facilities like power likely to be generated by the Pilot Rural Electric Cooperative Scheme has been taken up.

(c) For the Fifth Plan three new Rural Industries projects have been allocated to the State. The final selection of the districts will be decided on the recommendation of the State Government.

Allowances drawn by Members of Families of Former Rulers

8048. SHRI HEMENDRA SINGH BANERA : Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state :

(a) whether a number of members of the former Rulers families have been receiving life-time allowances from the State Goveenments under separate settlements, which were not part of the privy purse, if so, the names of such persons ;

(b) whether the payment of these life-time allowances are also affected by the Constitution (26th Amendment) Act, 1971 ; and

(c) if so, the steps Central Government have taken to advise the State Governments to resume such payments.

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI K. C. PANT) : (a) Some members of the families of former Rulers have been receiving allowances from the State Governments. The names of such family members are being collected and will be placed on the table of the House when received.

(b) and (c). The Constitution (Twenty-Sixth Amendment) Act, 1971, has no direct bearing on these allowances. The question of giving suitable advice to the State Governments in regard to the continuance of the allowances is being examined.

केन्द्रीय अनुवाद ब्यूरो के कार्यालय के लिए फर्नीचर खरीदा जाना

8049. **श्री रामानन्द शास्त्री :**
श्री राजाराम शास्त्री :

क्या गृह मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या केन्द्रीय अनुवाद ब्यूरो की स्थापना के प्रथम वर्ष में कार्यालय के लिए खरीदे गये फर्नीचर के लिए ब्यूरो द्वारा दरें आमन्त्रित नहीं की गई थीं और गृह-मंत्रालय द्वारा स्वीकृत टैंडर दरों के आधार पर ही फर्नीचर खरीद लिया गया था; और

(ख) यदि हां, तो इसके क्या कारण है ?

गृह-मंत्रालय तथा कार्मिक विभाग में राज्य मंत्री (श्री रामनिवास मिर्धा) : (क) जी नहीं, श्रीमान् । केन्द्रीय अनुवाद ब्यूरो के कार्यालय के लिए फर्नीचर की खरीद के लिए अनेकों फर्मों से दरें आमन्त्रित की गई थी और उन फर्मों से, जिनकी दरें सबसे कम थी, फर्नीचर खरीदा गया ।

(ख) प्रश्न नहीं उठता ।

P & T Officers on Deputation to ITI, Naini

8050 SHRI S. N. MISRA : Will the Minister of COMMUNICATIONS be pleased to refer to the reply given to Unstarred question No. 4132 dated 24th April, 1972 regarding Officers of the P & T Department taken on deputation to the ITI Unit, Naini and to state :

(a) the qualifications technical and professional and the expertise of the officers mentioned in the statement laid on the Table ; and

(b) the difficulties which lie in the way of the DG P&T in not circularising the demand for suitable officers to all the Circles with a view to attracting the best talent and eradicate nepotism and favouritism inherent in the present mode of selection ?

THE MINISTER OF COMMUNICATIONS (SHRI H. N. BAHUGUNA) : (a) A statement giving the required information is laid on the Table of the House. [*Placed in Library. See* No. LT—3135/72]

(b) As stated earlier in the reply to unstarred question No. 4132 in the Lok Sabha on the 26th April, 1972, the officers deputed to the Indian Telephone Industries from P&T Department are selected on an overall assessment of their suitability to the special type of personnel requirements of the undertaking. The procedure for circulating the requirements is also followed whenever it is considered necessary to do so.

Science Graduates in the Country

8051. SHRI BHOGENDRA JHA : Will the Minister of PLANNING be pleased to state :

(a) the number of Post-Graduates in Science in the country upto March, 1972, subject-wise and State-wise ;

(b) whether Government propose to grant some allowance to them in the first year of their unemployment on the pattern of Engineering Graduates ; and

(c) if so, the salient features of the scheme ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHRI MOHAN DHARIA) : (a) According to information available from the Council of Scientific and Industrial Research, the stock of Science post-graduates in the country in 1971 was 139,200. The subject-wise and State-wise classification of this figure is not available.

(b) No sir. Schemes are, however, under formulation to create employment opportunities for unemployed post-graduates in Science.

(c) Does not arise.

Diffusion of Press in the Country

8052 SHRI BISHWANATH JHUNJHUNWALA : Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state :

(a) whether the different Ministers have since completed consideration on the proposal mooted by Government for diffusion of press in the country ;

(b) whether any concrete proposal has since emerged as a result of the studies made by the different Ministers on this issue ; and

(c) whether in arriving at the above decision the viewes of Indian Federation of the Working Journalists or that of the Editors were not taken into consideration and if so, the reasons thereof and the main features of the decision taken ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI DHARAM BIR SINHA) : (a) No Sir.

(b) and (c) Do not arise.

Allocation of staff of Beas Dam Project among the States of Punjab, Haryana and Himachal Pradesh

8053. PROF. NARAIN CHAND PARASHAR : Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government constituted a Committee of the Chief Secretaries of Punjab, Haryana and Himachal Pradesh for finalising allocation of the staff working in the Beas Dam Project among these three States ;

(b) if so, whether the gazetted officers working on the Project were allocated to the three States in the ratio 56:37:7 ;

(c) whether the Non-gazetted staff has also been allocated in the same ratio ; and

(d) if not, the reasons therefor ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS AND IN THE DEPARTMENT OF PERSONNEL (SHRI RAM NIWAS MIRDHA) : (a) A Committee consisting of Chief Secretaries Punjab, Haryana and Himachal Pradesh was constituted by the Government of India as an advisory body for purposes of Section 82(4) of the Punjab Reorganisation Act, 1966 for assisting the Central Government in regard to the division and integration of the services

among the successor States and not exclusively for finalising the allocation of the staff working in the Beas Project

(b) and (c). No, Sir.

(d) The allocation of the non-gazetted staff of the Project belonging to the circle cadre is being finalised in-consultation with Chief Secretaries Committee.

Alleged Indifference of Police in Delhi

8054. SHRI BISHWANATH JHUNJHUNWALA : Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state :

(a) whether as reported in Times of India dated the 16th May, 1972, the Prime Minister has suggested a probe into the alleged indifference of the Police in Delhi to the grievances of the people ;

(b) whether the points of enquiry have been finalised and if so, the main points thereof ; and

(c) when the enquiry will be conducted ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F. H. MOHSIN) : (a) No, Sir.

(b) and (c). The question does not arise.

Difference in Non-Plan Expenditure in Kerala

8055. SHRI VAYALAR RAVI : Will the Minister of PLANNING be pleased to state :

(a) the estimated difference in the non-Plan expenditure of the State of Kerala during the Fourth Plan period ; and

(b) the total amount given by the Central Government, so far to meet this difference and the amount proposed to be given in the remaining period of the Fourth Plan ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHRI MOHAN DHARIA) : (a) The reference presumably is to the gap in resources in Kerala on non-Plan account during the Fourth Plan period. At the time of the finalisation of the Fourth Plan, this gap was estimated at Rs. 67.78 crores.

(b) Special accommodation released to Kerala to meet its non-Plan gap during the first three years of the Fourth Plan amounts to Rs. 47.29 crores. As the release of special accommodation is subject to annual review of the State's resources position, no firm estimates of the amounts to be released towards meeting the non-Plan gap of the State in 1972-73 and 1973-74 can be given at this stage.

Financial Crisis in Kerala

8056. SHRI VAYALAR RAVI : Will the Minister of PLANNING be pleased to state :

(a) whether the Kerala Government have asked for any financial assistance to tide over the present financial crisis in the State : and

(b) if so, the reaction of the Central Government thereto ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHRI MOHAN DHARIA) : (a) The Kerala Government have requested for additional special accommodation to cover the increase in the State's non-Plan gap and for extra Central assistance to cover additional expenditure on Idikki Project.

(b) The State Government have been informed that it is not possible to reopen at this stage the question of allocation of Central assistanee for the Fourth Plan schemes or to alter the basis of release of special accommodation to cover the State's non-Plan gaps.

Manufacture of Apolo Scooter

8057. SHRI SAT PAL KAPUR : Will the Minister of INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to refer to the reply given to Unstarred Question No. 6395 on the 17th May, 1972 regarding manufacture of Apolo scooter in the public sector and state the steps taken by Government to inform the public about the true position of M/s. Praja Sahkari Udyog Bharatpur Ltd. so that the general public is not misled by their advertisement ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD) : A Press Note informing the public of the correct position of the affairs of M/s. Praja

Sahkri Udyog Bharatpur Ltd. has been issued by the Government of Rajasthan.

A. I. R. Cuddapah

8058. SHRI Y. ESWARA REDDY : Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to refer to the reply given to Unstarred Question No. 6407 on the 17th May, 1972 regarding Programme Executives, Transmission Executives, and Announcers in Cuddapah All India Radio Station and state :

(a) the present strength of Programme Executives ; (Gazetted Officers), Transmission Executives and Announcers at Cuddaph All India Radio Station, separately ; and

(b) when the decisions are expected to be taken by Government regarding the recommendations made by the Staff Inspection Unit of the Ministry of Finance about the norms for fixing the strength of various categories of staff in All India Radio on the basis of work load ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRIMATI NANDINI SATPATHY) :

(a) (i) Programme Executives (Gazetted Officers) 1

(ii) Transmission Executives ...1

(iii) Announcers 2

(b) The matter is under Government's consideration.

Operation of Censor Board in Film Editing

8059. SHRI BISHWANATH JHUNJHUNWALA : Will the Minister of INFORMATION & BROADCASTING be pleased to state :

(a) whether the Censor Board appoints different sets of persons for viewing each film for censoring purpose ;

(b) whether as a result of this lacuna the end result of the censored films appear to be erratic, *i.e.*, while in some the rules are observed, in others it is not ; and

(c) whether the Censor Board ensure that the cut that are proposed by the Board are actually carried out in the negatives also and if not, the manner in which the Board ensure that their objectives are being met faithfully and whether there is any procedure for second inspection to ensure that the suggestions for alteration have been compiled with the film producers ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI DHARAM BIR SINHA) : (a) Yes, Sir. There are 35 members at Bombay, 38 members at Madras and 20 members at Calcutta on the Advisory Panels of the Central Board of Film Censors out of which four are nominated for each feature film depending upon the language and type of film.

(b) There is no lacuna in the procedure. Every effort is made to achieve uniformity of censoring through the issue of guidelines and by personal discussions.

(c) The producers are required to surrender cut portions from the positive and negative prints of the film. The certificate is issued by the Board only after these cut portions have been surrendered and found in order, in accordance with measurements indicated against each cut in the endorsement attached to the certificate. The Board do not view the whole film a second time.

Ceiling on Investment in Small Sector for Machinery

8060. SHRI DEVINDER SINGH GARCHA : Will the Minister of INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :

(a) whether there is a proposal under consideration of Government to impose a ceiling of Rs 5 lakhs on outlay on machinery and equipment per unit in the small scale industrial sector ; and

(b) if so, the reasons therefor ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOP-

MENT (SHRI SADDHESHWAR PRASAD) : (a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

Symposium on Engineering and Management of Projects

8061. SHRI DEVINDER SINGH GARCHA : Will the Minister of INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :

(a) whether a symposium on engineering and management of projects was held recently in New Delhi under the auspices of Indian Engineering Association ;

(b) whether it was stated in the symposium that a number of projects with huge investments suffered due to lack of proper planning and execution and the delay in production resulted in loss to the national exchequer ; and

(c) if so, the amount of loss on this account ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD) : (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) In the inaugural address, the Minister of Industrial Development emphasised the need for proper planning and implementation of projects so that investments made are not wasted.

(c) It is not possible to assess the loss suffered specifically on this account.

Pilot Desalination Plant

8062. SHRI DEVINDER SINGH GARCHA : Will the Minister of ATOMIC ENERGY be pleased to state :

(a) whether the Atomic Energy Commission would soon go ahead with the project for a Pilot Desalination Plant with daily output of four and half million litres of fresh water using the latest expertise in evaporation process ; and

(b) if so, the details thereof ?

THE PRIME MINISTER, MINISTER OF ATOMIC ENERGY, MINISTER OF ELECTRONICS, MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS AND MINISTER OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRIMATI INDIRA GANDHI) : (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The project will be a demonstration pilot plant based on the most advanced technologies in desalination using evaporation process. The Plant will provide valuable data for the design and operational aspects of desalination. It will be located in Trombay. The project report is under preparation and work on the project is expected to commence shortly.

Construction work of Cement Factory in Andhra Pradesh

8063. SHRI Y. ESWARA REDDY : Will the Minister of INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :

(a) the proposed location of cement factories in Andhra Pradesh now under the consideration of Government and whether their project report have been received ;

(b) the order of priority for taking up their construction work and the criteria adopted for fixation of priority ; and

(c) the approximate time by which conversation work on all these factories will be started ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD) : (a) Feasibility reports for the setting up of cement factories at Tandur, Yerraguntla and Adilabad in Andhra Pradesh have been submitted by the Cement Corporation of India Ltd. for the consideration of the Government.

(b) Feasibility reports in respect of some more locations in the other regions are being compiled and the basis of a comparative analysis of the economic viability of all the proposals, the *inter-se* priority of these projects for implementation will be decided.

(c) The projects will be taken up for construction soon after the clearance is given by the Government.

Films on Freedom Struggle of Bangladesh

8064. SHRI B K. DASCHOWDHURY : Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state :

(a) number of films on Bangladesh affair particularly on freedom struggle, purchased from private producers by Government ;

(b) the names of producers with names of the films purchased by the Films Division from the private producers ; and

(c) the amount spent for the purpose ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRIMATI NANDINI SATPATHY) : (a) One film has been purchased, and in regard to another film, the rights for Indian exhibition only acquired. There are in addition four films on this subject produced by Private Producers.

(b) and (c) The details are as under :—

Title and amount spent	Producer
1. "Durbargati Padma" Rs. 45,000/-	Shri Biswajit Chatterjee, M/s. Trio Films, Dum Dum, Calcutta.
2. Coverages of a rocities in Dacca. *Rs. 3,500/-	Shri R Ray, 22, Ballygunge Place, Calcutta.

(*For Indian exhibition rights only).

The four films produced by Private Producer are :

Title of the Film	Producer
1. "Dateline Bangla Desh"	Shrimati Geeta Mehta
2. "Nine Months to Freedom"	Shri S. Sukhdev
3. "Thus Began the Tragedy"	Messrs Aslan Films, New Delhi.
4. "Exodus and After"	

Enquiries against I.C.S. and I.A.S. Officers

8065. SHRI SAT PAL KAPUR : Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state :

(a) the number of I C.S. and I.A.S. Officers against whom enquiries are being held for one reason or the other ; and

(b) the findings of the enquiries and whether some of the I.C.S. officers have since resigned and if so, their particulars ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS AND IN THE DEPARTMENT OF PERSONNEL (SHRI RAM NIWAS MIRDHA) : (a) and (b). Enquiries/proceedings against 2 I.C.S. and 29 I.A S. Officers are being held by the Central Government/the Central Bureau of Investigation. As a result of the enquiries disciplinary proceedings are in progress against 5 officers and one officer is being prosecuted in Court. The cases against remaining officers are either still under investigation or pending consideration of the disciplinary authorities. No I.C S. officer involved in the above cases has resigned from service.

Amounts given to various States for Plan Projects

8066. SHRI SAT PAL KAPUR : Will the Minister of PLANNING be pleased to state :

(a) the total amount given for plan projects to the various States during the last three years, year-wise and State-wise ;

(b) the States which did not utilize the amount fully, the names of the States which spent this amount for other purposes, the names of the states which refunded some of the amount and the amount so returned ; and

(c) the steps taken or proposed to be taken to ensure that the amount sanctioned for plan projects is spent fully and properly ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHRI MOHAN DHARIA) : (a) and (b). Two statements are laid on the Table of the House indicating :

(i) approved outlays and actuals/anticipated expenditure for the years 1969-70, 1970-71 and 1971-72 by individual States ; and

(ii) State-wise allocations and disbursements of Central assistance for the years 1969-70, 1970-71 and 1971-72. Approved Plan outlays are earmarked only for Agricultural Programmes and Cooperation, selected Irrigation and Power projects, Elementary Education and Rural Water Supply Programmes. The States are free to make adjustments among the non-earmarked sectors within the approved Annual Plan outlays. The question of any State having spent plan outlays for other purposes does not arise. Central assistance is allocated for the approved annual plan outlay as a whole and is released on the basis of expenditure figures reported by the State Governments. The question of States refunding some of the amounts does not arise since Central assistance is released on the basis of annual plan expenditure reported by them and adjustments of excess assistance, if any, are carried out in the following years. [*Placed in Library. See* No. LT—3136/72]

(c) The State Governments which are responsible for the implementation of the programmes/projects, are expected to utilise fully and properly the plan provisions and to take suitable steps in this direction. Scrutiny by Programme Advisers of the Planning Commission who visit the States periodically and the discussions between the officers of State Governments and those of the Planning Commission which are held from time to time help the State Governments in avoiding shortfalls in expenditure. Planning Commission is also engaged in creating a better system in order to ensure proper implementation of plan-projects in consultation with the State Government.

Benefits to Scheduled Caste Persons

8067. SHRI AMAR NATH CHAWLA : Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government had been considering the question as to whether a person belonging to a Scheduled Caste, who had renounced Hinduism by converting himself to another religion, will revert to his original Scheduled Caste, if he becomes a Hindu again ;

(b) whether a final decision has since been taken thereon and if so, the particulars of decision taken ;

(c) whether Government have since informed all State Governments and Union Territories about the said decision and if so, whether a copy thereof will be laid on the Table of the House ; and

(d) whether such reconvert, who originally belonged to a Scheduled Caste, would be eligible for the privileges and benefits as are provided for the members of Scheduled Castes ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F. H. MOHSIN) : (a) to (d). The matter is being looked into and a statement thereon will be laid on the Table of the House.

Nationalisation of big Monopoly Houses

8068. SHRI DEVINDER SINGH GARCHA : Will the Minister of INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :

(a) whether there is a scheme under consideration of Government to nationalise the big monopoly houses in the country ; and

(b) if so, the main features thereof ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD) : (a) No such general proposal is under Government's consideration.

(b) Does not arise.

Detention of Shri Gulam Sarvar Editor of Sangam

8069 SHRI BIBHUTI MISHRA : Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased

to state :

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to a news item appearing in the Searchlight Patna dated the 14th April, 1972 under the heading 'Gulam Sarvar's detention justified', wherein it has been stated that Shri Sarvar, Editor of Sangam has been arrested, because there was sufficient evidence against him and he had maintained close contacts with Pakistan Embassies in Calcutta, Delhi and Kathmandu and that he had taken money from them during the war :

(b) If so, whether Central Government have information of the money taken by Shri Sarvar ; and

(c) the action taken by the Central Government thereon apart from that of the State Government ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F. H MOHSIN) : (a) to (c). Government has seen the press report relating to the proceedings of the Bihar Vidhan Parishad in regard to the detention of Shri Gulam Sarvar. The Government of Bihar has been requested to send full text of the proceedings.

Enhanced punishment for selling adulterated Liquor

8070. SHRI M. S. SIVASAMY : Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government have considered the Delhi Administration's proposal to enhance under the Punjab Excise Act, 1914, the terms of punishment for those who sell adulterated liquor ; and

(b) if so, the main points thereof and the decisions arrived at in the matter ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F. H. MOHSIN) : (a) and (b). Government have received a bill from the Delhi Administration for amending the Punjab Excise Act, 1914 as in force in the Union Territory of Delhi. The Bill seeks to make punishment for the various offences under the Act more severe so as to act as an effective deterrent. In the main, the punishment is sought to be made more deterrent in four ways :—

(1) Where imprisonment is laid down as a punishment, only rigorous imprisonment is to be prescribed.

(2) For many offences, imprisonment is to be enhanced from 3 years to 5 years. The amount of fine is to be enhanced to Rs. 10,000 for some offences.

(3) A minimum punishment of one year rigorous imprisonment/fine not less than Rs 2,000 is to be prescribed for many excise offences.

(4) Many offences which are at present bailable are sought to be made non-bailable.

These proposals are under consideration

Shifting of Offices of Industrial Development Corporation to Nariman Point Bombay

8071. SHRI K. MALLANNA : Will the Minister of INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :

(a) whether the Industrial Development Corporation has recently shifted its Offices from the old premises to more luxurious surroundings in Nirmal, Nariman Point, Bombay ;

(b) whether the Corporation is now paying eight times the rent as compared to that paid in previous years ;

(c) if so, whether the Corporation obtained permission of the Central Government prior to the shifting of its offices ; and

(d) if not, the reasons therefor and Government's reaction thereto ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD) : (a) to (d). The State Industrial and Investment Corporation of Maharashtra Ltd., (SICOM) shifted its office in June 1971 from its old premises to Nirmal, I Floor, Nariman Point, Bombay, due to non-availability of additional accommodation in the old premises.

It is reported that the rent paid for the new premises is not exorbitant and it is roughly 1½ times that paid for the old premises. Since SICOM is a State Government Undertaking and a public limited company, the question of obtaining Central Government's permission for shifting does not arise. Under its articles of association, the permission of the State Government is also not required.

Indian Officers sent Abroad for Higher Studies and Training

8072. PROF. NARAIN CHAND PARASHAR : Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state :

(a) whether there is any scheme under which Government Officers from the Central and State services are sent abroad for higher studies and training ;

(b) If so, whether there is any condition that the Officer will have to serve in his parent Department after return from abroad ; and

(c) the number of persons sent abroad under this Scheme in 1971-72 ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS AND IN THE DEPARTMENT OF PERSONNEL (SHRI RAM NIWAS MIRDHA) : (a) Yes, Sir. There is more than one Scheme.

(b) No, Sir. There is no condition that the officer will have to serve in his parent Department after return from studies or training abroad. However, the trainees are required to execute a bond under which they are obliged to return to duty and serve under Government for at leas 4 years after the expiry or termination of the period of training, failing which they have to refund the stipulated amount.

(c) The information is not readily available. It is being collected and will be laid on the table of the House.

High Level Study Team for Chambal Ravines in M.P.

8073. SHRI BIBHUTI MISHRA :
SHRI PHOOL CHAND VERMA :

Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state :

(a) whether Central Government has set up a high level study team to visit Chambal ravines in Bhind District (Madhya Pradesh)

(b) if so, work entrusted to the team ; and

(c) the report thereon received so far ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F. H. MOHSIN) : (a) Yes. Sir.

(b) and (c). The Team has been set up to work out a Scheme for eradication of dacoity menace from the Chambal valley. The report of the Study Team has not yet been received.

Pay fixation of released Emergency Commissioned Officers

8074. SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state :

(a) whether on 1st January, 1972 Government extended pay fixation provision to Emergency Commissioned Officers appointed on civil jobs against unreserved vacancies ;

(b) if so, whether the provision is not applicable with retrospective effect :

(c) whether the provisions of pay and seniority have not been allowed to them as has been done in the case of those appointed against vacancies reserved for E.C.O. ; and

(d) if so, the reasons therefor ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS AND IN THE DEPARTMENT OF PERSONNEL (SHRI RAM NIWAS MIRDHA): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The orders take effect from the date of issue, *viz.*, 1st January, 1972.

(c) and (d). As stated above, orders have already been issued to give weightage for the army service for initial pay fixation on appointment of released officer to vacancies not specifically reserved for them. The question of extending the benefit of seniority to released officers in unreserved vacancies is under examination.

Disconnection of Telephone by D.G.P&T

8075. SHRI PILOO MODY : Will the Minister of COMMUNICATIONS be pleased to state :

(a) whether under instructions from the Director General Posts and Telegraphs, the telephone connections including the PBX box and six extensions of Universal Press Service at Madras and Indian Salvam, a Tamil Economic Fortnightly, were disconnected in April, 1971 even though the payments are being made ;

(b) if so, the research therefor ; and

(c) whether on payment of Rs. 15,000 towards the dues for teleprinter service, one telephone connection 88993, was restored ?

THE MINISTER OF COMMUNICATIONS (SHRI H. N. BAHUGUNA) : (a) and (b) No Sir, The telephones were disconnected by the General Manager Telephones, Madras on different dates under Indian Telegraph Rule 443 for non-payment of telephone dues under normal operation of the Rules.

(c) After having been disconnected for non-payment of dues, one telephone of Universal Press Service, was restored on their paying the prescribed charges of restoration fee, rental for intervening period, past arrears against all telephones, and giving an undertaking to clear outstandings in respect of Teleprinter Circuits in monthly instalments of Rs. 15000/- each.

दिल्ली-उत्तर प्रदेश तथा हरियाणा-उत्तर प्रदेश के बीच सीमा निर्धारण

8076. **श्री रामचन्द्र विकल** : क्या गृह-मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या यमुना नदी के बहाव में परिवर्तन के कारण उत्तर प्रदेश-हरियाणा और दिल्ली-उत्तर प्रदेश के अधिकतर किसानों में सीमा-विवाद चलता रहता है;

(ख) यदि हां, तो क्या इन सीमा सम्बन्धी विवादों को हल करने के लिए सरकार का दिल्ली-उत्तर प्रदेश तथा हरियाणा-उत्तर प्रदेश के बीच नदी के अतिरिक्त कोई स्थायी सीमा रेखा बनाने का विचार है ; और

(ग) यदि हां, तो कब ?

गृह मंत्रालय में उप-मंत्री (श्री एफ० एच० मोहसिन) : (क) अलीगढ़ जिले (उत्तर प्रदेश) के गांव समसपुर के कुछ किसानों ने दावा किया है कि यमुना नदी के बहाव में परिवर्तन आने के कारण जो जमीन हरियाणा मे चली गई है वह उन्हीं की है जब कि पास में हरियाणा के क्षेत्र के किसानों ने दावा किया है कि यह उनकी भूमि का सहवर्धन है। बताया जाता है कि मामला न्यायाधीन है। दिल्ली-उत्तर प्रदेश के किसानों के बीच कोई विवाद देखने मे नहीं आया है।

(ख) और (ग). उत्तर प्रदेश सरकार के एक सुझाव पर, हरियाणा और उत्तर प्रदेश सरकारों, दिल्ली प्रशासन और भारत के सर्वेक्षण के प्रतिनिधियों की एक बैठक हुई थी। उसमें इस बात पर समझौता हुआ था कि बदलती हुई सीमा के स्थान पर एक निश्चित सीमा होनी चाहिए। एक निश्चित सीमा निर्धारित करने हेतु राज्य सरकारो के किसी निष्कर्ष पर पहुंच सकने के लिए हरियाणा और उत्तर प्रदेश तथा भारत के सर्वेक्षण के एक-एक प्रतिनिधि से गठित अधिकारियों के एक दल को स्थल का निरीक्षण करने और एक ऐसी रूपरेखा का सुझाव देने जिसे वे व्यावहारिक समझते हों, का कार्य सौंपा गया है। इसी प्रकार की कार्य-प्रणाली उत्तर प्रदेश और दिल्ली के बीच की सीमा के बारे मे स्वीकार की गई है।

Expenditure in setting up of Paper Mill in Assam and Nagaland

8077. SHRI BIBHUTI MISHRA : Will the Minister of INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :

(a) the total expenditure on each of the Paper Mills proposed to be set up in Assam and Nagaland ;

(b) and total paper production in the Mills ; and

(c) to what extent the demand for paper will be met by them ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD) : (a) There is a proposal to set up two Pulp/Paper Mills in Assam i.e one at Nowgong and the other at Cachar. The total anticipated expenditure in these two projects would approximately be Rs. 31 crores and Rs. 25 crores, respectively.

There is also a proposal to set up a Pulp/Paper Mills in Nagaland. Total expenditure on this mill is excepted to be approximately Rs. 20 crores,

(b) and (c). According so the capacity of each of these mills, the production is expected to be as under :—

Pulp/Paper Project Assam

(i) Nowgong Project :—80,000 tonnes of Pulp per annum
50,000 tonnes of Paper per annum

(ii) Cachar Project :—50,000 tonnes of integrated pulp and paper per annum.

(iii) Pulp/Paper Project at Nagaland — 30,000 tonnes of paper per annum.

The above mentioned production is excepted to meet the projected demand for paper.

Reference to "Vietcong" over A.I.R. and T.V.

8078. SHRI C. K. CHANDRAPPAN : Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state :

(a) whether the All India Radio and Television still refer the forces of National Liberation in Vietnam as "Vietcong" ; and

(b) the steps contemplated by Government ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRIMATI NANDINI SATPATHY) : (a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

May Day Holiday for Central Government Employees

8079. DR. RANEN SEN : Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state :

(a) whether the Central Government has not declared My Day as a public holiday for its offices ; and

(b) if so, the reasons therefor ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS AND IN THE DEPARTMENT OF PERSONNEL (SHRI RAM NIWAS MIRDHA) : (a) and (b). In this connection, attention is invited to the Press Note issued on 29th April 1972, copy laid on the Table of the House, explaining the position of Government on the question of declaring May Day as a public holiday in Government Offices. [*Placed in Library. See* No. LT—3137/—72]

Power Boards blame H. E. L. and B. H. E. L.

8080. SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU :
SHRI R. R. SINGH DEO :

Will the Minister of INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :

(a) whether his attention has been drawn to news-item published In Indian Express dated the 1st May, 1972 under the caption "Power Boards blame H. E. L., B. H. E. L/"; and

(b) if so, Government's reaction thereto ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD) : (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The BHEL have issued a rejoinder to the news item which appeared in the Indian Express dated Ist May, 1972. This rejoinder was published in the Indian Express on the 4th May, 1972.

Emoluments of Staff of Central Government Consumer Cooperative Society LTD.

8081. SHRI BISWANARAYAN SHASTRI : Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state :

(a) whether the emoluments of the staff of the Central Government Employees Consumer Cooperative Society Limited are equal to that of the Government employees of corresponding status ;

(b) if not, the reasons therefor ;

(c) whether some Directors of the said Society have made a categorical recommendation in this regard ; and

(d) if so, the action taken in this direction both by the Management and the Government ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS AND IN THE DEPARTMENT OF PERSONNEL (SHRI RAM NIWAS MIRDHA) : (a) and (b). No, Sir The Society has prescribed the scales of pay after taking into account the nature of work and duties of each post, which obviously are not comparable to that of Central Government employees.

(c) Yes, Sir.

(d) The proposal is under consideration of the management of the Society.

Expansion of boiler plant at Durgapur and Tiruchi

8082. SHRI NAWAL KISHORE SINHA : Will the Minister of INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :

(a) whether it is proposed to expand the boiler manufacturing capacity of the plants at Durgapur and Tiruchi ; and

(b) if so, the steps taken so far in this regard ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD) : (a) and (b) An industrial licence application containing a proposal for expansion of the boiler manufacturing capacity of the plant at Durgapur has been received from ACC-Vickers-Babcock Ltd. on 29th May, 1972. For the immediate expansion of the manufacturing capacity of the plant of Bharat Heavy Electricals Ltd. at Tiruchi, necessary funds have been sanctioned by the Government and orders placed for the import of special purpose machines. Collaboration agreement has also been entered into for securing the technology for manufacture of higher capacity boilers.

Allocations to Orissa under Annual Plan for 1972-73

8083. SHRI CHINTAMANI PANIGRAHI : Will the Minister of PLANNING be pleased to state :

(a) how much of the amount of outlay of plan for Orissa for 1972-73 is by way of loans and how much of this by way of grant ; and

(b) how much amount the Orissa Government has assured to raise from its internal resources and the different sources of raising these additional resources ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHRI MOHAN DHARIA : (a) and (b). Out of the approved 1972-73 Annual Plan outlay of Rs. 57.42 crores for Orissa, Rs 31.04 crores will be financed by Central assistance and the balance of Rs. 26 38 crores will be met from the State's own resources. 70% of the Central assistance of Rs. 31.04 crores will be in the form of loan and 30% will be in the form of grant. The amount of Rs. 26 33 crores found from the internal resources of the State Government will be obtained from contibution of the State's public enterprises, market borrowing by the State Government and by the State's public enterprises, share in small savings collections, subscriptions to the State Provident Fund, loans from the Reserve Bank of India and the Life Insurance of India yield from State taxes and the State's share in additional taxation imposed by the Centre.

क्षेत्रीय अनुसंधान प्रयोगशाला, जोरहाट द्वारा लकड़ी के बुरादे से आपेक्षिक एलिड तैयार करने की विधि का विकास

8084. श्री फूलचन्द वर्मा : क्या विज्ञान और प्रौद्योगिकी मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या क्षेत्रीय अनुसंधान प्रयोगशाला,

जोरहट ने लकड़ी के बुरादे से आक्सैलिक एसिड तैयार करने की एक विधि का विकास किया है; और

(ख) यदि हां, तो इस विधि की मुख्य बातें क्या हैं और देश में प्रति वर्ष कितने टन आक्सैलिक एसिड की आवश्यकता होती है ?

योजना मंत्री तथा विज्ञान और प्रौद्योगिकी विभाग मंत्री (श्री सी० सुब्रह्मण्यम): (क) जी हां।

(ख) विकसित तकनीक में चीनी के स्थान पर लकड़ी के बुरादे का प्रयोग होता है, जो सस्ता है और देश में बहुतायत से उपलब्ध है । प्रयोगशाला का उत्पाद मानक विशिष्टी के अनुरूप है।

देश में आक्सैलिक एसिड की लगभग 1000 टन वार्षिक आवश्यकता का अनुमान प्रयोगशाला द्वारा लगाया गया है।

Financial Assistance to U. P. for Backward areas

8085. SHRI S M. BANERJEE : Will the Minister of PLANNING be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government of U. P. has demanded financial aid for opening of certain projects in the Eastern Districts of U. P., to remove backwardness of that area ;

(b) if so, the amount asked for ; and

(c) the Government's reaction thereto ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHRI MOHAN DHARIA) : (a) Yes, Sir

(b) From 1970 onwards the Government of U.P. has made several requests for additional Central assistance so as to increase the Plan outlay of the State. These requests have included the requirements of the backward areas of the State generally and cannot be related to projects in the eastern districts in U. P. specifically except for a sum of Rs. 14 crores which was asked for road development in the eastern districts of U. P. specifically.

(c) The amount available with the Government of India for assistance to the States to enable them to implement the outlays on the Fourth Plans of the respective States, is distributed on the basis of a formula approved by the National Development Council. The entire amount so available has been committed to the various States in accordance with this formula. It has, therefore, not been possible to give any additional Central assistance to the Government of U.P.

Cooperation Extended by Local People in Running the Administration of Captured Areas of Pakistan

8086. SHRI SAMAR GUHA : Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state :

(a) the approximate number of people now living in the area under occupation of Indian army in Sindh ;

(b) whether the Indian army and administrators are receiving co-operation from the local Sindhis in running the administration there ;

(c) the nature of supply and consumers' goods sent to occupied Sindh ; and

(d) whether the people of the occupied Sindh are reluctant to re-join Pakistan ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F. H. MOHSIN) : (a) It is estimated that about 56,000 persons are residing in the areas of Sind, under the occupation of our armed forces.

(b) Yes Sir.

(c) Supply of essential commodities like food-grams, cloth, kerosene oil, sugar, salt, matches etc. is being maintained.

(d) Some representations have been received from the residents of the area expressing concern in regard to their future.

Movement of Sindhis Living in Areas Under Indian Occupation

8087. SHRI SAMAR GUHA : Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state :

(a) whether the Sindhis living in areas now

under Indian occupation are permitted to visit India ;

(b) whether any steps have been taken to communicate to them the Indian attitude of peace and friendship towards the people of Sindh : and

(c) if so, the main points thereof ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F. H. MOHSIN) : (a) Residents of the Pakistani areas under our occupation are permitted to visit places in India, for short periods, for bonafide purposes such as purchase of essential commodities, visiting friends and relatives etc., after taking permits from the authorities concerned.

(b) and (c). Government has taken steps for the safety and security of the residents of the Pakistani areas under our occupation, continuous supply of essential commodities to them, adequate medical attention etc. Some schemes have also been undertaken to provide short-term employment to them. The indigent persons are being provided relief assistance.

Development of Indigenous Gun for Lobbing Tear Gas Shell

8088. SHRI G. Y. KRISHNAN : Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government are aware that an ex-serviceman of Ludhiana has developed a wholly indigenous gun for lobbing tear-gas shell which is more durable than the imported American guns; and

(b) if so, whether Government propose to manufacture such guns in India ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS AND IN THE DEPARTMENT OF PERSONNEL (SHRI RAM NIWAS MIRDHA) : (a) M/s. Royal Mechanical Works. Ludhiana have produced a proto-type of an indigenous gun for lobbing tear gas shells. Government are not aware whether the proprietor of this firm is an ex-serviceman. The firm has been asked to supply some Guns now for user's trials, to assess its utility and reliability.

(b) Yes, Sir. Efforts are being made to develop and manufacture such guns in India.

Administration of Areas Captured from Pakistan

8089. SHRI S. C. SAMANTA : Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state the number of civilian officers formerly in the service of Pakistan Government for manning the administration of areas captured from Pakistan, now under Indian occupation, who are still in service there ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F. H. MOHSIN) : In the Pakistani area adjoining Gujarat, which is under our occupation, one clerk, who had been in the service of the Government of Pakistan, has been working as clerk in the office of the Civil Administrator, Nagarparkar. Information in respect of the area adjoining Rajasthan and Jammu & Kashmir is being collected. No employee of the Government of Pakistan is now in employment for the administration of the occupied areas adjoining Punjab.

Efforts to Stop Brain Drain

8090. SHRI RAMAVATAR SHASTRI : Will the Minister of SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY be pleased to state :

(a) how far Government's efforts to stop the brain drain have succeeded in bringing back Indian Scientists working abroad ; and

(b) whether all those who had returned to India have been provided with suitable job ?

THE MINISTER OF PLANNING AND MINISTER OF DEPARTMENT OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (SHRI C. SUBRAMANIAM) : (a) The Scientists' Pool operated by the Council of Scientific and Industrial Research (CSIR) since 1959, has so far helped 4,589 Scientists, Engineers, Technologists, Medical Personnel, etc. studying or working abroad to return to India.

(b) Of those returned to India under the Scientists Pool scheme, 4092 reportedly secured regular employment in India. Some Medical Personnel also settled into private practice after working for some time in the Scientists' Pool.

Total acreage under salt production

8091. SHRI SHYAM SUNDER MOHAPATRA : Will the Minister of INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state the total acreage of land under salt production in the country public and private sectors ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD) ; The total acreage of land under production of salt in public sector and private sector is 3749 and 1,32,118 acres, respectively.

Abolishing the system of leasing out land to private salt producers

8092. SHRI SHYAM SUNDER MOHAPATRA : Will the Minister of INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state whether Government are considering the question of abolishing the system of leasing out land to private salt producers ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD) : No, Sir.

Central assistance to salt producers in Orissa

8093. SHRI SHYAM SUNDER MOHAPATRA : Will the Minister of INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state whether the Government propose to extend some help to the salt producers of Orissa who have sustained loss in last cyclone ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD) : Government have sanctioned financial relief in the form of *ex-gratia* grant and loan to the salt works at Bolong and Astrang in Balasore and Puri districts of Orissa, which were affected by cyclone in October, 1971.

Art Pieces Smuggled to Foreign Countries

8094. SHRI G. Y. KRISHNAN : Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state :

(a) the number and names of the countries to which valuable art pieces from India have been smuggled during the last one year ; and

(b) the measures Government have adopted in this regard and the number of persons arrested for such activities ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F. H. MOHSIN) : (a) and (b). The information is awaited from the authorities concerned and the same will be placed on the Table of the Sabha on receipt.

Enrolment of Engineers as Pool Officers

8095. SHRI S. M. BANERJEE : Will the Minister of SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY be pleased to State :

(a) whether a scheme is likely to be introduced for enrolling the qualified engineers as Pool Officers ;

(b) if so, the salient features of this scheme ; and

(c) when this is likely to be implemented ?

THE MINISTER OF PLANNING AND MINISTER OF DEPARTMENT OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (SHRI C. SUBRAMANIAM) : (a) to (c). The Council of Scientific and Industrial Research (CSIR) have no separate scheme for enrolling exclusively qualified engineers as Pool Officers.

The Scientists' Pool administered by the CSIR since 1959 provides temporary placement to well-qualified Indian Scientists, Engineers, Technologists and Medical Personnel returning from abroad without assured employment. The Scheme was late extended to highly qualified Indian Scientists who have not been abroad.

So far, 890 Engineers were selected to the Scientists' Pool of whom 84 are at present working as Pool Officers.

Licence for Large Scale Milk Processing Unit in Trichur (Kerala)

8096. SHRI C. JANARDHANAN : Will the Minister of INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :

(a) whether the Kerala State Industrial

Development Corporation has applied for licence for a large scale Milk Processing Unit in Trichur, Kerala ; and

(b) if so, whether the Government have granted the licence ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD) : (a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

'डिस्क' के उत्पादन के लिए कच्चा माल

8097. **श्री महादीपक सिंह शाक्य** : क्या **औद्योगिक विकास** मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या 'डिस्क' निर्माताओं को प्रतियोगी दरों पर कच्चा माल देने पर सरकार विचार कर रही है;

(ख) क्या निर्मित माल किसानों को भी प्रतियोगी दरों पर दिया जाएगा; और

(ग) यदि हां, तो इसके लिए सरकार ने क्या-क्या कदम उठाए है ?

औद्योगिक विकास मंत्रालय में उपमंत्री (श्री सिद्धेश्वर प्रसाद) : (क) डिस्कों का निर्माण करने के लिए अपेक्षित हाई कार्बन स्टील प्लेट का इस समय देश मे उत्पादन नहीं किया जा रहा है। डिस्क निर्माताओं की आवश्यकताओं को पूरा करने के लिए हिन्दुस्तान स्टील लिमिटेड द्वारा स्टील प्लेटों का बड़ी मात्रा मे आयात किया जाता है और उनका निर्माताओं को आयात तथा निर्यात के मुख्य नियंत्रक से मिले विमोचन आदेशों (रिलीज आर्डरों) पर सम्भरण किया जाता है। निर्माताओं की आवश्यकताओं को मालूम करने तथा हिन्दुस्तान स्टील लिमिटेड के माध्यम से आयात करने से अधिक उपयुक्त मूल्यों पर सम्भरण होगा ।

(ख)और(ग). कृषि डिस्कों के विक्रय-मूल्यों पर कोई नियंत्रण नहीं है। चूंकि डिस्कों का निर्माण करने वाले एककों की संख्या काफी है इसलिए विभिन्न निर्माताओं के पारस्परिक प्रतिस्पर्धा होने से किसानों को लाभ होगा ।

हार्वेस्टर कम्बाइनों का आयात

8098. **श्री महादीपक सिंह शाक्य** :
श्री रणबहादुर सिंह :

क्या **औद्योगिक विकास** मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या हार्वेस्टर कम्बाइन विदेशों से मगाने पड़ते है; और

(ख) यदि हां, तो देश मे इनकी कमी दूर करने के लिए सरकार ने क्या प्रबन्ध किए है और किन-किन स्थानों पर ये प्रबन्ध किए है ?

औद्योगिक विकास मंत्रालय में उपमन्त्री (श्री सिद्धेश्वर प्रसाद) : (क) सेल्फ प्रोपेल्ड हार्वेस्टर कम्बाइनों की आवश्यकताए आयात द्वारा पूरी की जा रही है क्योंकि ये देश में नहीं बनाए जा रहे है ।

(ख) विगत दो वर्षों मे निम्नलिखित देशो से विभिन्न प्रकार के 357 कम्बाइन हार्वेस्टरों का आयात करने का प्रबन्ध किया गया है :—

1. डेनमार्क	25
2. इटली	36
3. जापान	15
4. रूस	79
5. प० जर्मनी	142
6. जी० डी० आर०	60
योग	357

इन कम्बाइनों में से अधिकांश कस्टम हाइरिंग प्रयोजन हेतु राज्य कृषि उद्योग निगमों या राष्ट्रीय कृषि विपणन संघ को आवंटित किए जा रहे है। विशिष्ट मामलों मे कृषकों को इनको खरीदने की अनुमति दी जाती है ।

कृषि उपकरणों का निर्माण और इनकी मनमाने मूल्यो पर बिक्री

8099 **श्री महादीपक सिंह शाक्य** : क्या **औद्योगिक विकास** मन्त्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि

(क) क्या ट्रैक्टर निर्माताओ को कृषि उपकरण बनाने की अनुमति नही है;

(ख) क्या सरकार को पता है कि कुछ निर्माता ये कृषि उपकरण बनाकर मनमानी कीमत पर बेचते है, और

(ग) यदि हा, तो राज्यवार उन निर्माताओ के नाम क्या है तथा उन्हे ऐसा करने से रोकने के लिए क्या उपाय किए जायगे ?

औद्योगिक विकास मत्रालय मे उपमत्री (श्री सिद्धेश्वर प्रसाद) (क) जी, नही। सभी वर्तमान ट्रैक्टर उत्पादको को कृषि ट्रैक्टरो सहित अनुकूल कृषि उपकरणो का भी निर्माण करने की स्वीकृति दे दी गई है।

(ख) और (ग) कृषि कार्य मे प्रयोग मे आने वाले सहायक उपकरणो की कीमतो पर कोई नियत्रण नही है तथा उत्पादको को उनकी कीमत तय करने की छूट है। किन्तु किसी भी व्यक्ति के लिए ट्रैक्टर उत्पादको से ही सहायक सामान खरीदना आवश्यक नही है क्योकि इस प्रकार के उपकरण बनाने वाले देश मे अन्य विभिन्न एकक है।

राज्यो मे ट्रैक्टरो का निर्माण

8100. **श्री महादीपक सिंह शाक्य**
श्री देवेन्द्र सिंह गरचा :

क्या **औद्योगिक विकास** मन्त्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि देश मे ट्रैक्टरो की कमी को दूर करने के लिए किस-किस राज्य मे ट्रैक्टरो का निर्माण होता है और 1971-72 मे राज्य-वार कितने कारखाने लगाए गए है ?

औद्योगिक विकास मंत्रालय में उपमंत्री (श्री सिद्धेश्वर प्रसाद) : जिन ट्रैक्टर कारखानो मे वर्ष 1971-72 मे या इससे पहल ही ट्रैक्टरो का उत्पादन शुरू हो गया था उनकी राज्यवार सख्या तथा जिन राज्यो मे वे स्थित है उनका नाम इस प्रकार है —

	राज्य का नाम	कारखानो की संख्या
1	गुजरात	1
2.	हरियाणा	3
3.	महाराष्ट्र	1
4	तामिलनाडु	1

Coaching Centres for Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe Candidates for I A S. and other Competitive Examinations

8101 PROF NARAIN CHAND PARASHAR Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state

(a) whether there are Special Centres for coaching Scheduled Caste Tribe candidates for I A S, and other competitive Examinations in various Universities ,

(b) if so, the names of the Universities which have Centres ,

(c) whether it is proposed to set up such centres in all the universities , if so, the date by which such centres would be set up , and

(d) the approximate expenditure involved in this venture ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS AND IN THE DEPARTMENT OF PERSONNEL . (SHRI RAM NIWAS MIRDHA) (a) Under the Central Sector of the Backward Classes Plan, the Department of Social Welfare have set up Pre-Examination Training Centres for imparting coaching to Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe candidates appearing at various competitive examinations like (i) All-India Services and Allied Services and (ii) States Civil Services etc examinations.

(b) and (c). (i) Scheduled Castes and Tribes All-India Services Pre-Examination Training Centre, Allahabad is run by the Allahabad University.

(ii) Pre-Examination Training Centres for the different State Civil Services etc. examinations at Patiala and Allahabad are run by the Punjabi University, Patiala and Allahabad University, respectively.

(iii) All the other Centres set up in the States (except Assam, Himachal Pradesh, Jammu and Kashmir, Manipur, Maharashtra, Meghalaya, Nagaland, Rajasthan and Tripura where there are no Centres) are being run by the State Government themselves.

(d) During 1971-72 an amount of Rs. 14.93 lakhs was released by the Central Government for these schemes.

Benefits to Backward Classes

8102. SHRI B.K DASCHOWDHURY : Will the Minister of PLANNING be pleased to state :

(a) whether the flow of benefit to the country's backward classes from the general sectors has been inadequate according to mid-term appraisal of Fourth Plan ; and

(b) if so, the main features thereof and the steps taken by Government in the matter ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHRI MOHAN DHARIA) : (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) It has been found difficult to ensure the flow of benefits to the backward classes by earmarking funds in the general sectors of development since in certain programmes the beneficiaries are not divisible. However, the following suggestions have been made in the "Mid-term Appraisal of the Fourth Plan" to ensure flow of benefits to the backward classes.

1. Many schemes which benefit individuals either by way of loans or grants in-aid for other services safeguards could be built into rules and regulations and periodic appraisal made of the extent to which these are followed in actual practice.

2. State Governments should identify the programmes in each sector from which it is possible to ensure flow of benefits to the backward classes.

3. Areas inhabited predominantly by Scheduled Tribes and Scheduled Castes should receive special attention from general sector allocations.

4. Schemes should be specifically tailored to meet their needs and capacities so that Scheduled Tribes and Scheduled Castes can derive the expected benefits.

5. The general sectors should also undertake the promotion of activities and occupations in which Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes are engaged in large numbers.

6. State Planning bodies will need to have technical staff for preparing integrated area and district plans for tribal areas after proper survey of their social and economic needs.

7. At the stage of implementation, there should be composite programmes instead of piece-meal schemes pursued in isolation of one another by the several departments.

As per observation in the "Mid-term Appraisal of the Fourth Plan" some of the States have been trying to allocate specific funds for the welfare of backward classes from the general sectors of development. These sectors of development are roads in tribal areas, rural housing in Scheduled areas, irrigation wells, housing loans, establishment of industrial estates, electrification of Harijan and tribal villages, establishment of veterinary hospitals and dispensaries in tribal areas and provision of loans for wells, oil pumps, electric pumps, etc. for agriculture. Apart from these, most of the State Governments are spending large amounts from their non-Plan budget for the education of backward classes.

Setting up of Plant for Tractor Assembly in Gujarat

8103, SHRI PRABHUDAS PATEL ; Will the Minister of INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state ;

(a) whether Gujarat Agro-Industries Corporation has urged the Centre to allow it to set up a plant in the State to assemble tractors from components manufactured by the small scale units ; and

(b) if so, the reaction of Government thereto ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD) : (a) No, Sir.

(bj Does not arise.

Rise in Prices of Foodstuff

8104. SHRI S C. SAMANTA : Will the Minister of INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :

(a) the reasons for the out-of-season rise of prices of foodstuffs and other articles without there being shortage in the country ; and

(b) the steps being taken to see that the prices of such stuffs and articles do not give more than at which they sell after the cropping and harvesting seasons and to provide for adequate machinery and checks against such tendency ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD) : (a) A statement showing the wholesale price indices of food articles during the period January-April, 1971 and 1972 is laid on the Table of the House [*Placed in Library See* No. LT—3138/172]. The rise in the prices of pulses and sugar has been mainly responsible for the increase in the overall indices of food articles, the reason being the fall in their production.

(b) The following steps have been taken to check the rise in prices of pulses and sugar :

Pulses

(i) unloading in the open market the limited stock of pulses available with the Food Corporation of India ;

(ii) introduction of high yielding and disease-free varieties of pulses, introduction of short duration crop of pulses in the multiple cropping plan and introduction of improved varieties of arhar, moong and urad, to increase production.

Sugar

(i) the quantity of sugar for sale by sugar factories is being regulated by monthly releases ;

(ii) the period of delivery of sugar by factories against the release orders has been reduced from 45 to 30 days.

(iii) sugar factories have been prohibited from refusing to deliver sugar if undespatched sugar is available with them against a valid release order ;

(iv) quantitative restrictions havhe been imposed on holding of stock by dealers the quantitative limits being 250 quintals in the case of dealer in towns having population of less than one lakh, 500 quintals in the case of cities with a population between one lakh and five lakhs and 1000 quintals in the case of cities with a population of over five lakhs, except that in the case of importers in Calcutta the limit is 7500 quintals ;

(v) Bank advances to sugar dealers against sugar stocks have been restricted and bank margins thereon have been increased from 45 to 65 per cent.

Aid from U. S. A. for Production of Tractors

8105. SHRI DEVINDER SINGH GARCHA : Will the Minister of INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :

(a) whether U. S. Government have offered to extend loan to help increase the

production of tractors in India ; and

(b) if so, how this loan will be utilised ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD) (a) and (b) The U S Government has, with the approval of the Government of India, extended a loan of Rs 90 00 lakhs from PL-480 Cooby funds to M/s Escorts Tractors Ltd. towards the cost of establishment of a factory in Faridabad for the manufacture of Ford tractors with a capacity of 6000 Nos per annum.

Agreement with NASA for the use of Satellite to Guide and Educate Farmers in India

8106 SHRI VAYALAR RAVI Will the Minister of ATOMIC ENERGY be pleased to state

(a) whether Government have entered into any agreement with the NASA (National Aeronautic and Space Agency) of U S.A. for the use of satellite to guide and educate farmers in India , and

(b) if so, the salient features of the agreement and the programme ?

THE PRIME MINISTER MINISTER OF ATOMIC ENERGY, MINISTER OF ELECTRONICS, MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS AND MINISTER OF INFORMATIONS AND BROADCASTING (SHRIMATI INDIRA GANDHI) (a) and (b) Copies of the Agreement entered into with NASA are available in the Parliament Library

The experiment aims at providing educational and instructional television broadcasts to about 5000 villages in various parts of the country An important aspect of this experiment is that community TV sets in remote villages fitted with front ends consisting of chicken-mesh antennas and amplifiers, will be able to receive TV programmes directly from the satellite The instructional objectives of the experiment include propagation of New Agricultural Techniques, Family Planning, National Integration, Education, etc

The experiment will provide a systematest of hybrid system using a satellite in combination with a ground network for television transmission and reception.

Agreement with Egypt to Provide Textile Know-how

8107. SHRI KRISHNA CHANDRA PANDEY Will the Minister of SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY be pleased to state

(a) whether the Ahmedabad Textile Industries Research Association has entered into an agreement with the Republic of Egypt to provide textile know-how , and

(b) if so, the salient features of the agreement and progress made ?

THE MINISTER OF PLANNING AND MINISTER OF DEPARTMENT OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (SHRI C SUBRAMANIAM) (a) Under an agreement signed on 8th April, 1971, between Ahmedabad Textile Industry's Research Association (ATIRA) and the General Organization for Industrialization of the United Arab Republic, Cairo, ATIRA has licensed to the Organization, technical know how for the Permanent Press Process for Cotton polyester blend fabrics developed by ATIRA for application to the U A R Textile Companies of the Public Sector

(b) Under this agreement, ATIRA will provide to the General Organization, technical know how for the processing including quality control procedures, supply of detailed literature and specifications of the raw materials and equipment necessary, operational instructions and control of the process, know-how for tailoring and other operations required for making permanent press garments, information relating to storage, handling and care of the sensitised fabrics ATIRA will also train initially four U A R technicians in ATIRA and/or other Indian Mills for a period of six weeks on the use of the process, testing, quality control and other matters pertaining thereto ATIRA will also depute a duly qualified expert to U.A R for a period not exceeding two calendar months for instructing the U A R staff in the use of the process and of matters properly appertaining thereto, starting, up of the production, demonstration of satisfactory performance of the process, carrying out the guarantee tests, etc U.A R,

has paid ATIRA a know-how fee of £ 10,000/ sterling.

The period of validity of agreement is ten years from the date of signing the agreement.

• *The present status is as follows :*

ATIRA have sent to the General Organization specifications of the raw materials and equipment necessary and have indicated where these could be procured ATIRA have given them complete technical details about manufacture of cotton-polyester permanent press garments. ATIRA have also asked them to send four technicians for training and are awaiting their reply.

मध्य प्रदेश में बेरोजगारी की समस्या का समाधान करने के लिए योजना

8108. **श्री गंगा चरण दीक्षित** : क्या योजना मन्त्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या मध्य प्रदेश सरकार ने राज्य में बेरोजगारी की समस्या का समाधान करने के लिए एक योजना केन्द्रीय सरकार को प्रस्तुत की थी; और

(ख) क्या सरकार ने इस योजना की जांच कर ली है और यदि नहीं, तो विलम्ब के क्या कारण हैं ?

योजना मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री मोहन धारिया) : (क) जी, हां।

(ख) ये प्रस्ताव अभी पिछले सप्ताह प्राप्त हुए है। इनकी जांच की जा रही है ।

Backward Areas in Madhya Pradesh

8109. SHRI G. C. DIXIT : Will the Minister of PLANNING be pleased to state the names of the districts in Madhya Pradesh which have been declared as backward areas by the Working Group set up by the Planning Commission ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHRI MOHAN DHARIA) : A Working Group headed by Shri B. D. Pande, the then Secretary, Planning Commission, was set up for recommending the objective criteria to be followed in identifying backward regions which would qualify for special treatment by way of incentives for industries to be set up in such regions. In accordance with the criteria recommended by this Working Group, the following districts of Madhya Pradesh have been declared by the State Government as backward areas :

Balaghat, Bastar, Betul, Bilaspur, Bhind, Chhatarpur, Chindwara, Damoh, Rajgarh, Datia, Dhar, Dewas, Guna, Hoshangabad, Jhabua, Khargone, Mandla, Mandsaur, Morena, Narsimhapur, Raigarh, Raipur, Panna, Raisen, Ratlam, Rewa, Sagar, Seoni, Shajapur, Shivpuri. Sidhi, Surguja, Tikamgarh and Vidisha

Setting up of a Committee regarding Promotion of Hindi and other Languages

8110 SHRI SUKHDEO PRASAD VERMA : Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government have received a letter from some Members of Parliament to set up a high level Committee for the promotion of Hindi and other Indian Languages; and

(b) if so, the reaction of Government thereto ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS AND IN THE DEPARTMENT OF PERSONNEL (SHRI RAM NIWAS MIRDHA) (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The suggestion is being examined.

Setting up of Industries in Bihar during Fourth Plan

8111. SHRI SUKHDEO PRASAD VERMA : Will the Minister of INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :

(a) the number of industries set up in Bihar State during the Fourth Five Year Plan ; and

(b) the District-wise location thereof ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD) : (a) and (b). In the Central Sector, the industrial projects to be completed/set up in the State of Bihar, during the Fourth Plan period, are as follows :—

A. Continuing Schemes

1. Heavy Machine Building Plant, Ranchi (Distt. Ranchi).
2. Heavy Machine Tool Plant, Ranchi (Distt. Ranchi).
3. Foundry Forge Plant, Ranchi (Distt. Ranchi).
4. Heavy Engineering Corporation, Ranchi Township (Distt. Ranchi).
5. Sindri Fertilisers (Naptha Gasification), Sindri (District Dhanbad).
6. Sulphuric Acid Plant, Sindri (Distt. Dhanbad).
7. Sindri Fertilisers (Rationalisation Scheme), Sindri (Distt Dhanbad).

B. New Schemes

1. Bokaro Steel Plant, Bokaro (Distt. Hazaribagh).
2. Barauni Fertilizers, Barauni (Distt. Monghyr).
3. Barauni Petro-Chemical Complex, Barauni, (Distt. Monghyr).
4. Bokaro 5th Convertor and continued action on expansion to 4 million tonnes, Bokaro (Distt. Hazaribagh).

In the Private sector, the number of industrial licensing applications received, licenses and letters of intent issued, during the last three years in respect of the state of Bihar, are as given below :—

Year	No. of applications received under the I (D & R) Act, 1951	No. of licences issued	No of letters of intent issued
1	2	3	4
1969	52(19)	8(2)	5(2)
1970	104(42)	22(8)	11(7)
1971	64(29)	24(6)	15(12)
1972 (January March)	12(8)	2(—)	5(3)

Note : The figures in brackets refer to new industrial undertakings

In addition to the above, the total number of new scale industries registered with the Directorate of Industries, Bihar, so far during the Fourth Five Year Plan is approximately 10,374 The year-wise break-up is as follows :—

Year	No. of industries registered with the Directorate of Industries Bihar
1969	1,501
1970	2,700
1971	6,173
Total :	10,374

The district-wise details of these small units are not available.

Meeting of the National Development Council

8112. SHRI SUKHDEO PRASAD VERMA : Will the Minister of PLANNING be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government propose to call a meeting of the National Development Council ; and

(b) if so, the main points to be discussed thereat ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHRI MOHAN DHARIA) : (a) and (b). The meeting of the National Development Council has been convened on May 30th and 31, 1972 to discuss mainly certain basic issues for formulating the Approach to the Fifth Plan.

Statement of Tamil Nadu Chief Minister Regarding Imposition of Hindi on Tamil Nadu

8113. SHRI M. S. SIVASAMY : Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state :

(a) whether the Chief Minister of Tamil Nadu made a statement on the 2nd May, 1972 in Coimbatore against the attempt to impose Hindi on the people of Tamil Nadu and the disastrous consequences thereof ; and

(b) if so, the main points thereof and the reaction of Government thereto ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS AND IN THE DEPARTMENT OF PERSONNEL (SHRI RAM NIWAS MIRDHA) : (a) and (b). The Tamil Nadu Government have been requested to furnish the information and reply from them is still awaited.

Pay Scales of Artistes of Song and Drama Division

8114. SHRI M. S. SIVASAMY : Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state :

(a) whether the artistes of the Song and Drama Division of All India Radio demanded on 4th May, 1972 an upward revision of their pay scales and better promotion prospects ; and

(b) if so, the broad outlines thereof and the reaction of Government thereto ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI DHARAM BIR SINHA) : (a) and (b) A copy of a letter dated the 4th May signed by the artistes of the Song & Drama Division, which is an organisation under this Ministry entirely separate from the All India Radio, is placed on the Table of the House. [*Placed in Library. See.* No. LT—3139-/72] While Government would welcome continued dialogue with employees, they do not agree with the views expressed in the letter.

Foreign Exchange for setting up of Industries in Private Sector

8115. SHRI M. S. SIVASAMY :
SHRI MUHAMMED SHERIFF :

Will the Minister of INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :

(a) the total amount of foreign exchange sanction for starting new industries in private sector, state-wise, year-wise, during the last three years ; and

(b) how many industries availed themselves of the sanctioned amount ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD) : (a) and (b). Information is being collected and will be placed on the Table of the House.

हिन्दी के एकांकी नाटकों का चयन

8116. **डा० लक्ष्मीनारायण पांडे** : क्या सूचना और प्रसारण मन्त्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) आकाशवाणी के दिल्ली, बम्बई और भोपाल केन्द्रों पर प्रसारित होने वाले हिन्दी एकांकियों, गीतनाट्यों तथा रूपकों के चयन का आधार क्या है;

(ख) क्या इसके लिए कोई चयन समिति बनी हुई है; और

(ग) गत एक वर्ष में प्रसारित उक्त एकांकियों, गीतनाट्यों तथा रूपकों के लेखक कौन-कौन हैं ?

सूचना और प्रसारण मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्रीमती नन्दिनी सत्पथी) : (क) स्क्रिप्ट का

स्तर तथा उसकी प्रसारण उपयुक्तता ध्यान में रखी जा रही है ।

(ख) जी, नहीं ।

(ग) सूचना एकत्र की जा रही है और यथासमय सदन की मेज पर रख दी जाएगी ।

हिन्दी शिक्षण योजना के अन्तर्गत कार्य कर रहे कर्मचारियों का स्थानांतरण

8117. **डा० लक्ष्मीनारायण पांडे :** क्या गृह मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या उनके मंत्रालय की हिन्दी शिक्षण योजना के अन्तर्गत कार्य कर रहे अधिकारी, जिनमें हिन्दी प्रशिक्षक भी शामिल हैं, अखिल भारतीय स्तर पर स्थानान्तरणीय हैं; और

(ख) यदि हां, तो पिछले तीन वर्षों के दौरान दिल्ली से स्थानान्तरण किए गए अधिकारियों और प्रशिक्षकों की अलग-अलग संख्या कितनी है और 5 से 11 साल तक की दिल्ली में सेवा के बाद भी दिल्ली में ही तैनात रहने वाले अधिकारियों की संख्या कितनी है ?

गृह मंत्रालय तथा कार्मिक विभाग में राज्य मंत्री (श्री राम निवास मिर्धा): (क) जी हां, श्रीमान् । हिन्दी शिक्षण योजना के अधिकारी नामत: क्षेत्रीय अधिकारी, पर्यवेक्षक, सहायक पर्यवेक्षक तथा हिन्दी आशुलिपि तथा टाइपराइटिंग प्रशिक्षक तथा हिन्दी अध्यापक सभी अखिल भारतीय स्तर पर स्थानान्तरणीय हैं ।

(ख) गत तीन वर्षों में किसी अधिकारी अथवा प्रशिक्षक का दिल्ली से तबादला नहीं किया गया । उन अधिकारियों की संख्या जो 5 से 11 वर्ष के बाद भी अभी दिल्ली में तैनात हैं, इस प्रकार है :—

क्षेत्रीय अधिकारी	एक
सहायक पर्यवेक्षक	एक
हिन्दी आशुलिपि तथा टाइप-राइटिंग प्रशिक्षक	तीन
हिन्दी अध्यापक	आठ

उपरोक्त आंकड़ों में तदर्थ नियुक्त किए गए व्यक्ति जो तदर्थ अथवा अस्थायी पदोन्नतियों पर गए हैं, शामिल हैं ।

पंजाब में संयुक्त क्षेत्र में टायर-ट्यूब बनाने का कारखाना

8118. **डा० लक्ष्मीनारायण पांडे :** क्या **औद्योगिक विकास** मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या पंजाब में संयुक्त क्षेत्र में टायर-ट्यूब बनाने का एक बड़ा कारखाना स्थापित किया जा रहा है;

(ख) यदि हां, तो उस पर अनुमानत: कितना व्यय होगा और उसमें उत्पादन कब तक आरम्भ हो जाएगा; और

(ग) उसकी वार्षिक उत्पादन-क्षमता कितनी होगी ?

औद्योगिक विकास मंत्रालय में उप-मंत्री (श्री सिद्धेश्वर प्रसाद) : (क) से (ग). मोटरगाड़ी टायर तथा ट्यूब प्रत्येक की तीन लाख की वार्षिक क्षमता से लुधियाना में एक कारखाना स्थापित करने के लिए पंजाब राज्य औद्योगिक विकास निगम लिमिटेड को 12 दिसम्बर, 1970 को एक आशयपत्र जारी किया गया है । कारखाना संयुक्त उद्यम के रूप में स्थापित किया जाएगा । भूमि, भवन तथा मशीनों में 870 लाख रु० की राशि का विनियोजन बताया गया है । परियोजना के लिए सरकार की बेसिक स्वीकृति जारी होने की तिथि से लगभग 29 महीनों में संयंत्र के चालू होने की सम्भावना है ।

Postage Stamps reaching Addressees without Defacing

8119. SHRI KRISHNA CHANDRA PANDEY : Will the Minister of COMMUNICATIONS be pleased to state :

(a) whether a large number of postage stamps are allowed to reach the addressees without defacing ;

(b) the average extent of loss to the revenue per annum on this account ; and

(c) the steps being taken to minimise such instances ?

THE MINISTER OF COMMUNICATIONS (SHRI H. N. BAHUGUNA) : (a) Only 12 complaints were received during the year 1971-72.

(b) Negligible.

(c) Instructions for defacing postage stamps on the articles posted for despatch already exist. Inspecting Officers are also required to examine the articles at the time of their visits to the offices to see that the postage of their stamps were properly and correctly defaced.

Stealing of Copper Wire

8120. SHRI KRISHNA CHANDRA PANDEY : Will the Minister of COMMUNICATIONS be pleased to state :

(a) the value of copper wire stolen during the period from 1st January, 1971 to 31st October, 1971 and the corresponding period of the previous year, State-wise ;

(b) the number of these thefts wherein the officials of the Ministry were found in league with the thieves ;

(c) the number of such cases wherein departmental action was taken or completed or still continuing ;

(d) whether in the new installations aluminiumcoated wires are being used ; and

(e) the incidence of thefts of aluminium-coated wires ?

THE MINISTER OF COMMUNICATIONS (SHRI H. N. BAHUGUNA) : (a) to (e). Statement giving information seriatim is placed on the Table of the Lok Sabha. [*Placed in Library. See* No.—3140/72].

नई दिल्ली स्थित खादी ग्रामोद्योग भवन में चोरी

8121. **श्री कृष्ण चन्द्र पांडे :**

क्या **औद्योगिक विकास** मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि नई दिल्ली स्थित खादी ग्रामोद्योग भवन में 1970-71 और 1971-72 के दौरान कितनी बार चोरियां हुई हैं ?

औद्योगिक विकास मंत्रालय में उप-मंत्री (श्री सिद्धेश्वर प्रसाद) : खादी उद्योग भवन नई दिल्ली में 1970-71 और 1971-72 में 4706 रुपये 12 पैसे तथा 6,035 रुपये की चोरी की दो वारदातें हुई हैं ।

Memorandum on R.S.S. Activities Submitted to P.M. by Representatives of Socialist Youth Forum and District Youth Congress of Hyderabad

8122. SHRI K. BALADHANDAYUTHAM : Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state :

(a) whether she met the representatives of Socialist Youth Forum and the District Youth Congress of Hyderabad recently who submitted a memorandum to her on the R.S.S activities in Osmania University and the alleged murder of Sri George Reddy, a student of that University;

(b) if so, the main points thereof ; and

(c) the reaction of Government thereon ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F. H. MOHSIN):(a) and (b). A memorandum has been received from the representatives of the Socialist Youth Forum and the District Youth Congress, Hyderadad in which a demand has been made for investigation by the CBI into the alleged murder of Shri George Reddy and for the setting up of a Commission to inquire into the activities of the R.S.S.S.

(c) According to information received from the Government of Andhra Pradesh, in the case registered under section 147/148/302/149 IPC in connection with the murder of Shri George Reddy investigation has been completed and charge-sheet submitted to the court. Legislation to deal with associations whose activities are prejudicial to the maintenance of communal harmony is being introduced in Parliament.

बिहार में बेहिकल्स लि० फुलवारी, पटना का बन्द होना

8123. **श्री रामावतार शास्त्री** : क्या औद्योगिक विकास मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या पटना जिले में फुलवारी के निकट स्थित बिहार बेहिकल्स लिमिटेड नामक साईकल बनाने का कारखाना पिछले कई वर्षों से बन्द पड़ा है;

(ख) यदि हां, तो इसके बन्द होने के क्या कारण हैं; और

(ग) क्या सरकार का विचार इसे अपने हाथों में लेकर चलाने का है ?

औद्योगिक विकास मंत्रालय में उप-मंत्री (श्री सिद्धेश्वर प्रसाद) : (क) राज्य सरकार ने सूचना दी है कि फुलवारी शरीफ जिला पटना में स्थित मैं० हिन्दुस्तान बेहिकल्स लिमिटेड नामक साइकल बनाने का कारखाना पिछले कई वर्षों से बन्द पड़ा है।

(ख) राज्य सरकार के अनुरोध पर इस कारखाने के प्रबन्ध को सितम्बर 1965 से पांच वर्षों की अवधि के लिए उद्योग (विकास तथा विनियमन) अधिनियम के अन्तर्गत ले लिया था और राज्य सरकार द्वारा नामित प्राधिकृत नियंत्रक नियुक्त किया था किन्तु यह एकक चल नहीं सका क्योंकि इस कारखाने की परिसम्पत्तियां गिरवी रखी थीं और उनको उत्पादन के लिए प्रयोग करना कानूनी रूप से सम्भव नहीं था।

(ग) अदालत से बिहार राज्य वित्त निगम ने परिसम्पत्तियों को ले लिया था और उन्हें एक अन्य औद्योगिक एकक को बेच दिया था ऐसी दशा में राज्य सरकार के विचार से इस कारखाने के कार्यभार को लेने का प्रश्न नहीं उठता।

Engineering Supervisors in Bihar Circle

8124. **SHRI RAMAVATAR SHASTRI** : Will the Minister of COMMUNICATIONS be pleased to state :

(a) whether candidates selected recruited for the posts of Engineering Supervisors are trained and specialised in four arms of services viz., Telephone Switching, Lines and Cables, Telegraph and Transmission to cater the needs of the services ;

(b) if so, the number of Engineering supervisors in Bihar Circle specialised in arms of Services indicated at (a) above accordingly and number of Engineering Supervisors posted in the arms of services specialised for the same ;

(c) number of Engineering Supervisors working in Bihar circle trained/specialised in Transmission but working in Telephone/Telegraph and not in transmission ; and

(d) whether there is any shortage of Engineering Supervisors in transmission arm in Bihar Circle and if so, total number of shortage of such Engineering Supervisors ?

THE MINISTER OF COMMUNICATIONS (SHRI H. N BAHUGUNA) : (a) Candidates recruited as Engineering Supervisors are given specialised training in Switching, Lines & Cables and Transmission Branches. Recently Switching has been split up into Switching (Strowger) and Switching (Cross-bar).

(b) No. of trained Engineering Supervisors available in Switching (Strowger & Cross-bar) = 67

Lines & Cables = 53

Transmission = 21

No. of switching trained supervisors posted switching side—47, telegraph trained supervisors posted in telegraph side—33 and transmission trained supervisors posted in transmission side—12.

(c) 9.

(d) Nil. Adequate number of transmission trained supervisors is available.

P & T Rules Governing Conversion of Temporary Posts into Permanent ones

8125. **SHRI RAMAVATAR SHASTRI** : Will the Minister of COMMUNICATIONS be

pleased to state :

(a) whether under the rules of Posts and Telegraphs Department the Class-III posts existing for more than two years on 31st March of every year are to be made permanent, subject to keeping ten per cent temporary posts and if so, whether the aforesaid rule has been applied in Bihar Circle ,

(b) the total number of temporary posts existing on the 31st March, 1971 and the number out of those, existing for two years or more (post-wise) and the number of temporary posts made permanent during 1971-72 , and

(c) the number of staff made permanent during 1971-72 and number of permanent posts lying vacant in Bihar Circle with reason therefor ?

THE MINISTER OF COMMUNICATIONS (SHRI H N BAHUGUNA) (a) Yes, Sir. All posts in operative Offices which are required for work of a permanent nature and are in existence for more than two years on the 1st March can be made permanent subject to the condition that 10% of the total number of permanent and temporary posts remains temporary. This rule has been generally applied in Bihar Circle.

(b) (i) Total number of temporary posts as on 1-3-71 = 1074

(ii) Total No of posts in existence for more than 2 years = 547

(iii) Total No. of posts made permanent during 1971-72 = 384

(Post-wise information is furnished in the statement laid on the Table of the House, [*Placed in Library See* No LT—3141/72]

(c) Information is being collected.

Supply of Uniforms to P&T Employees

8126 SHRI RAMAVATAR SHASTRI : Will the Minister of COMMUNICATIONS be pleased to state :

(a) whether uniforms to P and T Employees in Bihar Circle could not be supplied on Schedule due to non-stitching of the uniform by Ordnance Factories ;

(b) whether there is a provision that in case of expiry of due date, the supply of back period automatically lapses , and

(c) if so, the steps proposed for expeditious supply of uniforms ?

THE MINISTER OF COMMUNICATIONS (SHRI H N BAHUGUNA) . (a) (Yes, Sir, these could not be supplied on the Scheduld date.

(b) No, Sir.

(c) Does not arise, as the last year's supply having since been made was delayed because of other emergent commitments of the ordnance Factories

Treating of Leaders of Trade Unions and Political Parties as Political Prisoners

8127 SHRI S. M BANERJEE Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state

(a) whether a final decision has since been taken regarding treating leaders of the various Trade Unions and Political Parties as political prisoners in Jail , and

(b) if not, the reasons therefor ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F H MOHSIN) (a) and (b). 'Jail' being a state subject, the State Governments alone are competent to frame rules for the classification etc of prisoners The Jail rules of most of the States do not provide for a separate classification as "Political Prisoners". All prisoners are normally classified into 2 or 3 groups for the purpose of treatment in jails on the recommendation of the court, convicting them

Expansion Programme of M/s Union Carbide

8128. SHRI INDRAJIT GUPTA : Will the Minister of INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to refer to the reply given to Starred Question No. 663 on the 3rd May, 1972 regarding the production of Torches by M/s. Union Carbide beyond the licensed capacity and state.

(a) whether Messrs Union Carbide is a dominant undertaking in the dry cell batteries industry ;

(b) the percentage of the country's total production accounted for by this Company ;

(c) whether the Company has applied for an expansion of 60 million cells in its Calcutta plant in spite of the fact that it has not produced to the optimum of its licensed capacity in this plant during the last three years and whether its application has been sanctioned ; and

(d) whether this Company had earlier been allowed to shift its five hundred million midget electrodes plant from Calcutta to Hyderabad on the plea of "unstable conditions" in West Bengal ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD) : (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The production of dry cells by this unit in 1971 accounted for 67% of the total production of this item in the country.

(c) The Commpany have applied for a licence for expansion of capacity of the Calcutta plant by 60 million nos No decision has yet heen taken on this application. The production of the Calcutta unit has been maintained at a satisfactory level during the last three years.

(d) The Company were allowed to set up the additional capacity sanctioned to them for 500 million nos. of midget electrodes at Hyderabad instead of Calcutta. On the recommendations of the Licensing Committee, based on the strategic considerations which were of critical importance at that point of time.

प्रखण्ड विकास समिति

8129. **श्री विभूति मिश्र** : क्या योजना मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या जिस उद्देश्य के लिए प्रखण्ड विकास समिति की स्थापना की गई थी उसकी पूर्ति नहीं हो सकी है; और

(ख) यदि हां, तो क्या विकास के लिए कोई अन्य प्रशासनिक ढांचा बनाने का सरकार का विचार है ?

योजना मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री मोहन धारिया) : (क) स्थानीय निर्माण कार्यों के अन्तर्गत आयोजन और स्कीमों का अनुमोदन करने में खंड विकास अधिकारी को मुख्यत: सलाह देने के लिए 1953 में सलाहकार संगठनों के रूप मे खंड विकास समितियों का गठन किया गया था । इन्हें खंडों में जन-समुदाय के स्वावलम्बी और स्वतः प्रेरित संस्थानो के रूप मे विकसित करने की मंशा थी । पंचायतीराज का प्रारम्भ होने के बाद, खंड विकास समितियों का अस्तित्व समाप्त हो गया है और उनका स्थान राज्य विधान के अन्तर्गत पचायत समितियों ने ले लिया है ।

(ख) वर्तमान प्रणाली में परिवर्तन न करने के बारे मे सुझाव देने के लिए भारत सरकार इस प्रकार के प्रस्ताव पर विचार कर रही है ।

Cell to provide Technology for Village and Small Industry

8130. SHRI NAWAL KISHORE SINHA : Will the Minister of INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :

(a) whether a Cell for appropriate technology for village and small industry has been set up at the Centre ;

(b) in which selected fields have the studies been initiated so far by the cell ; and

(c) the reasons for selection of these fields ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD) : (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The Cell has so far initiated studies in six selected fields as follows :—

(i) Agricultural implements and tools,

(ii) Food processing and fruit preservation,

(iii) Leather tanning, footwear and leather goods,

(iv) Ceramics including potteries and glassware,

(v) Small sized plants with special reference to cement, sugar and paper, and

(vi) Building and road construction.

(c) The broad considerations on which these areas have been selected are :

(i) the contribution of the sector to the national economy,

(ii) the quantity of employment generated in that sector,

(iii) the possibility of increasing employment due to introduction of higher technology ;

(iv) provision of work opportunities in rural areas with a view to restricting rural migration to urban areas,

(v) technogical feasibilities for utilising limited natural resources available in dispersed areas, and

(vi) availability of research and development facilities in the country whose assistance could be mobilised for solving the technological problems.

बाराचकिया बाजार, बिहार में टेलीफोन एक्सचेंज

8131. **श्री कमल मिश्र मधुकर** : क्या संचार मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या बिहार के बाराचकिया बाजार में सी० बी० टेलीफोन एक्सचेंज खोलने पर वहां के संसद् सदस्य और विभिन्न जनसमुदायों द्वारा लगातार मांग किये जाने पर भी सरकार ने अब तक कोई कार्यवाही नहीं की है;

(ख) क्या बाराचकिया का मुजफ्फरपुर से सीधा सम्पर्क नहीं है; और

(ग) इन कठिनाइयों को सुलझाने के लिए यदि सरकार की कोई योजना है तो वह क्या है तथा ऐसा कब तक किया जाएगा ?

संचार मंत्री (श्री हेमवती नन्दन बहुगुणा) : (क) जी नहीं। बिहार के बाराचकिया बाजार में 50 लाइनों का एक छोटा आटोमेटिक एक्सचेंज स्थापित किया गया है जिसमें 22 टेलीफ़ोन केनेक्शन काम कर रहे हैं। इसे सी० बी० टेलीफोन एक्सचेंज में बदलना आर्थिक दृष्टि से उचित नहीं होगा।

(ख) जी नहीं, यह मुजफ्फरपुर से सीधा जुड़ा हुआ नहीं है। वर्तमान ट्रंक ट्राफिक से इसका औचित्य सिद्ध नही होता। बाराचकिया मोतीहारी से जुड़ा हुआ है और मोतीहारी मुजफ्फरपुर, पटना और कुछ दूसरे स्थानों से जुड़ा हुआ है।

(ग) उपर्युक्त के आधार पर, फिलहाल बाराचकिया बाजार में सी० बी० टेलीफोन एक्सचेंज स्थापित करने या उसे मुजफ्फरपुर से सीधे जोड़ने की कोई योजना नही है। जब भी वहां टेलीफोन की माग काफी बढ़ जाएगी और मुजफ्फरपुर के लिए ट्राफिक भी हो जाएगा, तो स्थिति पर पुनर्विचार किया जाएगा।

Techno-economic Reports by Small Industries Service Institutes

8132. **SHRI K. M. MADHUKAR** : Will the Minister of INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :

(a) whether techno-economic reports are submitted by different Small Industries Service Institutes functioning in different States in respect of units seeking financial assistance from the Banks ; and

(b) if so, how many such reports have been sent by S. I. S. I. Patna since September, 1970 till 31st March, 1972 ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD) : (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The Small Industries Service Institute, Patna and the Extension Centres attached to it had furnished 280 techno-economic reports to the Commercial Banks including the State Bank of India and the Bihar State Financial Corporation during September 1970 and March, 1972

कथैया उप-डाकघर बिहार के लिए सरकारी भवन का निर्माण

8133. **श्री कमल मिश्र मधुकर** : क्या संचार मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या बिहार के मुजफ्फरपुर जिले के कथैया उप-डाकघर के लिए सरकारी भवन के निर्माण का निर्णय लिया गया है,

(ख) क्या स्थानीय मुखिया इसके लिए पर्याप्त भूमि देने के लिए तैयार है,

(ग) यदि हां, तो सरकार द्वारा उक्त भवन के निर्माण मे विलम्ब करने का क्या कारण है, और

(घ) उक्त भवन का कब तक निर्माण हो जाएगा ?

संचार मंत्री (श्री हेमवती नन्दन बहुगुणा) : (क) जी नही ।

(ख) से (घ) स्थानीय मुखिया ने जो जमीन प्रस्तावित की है वह नीची है और दूसरे कारणो से भी डाकघर खोलने के लिए अनुपयुक्त है । इसके अलावा उक्त उप डाकघर छोटा और एक व्यक्ति द्वारा सचालित है और फिलहाल ऐसे मकान मे है जिसका किराया नही देना पडता । अत: विभागीय इमारत के निर्माण को उच्च प्राथमिकता देने का कोई औचित्य नही है ।

Proposed Link up of Bangla Desh TV with TV in Calcutta

8134 **SHRI K M MADHUKAR** : Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state

(a) whether a link up is proposed of Television Station in Calcutta with the Television system in Bangladesh , and

(b) if so, the broad outlines thereof ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRIMATI NANDINI SATPATHY) (a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise

उत्तर प्रदेश के शिक्षित व्यक्तियो को रोजगार देने के लिए दी गई धनराशि

8135. **श्री हरि सिंह** क्या योजना मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि

(क) योजना आयोग ने वर्ष 1971-72 मे शिक्षित व्यक्तियो को रोजगार दिलाने के लिए उत्तर प्रदेश सरकार को कितना धन दिया था,

(ख) इसमे कितना धन खर्च किया गया और किस प्रकार खर्च किया गया, और

(ग) सरकार का शेष धन को कैसे खर्च करने का विचार है ?

योजना मंत्रालय मे राज्य मंत्री (श्री मोहन धारिया) (क) और (ख). विशेष रूप से शिक्षित बेरोजगारो की समस्या को हल करने के लिए बनाई गई विभिन्न स्कीमो के लिए केन्द्रीय बजट मे जो लगभग 25 करोड रुपये की व्यवस्था की गई थी उसमें से 85.31 लाख रुपये उत्तर प्रदेश सरकार द्वारा शुरू की जाने वाली इसी प्रकार की स्कीमो के लिए आवटित किए गए थे । आवटित और वास्तव मे दी गई निधियों का स्कीम वार ब्यौरा सलग्न विवरण मे दिया गया है ।

(ग) खर्च न की गई धनराशि का 1972-73 वर्ष मे समुचित समायोजन कर दिया जाएगा ।

विवरण

(लाख रुपये)

क्रम सं० मंत्रालय/स्कीम	निधियां आवंटित वास्तव में दी गई	
1. शिक्षा मंत्रालय		
प्राथमिक शिक्षा के स्तर मे सुधार	58.31	58 31†
2 औद्योगिक विकास मत्रालय		
लघु उद्यमियो को सहायता	17 00	17 00
3. सिंचाई और बिजली मत्रालय		
ग्रामीण इजीनियरी सर्वेक्षण	2 57	2.02
4 कृषि मत्रालय		
(1) कृषि सेवा केन्द्र	2 45	शून्य
(2) सहकारी भडारो का विस्तार	शून्य	शून्य
5 जहाजरानी और परिवहन मत्रालय		
पाचवीं योजना के लिए सडक कार्यों के अन्वेषण पर अग्रिम कार्रवाई	3 00	3.00†
6 स्वास्थ्य मंत्रालय		
ग्रामीण जलपूर्ति	2.18	शून्य
जोड़ :	85.31	80.33

†वास्तविक व्यय के आकड़े अभी उपलब्ध नहीं है।

Pending Applications from Gujarat for Licence

8136 SHRI VEKARIA Will the Minister of INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :

(a) whether Small Scale Industrial Development Corporation held a seminar at Ahmedabad two years ago and at the seminar made promises for speedy disposal of the applications received by the Corporation ,

(b) how many applications it received from Gujarat during 1969-70, 1971-72 ,

(c) how many applications were accepted and rejected and how many are pending for granting facilities , and

(d) the nature of facilities extended by the Corporation with names of Industrial Units ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD) (a) The National Small Industries Corporation did not hold any Seminar at Ahmedabad two year back However, an Intensive Campaign was held by the end of 1969 by the N S I. C with the active assistance of the Development Commissioner (Small Scale Industries), State Director of Industries etc It has always been the endeavour of the N S I C to process hire purchase applications speedily

(b) and (c) Information is given in the statement

(d) The N S I. C supply machinery on hire purchase basis The collection of information regarding the names and other particulars of the Industrial Units will involve considerable labour and time and it will not be commensurate with the results to be achieved.

Statement

ANNEXURE

Value in Rupees Lakhs

Year	Applications received		Applications accepted		Orders placed	Machines delivered
	No.	Value	No.	Value	Value	Value
1968-69	1088	1253 96	807	796 98	9,99	12.72
1969-70	154	187.83	145	184 23	121 71	32.56
1970-71	142	203 39	39	58 41	137 50	91.23
1971-72	117	166 23	60	62.73	71 69	186 57

Foreign Exchange to Private Parties to whom Letters of Intent issued for setting up of Industries without Foreign Exchange

8137 SHRI VEKARIA Will the Minister of INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :

(a) whether the letters of intent were issued to some parties in 1971-72 on the condition that they would not be given any foreign exchange ;

(b) whether they have now been assured of foreign exchange for capital goods of raw materials ; and

(c) whether ancillary units linked with aforesaid units will also be granted foreign exchange for raw material ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD) . (a) and (b). No specific conditions have been imposed in any of the Letters of Intent issued during 1971 and January-March, 1972 to the effect that no foreign exchange will be allowed. However, in some Letters of Intent conditions have been imposed that no foreign collaboration, or import of plant and machinery or raw materials would be allowed If the parties make representations against such conditions, these would be examined on the merits of each case and orders of the Licensing Committee obtained

(c) Each case will be considered on its own merits.

Misuse of Subscribers' Telephone in Delhi

8138 SHRI S C SAMANTA Will the Minister of COMMUNICATIONS be pleased to state :

(a) the extent to which the Ministry have succeeded in checking the Telephone-services people connecting the telephones of subscribers for dialing by unauthorised people for their personal benefit and to the detriment of the subscribers , and

(b) the number of complaints received in this connection during 1970 71 and 1971-72 in the Delhi Telephone District and redress given to the complainants ?

THE MINISTER OF COMMUNICATIONS (SHRI H N BAHUGUNA): (a) The Department has launched a drive to root out such malpractices by introducing a number of remedial measures

(b) Though no specific complaints in this connection have been received but most of subscribers who complained about excess

metering have alleged this malpractice as the cause of inflated telephone bills. The number of complaints regarding excess metering received by Delhi Telephone District is :

(i) for 1970-71=5404 and

(ii) for 1971-72=8933

Rebates wherever justified have been allowed to the subscribers.

Central Advisory Council under Industries (Development and Rrgulation) Act, 1951

8139 SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : Will the Minister of INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :

(a) the composition of the present Central Advisory Council constituted under the Industries (Development and Regulation) Act, 1951 ;

(b) the name and occupation of each member of the present Standing Committee of Central Advisory Council of Industries ;

(c) the name and occupation of each member of the Reviewing Sub-Committee of the C A.C.I., and

(d) the name, occupation and other particulars of each member of each development Council, constituted under the above Act ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD) : (a) to (c). The two years tenure of the Central Advisory Council of Industries, which was constituted on the 5th March, 1970, had expired on the 4th March, 1972 Council is now in the process of reconstitution. The Standing Committee and the Reviewing Sub-Committee of the Council have a tenure of membership which is co-terminus with the tenure of membership of the main Council. Since the two Sub-Committees are constituted by the main Council, the Standing Committee and Reviewing Sub-Committee will, thus, also be reconstituted immediately after reconstitution of the main Council. In view of this position, the question of giving any de ails of the membership of these Committees does not arise.

(d) Statements containing composition of members of the 10 Development Councils functioning at present are laid on the Table of the House. (*Placed in Library. See* No. LT—3142/72]

Film Research Body

8140. SHRI MUHAMMED SHERIFF : Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state :

(a) whether any Film Research Body was set up on the 4th May, 1972 in Bombay ; and

(b) if so, the main features of its functions ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI DHARAM BIR SINHA) : (a) and (b). According to information furnished by the Film Federation of India, a private film organization known as the Film Research Foundation (of India) was inaugurated in Bombay on 3 May 1972 The main aims and objects of the Foundation, according to this information, are to carry out the work of research in the history of Indian Films, to recover such film materials and prints as are not easily traceable today and to offer them later on to the National Film Archive of India.

I.C.S. and I A.S. Officers Working in Public Undertakings

8141. SHRI SAT PAL KAPUR :
SHRI SHASHI BHUSHAN :

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state :

(a) the total number of I.A.S. and I.C.S. Officers working as on 31st March, 1972 in Public Undertakings under Government of India ;

(b) whether there are allegations of corruption, bad administration, maltreatment against some of these officers ;

(c) whether any enquiry has been instituted against them ; and

(d) if so, the outcome thereof and the

action taken or proposed to be taken by Government against them ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS AND IN THE DEPARTMENT OF PERSONNEL (SHRI RAM NIWAS MIRDHA) : (a) 26 Officers of the Indian Administrative Service were working as on 31st March 1972 in the Public Sector Undertakings under the control of the Central Government. None of them was a member of the former Indian Civil Service.

(b) to (d). The information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House.

सूचना और प्रसारण मंत्रालय द्वारा मासिक पाक्षिक और त्रैमासिक पत्रिकाओं का प्रकाशन

8142. **श्री मूलचन्द डागा** : क्या सूचना और प्रसारण मन्त्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या उनके मन्त्रालय से हिन्दी मे मासिक, पाक्षिक अथवा त्रैमासिक पत्रिकाओं का प्रकाशन होता है यदि हां, तो वर्ष 1969, 1970 और 1971 में इन प्रकाशनों पर कितनी धनराशि खर्च हुई;

(ख) क्या ये प्रकाशन सब राज्यों को भेजे जाते है; यदि हां, तो प्रत्येक राज्य को कितनी पत्रिकायें भेजी गई और उनको भेजने का क्या-क्या प्रयोजन था;

(ग) क्या ये प्रकाशन देश के सभी पुस्तकालयों मे भेजे जाते है; और

(घ) क्या इन पत्रिकाओं के ग्राहकों की संख्या मे वृद्धि हुई है; इस समय प्रत्येक पत्रिका के ग्राहकों की संख्या कितनी है ?

सूचना और प्रसारण मन्त्रालय में उप-मंत्री (श्री धर्मवीर सिंह) : (क) और (ख). दो विवरण सभा पटल पर रखे है जिनमे सूचना तथा प्रसारण मन्त्रालय द्वारा हिन्दी में निकाले जाने वाली मासिक तथा पाक्षिक पत्रिकाओं के बारे में अपेक्षित सूचना दी गई है। [ग्रंथालय में रखे गये। देखिये सख्या LT 3143/72] हिन्दी मे कोई भी त्रैमासिक पत्रिका इस मन्त्रालय द्वारा नहीं निकाली जाती।

(ग) उपहार के रूप मे प्रतियां पुस्तकालयों को नही भेजी जातीं। तथापि, अनेक पुस्तकालय इन पत्रिकाओं के ग्राहक हैं।

(घ) सीधे शुल्क द्वारा तथा इन पत्रिकाओं के एजेन्टों के माध्यम से गत चार वर्षों के दौरान बिकी प्रतियो की सख्या इस प्रकार है :

पत्रिका का नाम	1969	1970	1971	1972
"आजकल"	3020	3510	3490	2660
"बाल भारती"	11400	16325	24400	23420
"कुरुक्षेत्र"	947	832	1076	670
"योजना"	2150	2160	2782	2525
"आकाशवाणी"	3400	3020	2852	2710

खादी की बिक्री

8143. **श्री मूलचन्द डागा** : क्या औद्योगिक विकास मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या खादी की बिक्री में प्रतिवर्ष वृद्धि हो रही है; और

(ख) यदि हां, तो गत तीन वर्षों में वर्षवार खादी की कितनी बिक्री हुई ?

औद्योगिक विकास मंत्रालय में उप-मंत्री (श्री सिद्धेश्वर प्रसाद) : (क) और (ख). पिछले छः वर्षों में खादी की प्रतिवर्ष खुदरा बिक्री 20 से 26 करोड़ रुपये के बीच में घटती बढ़ती

रही है। गत दो वर्षों में बिक्री करीब 26 करोड़ रुपये के आसपास स्थिर रही है। पिछले तीन वर्षों अर्थात् 1968-69, 1969-70 और 1970-71 में क्रमशः 20.74 करोड़, 26.09 करोड़ और 25.73 करोड़ रुपये के मूल्य की खादी की चीक बिक्री हुई।

सौदों की सट्टेबाजी पर रोक

8144 **श्री मूलचन्द डागा** : क्या औद्योगिक विकास मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या सरकार सौदों की सट्टेबाजी रोकने में सफल हुई है,

(ख) यदि हां, तो किन वस्तुओं की सट्टेबाजी रोक दी गई है; और

(ग) वर्ष 1971 में कितनी दुकानों अथवा फर्मों पर छापे मारे गए और इस सम्बन्ध मे कितने व्यक्तियो पर मुकदमे चलाए गए ?

औद्योगिक विकास मंत्रालय में उप-मंत्री (श्री सिद्धेश्वर प्रसाद) : (क) और (ख). जिन वस्तुओ के सट्टे सौदे सरकार ने प्रतिषिद्ध या निलम्बित किए हैं उनको बताने वाला एक विवरण सभा पटल पर रखा है, अहस्तान्तरणीय विशेष सुपुर्दगीवाले सौदे इनसे इतर हैं। [ग्रंथालय में रखा गया। देखिए संख्या LT—3144-72]

(ग) वर्ष 1971 मे 198 फर्मों पर छापे मारे गए। इनमें से 26 फर्मों के विरुद्ध कोई साक्ष्य नही मिला है। शेष के साक्ष्य के सम्बन्ध में पुलिस द्वारा जाच हो रही है।

Area Selection for T. V. in Calcutta

8145. **SHRI PRIYA RANJAN DAS MUNSI** : Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state :

(a) whether the 'Golf Club Ground' of Tollyganj area has been selected for the Calcutta T. V. Station ; and

(b) if so, whether any negotiation have yet been made with the State Government in this regard ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRIMATI NANDINI SATPATHY) : (a) The matter is still under consideration.

(b) Does not arise.

आकाशवाणी से हिन्दी तथा अन्य भाषाओं के पाठों का प्रसारण

8146. **श्री सुधाकर पांडे** : क्या सूचना और प्रसारण मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) आकाशवाणी के किन-किन केन्द्रों से हिन्दी भाषा के पाठो का प्रसारण किया जाता है; और

(ख) आकाशवाणी के किन-किन केन्द्रों मे अन्य भारतीय भाषाओ के पाठो का प्रसारण किया जाता है ?

सूचना और प्रसारण मन्त्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्रीमती नन्दिनी सतपथी) : (क) त्रिवेन्द्रम, विजयवाडा, इम्फाल, अहमदाबाद, कटक, धारवाड, गोहाटी, कलकत्ता, पूना, राजकोट, बगलौर, हैदराबाद, पणजी, नागपुर तथा भुज।

(ख) अन्य भारतीय भाषाओं में पाठ निम्नलिखित केन्द्रो से प्रसारित किए गए है :—

भोपाल, जयपुर, लखनऊ, पटना, रांची, दिल्ली तथा इलाहाबाद।

Monitoring and Information Division in the Planning Commission

8147. **SHRI RAJ DEO SINGH** : Will the Minister of PLANNING be pleased to state :

(a) whether a new Division has been created in the Planning Commission to be known as the Monitoring and Information Division ; and

(b) if so, whether Government propose to create a similar Division or cell to plan and supervise the economic development of backward areas or regions in the country ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHRI MOHAN DHARIA) : Yes, Sir.

(b) A special Cell for the proper economic development of Hill areas is being consituted in the Planning Commission.

Tenure of Station Director, etc. in A.I.R. and T. V. Centre

8148. SHRI RAJDEO SINGH : Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state :

(a) the tenure of a Station Director, Assistant Station Director and Programme Executive at one Station in All India Radio ; and

(b) whether many persons are in Delhi in these cadres for the past more than 6 years ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRIMATI NANDINI SATPATHY) : (a) A I R. Stations have been classified into 'difficult' and 'non-difficult' stations, taking into account factors such as cost of living, climate, accessibility etc. The tenure of a Station Director, Assistant Station Director and Programme Executive has been fixed as two years for difficult stations and five years for non-difficult stations. It is, however, not always possible to follow these limits strictly in the exigencies of public service.

No tenure has been fixed for the officers at Delhi T. V. Centre as there is only one such Centre at present.

(b) There are 22 such officers.

Public Sector Undertaking for Production, Import and Export of Films

8149. SHRI RAJDEO SINGH : Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state whether Government are contemplating to create a single composite public sector undertaking, responsible for production, import and export of films ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI DHARAM BIR SINHA) : Government do not propose to set up any public sector undertaking for production of films. Import and export of films are proposed to be canalised through the public sector. The precise arrangements for this purpose are under examination.

Employment Programme for educated and Technically qualified unemployed persons in Uttar Pradesh

8150. SHRI RAJDEO SINGH : Will the Minister of PLANNING be pleased to state :

(a) whether the U.P. Government with 50 per cent Central assistance is to implement an employment programme costing Rs. 8 crores during 1972-73 meant mainly for the educated and technically qualified unemployed such as agricultural graduates and engineers ;

(b) if so, the main features of the programme ; and

(c) whether like crash employment programme this one will also be a continuing process ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHRI MOHAN DHARIA) : (a) and (b) The Government of U.P have submitted special employment programmes for the unemployed in U P. involving an outlay of Rs. 864.65 lakhs for the year 1972-73 as per details given below :

Name of the Scheme	Outlay (Rs. lakhs)
1	2
1. Survey and Investigation of Thermal Generation projects.	18.72
2. Survey and profiling of transmission and distribution lines	37.35
3. Water Supply schemes	34 65

1		2
4.	Rural Development projects	72.00
5.	Mass literacy work	60 00
6.	Technical guidance to small farmers	11.93
7.	Employment for educated and uneducated persons	9.50
8.	Agricultural extension scheme	12.90
9.	Strengthening of staff of selected veterinary hospitals, key village blocks and semen collection stations in the state	3.48
10.	Construction of small bridges, siphons, causeways and culverts on approach roads.	54.00
11.	Geological and other connected investigations	0 52
12.	Survey and soil investigation for roads and bridges	142.60
13.	Constructions of rural roads	297.00
14.	Investigation of irrigation and multipurpose river valley schemes	60.00
15.	Investigation of flood control and drainage schemes.	50.00
	Total (All Schemes)	864 65

These programmes will provide employment opportunities to a good number of agricultural graduates and engineers also The State Government is expected to meet 50 per cent of the total cost of the above programmes.

(c) Special employment programmes are expected to continue with due modifications on the basis of experience.

Police charged with swindling 3.60 lakhs

8151. SHRI K. BALADHANDAYUTHAM :
SHRI R. R. SINGH DEO :

Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state :

(a) whether attention of Government has been drawn to the news under the heading "Police charged with swindling 3.60 lakhs" which appeared in the Patriot dated the 7th May, 1972 ;

(b) if so, the facts thereof ; and

(c) the reaction of Government thereto ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F. H. MOHSIN) : (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Such a complaint was received from Shri Mohinder Singh who was arrested on 26 4 1972 at Naraina for manufacturing fake gold biscuits. The alleged amount of Rs. 3 60 lakhs was not recovered from him by the police

(c) Immediately on the publication of the news item, Supdt. of Police South had an enquiry made into the allegation which turned out to be baseless However, a senior officer of the Vigilance Branch of Delhi Police has been asked to conduct a thorough probe into the allegation.

आकाशवाणी केन्द्रों से विज्ञापन कार्यक्रमों का प्रसारण

8152. श्री शंकर दयाल सिंह : क्या सूचना और प्रसारण मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) इस समय किन-किन आकाशवाणी केन्द्रों से विज्ञापन कार्यक्रम प्रसारित हो रहे हैं; और

(ख) क्या सरकार को इन प्रसारणों के विरोध में कोई आपत्ति पत्र प्राप्त हुए हैं और यदि हां, तो उनकी रूपरेखा क्या है ?

सूचना और प्रसारण मन्त्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्रीमती नन्दिनी सत्पथी) : (क) बम्बई, पूना,

नागपुर, कलकत्ता, दिल्ली, मद्रास, तिरूची, चण्डीगढ़, जलन्धर बगलौर, धारवाड, अहमदाबाद, राजकोट, कानपुर, लखनऊ, इलाहाबाद, हैदराबाद तथा विजयवाडा ।

(ख) जी हा । परिवार नियोजन के उपाय "निरोध" पर विज्ञापन के प्रसारण के सम्बन्ध मे कुछ आपत्तिया प्राप्त हुई हैं।

चौथी पंचवर्षीय योजना के दौरान राज्यो द्वारा निर्धारित लक्ष्यो की पूर्ति

8153. **श्री शंकर दयाल सिंह** : क्या योजना मत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि

(क) चौथी पचवर्षीय योजना के अन्तर्गत किन-किन राज्यो ने अब तक निर्धारित लक्ष्य की पूर्ति कर ली है

(ख) किन-किन राज्यो ने आर्थिक कमी के कारण निर्धारित लक्ष्य की पूर्ति नही की है, और

(ग) क्या केन्द्रीय सरकार को राज्यो ने चौथी पचवर्षीय योजना की मध्यावधि प्रगति रिपोर्ट दी है ?

योजना मत्रालय मे राज्य मत्री (श्री मोहन धारिया) : (क) और (ख) चौथी पचवर्षीय योजना की अवधि 31-3- 974 को समाप्त हो जायेगी । इस प्रकार चौथी योजना के कार्यान्वयन के लिए अभी दो वर्ष का समय बाकी है । कोई भी राज्य अब तक चौथी पचवर्षीय योजना के लिए निर्धारित लक्ष्यो को पूरी तरह प्राप्त नही कर सका है और अभी यह बताना सम्भव नही है कि कौन-से राज्य धन के अभाव मे लक्ष्यो की प्राप्ति मे असमर्थ रहेगे । यहा पर यह उल्लेखनीय है कि चौथी पचवर्षीय योजना के मध्यावधि मूल्याकन, जिसकी एक प्रति दिसम्बर, 1971 मे सदन के पटल पर प्रस्तुत की गई थी, के अनुसार सब राज्यो को मिलाकर राज्य क्षेत्र का वित्तीय परिव्यय योजना अवधि मे बढने की सम्भावना है, यद्यपि विकास के चुने हुए क्षेत्रो मे भौतिक लक्ष्यों की प्राप्ति से कुछ कमी आ सकती है ।

(ग) लगभग सभी राज्यो ने चौथी पंचवर्षीय योजना के मध्यावधि मूल्याकन पर अपनी टिप्पणिया/ज्ञापन प्रस्तुत कर दिए हैं ।

बिहार का औद्योगिक सर्वेक्षण

8154 **श्री शंकर दयाल सिंह** क्या औद्योगिक विकास मत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या बिहार का औद्योगिक सर्वेक्षण किया गया है, और

(ख) यदि हां, तो उसकी मुख्य बातें क्या है और सरकार उसके अनुसार कौन-सा कदम निकट भविष्य मे उठाने जा रही है ?

औद्योगिक विकास मंत्रालय मे उप-मत्री (श्री सिद्धेश्वर प्रसाद) (क) और (ख). दि इन्डस्ट्रियल डेवल्पमेट बैंक आफ इण्डिया ने दि इण्डस्ट्रियल फाइनान्स कारपोरेशन आफ इण्डिया दि इण्डस्ट्रियल क्रेडिट एण्ड इनवेस्टमेट कारपोरेशन आफ इण्डिया आदि जैसे अन्य अभिकरणो के सहयोग से अन्य राज्यो/सघ राज्य क्षेत्रो के साथ-साथ बिहार का औद्योगिक सर्वेक्षण किया है और एक प्रतिवेदन प्रस्तुत किया है । इस प्रतिवेदन के अनुसार बिहार राज्य मे जिन उद्योगो की स्थापना की जा सकती है उनमे से कुछ ये हैं । सीमेट, कोयला, ऊष्म सह वस्तुए, एल्यूमिनियम, अभ्रक, मुदमाण्ड, कागज, पैट्रो-रसायन, विशेष इस्पात, मेलेबल कास्टिग, टिन-प्लेट, इस्पाती स्ट्रिप, वस्त्र, जूट की बनी हुई वस्तुए, कृषि उद्योग जैसे उर्वरक, ट्रैक्टर, चीनी, डेयरी आदि । राज्य सरकार के परामर्श से इण्डस्ट्रियल डेवलपमेट बैंक आफ इण्डिया का समिति के निर्देशन से इस रिपोर्ट पर कायवाही की जा रही है ।

पुस्तकों के जाली संस्करणों की बिक्री

8155. **श्री शंकर दयाल सिंह** : क्या गृह-मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि .

(क) क्या सरकार को इस बात की सूचना है कि कई पुस्तकों के जाली सस्करण बाजारों मे

बिक रहे हैं जिससे सरकार को और निजी प्रकाशको एव लेखको को काफी हानि हो रही है; और

(ख) यदि हा, तो इस सम्बन्ध मे सरकार ने क्या कार्यवाही की है ?

गृह मंत्रालय तथा कार्मिक विभाग में राज्य मंत्री (श्री राम निवास मिर्धा) (क) और (ख). ऐसे प्रकाशन भारतीय दण्ड सहिता की धारा 417, 419, 420 तथा 468 के अन्तर्गत होने वाले अपराधो मे आ सकते है। यदि ऐसे प्रकाशनो से प्रतिलिप्यधिकार अधिनियम, 1957 द्वारा प्रदत्त प्रतिलिप्यधिकारो अथवा अन्य अधिकारो का कोई उल्लघन होता हो तो प्रतिलिप्यधिकार अधिनियम के अन्तर्गत उपचारी उपाय उपलब्ध है। पीडित लेखको तथा प्रकाशको से प्राप्त अभ्यावेदनो की गुण दोषो के आधार पर कानूनी कार्यवाही आरम्भ करने की दृष्टि से जाच की जाती है।

भारत-पाकिस्तान के युद्ध में मारे गए जवानो की विधवाओ और आश्रितो को डाक तथा तार विभाग में रोजगार देना

8156 **श्री हुकम चन्द कछवाय** : क्या संचार मत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेगे कि

(क) दिसम्बर, 1971 मे भारत-पाकिस्तान के बीच हुए युद्ध के दौरान मारे गए अथवा अपग हुए जवानो की कितनी विधवाओ और कितने आश्रितो को इस बीच डाक तथा तार विभाग मे रोजगार दिया गया, और

(ख) इस सम्बन्ध मे इस विभाग का भविष्य मे क्या कार्यवाही करने का विचार है ?

संचार मंत्री (श्री हेमवती नन्दन बहुगुणा) : (क) अब तक सिर्फ चार को।

(ख) इस सम्बन्ध मे कार्मिक विभाग ने जो आम हिदायतें दे रखी है, डाक-तार विभाग मे उनका पालन हो रहा है। इन हिदायतो के अधीन विभाग ने फैसला किया है कि वह युद्ध में मारे गए सेना कर्मचारियो की विधवाओं, उनके आश्रितो और अपग हुए जवानो की 500 तक नियुक्तिया करेगा। नौकरी के लिए जब और जैसे ही उनकी अर्जिया आती हैं, उनकी जाँच की जाती है और गुणावगुण के आधार पर उनका फैसला किया जाता है। डाक-तार महानिदेशालय ने महानिदेशक (पुनर्वास) से भी कहा है कि वे ऐसे लोगो की सूचिया विचारार्थ भेज दे जो इस विभाग मे नौकरी चाहते हैं।

समाचार पत्रों को विज्ञापन देना

8517 **श्री हुकम चन्द कछवाय** . क्या सूचना और प्रसारण मत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेगे कि :

(क) केन्द्र सरकार ने 1971-72 के वित्तीय वर्ष मे विभिन्न समाचार पत्रो को कुल कितने रुपये के विज्ञापन दिये थे, और

(ख) 1972-73 के वित्तीय वर्ष मे इस शीर्षक के अन्तर्गत कितना प्रावधान रखा गया है ?

सूचना और प्रसारण मंत्रालय मे उप मत्री (श्री धर्मवीर सिह) : (क) और (ख) विज्ञापन और दृश्य प्रचार निदेशालय के सम्बन्ध मे अपेक्षित सूचना इस प्रकार है :—

(1) 1971-72 के दौरान समाचारपत्रो तथा पत्रिकाओ को दिए गए विज्ञापनो का मूल्य .....1,88,48,916/-रुपए

(2) 1972-73 के लिए किया गया प्रावधान.....1,65,00,000/-रुपये

रेलवे तथा पर्यटन विभाग द्वारा दिए गए विज्ञापनो के सम्बन्ध मे जानकारी एकत्र की जा रही है और शीघ्र ही सदन की मेज पर रख दी जाएगी।

मध्य प्रदेश में सिलाई उपकरणों का कारखाना

8158. **श्री हुकम चन्द कछवाय** · क्या संचार मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेगे कि :

(क) क्या मध्य प्रदेश के मुख्य मत्री ने राज्य

में दूर संचार स्विचिंग उपकरणों के कारखाने की स्थापना करने का अनुरोध किया था;

(ख) क्या आई० टी० आई० के प्रधान की अध्यक्षता में एक तकनीकी दल ने राज्य मे कुछ स्थलो का निरीक्षण किया है;

(ग) यदि हां, तो उस दल ने क्या निष्कर्ष निकाले और केन्द्रीय सरकार ने उन पर क्या निर्णय किया है; और

(घ) यदि अभी तक कोई निर्णय नही किया गया है तो कब तक किया जाएगा ?

संचार मंत्री (श्री हेमवती नन्दन बहुगुणा) : (क) और (ख). जी हा । दल ने मध्य प्रदेश सहित विभिन्न राज्यो मे बहुत से स्थानो की जाच की है ।

(ग) और (घ). दल द्वारा की गई सिफारिशे अभी भी सरकार के विचाराधीन है और अब उन पर शीघ्र निर्णय किये जाने की सभावना है ।

टेलीविजन सेटो के उत्पादन और निर्यात में विदेशी सहयोग

8159. **श्री फूलचन्द वर्मा** : क्या प्रधान मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या इलैक्ट्रानिक्स आयोग ने यह निर्णय लिया है कि टेलीविजन के निर्यात तथा उत्पादन मे विदेशी सहयोग नहीं लिया जाएगा; और

(ख) यदि हा, तो इस बारे मे सरकार की क्या प्रतिक्रिया है ?

गृह मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री कृष्ण चन्द्र पंत) . (क) और (ग). सरकार ने पहले ही इलैक्ट्रानिक्स आयोग की सिफारिशों का अनुमोदन कर दिया है कि आंतरिक बिक्री तथा निर्यात के लिए टी० वी० सैटों के निर्माण हेतु किसी भी विदेशी सहयोग को अनुमति नहीं दी जाएगी । विदेशी सहयोग की अनुमति, विदेशी इक्वोटी कम्पनियो को टी० वी० सैट निर्माण के लाइसेंस तभी दिये जा सकेंगे जबकि वे 100% निर्यात करें ।

सेंट्रल इलैक्ट्रानिक्स इंजीनियरिंग रिसर्च इंस्टीट्यूट (सीरी) पिलानी मे विकसित स्वदेशी जानकारी की सहायता से इसको चार यूनिटो मे उत्तम प्रकार के टी० वी० सैटो का उत्पादन पहले से ही भली प्रकार स्थिर हो गया है ।

अनेक उद्योगो ने पूर्णत स्वदेशी तकनीकी पर आधारित उच्च श्रेणी के टी० वी० सैटो के मूल रूप तथा पायलट सयत्र नमूने बनाये है ।

टी० वी० सैटो का उत्पादन एक क्षेत्र है जहा स्वदेशी तकनीकी क्षमता पूर्णरूप से अब कुशल सिद्ध हुई है और विदेशी जानकारी रखने की कोई आवश्यकता नही है ।

Subsidy to Co-operative Canteens in P&T Department

8160 **SHRI PHOOL CHAND VERMA** : Will the Minister of COMMUNICATIONS be pleased to state whether there is any limit of subsidy to the Co-operative Canteens in the Posts and Telegraphs Department and if so, the rules thereof ?

THE MINISTER OF COMMUNICATIONS (SHRI H. N. BAHUGUNA) : Yes, Sir. The orders issued by the Department of Personnel in this regard are equally applicable to the canteens in the P and T Department. The present rate of subsidy is 50% of the establishment charges of the canteen employees at all stations except in Delhi/New Delhi, Calcutta, Bombay and Madras where the percentage of subsidy works out to about 57%.

National Film Council

8161. **DR. RANEN SEN** Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government propose to set up a National Film Council, and

(b) if so, the broad outlines thereof ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI DHARAM BIR SINHA) : (a) and (b). The proposal to set up a Film Council is under active consideration of Government and a final decision in the matter is likely to be taken shortly

Surrender by Dacoits

8162. SHRI NIHAR LASKAR
SHRI MAHADEEPAK SINGH SHAKYA :

Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state :

(a) the number of decoit leaders and their associates who surrendered so far , and

(b) the reward each decoit leader carried on his head ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F H MOHSIN) (a) Twenty dacoit leaders alongwith 291 dacoits have surrendered to the authorities in Madhya Pradesh so far

(b) Cash rewards had been declared on the heads of the dacoit leaders as below —

1	Mohar Singh	—	Rs 2,00 000
2	Madho Singh	—	Rs 1,00 000
3	Nathu Singh	—	Rs 20 000
4	Makhan Singh	—	Rs 12 000
5	Harvilas Kachi	—	Rs 12,000
6	Saru Singh	—	Rs 10,000
7	Chote Singh	—	Rs 12,000
8	Lal Kalyan Singh	—	Rs 10,000
9	Jagjit Singh	—	Rs 10,000
10	Bahadura Gujar	—	Rs 5,000
11	Kamodi Kachi	—	Rs 5,000
12	Kashiram	—	Rs 5,000
13.	Pancham Singh	—	Rs 5 000
14.	Nabba Kumhar	—	Rs 5,000
15.	Kalicharan	—	Rs 5,000
16.	Gariba Chamar	—	Rs 5,000
17.	Mansa Ram	—	Rs. 3,000
18	Lala Bhai	—	Rs 2,000
19	Rupa Gujar	—	Rs. 1,000
20.	Naresh Singh	—	Rs 1,000

Foreign Owned Plantations and other Lands (Acquisition) Ordinance, 1971

8163 SHRI C. K CHANDRAPPAN : Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state

(a) whether the Foreign Owned Plantations and Other Lands (Acquisition) Ordinance 1971 of Kerala has not yet been cleared by the Home Ministry ;

(b) if so, the reasons thereof , and

(c) when it is likely to be cleared ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F H MOHSIN) (a) to (c) The draft Ordinance needs careful examination from the point of view of policy and is still under examination

Tarapur Atomic Power Station

8164 SHRI VISHWANATH PRATAP SINGH Will the Minister of ATOMIC ENERGY be pleased to state

(a) the reasons for some components located in high rediation areas in Tarapur Atomic Power Station coming out of alignments ,

(b) whether this defeat was due to the phenomena of swelling of materials caused by rediations , and

(c) if so, whether India posses the necessary technical knowhow to cope with this problem ?

THE PRIME MINISTER, MINISTER OF ATOMIC ENERGY, MINISTER OF ELECTRONICS, MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS AND MINISTER OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRIMATI INDIRA GANDHI) (a) Two of the 89 guide tubes in the reactor of Unit I of the Tarapur Atomic Power Station were unlatched from their thermal sleeves by the transmission of rotational torque to these sleeves under hydraulic pressure

(b) No, Sir

(c) Does not arise.

Foreign Exchange earned by Indian Rare Earths during 1971-72

8165. SHRI VISHWANATH PRATAP SINGH : Will the Minister of ATOMIC ENERGY be pleased to state :

(a) the items of export on which the Indian Rare Earths has earned foreign exchange during the year 1971-72 ; and

(b) whether the exported minerals are required in our country for atomic energy generation ?

THE PRIME MINISTER, MINISTER OF ATOMIC ENERGY, MINISTER OF ELECTRONICS, MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS AND MINISTER OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRIMATI INDIRA GANDHI) : (a) and (b). During the year 1971-72, Indian Rare Earths Ltd, earned foreign exchange by exporting Ilmenite, Rare Earths compounds, Zircon, Rutile, Sillimanite and Garnet. The items are required for the atomic energy programme and are exported after meeting internal requirements.

Use of Imported Cars by Ministers

8166. SHRI S.N. MISRA : Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state :

(a) which of the Cabinet and State Ministers are using the imported cars ;

(b) the names of the cars used by each one of them ;

(c) how many Indian manufactured cars are being used by them apart from the imported cars ; and

(d) the total expenditure for the last financial year on the maintenance of the imported cars of the Ministers ?

THE PRIME MINISTER, MINISTER OF ATOMIC ENERGY, MINISTER OF ELECTRONICS, MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS AND MINISTER OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRIMATI INDIRA GANDHI) : (a) to (d). The information is being collected. It will be laid on the Table of the House when available.

Development in the Field of Atomic Research

8167. SHRI S.N. MISRA : Will the Minister of ATOMIC ENERGY be pleased to state :

(a) The development in the field of atomic research during the last year.

(b) the number of places where generation of electricity has been taken up by the use ; of atomic energy ; and

(c) the name of the places, the amount of power being generated at present and the future expectancy within the next three years ?

THE PRIME MINISTER, MINISTER OF ATOMIC ENERGY, MINISTER OF ELECTRONICS, MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS AND MINISTER OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRIMATI INDIRA GANDHI) : (a) Full details are given in the Annual Report of the Department of Atomic Energy for the year 1971-72, copies of which have been circulated to the Members of Parliament and are available in the Parliament Library.

(b) and (c). Electricity is being generated by the use of atomic energy at Tarapur Atomic Power Station which has an installed capacity of 420 MWe. In addition to the Tarapur Atomic Power Station which has been completed, the Rajasthan Atomic Power Station consisting of two units with a net capacity of 200 MWe each and the Madras Atomic Power Station consisting of two units with a net capacity of 215 MWe each, are presently under construction. The two units of the Rajasthan Atomic Power Station and the first unit of the Madras Atomic Power Station are expected to attain criticality within the next three years.

TA/DA of Industrial Development Minister

8168. SHRI S.N. MISRA : Will the Minister of INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :

(a) the total amount of T.A. and D A. that have been claimed by him monthly in the financial year 1971-72 ; and

(b) the amount paid, month-wise during the last financial year in respect of his Electricity and Telephone Bills ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD) : (a) The total amount of T.A/D.A. claimed by Minister of Industrial Development monthwise during the financial year, 1971-72 is indicated below :—

Month	T.A./D-A.	Remarks
May, 1971	2,710.75	
June, 1971	253.15	
July, 1971	4,337.00	
August, 71	3,830.70*	*This represents the expenditure on T.A./D.A. for Assumption of Charge, initially.
September, 71	1,891.50	
October, 71	5,576.35	
November, 71	2,250.00	
December, 71	829.00	
February, 72	1,672.00	
March, 72	799.00	
Total :	24,149.45	

(b) Expenditure on Water and Electricity at the residence of the Minister of Industrial Development (including the office portion at the residence) during 1971-72 is indicated below :—

Month	Residential Portion of the residence	Office Portion of the residence
April, 71	146.54	97.75
May, 71 / June, 71	264.37	176.25
July, 71	454.16	302.71
August, 71	386.86	257.90
September, 71	314.25	209.51
October, 71	243.81	162.53
November, 71	264.86	176.57
December, 71	374 40	249.61
January, 72	327.05	218.04
February, 72	348.15	232.10

It may be stated that there is a ceiling of Rs. 2400/- per annum (Rs. 200/- p.m.) for electricity and water charges in respect of residential portion of the Residence. The excess expenditure has been paid for by the Minister. The use of high powered lights by the Security staff at the Minister's residence for security reasons also adds to the electricity charges since these lights are connected with meters in the residential portion.

An expenditure of Rs. 57,319.66 has been incurred during 1971-72 on the telephones installed at the office and the residence of the Minister of Industrial Development.

It is not possible to furnish monthwise figures of expenditure on telephones as the bills are not received on monthly basis.

Court-verdicts on 10-page Restriction of Newspapers

8169. SHRI BHOGENDRA JHA : Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state :

(a) which are the newspapers, so far, who got verdicts from Courts in their favour against the 10-page restriction ; and

(b) the grounds on which the courts give these verdicts ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI DHARAM BIR SINHA) : (a) and (b). No newspaper has obtained any verdict from the Supreme Court or any other Court in its favour against the 10-page restriction in the Newsprint Allocation Policy for 1972-73. The *Times of India*, *Hindustan Times* and the *Express* Group of Newspapers have filed writ petitions in the Supreme Court. They have been granted an interim injunction permitting increase in the number of pages beyond ten within the authorised quota. The petitions have been listed for hearing on 19.7.1972.

New Telephone Exchanges in Delhi

8170. SHRI AMAR NATH CHAWLA : Will the Minister of COMMUNICATIONS be pleased to state :

(a) the number and location of new Telephone Exchanges likely to be opened

during the year 1972 and the proposed dates of their commissioning in Delhi ;

(b) the total capacity of each of these Exchanges ;

(c) when the new Telephone connections are likely to be sanctioned from these Telephone exchanges ; and

(d) the percentage of the total telephone connections proposed to be sanctioned to members of public under O.Y.T. category and under general category out of the capacity of the new Telephone Exchanges and from the old Telephone Exchanges where the position is likely to improve after transfer of some lines from these Exchanges to the new ones ?

THE MINISTER OF COMMUNICATIONS (SHRI H. N. BAHUGUNA) : (a) (1) Idgah Telephone Exchange with 5,000 lines capacity has been commissioned in the month of May, 1972 and its expansion to 9,000 lines is in progress, and it is likely to be commissioned by December, 1972.

(2) Janpath Telephone Exchange 3,000 lines crossbar is likely to be commissioned by June, 1972.

(3) Chanakyapuri Telephone Exchange 4,000 lines capacity is likely to be commissioned by August, 1972.

(b) Name of exchanges	lines commissioned	Likely to be commissioned
Idgah	5,000 in May, 1972	4,000 by December, 1972
Janpath	Nil	3,000 by June, 1972
Chanakyapuri	Nil	4,000 by August, 1972
Total	5,000 lines	11,000 lines

(c) New connections will be given progressively after the date of commissioning subject to availability of underground cables.

(d) As per departmental instructions, after making a maximum of 10% reservation of the available equipped capacity for Casual, Temporary connections etc., the rest of the capacity is allocated as under :—

1. O.Y.T. category 70%
2. General category 15%
3. Special category ..... 15% ($7\frac{1}{2}$% in turn and $7\frac{1}{2}$% on out of turn by T.A.C.)

(Special category consists of Public men, Doctors, Public Institutions, Press, Agricultural Farms and Small Scale Industries.)

पुलिस द्वारा बरामद किए गए माल का विवरण रखना

8171. श्री महादीपक सिंह शाक्य : क्या गृह मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या सरकार को यह पता है कि दिल्ली में ऐसी अनेक घटनायें हुई हैं कि पुलिस द्वारा जांच पड़ताल के दौरान बरामद किया गया बहुत सा माल ठीक से विवरण-पत्रों में नहीं दिखाया जाता; और

(ख) यदि हां, तो वर्ष 1971-72 के दौरान ऐसी कितनी घटनायें सरकार के ध्यान में लाई गई और इसे रोकने के लिए क्या कार्यवाही की गई ?

गृह मंत्रालय में उपमंत्री (श्री एफ० एच० मोहसिन) : (क) यह गलत है कि ऐसी घटनायें हुई हैं।

(ख) एक। मैं एक जिस्ट्रेटी जांच का आदेश दिया गया है जो अभी चल रही है।

शिक्षित बेरोजगार व्यक्तियों को रोजगार देने के लिए बिहार को दिया गया ऋण

8172. श्री ईश्वर चौधरी : क्या योजना मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) शिक्षित बेरोजगार व्यक्तियों को रोजगार देने के लिए योजना आयोग ने बिहार को

वर्ष 1971-72 में कितना धन दिया है;

(ख) इसमें से कितना धन व्यय किया गया है और इसे किस प्रकार व्यय किया गया है; और

(ग) शेष धन को किस प्रकार व्यय किया जाएगा ?

योजना मंत्रालय में राज्य मन्त्री (श्री मोहन धारिया) : (क) और (ख) : खासतौर पर शिक्षित बेरोजगारों की समस्या से निपटने के लिए तैयार की जाने वाली विभिन्न स्कीमों के लिए केन्द्रीय बजट में 25 करोड़ रुपये की व्यवस्था की गई थी उसमें से 1.37 करोड़ रुपये, बिहार सरकार को इसी प्रकार की स्कीमो के लिए आवंटित किए गए थे। आवंटित और वास्तव मे दी गई धन-राशियों के योजना-वार ब्यौरे संलग्न विवरण मे दिए गए हैं।

(ग) खर्च न की गई राशि का 1972-73 के दौरान समुचित समंजन कर दिया जाएगा।

विवरण

(लाख रुपये)

क्रम सं०	मंत्रालय/योजना	धनराशि आवंटित	धनराशि वास्तव में दी गई
1	2	3	4
1.	शिक्षा मंत्रालय प्राथमिक शिक्षा के स्तर मे सुधार	65.97	65.97†
2.	औद्योगिक विकास मंत्रालय छोटे उद्यमियों को सहायता	65.00	कुछ नहीं
3.	सिंचाई और विद्युत मंत्रालय ग्रामीण इंजीनियरी सर्वेक्षण	0.41	0.41†
4.	कृषि मंत्रालय 1) कृषि सेवा केन्द्र	2.45	कुछ नहीं
	2) सहकारी भण्डारों का विस्तार	कुछ नहीं	कुछ नहीं
5.	जहाजरानी तथा परिवहन मंत्रालय पांचवीं योजना के लिए सड़क कार्यों के अन्वेषण के लिए अग्रिम कार्यवाही	1.65	1.65†
6.	स्वास्थ्य मंत्रालय ग्रामीण जल-पूर्ति	1.09	कुछ नही
	जोड़ :	136.57	68.03

†वास्तव मे खर्च की गई धन-राशि की सूचना अभी तक उपलब्ध नही है।

Additional Amount required for Financing Fourth Plan

8173. SHRI PAMPAN GOWDA : Will the Minister of PLANNING be pleased to state :

(a) whether some additional amount will be required for financing the Fourth Five Year Plan ;

(b) if so, the reaction of the Government thereto , and

(c) the additional amount proposed to be granted to each State in this regard ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHRI MOHAN DHARIA) : (a) The Mid-term Appraisal of the Fourth Plan places the availability of resources for the public sector Plan in money terms at approximately the same level as originally envisaged. However, in real terms, the resources are expected to fall short of the original estimate by about Rs. 1550 crores.

(b) The matter is under consideration.

(c) No additional assistance is proposed to be given to the States for financing their approved State Plan outlays.

Annual loss as a result of illegal dealings in Foreign Exchange

8174. SHRI PAMPAN GOWDA : Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state :

(a) the average amount lost annually due to illegal dealings in foreign exchange ; and

(b) the cases filed by the Enforcement Directorate and the CBI against persons and Companies during 1970-71 ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS AND IN THE DEPARTMENT OF PERSONNEL (SHRI RAM NIWAS MIRDHA) (a) It is difficult to arrive at any assessment of the extent of loss of foreign exchange on account of illegal transactions

(b) The cases filed by the Enforcement Directorate and C B I against persons and companies during 1970 and 1971 are as under —

Year	No of cases registered by Enforcement Directorate	No of cases in which charge sheet in connection with violation of the F E R Act or complaints under that Act were filed in court by CBI
1970	1828	3
1971	2021	5

Difference in pay of released L C Os appointed as Section Officers and Direct Recruit Section Officers

8175 KUMARI KAMLA KUMARI Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state

(a) whether the candidate appointed to the Section Officer's Grade from released Emergency Commissioned Officers are not being given the same pay as other direct recruit Section Officers of the corresponding year of allotment , if so, the reasons therefor , and

(b) the measures taken to remove this anomaly ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS AND IN THE DEPARTMENT OF PERSONNEL (SHRI RAM NIWAS MIRDHA) (a) and (b) The initial pay of the released officers appointed to reserved vacancies in a Service recruitment to which is made through the I A S etc (Released Emergency Commissioned Officers and Short Service Commissioned Officers) Examination (including those appointed to the Section Officers' Grade) is fixed in terms of Rule 6 of the Released Emergency Commissioned Officers and Short Service Commissioned Officers (Reservation of vacancies) Rules, 1967/1971 read with the instructions contained in Ministry of Home Affairs Office Memorandum No 9/18/69-Ests (C), dated 25th March, 1970 Rule 6(1) (a) of the aforesaid rules states that in the case of Services of posts recruitment to which is made on the results of a competitive examination conducted by the Union Public Service Commission, the released officer who competes successfully at the first or second available opportunity would be deemed to have passed the examination at the first or second occasion he could have appeared at the relevant examination had he not joined military service and shall be assigned the year of allotment correspondingly The intention underlying the issue of the aforesaid rules and instructions is to give the released Emergency Commissioned Officers and Short Service Commissioned Officers the benefit of their army service for pay fixation and seniority taking into account the fact that they had missed an opportunity of entering civil services through regular examinations because of their absence on military Service Thus, when a released officer is appointed against a reserved vacancy in the Section Officers' Grade, he is already being allowed the concession of higher initial pay fixation, treating him to be a direct recruit of the deemed year of his appointment

Manufacture of Records with U. S. Collaboration

8176 KUMARI KAMLA KUMARI : Will the Minister of INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state

(a) whether the Columbia Broad-casting system of U S A has been granted a licence by the Government of India for setting up business in record manufacturing in collaboration with some Indian entrepreneurs ; and

(b) if so, the outlines of project and the time which Columbia Broadcasting System would start its business ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD) : (a) and (b). The manufacture of Gramophone Records is not covered under the Industries (Development and Regulation) Act, 1951 as the item is a non-scheduled industry.

M/s. Watmir Industries, Bombay had been granted approval in November, 1963 for the manufacture of Gramophone Records in collaboration with M/s. Colombia Broadcasting System Inc. of U.S.A. who have been allowed equity participation to the extent of 49%. The finalised agreement in this regard has been taken on record.

M/s Watmir Industries had also been granted approval in December, 1966 for terms of collaboration with the same U.S.A. party for the manufacture of foreign repertoire on the basis of payment of royalty ; finalised agreement confirming to the approved terms of collaboration is awaited.

In February, 1972, the firm informed this Ministry that they have already made arrangements to commence the production of records.

Accredited Indian and Foreighn Correspondents

8177. KUMARI KAMLA KUMARI : Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state :

(a) the total number of Indian and foreign Press Correspondents accredited at Government Head-quarters during the period from 1st January, 1971 to 31st March, 1972 ; and

(b) the number and names of correspondents out of those who were from Bihar and West Bengal ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI DHARAM BIR SINHA) : (a) 77.

(b) During the period mentioned in part (a) of the question while no additional correspondent was accredited from any news organisation from Bihar, (over and above 4 correspondents already accredited upto 1st January 1971) the following correspondents were accredited from news organisations from West Bengal (over and above 24 accredited upto 1st January, 1971).

1. Shri Nitya Chakravorty (Kalantar, Calcutta)
2. Shri S. Viswam (Statesman, Calcutta and Delhi)
3. Shri Nitish Chakravarty (Ananda Bazar Patrika, Calcutta)
4. Shri S. Venkatesh (Statesman, Calcutta and Delhi)

Accredited Small Newspaper Representatives

8178. KUMARI KAMLA KUMARI : Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state :

(a) whether a relatively liberal approach is being followed in the matter of accreditation facilities/opportunities for conducted tours for representatives of small newspapers ;

(b) the total number of applications received from the representatives of small newspapers from Orissa and Bihar, District-wise ; and

(c) the number and names of persons who were given accreditation ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI DHARAM BIR SINHA) ; (a) Yes, Sir,

(b) In the last three years two small newspapers of Bihar from Patna and Muzaffarpur applied for accreditation of their correspondents in Delhi.

There was no application from any small newspaper of Orissa during the same period.

(c) Shri Manmohan Prasad was granted accreditation in December, 1970 on behalf of *Vishwabandhu*, Patna. His accreditation lapsed after he ceased to work for the newspaper.

Production beyond licensed capacity by M/s. Union Carbide

8179. SHRI INDRAJIT GUPTA : Will the Minister of INDUSTRIAL DEVELOP-

MENT be pleased to refer to the reply given to Starred Question No. 663 on the 3rd May, 1972 regarding production of Torches by M/s. Union Carbide beyond licensed capacity and state :

(a) whether the conditions mentioned therein whereby manufacturing Units may be permitted to increase production beyond their licensed capacity are applicable to Indian companies only or to foreign companies also ;

(b) the quantity of Brass Sheets utilised for manufacture of Torches during the last three years by M/s. Union Carbide ;

(c) whether there is any control, statutory or otherwise, over distribution of Brass Sheets to various manufacturers ; and

(d) if so, whether Government have approved such higher distribution to Union Carbide to enable them to raise their output of torches more than 50 percent above their licensed capacity ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD) : (a) The relaxation in the conditions about the increase in production beyond the licenced capacities of the units is applicable to both Indian and foreign companies,

(b) The following quantities of brass sheets were utilised by the Company for production of torches during the last three years :

	1969	1970	1971
	(In tonnes)		
Brass sheets used	426	600	677

(c) While there is no stautory control over the distribution of brass sheets, on one or two occassions when the manufacturing units approached the Government with their difficulties in securing adequate quantities of brass sheets, their difficulties have been brought to the notice of the manufacturers of brass sheets with a request to help them. Ordinarily, the industries requiring brass sheets make their own arrangements with the brass sheet manufactures for meeting their requirements

(d) Does not arise.

Indian Delegation gone to Moscow in Connection with Space Research Programme

8180. SHRI VISHWANATH PRATAP SINGH : Will the Minister of ATOMIC ENERGY be pleased to state :

(a) whether an Indian delegation has gone to Moscow to secure collaboration in our space research programme ; and

(b) if so, the main objectives and features thereof ?

THE PRIME MINISTER, MINISTER OF ATOMIC ENERGY, MINISTER OF ELECTRONICS, MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS AND MINISTER OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRIMATI INDIRA GANDHI) : (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Copies of the Press Release issued on the subject are available in the Parliament Library.

Administrative Set-up in Laccadive Islands

8181. SHRI VAYALAR RAVI : Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state :

(a) whether the Government's attention has been drawn to the reports appearing in the "Times Weekly" dated the 7th May, 1972 regarding the living conditions and administrative set-up of Laccadives Islands : and

(b) if so, what additional steps are proposed to be taken to improve the administrative set-up there to bring about speedy social and economic reforms ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F. H. MOHSIN) : (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The existing administrative set-up in the Union Territory of Laccadive, Minicoy and Amindivi Islands is adequately geared to bring about speedy social and economic reforms. No major changes in the administrative set-up are contemplated.

Effect of Installation of Computer in Colgate Palmolive (India) Private Ltd,, on Profit

8182 SHRI K LAKKAPPA : Will the Minister of INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state

(a) whether due to installation of Computer by Colgate Palmolive (India) Private Ltd at Bombay the profits of the Company have increased ,

(b) if so, the precentage of increase in profits , and

(c) whether the prices of their products have been reduced ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD) (a) to (c) Information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House,

Suspended Employees of A I R , Delhi

8183 SHRI HUKAM CHAND KACHWAI Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state

(a) the number of employees suspended during last three years in the All India Radio, Delhi

(b) the number of employees suspended on the charge of bigamous marriage out of them , and

(c) the number of bigamous marriage cases in which charge sheet has been changed more than once ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRIMATI NANDINI SATPATHY) (a) Thirteen

(b) and (c), Nil

Sale Proceeds of Colgate Palmolive (India) Private Ltd.

8184 SHRI K LAKKAPPA Will the Minister of INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state

(a) whether Colgate Palmolive (India) Private Limited has any association with an International Company in manufacturing their products ,

(b) if so, the nature of association , and

(c) the sale proceeds of the Company during the last three years ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD) (a) and (b) M/s Colgate Palmolive (India) Pvt Ltd , is a 100% subsidiary of M/s Colgate Palmolive Co of U S A

(c) The gross sale proceeds of this Company for the years 1968, 1969 & 1970 are given below —

YEAR	Rs (in lakhs)
1968	877 49
1969	944 39
1970	810 76

Profits to Colgate Palmolive (India) Private Limited by underfilling the Products

8185 SHRI K LAKKAPPA Will the Minister of INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state

(a) whether it has been brought to the notice of Government that fabulous profit has been made by Colgate Palmolive (India) Private Ltd by giving less than the indicated quantity of their products to customers and

(b) if so the action Government propose to take in this regard ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD) (a) and (b) Complaints to this effect have been made to Government They are being enquired into

Amount Spent on Ministers by way of T A. D A and other Allowances

8186 SHRI D K PANDA Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state

(a) the total amount of money spent on each Union Minister, Minister of State and

Deputy Minister by way of T. A., D. A. Entertainment Allowances, Maintenance and Rent of houses and other perquisites and pecuniary benefits during the past one year ;

(b) how this expenditure on each one of them compares with their salary ; and

(c) the average ratio batween the salaries of Ministers and other expenses on them ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F. H MOHSIN) : (a) to (c). The information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House.

Disparity in Per Capita Daily Income in Rural and Urban Areas

8187. SHRI D K. PANDA : Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state :

(a) whether sharp disparities exist between the *per capi* a daily income in the rural and urban areas in the country ;

(b) if so, the comparative figures for each State/Union Territory during 1970-71 and 1971-72 and for the whole country ; and

(c) the steps being taken to remove these disparities ?

THE PRIME MINISTER, MINISTER OF ATOMIC ENERGY, MINISTER OF ELECTRONICS, MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS AND MINISTER OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRIMATI INDIRA GANDHI) : (a) & (b). This information is not available as estimates of *per capita* income are not made for rural and urban areas separately.

(c) Of the various measures directed towards reduction of disparities between incomes in urban and rural areas mention may be made of plan programmes to increase agricultural productivity, setting up of development agencies for small farmers, projects for marginal farmers and agricultural labourers. increased provision of agricultural credit, cresh scheme for rural employment, the drought prone areas programme and other measures to create larger employment opportunities and to promote development of industries in rural areas.

Price and quality of Blades manufactured in India

8188. SHRI D. K. PANDA : Will the Minister of INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :

(a) Whether Government are aware that the quality of razor blades of popular brands like the Erasmic Silk-edge, Ashoka stainless and Panama stainless has deteriorated considerably since their production in India commenced, while their prices have gradually increased ;

(b) if so, the reasons therefor ; and

(c) the steps contemplated to ensure restoration of quality of these blades and to reduce their prices ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD) : (a) to (c). Government are aware that there is room for improving the quality of razor blades manufactured in the country and have recently advised the indigenous manufacturers to take suitable steps to effect significant improvement in the quality of their products The increase in prices of blades is mainly due to increase in cost of raw materials. Also, there was a drop in production due to closure of a major manufacturing unit for several months. Additional units have been licensed/issued letters of intent for the manufacture of razor blades to increase production and introduce competition.

Re-employment of Retired Officers of Indian Statistical Service in National Sample Survey

8189. SHRI ISHAQ SAMBHALI t Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state :

(a) whether some retired officers or those on L. P. R. of Grade III of the Indian Statistical Service have been or are being re-employed in the National Sample Survey ; if so, the reasons therefore and the period of re-employment in each case ;

(b) Whether in view of the stagnation in the promotion of I. S. S. Officers to Grade III and above. Government would reconsider such a move ; and

(c) if not, the reasons therefor ?

THE PRIME MINISTER, MINISTER OF ATOMIC ENERGY, MINISTER OF ELECTRONICS, MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS AND MINISTER OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRIMATI INDIRA GANDHI) (a) No, Sir

(b) Does not arise

(c) Does not arise

Judgement of Supreme Court on Detention of Citizens

8190 SHRI JYOTIRMNY BOSU Will the Minister of HONE AFFAIRS be pleased to state

(a) whether as reported by the *Indian Lxpress*, New Delhi dated the 27th April 1972 the Supreme Court ruled on 26th April 1972 that in cases of detention of citizens where the executive authority takes action on the basis of subjective satisfaction that it is necessary for the maintenance of Law and Order and it is found that one of the grounds for uch detention is extraneous or factually baseless the order of detention must fail , and

(b) if so the reaction of Government thereto ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F H MOHSIN) (a) and (b) Government have seen the news report A copy of the judgment of the Supreme Court is being obtained The law declared by the Supreme Court is binding on all courts within the territory of India and the attention of all authorities competent to exercise powers under the Internal Security (Maintenance) Act, 1971 will be drawn to the observation of the Supreme Court after a copy of the judgment had been obtained and studied

Scheduled Caste Officers Working in Various Departmeats Under P M's Charge

8191 SHRI AMBESH Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state the number of Class I, II, III and IV Offices working in the Departments under the Prime Minister's charge and the number out of them who belong to Scheduled Caste, communities ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS AND IN THE DEPARTMENT OF PERSONNEL (SHRI RAM NIWAS MIRDHA) : A statement giving the required information as on 1st January, 1971 is laid on the Table of the House [*Placed in Library See* No LT—3145/72]

Number of Scheduled Castes Members of Planning Commission

8192 SHRI AMBESH Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state

(a) the number of members of the Planning Commission ,

(b) he qualifications essential to become a member of the Planning Commission and

(c) the number of Scheduled Caste members out of them ?

THE PRIME MINISTER, MINISTER OF ATOMIC ENERGY, MINISTER OF ELECTRONICS MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS AND MINISTER OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRIMATI INDIRA GANDHI) (a) 4 (excluding the Chairman and the Deputy Chairman)

(b) The members are chosen entirely on the basis of their suitability for the high office

(c) Nil

Misuse of Services of Class IV Scheduled Caste Employees by Officers

8193 SHRI B K DASCHOWDHURY , Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state

(a) whether a large number of Class IV Scheduled Caste employees in the Attached Offices of the Ministry including I B Department are made to do private service to officers as domestic servants, cooks, chauffeurs and watchmen residences during and outside office hours . and

(b) the action taken or proposed to be taken to curb this practice ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F. H. MOHSIN) : (a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

Scheduled Caste Persons sponsored for U. N. O, I. L. O. and other Foreign Assignments

8194. SHRI B. K. DASCHOWDHURY : Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state :

(a) the number of Scheduled Caste persons who have been sponsored for U.N O, I.L.O. and foreign assignments, fellowships and scholarships abroad during the last three years ;

(b) the number of Scheduled Castes employees in Indian Embassies abroad ; and

(c) the broad outlines of the policy of Government in respect of making available these opportunities to members belonging to Scheduled Castes so that full benefit of the training/assignment is also derived for the development of weaker sections of the society ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS AND IN THE DEPARTMENT OF PERSONNEL (SHRI RAM NIWAS MIRDHA) : (a) No separate statistics of Scheduled Caste persons sponsored for foreign assignments, fellowships and scholarships abroad are maintained.

(b) 52.

(c) There is no reservation for Scheduled Castes in assignments under the international organisations and the foreign governments. In view of keen competition for such assignments and the fact that selection in such cases is made by foreign bodies, only the best among the available candidates who can stand on their own in international competition are sponsored. There is no country reservation in the field assignments under the international organisations. As regards training abroad, Government have already issued instructions to the effect that while deputing officers, preference should be given to officers of Scheduled Castes. Government have specifically drawn attention to the fact that it would be useful if officers of Scheduled Castes were included in the various training programmes abroad as it would enable them to broaden their outlook and also build up specialised knowledge. It was also likely to boost up the morale of the officers of these communities These consideration are kept in mind while making selections.

Import and Manufacture of Computers

8195. SHRI R. R. SINGH DEO : Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government have finalised guidelines for the import and manufacture of all type of computers and other electronic equipment ;

(b) if so, what are those guidelines ; and

(c) the number of computers being imported and the foreign exchange involved ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI K. C PANT) : (a) and (b). The finalised guidelines in regard to import and manufacture of computers and associated equipment are as under :—

(i) Indigenous design and production in the field of computers will be encouraged with a view to achieve self-reliance.

(ii) No manufacturing programme based on the renovation of 'As Is' machines will be accepted in future as a matter of national policy.

(iii) All manufacturing programmes for computer systems in the future will be based on terms and conditions as generally applicable to all other manufacturing programmes in the country.

(iv) Manufacturing programmes with majority foreign collaboration will be generally accepted on a 100% export basis.

(v) All users should first attempt to meet their in-house requirements through computers available in the Indian market and additionally draw

on the facilities offered by Regional Computer Centres.

(vi) Computers, other than those available in the Indian market through Indian manufacturing programmes, will be regarded as expensive items of import. Accordingly, requirements for in-house computer facilities, involving import of such systems, will have to be considered on the merits of the case as seen in terms of the relevance of such applications to national development programme and related priorities.

(c) The proposals for import of computers are being specially scrutinized by the Department of Electronics in the context of the above guidelines.

Assistance for relief to People of Pakistan living in Areas under India's Control

8196. SHRI P. M. MEHTA : Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state :

(a) whether the Gujarat Government have sought the help of the Centre to provide relief to the people of Pakistani territory now under India's control ;

(b) whether Government have also received a representation from the people at Nagarparkar stating that they are facing hardship because of their inability to earn their livelihood ; and

(c) if so, the action taken in the matter ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F. H. MOHSIN) : (a) to (c). Only one representation from some Harijans of Nagarparkar area has been received requesting for employment. The Government has been fully aware of the problems of the residents of the Pakistani area under our occupation and steps have been taken for their safety and security, continuous supply of essential commodities and adequate medical attention. The indigent persons are being provided relief assistance. The Government of Gujarat has formulated certain schemes to provide short-term employment to the people. Concurrence of the Government of India in principle to the schemes has been conveyed and the State Government is taking steps to implement them. The entire expenditure on the occupied areas is being borne by the Central Government.

Inadequate Postal Staff

8197. SHRI K KODANDA RAMI REDDY : Will the Minister of COMMUNICATIONS be pleased to state :

(a) whether the postal staff employed at present is inadequate to serve the needs of the Department ;

(b) whether there is any proposal to recruit a large number of people to the Department ; and

(c) if so, number of people to be recruited and categories thereof ?

THE MINISTER OF COMMUNICATIONS (SHRI H. N. BAHUGUNA) : (a) The standards prescribed for sanction of staff are adequate to meet the needs ; the staff actually in position is generally speaking, adequate to serve the needs of the Department. The shortage, if any, varies from circle to circle and the overall shortage is not much.

(b) and (c). Recruitment is done at Circle and Divisional levels and is undertaken in accordance with the recruitment rules, once or twice a year depending on the categories of posts. Hence the precise figures for recruitment to various cadres in the different recruiting units are not readily available. Number of persons to be recruited in different categories in various units are notified by advertisements and also to the Employment exchange wherever necessary.

D.A.V.P. Advertisements to Chhotanagpur Weeklies

8198. KUMARI KAMLA KUMARI : Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state :

(a) whether small weeklies of Chhotanagpur in Bihar are shown negligence in regard to releasing of advertising materials from Department of Audio Visual publicity ;

(b) if so, the reasons thereof ; and

(c) if not, the number of small weeklies

which are is Chhotanagpur and number of those getting advertising materials from D.A.V.P. ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI DHARAM BIR SINGH) : (a) to (c). No Sir. It is the policy of Government to make increasing use of small and medium newspapers and periodicals, particularly those published in Indian languages, according to publicity requirements and availability of funds, provided the publications fulfil the criteria laid down by Government for the purpose. According to the records of the Registrar of Newspapers for India, 21 weeklies are published from Chhotanagpur. Of these, 4 are being used by D A.V P. for Central Government advertisements and 2 more are on their media list. Requests from 3 could not be accepted owing to their irregularity in publication or low figure of circulation. The cases of 2 weeklies are still under consideration. No request has been received from the other weeklies.

National Postal Code

8199. SHRI P. M. MEHTA : Will the Minister of COMMUNICATIONS be pleased to state :

(a) whether the Posts and Telegraphs Department is considering the introduction of a National Postal Code ; and

(b) if so, salient features of the same ?

THE MINISTER OF COMMUNICATIONS (SHRI H. N. BAHUGUNA) : (a) Yes.

(b) National Postal Code is a system of denoting delivery post offices throughout the country by certain numbers or alphabets or a combination of both. When indicated by the public along with the conventional address on the letters, sorting of mail is simplified and routing to the destination is rationalised An appropriate National Code for India is still in the stage of formulation.

Recruitment of Scientists

8200. SHRI P. M MEHTA : Will the Minister of SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY be pleased to state :

(a) whether any new formula has been evolved for the recruitment of scientists ; and

(b) if so, the main changes made ?

THE MINISTER OF PLANNING AND MINISTER OF DEPARTMENT OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (SHRI C. SUBRAMANIAM) : (a) and (b). The standing Group of Ministers on Science and Technology have appointed a Committee under the Chairmanship of the Minister of Planning, Science and Technology and consisting of the Minister of State in the Department of Personnel and the Cabinet Secretary to review the Personnel policy and recruitment practices of Scientific organizations and Departments who recruit their scientific staff through U.P.S.C. The Committee is still engaged in its labours.

आकाशवाणी कार्यक्रम 'अपने देश की बात'

8201. **श्री ईश्वर चौधरी** : क्या सूचना और प्रसारण मन्त्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) वर्ष 1971 मे आकाशवाणी दिल्ली से 'अपने देश की बात' शीर्षक से प्रसारित होने वाले कार्यक्रम का उद्देश्य क्या था और उसके अन्तर्गत कितने शीर्षक प्रसारित हुए;

(ख) ऐसे सूचनावर्धक तथा लोकप्रिय कार्यक्रम को बन्द करने के क्या कारण है; और

(ग) इस कार्यक्रम को पुन प्रसारित करने के लिए क्या कार्यवाही की जा रही है ?

सूचना और प्रसारण मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्रीमती नन्दिनी सत्पथी) : (क) देश में विकासात्मक गतिविधियों तथा राष्ट्रीय एकता के सम्बन्धित मामलों के बारे में लोगों को सूचित करना । 1971 के दौरान इस शृंखला में प्रसारित वार्ताओं/रूपकों की संख्या 262 थी ।

(ख) क्योंकि यह कार्यक्रम एक वर्ष से अधिक समय से नियमित रूप से प्रसारित हो चुका था, इसलिए नीरसता दूर करने के लिए इसको बीच में रोक देने का निर्णय किया गया था ।

(ग) इस कार्यक्रम को इस वर्ष अगस्त से पुनः चालू करने का प्रस्ताव का प्रस्ताव है।

आकाशवाणी के विदेश सेवा कार्यक्रम विभाग मे हिन्दी और नेपाली आलेखों को स्वीकार करना

8202. **श्री ईश्वर चौधरी** : क्या सूचना और प्रसारण मत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) आकाशवाणी के विदेश सेवा कार्यक्रम विभाग से प्रसारित किए जाने वाले हिन्दी और नेपाली कार्यक्रमो के आलेख स्वीकार करने के नियम क्या है;

(ख) क्या इस विभाग ने इस वर्ष से उन वरिष्ठ लेखको के आलेख स्वीकार करना बन्द कर दिया है जो गत वर्ष तक नियमित रूप से आलेख देते रहे थे और जिन्हे काफी लोकप्रियता मिल चुकी है, और

(ग) इस वर्ष मे क्या कार्यवाही करने का विचार है ?

सूचना और प्रसारण मत्रालय मे राज्य मत्री (श्रीमती नन्दिनी सत्पथी) : (क) आकाशवाणी मे अपनाए जाने वाली सामान्य पद्धति के अनुसार विदेश सेवा प्रभाग को बिना मागे प्राप्त होने वाली स्क्रिप्टो का प्रसारण के लिए उनकी उपयुक्तता के आधार पर मूल्याकन किया जाता है और अनुपयुक्त स्क्रिप्टें लेखको को लौटा दी जाती हैं।

(ख) जी, नही

(ग) प्रश्न नही उठता।

Officers on Deputation from U P for Employment in Indian Telephone Industries, Naini

8203. **SHRI S N. MISRA** : Will the Minister of COMMUNICATIONS be pleased to state :

(a) whether some Officers have been taken on deputation from Uttar Pradesh Government for employment in the Indian Telephone Industries Unit being set up at Naini, Allahabad,

(b) if so, their names, the posts held by them under the Uttar Pradesh Government and emoluments drawn by them there ; and

(c) the terms and conditions and the posts against which they have been appointed in the I T I, Naini ?

THE MINISTER OF COMMUNICATIONS (SHRI H N. BAHUGUNA) : (a) to (c) Yes Only one Officer namely. Shri S N Saxena, Deputy Labour Commissioner of the Government of Uttar Pradesh, has been taken on deputation in the Naini Unit of the Indian Telephone Industries Limited The monthly emoluments drawn by him in his parent Department were Rs 1200/- He is working as Manager, Personnel and Administration, in the Naini Unit in the pay group of Rs 1150-1500 The terms and conditions of his deputation are being finalized

टेलीविजन स्टाफ आर्टिस्टों के वेतनमानों का पुनरीक्षण

8204 **श्री लालजी भाई** क्या सूचना और प्रसारण मत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि

(क) क्या उनके मत्रालय के सचिव एव सयुक्त सचिव ने आकाशवाणी के स्टाफ आर्टिस्टो के समक्ष कुछ महीने पहले यह आश्वासन दिया था कि टेलीविजन के स्टाफ आर्टिस्टो के नए वेतनमान अलग से विचाराधीन हैं और उनकी शीघ्र ही घोषणा कर दी जाएगी किन्तु इस बारे मे अभी तक कुछ भी नही किया गया है, और

(ख) यदि हा, तो इसके क्या कारण हैं और नये वेतनमानों की घोषणा कब तक कर दी जाएगी ?

सूचना और प्रसारण मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्रीमती नन्दिनी सत्पथी) : (क) जी, नहीं।

(ख) प्रश्न नही उठता।

Medical Bills Racket in Orissa

8205 **SHRI BHOGENDRA JHA :**
SHRI ARJUN SETHI :

Will the Minister of COMMUNICATIONS be pleased to state :

(a) whether some Officers of the Posts

and Telegraphs Department in Orissa have in collusion with some doctors and druggists, organised a medical bills racket involving about fifty lakhs of rupees in one year alone; and

(b) if so, the main features thereof and action taken thereon ?

THE MINISTER OF COMMUNICATIONS (SHRI H. N. BAHUGUNA) : (a) and (b). No P & T Gazetted Officer is involved in any medical bills racket. However, a large number of Class III and IV officials perhaps in collusion with doctors and druggists, would appear to have obtained false medical re-imbursements during the year 1971-72. The claims were supported by cash memos from the druggists and necessary certificates from the doctors. The claims were technically found to be in order and were, therefore, paid. Total expenditure on medical bills reimbursement during the year in Orissa Circle was Rs. 43.11 lakhs. Cases which *prima facie* appeared to be bogus were reported to the S.P.E. and are being investigated by them

Cases of doctors suspected to be in collusion with the staff were reported to the local Government. Reports were also sent to the Income-Tax authorities indicating the total amount of fees collected by these doctors from the P & T officials as shown in the bills.

Amount of share money collected by M/s. Praja Sehkari Udyog, Bharatpur

8206. SHRI AZIZ IMAM :
SHRI SAT PAL KAPUR :

Will the Minister of INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to refer to reply given to Unstarred Question No. 6395 on the 17th May, 1972 regarding the manufacture of Apolo scooter in public sector and state :

(a) the amount of share money collected by M/s. Praja Sehkari Udyog, Bharatpur Ltd ; so far ;

(b) whether the share money is lying safe in the Punjab National Bank, Bharatpur ; and

(c) if so, the steps taken by Government to see that this money is refunded to the person concerned ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD) : (a) Rs. 6,05,010

(b) Pending completion of the inquiry into the affairs of the Samiti, Government of Rajasthan have taken steps to ensure that no withdrawals from its bank account are allowed to the Samiti.

(c) The question of refund of the share will be considered after the enquiry is over.

List of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes

8207. SHRI KARTIK ORAON : Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state :

(a) whether the criteria and guidelines fixed for the purpose of inclusion in the list of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes are uniform ;

(b) if so, the salient features thereof and if not, the reasons for discrimination ;

(c) whether it is open for any person to give evidence to establish in a court of law that he or she is a member of Scheduled Caste or Scheduled Tribe ; and

(d) whether the court of law is competent to make amendments in the list of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes on the top of the notification of the President ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F. H. MOHSIN) : (a) to (d). Under Articles 341 and 342, the President by an order specifies the caste to be included in the two Schedules. This list can be amended by an Act of Parliament. The discretion of the Parliament cannot be restricted by any criteria laid down Once the Parliament takes a decision, it is final and no court can enter into the Question whether a particular caste should be in the Schedule or not. On a question of fact, there is nothing to debar the court for deciding the issue whether a particular person belongs to a particular caste.

Setting up a big Industry by Foreign Countries and their Capital Investment

8208. SHRI MARTAND SINGH : Will the Minister of INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :

(a) whether some foreign countries have approached the Government for setting up big industries in India ; and

(b) if so, the broad outlines of their proposal regarding their capital investment in India ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD) : (a) and (b). Proposals involving collaboration by foreign countries for setting up industries in India are normally received through their Indian collaborators. All such proposals are considered on a case-to-case basis in accordance with Government's policy on the subject.

During the years 1971 and 1972 (January-March) proposals involving foreign capital participation amounting to Rs. 583.81 lakhs and Rs. 53.2 lakhs respectively were approved by the Government.

हिन्दी दैनिक "अवन्तिका" के परिचालन के बारे में चार्टर्ड एकाउन्टेन्टों द्वारा गलत प्रमाण-पत्र दिया जाना

8309. श्री हुकम चन्द कछवाय : क्या सूचना और प्रसारण मंत्री उज्जैन से प्रकाशित "अवन्तिका" द्वारा गलत प्रकाशन संख्या देने के बारे में 19 अप्रैल, 1972 के अतारांकित प्रश्न संख्या 3262 के उत्तर के सम्बन्ध में यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) चार्टर्ड एकाउण्टेंट द्वारा हिन्दी दैनिक "अवन्तिका" की कितनी बार और किस-किस तारीख को पत्रिका की परिचालन संख्या तथा कागज की खपत के बारे में प्रमाण-पत्र दिये गए हैं;

(ख) क्या सरकार का विचार उपरोक्त चार्टर्ड एकाउण्टेंट के विरुद्ध कठोर कार्यवाही करने का है जिससे वह भविष्य में इस प्रकार के गलत प्रमाण-पत्र न दे सके ;

(ग) क्या सरकार ने उपरोक्त पत्रिका के उस रजिस्टर का निरीक्षण किया है जिसमें यह ब्यौरा दिया हुआ है कि किस-किस स्थान पर कितना पत्र भेजा गया;

(घ) क्या सरकार का विचार वास्तविक आंकड़ों का पता लगाने के लिए उक्त पत्रिका के एजेन्टों से सम्पर्क स्थापित करने का है; और

(ङ) इस पत्रिका की कितनी प्रतियां उज्जैन तथा अन्य स्थानों पर बिकती हैं और कितनी प्रतियां प्रतिदिन वापिस आ जाती हैं ?

सूचना और प्रसारण मन्त्रालय में उप मंत्री (श्री धर्मवीर सिंह) : (क) भारत के समाचार-पत्रों के रजिस्ट्रार के कार्यालय के रिकार्ड में "अवन्तिका' के प्रकाशक द्वारा दिए गए चार्टर्ड एकान्टेंटों के 7 प्रमाण-पत्र हैं। इनमें से 3 प्रमाण-पत्र अखबारी कागज के लिए इनके आवेदन पत्रों के सम्बन्ध में तारीख 19 अगस्त, 1969, 14 जुलाई, 1970 तथा 23 जून, 1971 के हैं तथा चार वार्षिक विवरणों में पत्र के खपत संख्या के दावों के सम्बन्ध में तारीख 27 फरवरी, 1969, 24 जनवरी, 1970, 25 फरवरी, 1971 तथा 24 फरवरी, 1972 के हैं।

(ख) किसी चार्टर्ड एकाउन्टेंट के विरुद्ध कार्रवाई तभी प्रारम्भ की जाती है जब प्रथम दृष्टि में बेईमानी का मामला सिद्ध हो जाता है। जिन चार्टर्ड एकाउन्टेन्टों ने ये प्रमाण-पत्र दिए, उनके विरुद्ध इस प्रकार का कोई मामला अभी तक नहीं बना है।

(ग) जब फरवरी, 1971 में इस दैनिक की खपत संख्या की जांच की गई थी तब 1969 तथा 1970 के वर्षों के सम्बन्धित रिकार्ड की जांच की गई थी।

(घ) जी, नहीं।

(ङ) इस दैनिक पत्र की 1969 तथा

1970 में छपत संख्या 2,500 प्रतियां आंकी गई थी, जिनमें उज्जैन तथा अन्य स्थानों में बिकी प्रतियां, उपहार स्वरूप दी गई प्रतियां तथा न बिकी वापिस आई हुई प्रतियां, इत्यादि भी शामिल है। प्रकाशक के द्वारा भारत के समाचारपत्रों के रजिस्ट्रार के कार्यालय को भेजे गये विवरणों के अनुसार न बिकी प्रतियों की औसत संख्या का इस प्रकार दावा किया गया है :—

1968 69	शून्य
1969-70	59 प्रतियां
1970-71	77 प्रतियां

बिकी प्रतियों की तथा न बिकी वापिस आई प्रतियों की संख्या के बारे में क्षेत्रवार सूचना उपलब्ध नहीं है।

Scheme from Kerala for Industrial Development

8210. SHRIMATI BHARGAVI THANKAPPAN : Will the Minister of INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :

(a) whether the Government of Kerala have reformulated any scheme recently for industrial development of the State and sent it to the Central Government for sanction ; and

(b) if so, the salient features thereof ; and the reaction of the Central Government ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD) : (a) No such scheme has been received in the Ministry of Industrial Development.

(b) Does not arise.

Setting up of Industries in Quilon (Kerala)

8211. SHRIMATI BHARGAVI THANKAPPAN : Will the Minister of INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :

(a) whether there are any applications pending for the grant of licences for industrial units to be set up in the State of Kerala ; and

(b) whether any of them are proposed to be set up in Quilon District of Kerala State ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD) : (a) 18 applications are pending for grant of industrial licences for the setting up of new undertakings in the state of Kerala.

(b) None of these applications relates to the setting up of a new industrial undertaking in the district of Quilon.

Industries in backward Districts of Kerala

8212 SHRIMATI BHARGAVI THANKAPPAN : Will the Minister of INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state the number of industries in public and private sector which are located in the backward Districts of Kerala ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD) : Trivandrum, Cunnanore, Trichur, Malappuram and Alleppey districts from Kerala have been declared as backward for the purposes of concessional finance from the financial institutions for industries to be started there. In the Central public sector, Hindustan Latex Limited is located in the Trivandrum District. Information relating to the number of private sector industries in these districts is not readily available.

Regional Committee for Rayalaseema on the pattern of Telengana Regional Committee

8213. SHRI K. KODANDA RAMI REDDY : Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state :

(a) whether legislators from Rayalaseema region in Andhra Pradesh have in a memorandum requested the Prime Minister to set up a Regional Committee for Rayalaseema on the pattern of Telengana Regional Committee ;

(b) the other demands made therein ; and

(c) the reaction of Government thereto ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI

F. H. MOHSIN) : (a) and (b). A memorandum was presented to the Prime Minister by the Legislators of Rayalaseema at Hyderabad on April 28, 1972 demanding *inter alia* the setting up of a regional committee for the Rayalaseema districts on the lines of Telengana Regional Committee. The other demands made in the memorandum are as follows :—

(i) 'Wells projects' should be taken up by Government as an emergency measure to eradicate famine.

(ii) For effective implementation of the 'wells project', power is essential. The Central Government may, therefore, take over the Srisailam Hydro-Electric project presently under execution and speed up its completion.

(iii) Industries like pig-iron plant, paper plant, tractor plant, all engines and pump-set manufacturing plant, fertiliser complex, sugar factories and also other mineral based industries may be started in this region to provide employment and remove economic backwardness.

(iv) The villages in Rayalaseema Districts should be electrified waiving the condition of remunerative percentage of returns of a village scheme.

(v) The East and West Canals of the old Siddheswaram (Krishna Pennar) project should be taken up from the fore shore of the Srisailam project to irrigate 6 lakh acres in Kurnool and Cuddapah districts.

(vi) Drinking water supply should be made available to all villages by providing four rigs for each districts.

(vii) A sum of not less than Rs. 50 crores should be allocated for each district of Rayalaseema in the 4th Plan in order to eradicate famine permanently. The Government may raise loans from LIC, World Bank and other financial institutions to meet these needs.

(c) Government can understand the desire of the legislators to promote the welfare of the people of Rayalaseema. The object is to be achieved through planned development, and the backwardness of the Rayalaseema area has been taken note of by the State Government in allocating annual plan outlays.

Industries in Rayalaseema (A.P.)

8214. SHRI K. KODANDA RAMI REDDY : Will the Minister of INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :

(a) the number and names of the new industries, large, medium and small-scale, which have been set up in Rayalaseema region of Andhra Pradesh since 1969-70 ;

(b) the amounts invested by the Centre, State and financial institutions in those industries ; and

(c) the number and names of industries proposed to be set up during 1972-73 in that area ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD) : (a) and (c) On the basis of the information received from the Andhra Pradesh Government there are 19 medium sector units, 2 heavy industrial units and 6 new units in the Rayalaseema region of the State *vide* Statement laid on the Table of the House—[*Placed in Library. See* No. LT—3146/72]. The dates on which these were set up and the information regarding small sector units are not available.

(b) while there is no Central industrial project in that area, information relating to investment by the State Government and financial institutions in that region is not readily available.

Issue of Commemorative Stamp of Shri T. Prakasam Panthulu to coincide with his birth Centenary

8215. SHRI K. KODANDA RAMI REDDY : Will the Minister of COMMUNICATIONS be pleased to state :

(a) whether the Andhra Pradesh Government has requested the Centre to so arrange

the issue of commemorative stamp of Shri T. Prakasam Panthulu as to coincide with the birth centenary celebrations of the leader ; and

(b) if so, the reaction of Government ?

THE MINISTER OF COMMUNICATIONS (SHRI H.N. BAHUGUNA) : (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) It has been decided to issue a Commemorative stamp on Shri T. Prakasam Panthulu, in the year 1972

Nuclear Power Plant in Andhra Pradesh

8216. SHRI K. KODANDA RAMI REDDY : Will the Minister of ATOMIC ENERGY be pleased to state :

(a) whether the site selection committee had recommended Somasila in Mehboobnagar district of Andhra Pradesh as best suited for setting up a nuclear power plant ; and

(b) if so, the reasons for delay in starting preliminary work there ?

THE PRIME MINISTER, MINISTER OF ATOMIC ENERGY, MINISTER OF ELECTRONICS, MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS AND MINISTER OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRIMATI INDIRA GANDHI) : (a) No, Sir. The Site Selection Committee has not yet completed investigations of sites in the Southern Electricity Region,

(b) Does not arise.

Proposal to set up H.M.T. workshop in Luxemberg

8217. SHRI JAGANNATH MISHRA : Will the Minister of INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :

(a) whether the Hindustan Machine Tools Ltd. propose to establish a Workshop at Luxemberg ;

(b) if so, the expenditure involved in establishing this Workshop ; and

(c) whether Hindustan Machine Tools Ltd. proposes to establish such workshops in other countries also ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD) : (a) Hindustan Machine Tools are considering a proposal to establish an essembly base at Luxembourg.

(b) Approximate capital expenditure will be Rs 15 lakhs.

(c) No, Sir.

Regionalization Plan formulated by Andhra Pradesh

8218. SHRI JAGANNATH MISHRA : Will the Minister of PLANNING be pleased to state :

(a) whether his attention has been drawn to the statement made by the Chief Minister of Andhra Pradesh regarding the submission to the Centre of a regionalization plan formulated by the State Government ; and

(b) if so, the main features of the plan and the Centre's reaction thereon ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHRI MOHAN DHARIA) : (a) It is presumed that the Hon'ble Member is referring to the scheme for the regionalisation of service cadres in Andhra Pradesh. If so, proposals for regionalising the service cadres in regard to 32 departments have been submitted recently by the State Government to the Department of Personnel (Cabinet Secretariat) for approval

(b) The main features of the scheme is to divide State-wide service cadres into Regional cadres, wherever possible, for administrative convenience. The detailed scheme for each Department is under examination.

Issue of licences for developed and backward areas

8219. SHRI NIHAR LASKAR :
SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU :

Will the Minister of INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state the

number of industrial licences issued for developed areas and backward areas of each State during the last three years ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD) : A statement showing the requisite information is given below :

State	No. of industrial licences issued relating to location of industrial units in backward areas			No. of industrial licences issued relating to location of industrial units in areas other than backward areas		
	1969	1970	1971	1969	1970	1971
1. Andhra Pradesh	2	1	5	4	13	34
2. Assam	1	1	4	—	—	1
3. Bihar	1	6	4	7	16	20
4. Delhi	—	—	—	2	3	12
5. Gujarat	1	3	4	18	34	63
6. Himachal Pradesh	—	—	—	—	—	1
7. Haryana	—	2	1	6	25	32
8. Jammu & Kashmir	—	—	1	—	—	1
9. Kerala	—	—	—	2	10	7
10. Madhya Pradesh	—	—	9	3	2	11
11. Maharashtra	3	15	6	78	91	162
12. Mysore	1	4	6	4	13	16
13. Orissa	1	1	1	2	3	7
14. Pondicherry	—	—	—	—	—	1
15. Punjab	—	2	—	1	9	13
16. Rajasthan	—	2	7	—	5	9
17. Tamil Nadu	4	13	12	8	22	40
18. Uttar Pradesh	—	1	4	8	25	44
19. West Bengal	5	8	12	59	33	72
20. More than one State	—	—	—	—	—	3

ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों को जल की सप्लाई

8220. **श्री मूलचन्द डागा** : क्या योजना मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या चतुर्थ योजना के अन्त तक ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में जल की सप्लाई करने के सम्बन्ध में अन्वेषण कार्य पूरा करने के लिए कोई समय-बद्ध कार्यक्रम बनाया गया है;

(ख) यदि हां, तो क्या राजस्थान सरकार ने भी ऐसा ही कार्यक्रम बनाया है; और

(ग) यदि हां, तो इस योजना से पाली जिले के किन गांवों को यह सुविधा मिलेगी ?

योजना मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री जोहन धारिया) : (क) से (ग). चौथी पंचवर्षीय योजना अवधि में, राज्यों द्वारा अपनी राज्य योजनाओं के अन्तर्गत ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में जल की सप्लाई के लिए 125 करोड़ रुपये रखे गए हैं। यह पूर्व तीन योजनाओं में आवंटित धनराशि से दुगुनी है। इससे जितने गांवों में पानी की व्यवस्था करनी सम्भव होगी उतने में व्यवस्था करने का विचार है तथा दुर्गम तथा अभावग्रस्त क्षेत्रों

तथा अनेक प्रकार की स्थानिक मारी बीमारियो से ग्रस्त क्षेत्रों को तरजीह दी जाएगी ।

इस कार्यक्रम के कार्यान्वयन के लिए, यूनीसेफ से चट्टानी क्षेत्रो के लिए 100 हाई स्पीड ड्रिलिंग रिग्स प्राप्त करने की व्यवस्था की गई है । इनमे से 50 चौथी योजना के पहले तीन वर्षों के दौरान प्राप्त हो जायेंगे तथा बाकी योजना के अन्तिम दो वर्षों मे प्राप्त होगे ।

इस कार्यक्रम को और आगे बढावा देने के उद्देश्य से ग्रामीण जल सप्लाई के लिए शत-प्रतिशत केन्द्रीय सहायता की एक विशेष स्कीम तैयार की गई है, और इसके लिए 1972-73 के बजट मे 15 करोड रुपये की व्यवस्था की गई है, इस विशेष कार्यक्रम के अन्तर्गत, अभावग्रस्त, हैजा की स्थानिक मारी से प्रभावित गाव या नहरुआ ग्रस्तित तथा इसी प्रकार की अन्य समस्याओ से ग्रसित सघन क्षेत्रो मे जल आपूर्ति स्कीमे शुरू की जायेगी । आदिम जातियो, हरिजनो और अन्य पिछडे वर्गों जैसे कमजोर वर्ग की आवश्यकताओ को प्राथमिकता दी जाएगी ।

ग्रामीण जल आपूर्ति की समस्या का समाधान करने के लिए राजस्थान राज्य योजना मे 20 करोड रुपये की व्यवस्था की गई है । इसके विपरीत योजना के प्रथम 3 वर्षों के दौरान सम्भावित खर्चा 7.78 करोड रुपये का हुआ । वार्षिक योजना 1972-73 के लिए लगभग 6 करोड रुपये की धनराशि स्वीकृत की गई है ।

शत प्रतिशत केन्द्रीय सहायता की विशेष स्कीम के अन्तर्गत राजस्थान सरकार ने अभी कोई स्कीम नही भेजी है ।

इस स्कीम से पाली जिले के कितने गाव लाभान्वित होगे, योजना आयोग को इस बारे मे कोई जानकारी नही है ।

Research and Development work in H.M.T.

8221. SHRI FATESNGHRAO GAEKWAD : Will the Minister of INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state

(a) whether the Hindustan Machine Tools Limited has not set up any research development organisation, and

(b) if so, the steps Government propose to take to encourage research work in the undertaking ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD) (a) HMT has set up a design development and research department which has been functioning since 1962

(b) Does not arise

उत्तर प्रदेश में फसल लूटे जाने के फलस्वरूप गोली चलाना

8222 **श्री चन्द्रिका प्रसाद** क्या गृह मत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या बिहार राज्य का एक उच्च अधिकारी पुलिसबल के साथ मार्च, 1972 के अन्तिम सप्ताह मे उत्तर प्रदेश की सीमा मे घुस आया और वहा फसल लुटवाई जिसके परिणामस्वरूप वहा गोली चली थी,

(ख) क्या वहां स्थिति अब भी तनावपूर्ण है, और

(ग) यदि हा, तो मामले को सुलझाने के लिए सरकार द्वारा क्या प्रभावकारी उपाय किए जा रहे है ?

गृह मंत्रालय मे उपमत्री (श्री एफ० एच० मोहसिन) : (क) से (ग). सबन्धित प्राधिकारियो से सूचना प्रत्याशित है और प्राप्त होने पर उसे सभा पटल पर रख दिया जाएगा ।

Grant of Pension to Freedom Fighters who underwent Imprisonment for less than Six Months

8223 SHRI SHIVNATH SINGH Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state

(a) whether the Central Government propose to grant pension to those freedom

fighters of the country who underwent a lesser period of imprisonment than six months but had to suffer considerably in other ways, such as losing of Government Service for ever or early retirement from service etc. ; and

(b) if not, the reasons therefor ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F. H. MOHSIN) : (a) No, Sir.

(b) The scheme formulated by the Government of India is intended to cover only those freedom fighters who have suffered imprisonment in the mainland jails for not less than six months. The families of martyrs and such freedom fighters as are no longer alive are also covered by the scheme.

बीकानेर (राजस्थान) में गिरफ्तार किए गए पाकिस्तानी जासूसो से बरामद किए गए गुप्त दस्तावेज

8224. **डा० लक्ष्मीनारायण पांडे :**
श्री फूल चन्द वर्मा :

क्या गृह मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या सरकार को पता है कि बीकानेर (राजस्थान) मे दो पाकिस्तानी जासूसो को गिरफ्तार किया गया है;

(ख) यदि हा, तो क्या उनसे कुछ गुप्त दस्तावेज प्राप्त हुए है;

(ग) क्या इस बात के समाचार हैं कि कुछ और पाकिस्तानी जासूस उस क्षेत्र मे सक्रिय हैं; और

(घ) यदि हां, तो इस बारे मे पूरे तथ्य क्या हैं ?

गृह मंत्रालय तथा कार्मिक विभाग में राज्य मंत्री (श्री राम निवास मिर्धा) : (क) और (ख). 8 मई, 1972 को बीकानेर मे पाकिस्तानी जासूस होने के सन्देह मे दो व्यक्ति गिरफ्तार किए गए थे । उनसे कोई गुप्त दस्तावेज प्राप्त नहीं हुए । क्योंकि मामले की जांच-पड़ताल हो रही है । अत: इस अवस्था में आगे ब्यौरा देना लोक हित में नही होगा ।

(ग) सरकार को ऐसी कोई सूचना नहीं है ।

(घ) प्रश्न नहीं उठता ।

Registration of Cases for practising untouchability and Persons awarded Punishment on this Account

8225 SHRI SHASHI BHUSHAN : Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state the total number of cases regarding practising untouchability registered and the number of persons awarded punishment on this account during the last three years, year-wise and State-wise in the country ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F H MOHSIN) The information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House.

Opening of Science Academy in Madhya Pradesh

8226 SHRI MARTAND SINGH . Will the Minister of SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY be pleased to state whether there is any proposal under the consideration of Government to open Science Academy in the State of Madhya Pradesh which is a backward state in the country ?

THE MINISTER OF PLANNING AND MINISTER OF DEPARTMENT OF SCIENCE AND TECENOLOGY (SHRI C. SUBRAMANIAM) : No, Sir.

It is for the Scientists of a region to set up their own academies or scientific societies.

CORRECTION OF ANSWER TO USQ No. 4953 DATED 16.12.1970 RE USE OF STAFF CAR IN CIVIL DEFENCE ORGANISATION IN DELHI

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI

F. H. MOHSIN) : The information laid on the Table of the House in response to para (c) of the above mentioned question may be corrected as follows :—

"During the period of 1st April, 1968 to 30th September, 1969, Maj Gen Bhagwati Singh, Director of Civil Defence and Commandant General Home Guards, Delhi, visited various places 2,067 times".

The director of Civil Defence, Delhi and Delhi Administration were requested in December, 1970, to supply information in respect of part (d) of the question for fulfilling the assurance. A statement containing information was received from the Director of Civil Defence, Delhi, in April, 1971. Delhi Administration was requested to scrutinise this statement and to certify its correctness before it could be sent to the Department of Parliamentary Affairs for laying it on the Table of the House.

2. Delhi Administration deputed a senior officer for scrutinising the statement with reference to the logbooks of the staff cars pertaining to the period 1st April, 1968 to 30th September, 1969, and other relevant records. During the course of scrutiny certain discrepancies came to light and Delhi Administration finally certified the correctness of the statement in January 1972 A further scrutiny of the statement had to be made in the Ministry. Thereafter the statement was translated into Hindi and sent to the Department of Parliamentary Affairs for being laid on the Table of the House in fulfilment of the assurance.

3. All this accounts for the dalay in correcting the reply.

12.40 hrs.

RE : QUESTION OF PRIVILEGE (*Query*)

SHRI S. A. SHAMIM (Shrinagar) : On a point of order. This is an important point of order.

MR. SPEAKER : Point of order should be on something

SHRI S. A. SHAMIM : I refer to you as protector of our rights and custodian of our privileges I, a member of Parliament, am being harrassed by the Central Intelligence All those visitors who come to me are interrupted and harassed I am followed and shadowed by that car every day As a Member of Parliament, I am not allowed to function freely. I may be told, Sir, whether I am living in a democratic republic of India or in Police State ..

MR. SPEAKER : There is no privilege involved.

SHRI S A. SHAMIM : If you had doubted my statement, I could have corroborated or substantiated. You have observed, Sir, that there is no breach of privilege involved...

MR. SPEAKER : No breach of privilege is involved.

SHRI S. A. SHAMIM : I am not allowed to function freely as a Member of Parliament.

MR. SPEAKER : I see you sitting all right in the House.

SHRI P. K. DEO (Kalahandi) : This is a serious matter. Telephones are tapped and we are shadowed . (*Interruptions*)

MR. SPEAKER : Whatever Government does is administrative or for other security reasons I am not there to judge about it.

श्री अटल बिहारी वाजपेयी (ग्वालियर) : अध्यक्ष महोदय, आप मेरा निवेदन सुनें। जो वह कह रहे है वह गलत है या सही है यह हम नहीं जानते लेकिन अगर सही है तो फिर यह प्रिविलेज का मामला है। मेम्बर किस तरह से काम कर सकता है अगर उसके दरवाजे पर पुलिस बैठी है, जो लोग मिलने आते हैं उन पर नजर रखी जाती है, टेलीफोन सुना जाता है..... (व्यवधान) ..

श्री पीलू मोदी (गोधरा) : और उन से पूछा जाता है कि आप काश्मीर के एम पी के यहां क्यों जाते हैं ?.....

SHRI S. A SHAMIM : I am an independent ; I belong to no party How do you say, Sir, that it is not a question of privilege ?

MR. SPEAKER : That does not come under privilege.

SHRI SHYAMANANDAN MISHRA (Begusarai) : The best course is that you look into those grievances . (*Interruptions*)

SHRI DINEN BHATTACHARYYA (Serampore) : The other day also Mr. Jyotirmoy Bosu complained to you, Sir. Our members are also being harassed by the police You can see before our office 4 Ashoka Road, police standing there. This is going on daily.

SHRI H. N. MUKERJEE (Calcutta-North-East) : He is prevented from functioning. You cannot offer him protection (*Interruptions*)

MR. SPEAKER : I may tell you, the Member has no immunity here (*Interruptions*) I cannot say that this is a question of privilege.

SHRI H N MUKERJEE : A Member is hindered from performance of his duty The police is pestering him Government can give an assurance (*Interruptions*)

SHRI SHYAMANANDAN MISHRA : You are the protector of our rights. You can look into the grievances

SHRI PILOO MODY : Are you suggesting that the Member has to die before we realise that he is being harassed ?

MR. SPEAKER : That is your suggestion.

SHRI PILOO MODY : No, because you say that you see him here everyday. What I am saying is...(*Interruptions*) Please allow me to make my submission.

Here, a member of this House has made a very humble request to you in writing and otherwise that he is being harassed, visitors who come to his house are being followed and, thereafter, the Police or whoever it is, go to the visitor's houses and ask them, 'What are you doing in the house of a Kashmiri MP ?' Then, the people who come to him may be for business, may be for social porposes and they are being harassed. Here is a Member who does not have a Party behind him, seeking your protection and the protection of the House and an assurance from the Government. I do not understand what difficulty you are having in hearing the grievance of the member and taking the opinion of the House as to what should be done in a matter like this.

MR. SPEAKER : So far as any obstruction to the Member is concerned, I am going to inquire into it ..

SHRI PILOO MODY : Thank you.

MR SPEAKER : But, as a privilege, I am not entertaining it. In the past, we did not allow it.

SHRI H. N. MUKERJEE : A Member who is personally pestered would have to be proficient in the law of privilege before he comes here and seeks your protection ? Today, for ten minutes we have been listening to these things and you have not uttered a word of protection If you had uttered this ten minutes earlier, it could have spared us this ignominy

MR SPEAKER You are a senior Member How can it be a privilege ?

SHRI H N MUKERJEE : Don't let us hear that over and over again.. (*Interruptions*) One word from you would have been sufficient

SHRI INDRAJIT GUPTA (Alipore) : A complaint to the Government ..

MR SPEAKER : Not a complaint to the Government. He came in another form ..(*Interruptions*) How can I.. (*Interruptions*) It is not at all a privilege...(*Interruptions*) I am sorry I cannot entertain ..(*Interruptions*) Order, please. I didn't call your name ..

SHRI ATAL BIHARI VAJPAYEE : Now, they are keeping quiet.

SHRI S M. BANERJEE (Kanpur) ; There is an earlier instance, Sir, when Mr. Maurya, who was not a Congress Member

then, was constantly shadowed and he and his wife were harassed by the Police and there was CID all around his house and on every side of his house. When he came here and raised the matter—and he stayed here in this House for two days—his wife was being harassed by the police, the Speaker who was in the chair said clearly that this was an interference with his parliamentary work and he would be protected.. (*Interruptions*). I would only request you, Sir.. (*Interruptions*) I don't claim any privilege. I am against all privileges. The other day when a member, a Congress member came here saying that he was beaten in the hospital, the entire House discussed it for two or three hours. But, here a member says ..

MR. SPEAKER : No precedent. In such cases no privilege is involved. When that member came, did any member amongst you on this side come up with a privilege ? It is only that I made certain observations that it was too bad. Did you come with privilege motion ?

SHRI INDRAJIT GUPTA : Not a privilege Privilege issue should not be confused with amenities.

MR. SPEAKER : Not at all Don't club that case with the present one. Mr. Moinul Haque Choudhury.

SHRI PILOO MODY : What happened in the hospital was a little scuffle—two people having arguments and a scuffle took place But this is a matter of considerable importance and far-reaching consequences.

SHRI S. A. SHAMIM : Do you ask the CID to post a permanent guard at my place ?

MR. SPEAKER : Now, papers to be laid on the Table.

SHRI S. A. SHAMIM : Do you accept Government's right to place Intelligence people outside my residence ? That is my question ? Do you accept this Government's right to do so ?

डा० लक्ष्मीनारायण पांडेय (मंदसौर) : मैंने विशेषाधिकार के प्रश्न की सूचना भेजी है 24 घंटे को, सूचना और प्रसारण मंत्रालय की मांगों का जवाब देते हुए श्रीमती नन्दिनी सत्पथी ने जो कहा है उसके सम्बन्ध मे मेरे पास पूरा प्रमाण है, फोटो स्टेट कापी भी है कि जो कुछ उन्होने कहा है वह सही नही है। तो मैं चाहता हूं कि आप उसे उठाने के लिए मुझे अनुमति दीजिए··· (व्यवधान) ·····

अध्यक्ष महोदय : मैंने उसको भेज दिया है।

डा० लक्ष्मी नारायण पाण्डेय : लेकिन कल तो सदन उठ जायगा—यह बडा गम्भीर आरोप है। उन्होने उसका खण्डन नही किया है·····

MR. SPEAKER : I have already sent it to the hon Minister according to the procedure laid down.

SHRI S. A SHAMIM I am not satisfied. I would like to hear from the Chair whether the Chair upholds the right of the Central Intelligence to shadow me ? I want a categorical answer from the Chair whether the Chair upholds the right of the Central Government to shadow me and to put my house under surveillance.

MR. SPEAKER : I cannot give any protection to any MP against any law.

SHRI S. A. SHAMIM : What was the answer to my question, Sir ?

MR SPEAKER : No answer at all

डा० लक्ष्मी नारायण पाण्डेय : अध्यक्ष महोदय, मुझे विशेषाधिकार का प्रस्ताव प्रस्तुत करने की अनुमति दीजिये।

अध्यक्ष महोदय : मैंने बताया है कि मैंने भेज दिया है, जब वह आयेगा तो बता दूगा।

श्री अटल बिहारी वाजपेयी : कब बता देंगे ? कल सेशन खत्म होने वाला है।

MR. SPEAKER : I have already sent it.

डा० लक्ष्मी नारायण पाण्डेय : बड़ा गम्भीर आरोप है, फोटो-स्टेट कापी है, पूरे प्रमाण हैं। उन्होंने जो कुछ कहा है, सत्य नहीं कहा है, उन्होंने मिसलीड किया है।

श्री अटल बिहारी वाजपेयी : मामला गम्भीर मालूम पड़ता है, इस के लिये कुछ तो करना पड़ेगा ।

अध्यक्ष महोदय : इसमें आप भी कुछ शामिल हैं ।

श्री अटल बिहारी वाजपेयी : वह कह रहे हैं कि उन्होंने फोटोस्टेट कापी आप को भेजी है । आप ने उसको देखा होगा, कह दीजिये कि वह गलत है, जाली है या कहा जाय कि सच है ।

अध्यक्ष महोदय : वह कहीं फिल्म-फेस्टीवल में गई हुई थीं, अभी आई हैं, इस लिये देखेंगे कि क्या हुआ, क्या नहीं हुआ । आप की पूरी तसल्ली करवायेंगे ।

डा० लक्ष्मीनारायण पाण्डेय : तसल्ली कब होगी, यह सदन तो कल उठ जायगा ।

अध्यक्ष महोदय : डाक्टर साहब, आप क्या बात कह रहे हैं । क्या आप बता सकते हैं कि प्रेसेन्ट किस दिन राजी होगा । अभी बात चल रही है, उसको देखेंगे ।

12 54 hrs.

PAPERS LAID ON THE TABLE

REVIEW AND ANNUAL REPORT OF NATIONAL INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION LTD., NEW DELHI

औद्योगिक विकास मंत्रालय में उप-मंत्री (श्री सिद्धेश्वर प्रसाद) : अध्यक्ष महोदय, मैं कम्पनी अधिनियम, 1956 की धारा 619क की उपधारा (1) के अन्तर्गत निम्नलिखित पत्रों (हिन्दी तथा अंग्रेजी संस्करण) की एक-एक प्रति सभा-पटल पर रखता हूं—

(1) राष्ट्रीय औद्योगिक विकास निगम लिमिटेड, नई दिल्ली, के वर्ष 1970-71 के कार्य की सरकार द्वारा समीक्षा ।

(2) राष्ट्रीय औद्योगिक विकास निगम लिमिटेड, नई दिल्ली, का वर्ष 1970-71 सम्बन्धी वार्षिक प्रतिवेदन तथा लेखापरीक्षित लेखे और उन पर नियंत्रक और महालेखापरीक्षक की टिप्पणियां ।

[*Placed in Library. See* No. LT—3118/72].

REVIEW AND ANNUAL REPORT OF CENTRAL ROAD TRANSPORT CORPORATION LTD., CALCUTTA

THE MINISTER OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS AND SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT (SHRI RAJ BAHADUR) : I beg to lay on the Table a copy each of the following papers (Hindi and English versions) under sub-section (1) of section 619A of the Companies Act, 1956 :—

(1) Review by the Government on the working of the Central Road Transport Corporation Limited, Calcutta, for the year 1970-71.

(2) Annual Report of the Central Road Transport Corporation Limited, Calcutta, for the year 1970-71 along with the Audited Accounts and the comments of the Comptroller and Auditor General thereon. [*Placed in Library. See* No. LT—3119/72].

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT AND BALANCE SHEET OF TELECOMMUNICATION BRANCH OF THE P & T DEPARTMENT

THE MINISTER OF COMMUNICATIONS (SHRI H. N. BAHUGUNA) : I beg to lay on the Table a copy of the Profit and Loss Account and Balance Sheet (On accrual basis) of the Telecommunication Branch of the Indian Posts and Telegraphs Department for the year 1970-71 (Hindi and English versions). [*Placed in Library. See* No. LT—3120/72].

PREVENTION OF FOOD ADULTERATION (AMENDMENT) RULES, 1972

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING (SHRI A. K. KISKU) : On

behalf of Prof. D. P. Chattopadhyaya, I beg to lay on the Table a copy of the Prevention of Food Adulteration (Amendment) Rules, 1972 (Hindi and English versions) published in Notification No. G.S.R. 553 in Gazette of India dated the 6th May, 1972, under sub-section (2) of section 23 of the Prevention of Food Adulteration Act, 1954. [*Placed in Library. See* No. LT—3121/72].

BUDGET ESTIMATES ETC, 1972-73 OF AIR INDIA AND INDIAN AIRLINES

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION (DR. SAROJINI MAHISHI): I beg to lay on the Table a copy each of the following papers (Hindi and English versions) under sub-rule (5) of rule 3 of the Air Corporations Rules, 1954 :—

(1) Summary of Budget Estimates for Revenue and Expenditure of Air India for the year 1972-73.

(2) Summary of Actuals for the year 1970-71, Budget Estimates and Revised Estimates for the year 1971-72 and Budget Estimates for the year 1972-73, of Air India.

(3) Summary of Budget Estimates of Revenue and Expenditure of the Indian Airlines for the year 1972-73.

(4) Summary of Actuals for the year 1970-71, Budget Estimates and Revised Estimates or the year 1971-72 and Budget Estimates for the year 1972-73, of Indian Airlines. [*Placed in Library. See* No. LT—3122/72].

CORRECTION OF ANSWER TO USQ No. 1471 RE. INTRUSIONS OF PAK CITIZENS INTO INDIA ; AND SIXTH AMENDMENT TO IAS (PAY) RULES

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F. H. MOHSIN) : On behalf of Shri Ram Niwas Mirdha, I beg to lay on the Table—

(1) A statement correcting the reply given on the 24th November, 1971 to Unstarred Question No. 1471 by Shri Hukam Chand Kachwai regarding intrusion of Pak citizens into India and giving reasons for delay in correcting the reply.

(2) A copy of the Sixth Amendment of 1972 to the Indian Administrative Service (Pay) Rules, 1954), (Hindi and English versions) published in Notification No. G.S.R. 281 (E) in Gazette of India dated the 20th May, 1972, under sub section (2) of section (3) of the All India Services Act, 1951 [*Placed in Library, See* No. LT - 3124/72].

I—*Statement Correcting the Reply to Unstarred Question No. 1471 Answered on 24-11-1971.*

In para 2 of the reply to Unstarred Question No. 1471 I had, on the basis of the information furnished by the Assam Government, given the figures of intruders from Pakistan as 12818 out of whom 11452 were arrested and deported. It has now been intimated by the State Government that on re-checking it has been found that the correct figures are 12717 and 9136 respectively.

II—*Statement (showing reasons for delay in connection with Unstarred Question No. 1471 Answered on 24-11 1971*

On 24 11 1971 in connection with reply to Unstarred Question No 1471 the information regarding the intruders from Pakistan arrested and deported was given on the basis of the figures furnished by the Government of Assam. Thereafter it was found that there were some discrepancies in the figures given by the State Government. That Government was, therefore, asked to reconcile the figures. They have accordingly re-checked the figures and supplied the revised figures now. Hence the delay in correcting the statement already made in the Lok Sabha which is regretted.

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CORRECTION OF ANSWER TO SQ. NOS. 942, 943 AND 947 RE. MISUSE OF ACTUAL USERS LICENCE, EXPORT OF NON-TRADITIONAL ITEMS, AND QUALITY CONTROL FOR EXPORT ORIENTED GOODS

THE MINISTER OF FOREIGN TRADE (SHRI L. N. MISHRA) : I beg to lay on

[Shri L. N. Mishra]

the Table two statements correcting the replies given on the 23rd May, 1972 to Starred Question No. 942 by Shri Annasaheb Gotkhinde regarding misuse of Actual Users Licence and Starred Question No. 947 by Shri Indrajit Gupta regarding increase in Export of Non-Traditional items and Starred Question No. 947 by Shri Nawal Kishor Sinha regarding steps to enforce better quality control for export-oriented goods.

I—*Statement re. Starred Question No. 942 on the 23rd May, 1972.*

As on 31.12.1970, 188 cases were pending final disposal by the C.B.I, some under investigation and some had been recommended for prosecution or departmental action or both. From 1.1 1971 to 31.12.71 the C.B I. had registered 84 fresh cases on the violation of one condition or other of the Imports and Exports (Control) Act. This makes a total of 272 cases for disposal from 1.1.1971 to 31 12.71. The C B I. had sent 64 cases for trial and 13 cases were filed in a Court of Law and also recommended for departmental action. In addition, they had recommended 36 cases for departmental action only. 13 cases were dropped for want of proof and at the end of the year 1971, 13 were awaiting complaint or sanctions. 57 cases were under legal scrutiny to decide what type of action should be taken against the offending parties. 76 cases were pending investigation at the close of the year. During the year 1971 the number of cases which were decided by the Courts was 31, of which 26 resulted in conviction. 5 cases were acquitted.

2. After the amendment of the Imports and Exports (Control) Act in 1966, a compulsory imprisonment of 6 months has been prescribed unless the Court for reasons recorded, chooses to give lesser sentence. The maximum punishment that can be given by way of imprisonment is 2 years In addition to imprisonment a suitable fine is also levied. However, it has come to notice that punishment has mostly been fine plus a short term of imprisonment. The minimum period of 6 months has been seldom given as the Courts have been taking into consideration the penitent attitude of the accused, age of the accused etc.

3. Debarment of a firm which has been proved guilty of violation of the provisions of the Impex Act and orders issued thereunder, normally very from one year to five years depending on the gravity of the offence.

4. Information from 1.1.72 to 31.3.72 is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House.

II—*Statement re. Starred Questions No. 943 and 947 answered on 23rd May, 1972.*

It is no doubt true that export statistics of engineering goods in the two statements laid by me on the Table of the Lok Sabha in reply to the Starred Questions No. 943 and 947 on 23rd May, 72 are not identical. The statement relating to Question No. 943 contained statistics of engineering goods as compiled by the Director-General of Commercial Intelligence and Statistics, Calcutta while the statement attached to Question No. 947 contained figures compiled by the Engineering Export Promotion Council. For the sake of ready reference, the two set of figures are reproduced below :—

(Rs. Crores)

Export of Engineering Goods

Question No.	943	947	Difference between DGCI&S & the EEPC figures
Source	DGCI&S	EEPC	
1968-69	67.42	84.97	—17 55
1969-70	89.52	106 50	—16.98
1970-71	116.47	116.59	— 0 12

As is well known, the export statistics of engineering goods as compiled by the DGCI&S do not normally tally with export statistics published by the Engineering Export Promotion Council. This does not mean that either figure is incorrect. The difference between the two sets of figures is due to differences in the definition/classification used in compiling the figures by the two agencies.

Export statistics are compiled by the DGCI&S in accordance with the Revised Trade Classification and these are given in their publication entitled Monthly Statistics of the Foreign Trade of India Volume I—Exports and Re-exports. Under the classification there is no separate Code No. for Engineering Goods. However, for purposes of analysis, both the DGCI&S and EEPC add up figures of specified products to get the figures for engineering goods as a group Certain products are included in the category of engineering goods both in the DGCI&S as well as the EEPC figures. However, certain other items classified as engineering products by the EEPC are not so classified by the DGCI&S. Besides, there are some items which are included as engineering goods by the DGCI&S but not by the EEPC. It would appear that in compiling its statistics, EEPC is guided by the desire to include only those items whose export promotion is the responsibility of the Council.

As question No. 943 related to the general progress of exports of non-traditional items, reliance was put on the statistics published by the DGCI&S in the reply. As the House knows, this is the standard source for foreign trade statistics However, for a detailed analysis of exports of engineering goods whose promotion is the responsibility of the EEPC, we often use statistics published by the EEPC. Since Question No. 947 related to the operation of quality control on export oriented engineering goods, the figures used in answering it were those published by the EEPC.

I do recognise that the existence of two sets of figures for exports of engineering goods can cause unnecessary confusion It would be the endeavour of the Foreign Trade Ministry to see that these figures do reconcile by adoption of uniform classification of engineering goods by the Export Promotion Council as also by the DGCI&S.

Statement on Farakka Barrage Project

THE MINISTER OF IRRIGATION AND POWER (DR. K. L. RAO) : I beg to lay on the Table a statement (Hindi and English versions) on the Farakka Barrage Project. [*Placed in the Library. See* No. LT-3126/72]

Annual Report of Press Council of India

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI DHARAM BIR SINHA) : On behalf of Shrimati Nandini Satpathy, I beg to lay on the Table—

(1) A copy of the Annual Report of the Press Council of India for the year 1971, under section 18 of the Press Council Act, 1965

(2) A statement (Hindi and English versions) explaining the reasons for not laying the Hindi version of the above Report simultaneously [*Placed in Library. See* No LT—3127/72].

Certified Accounts etc. 1970-71 of Textiles Committee

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF FOREIGN TRADE (SHRI A. C GEORGE) : I beg to lay on the Table a copy of the Certified Accounts (Hindi and English versions) of the Textiles Committee for the year 1970-71 and the Audit Report thereon, under sub-section (4) of section 13 of the Textiles Committee Act, 1963 [*Placed in Library. See* No. LT—3128/72].

Tariff Commission's Report etc. on fair selling price of Automobile Ancillaries, and Reviews and Annual Reports of Cement Corporation of India Ltd , New Delhi and Hindustan Machine Tools Ltd., Bangalore

श्री सिद्धेश्वर प्रसाद : अध्यक्ष महोदय, मैं सभा पटल पर निम्नलिखित पत्र रखता हू—

(1) टैरिफ आयोग अधिनियम, 1951 की धारा 16 की उपधारा (2) के अन्तर्गत निम्नलिखित पत्रों की एक-एक प्रति—

(क) (एक) मोटर गाडियों के पुर्जों की उचित विक्रय कीमत के सम्बन्ध में टैरिफ आयोग का प्रतिवेदन (1968) ।

[श्री सिद्धेश्वर प्रसाद]

(दो)सरकारी संकल्प संख्या 1(53)/68-ए० ई० एण्ड (1), दिनांक 2 मई, 1972 (हिन्दी तथा अंग्रेजी संस्करण) जिसके द्वारा उपर्युक्त प्रतिवेदन के सम्बन्ध में सरकार के निर्णय अधिसूचित किये गये हैं।

(ख) उपर्युक्त दस्तावेजों को उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 16 की उपधारा (2) में विहित अवधि के अन्दर सभा-पटल पर न रखे जा सकने के कारणों का एक विवरण (हिन्दी तथा अंग्रेजी संस्करण)।

(2) उपर्युक्त मद (क) (एक) मे उल्लिखित प्रतिवेदन के अंग्रेजी संस्करण के साथ-साथ हिन्दी संस्करण सभा-पटल पर न रखे जाने के कारण स्पष्ट करने वाला एक विवरण (हिन्दी तथा अंग्रेजी संस्करण)। [*Placed in Library. See* No. LT—3129/72].

(3) कम्पनी अधिनियम, 1956 की धारा 619क की उपधारा (1) के अन्तर्गत निम्नलिखित पत्रों (हिन्दी तथा अंग्रेजी संस्करण) की एक-एक प्रति—

(एक) (क) भारतीय सीमेंट निगम लिमिटेड, नई दिल्ली के वर्ष 1970-71 के कार्य की सरकार द्वारा समीक्षा।

(ख) भारतीय सीमेंट निगम लिमिटेड, नई दिल्ली के वर्ष 1970-71 सम्बन्धी वार्षिक प्रतिवेदन तथा लेखापरीक्षित लेखे और उन पर नियंत्रक और महालेखापरीक्षक की टिप्पणियां। [*Placed in Library. See.* No. LT—3130/72].

(दो) (क) हिन्दुस्तान मशीन टूल्स लिमिटेड, बंगलौर के वर्ष 1970-71 के कार्य की सरकार द्वारा समीक्षा।

(ख) हिन्दुस्तान मशीन टूल्स लिमिटेड, बंगलौर, का वर्ष 1970-71 सम्बन्धी वार्षिक प्रतिवेदन तथा लेखापरीक्षित लेखे और उन पर नियंत्रक और महालेखापरीक्षक की टिप्पणियां। [*Placed in Library See* No. LT—3131/72].

NOTE ON "TOWARDS AN APPROACH TO THE FIFTH PLAN"

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE DEPARTMENT OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI KEDAR NATH SINGH): I beg to lay on the Table a Note (Hindi and English versions) entitled 'Towards an Approach to the Fifth Plan' as considered by the National Development Council. [*Placed in Library. See* No. LT—3132/72].

FINANCIAL COMMITTEES, 1971-72 (A REVIEW)

SECRETARY: I lay on the Table a copy of 'Financial Committees, 1971-72 (A Review)'.

12.56 hrs.

MESSAGE FROM RAJYA SABHA

SECRETARY: Sir, I have to report the following messages received from the Secretary of Rajya Sabha:—

(i) "In accordance with the provisions of rule 127 of the Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business in the Rajya Sabha, I am directed to inform the Lok Sabha, that the Rajya Sabha, at its sitting held on the 29th May, 1972, agreed without any amendment to the Salaries and Allowances of Members of Parliament (Amendment) Bill, 1972, which was passed by the Lok Sabha at its sitting held on the 22nd May, 1972."

(ii) "In accordance with the provisions of rule 127 of the Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business in the Rajya Sabha, I am directed to inform the Lok Sabha that the Rajya Sabha, at its sitting held on the 29th May, 1972, agreed without any

amendment to the General Insurance (Emergency Provisions) Amendment Bill, 1972, which was passed by the Lok Sabha at its sitting held on the 22nd May, 1972."

(iii) "In accordance with the provisions of rule 127 of the Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business in the Rajya Sabha, I am directed to inform the Lok Sabha that the Rajya Sabha, at its sitting held on the 29th May, 1972, agreed without any amendment to the National Service Bill, 1972, which was passed by the Lok Sabha at its sitting held on the 22nd May, 1972."

(iv) "In accordance with the provisions of rule 127 of the Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business in the Rajya Sabha, I am directed to inform the Lok Sabha that the Rajya Sabha at its sitting held on the 29th May, 1972, agreed without any amendment to the Delhi Co-opcrative Societies Bill 1972, which was passed by the Lok Sabha at its sitting held on the 10th April 1972."

12.57½ hrs.

ASSENT TO BILLS

SECRETARY : Sir, I also lay on the Table following three Bills passed by the Houses of Parliament during the current session and assented to since a report was last made to the House on the 26th May, 1972 :—

(1) The Newspapers (Price Control) Bill, 1972.

(2) The Finance Bill, 1972.

(3) The Appropriation (Railways) No. 3 Bill, 1972.

COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC UNDERTAKINGS

TWENTY-SECOND REPORT AND MINUTES

SHRIMATI SUBHADRA JOSHI (Chandni Chowk) : I beg to present the following Report and Minutes of the Committee on Public Undertakings :—

(1) Twenty-second Report on para 1.17 of their Sixty-third Report (Fourth Lok Sabha) on National Industrial Development Corporation Limited, containing the observation 'The Committee are of the opinion that they have been misled by the statement of the Managing Director (National Industrial Development Corporation Ltd).'

(2) Minutes of the sittings of the Committee relating to the above Report.

COMMITTEE ON THE WELFARE OF SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES

EIGHTH, NINTH AND TENTH REPORTS

SHRI BUTA SINGH (Rupar) : I beg to present the following Reports of the Committee on the Welfare of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes :—

(1) Eighth Report (Hindi and English versions) on the Ministry of Communications (Posts and Telegraphs Department)—Reservations for, and employment of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes in the Posts and Telegraphs Department.

(2) Ninth Report (Hindi and English versions) on the Ministry of Finance (Department of Banking)—Reservations for, and employment of, Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes in the State Bank of India and its Subsidiaries ; and

(3) Tenth Report on the Cabinet Secretariat (Department of Personnel)—Further replies of the Cabinet Secretariat (Department of Personnel) to the observations of the Committee contained in their Eighteenth Report (Fourth Lok Sabha).

12.58 hrs

JOINT COMMITTEE ON OFFICES OF PROFIT

SECOND REPORT

SHRI D BASUMATARI (Kokrajhar) : I beg to present the Second Report of the Joint Committee on Office of Profit on the Draft Parliament (Prevention of Disqualification) Amendment Bill, 1971

— ———

DISTURBED AREAS (SPECIAL COURTS) BILL*

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F. H MOSHIN) On behalf of Shri Ram Niwas Mirdha, I beg to move for leave to introduce a Bill to provide for the speedy trial of certain offences in certain areas and for matters connected therewith

MR SPEAKER . The question is

"That leave be granted to introduce a Bill to provide for the speedy trial of certain offences in certain areas and for matters connected therewith"

The motion was adopted

SHRI F H. MOSHIN I introduce the Bill.

CRIMINAL LAW (AMENDMENT) BILL*

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F H MOHSIN) On behalf of Shri Ram Niwas Mirdha, I beg to move for leave to introduce a Bill further to amend the Indian Penal Code, the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 and the Unlawful Activities (Prevention) Act, 1967.

MR. SPEAKER . Motion moved

"That leave be granted to introduce a Bill further to amend the Indian Penal Code, the Code of Crimmal Procedure, 1898 and the Unlawful Activities (Prevention) Act, 1967."

श्री अटल बिहारी वाजपेयी (ग्वालियर) . अध्यक्ष महोदय, मैं इस विधेयक के पेश किये जाने का विरोध करने के लिये खड़ा हुआ हूं । मैंने आप को सूचना दी है, मैं इस समय विधेयक के ब्योरे मे नही जा रहा हू, उसके गुण और दोषो की चर्चा नहीं कर रहा हूं यद्यपि मैं जानता हूं कि यह विधेयक बडा शरारतपूर्ण है और यह साम्प्रदायिकता को समाप्त करने के लिये नही लाया जा रहा है, यह मुस्लिम संगठनो के विरुद्ध नही है । इसके अन्तर्गत केवल हिन्दू संगठनो के खिलाफ कार्यवाही की जायगी, इसके विरुद्ध हम सदन मे भी लडेंगे और बाहर भी लडेंगे ।

लेकिन यहा मैं दूसरी बात कह रहा हू । एक तरीका बन गया है—आप द्वारा दिये गये निर्देशो और सदन द्वारा पारित नियमो के खिलाफ मंत्रियो को विधेयक पेश करने की इजाजत देने का/आप डायरैक्शन्ज के नियम 19(ए) को देखे—

"A Minister desiring to move for leave to introduce a Bill shall give notice in writing of his intention to do so"

आगे कहा गया है—

"at least seven days "

अर्थात् इसके लिये सात दिन का नोटिस होना चाहिये ।

अब इस विधेयक को मैंने देखा—इस पर श्री आर० एन० मिर्धा जी के दस्तखत है और दस्तखत के साथ 27 मई की तारीख दी गई है । स्पष्ट है कि सात दिन का नोटिस पूरा नही किया गया ।

अध्यक्ष महोदय · इसे मैंने एलाउ किया है ।

श्री अटल बिहारी वाजपेयी : अगर आप एलाउ करते जा रहे हैं तो फिर ये नियम बनाये क्यो गये हैं । यदि आप अपने अधिकारों का इस तरह से उपयोग करेंगे तो नियमों की यह पुस्तिका रद्दी की टोकरी मे फेंकने लायक हो जायगी । अभी उस दिन आप ने शिक्षा मंत्री जी को विधेयक

*Published in Gazette of India Extraordinary, Part II, Section 2 dated 31 5.72

लाने की छूट दे दी, उस दिन नियमों को ताक पर रख दिया गया। कल आप ने दिस मंत्री जी को छूट दे दी—ज्वाइन्ट सिलैक्ट कमेटी बनाने के लिये, जिस की इजाजत न संविधान देता है, न नियम की किताब देती है। यह बिल क्या पहले नहीं लाया जा सकता था। यह बिल पास करने के लिये नहीं है, खाली पेश किया जा रहा है, क्या इसको अगले सेशन में पेश नहीं किया जा सकता था। आखिर नियम किस लिये बनाये गये हैं—एक—आध मामले में कोई असाधारण परिस्थिति हो तो आप नियम वेव करते, लेकिन यहां तो एक अपवाद नियम बन गया है। मुझे सचमुच बड़ा रोष है और मैं समझता हूं कि आप जिस तरह से इजाजत दे रहे हैं उससे न नियमों की प्रतिष्ठा बढ़ रही है और न लोक सभा की गरिमा बढ़ रही है। आप नियमों का पालन नहीं करेंगे तो हम लोगों से भी नियमों का पालन करने की आशा न की जाय।

13 hrs.

अध्यक्ष महोदय : मैं आपसे काफी सहमत हूं। इसमें इजाजत दी गई है। जब सेशन खत्म होने को आता है तो आम तौर पर यही चलता है, गवर्नमेंट की कोशिश रहती है कि यह बिल रह गया, वह बिल रह गया, इस बिल को इसी सेशन में पास करना चाहते हैं तो जो रीजन्स गवर्नमेंट देती है उनसे अगर मैं कन्विन्स हो जाऊं तब इजाजत देता हूं। स्पीकर को आपने इसीलिए यह अख्तियार दिए हैं। अगर आप नहीं चाहते हैं तो यह दख्तियारात वापिस ले लीजिए। लेकिन अगर यह अख्तियार आप देते हैं तब फिर यह गलत बात है कि आप हर दफा खड़े होकर कहें कि क्यों इजाजत दे दी। गवर्नमेंट जो रीजन्स देती है अगर वह कन्विंसिंग होते हैं तो मैं इजाजत देता हूं।

···(व्यवधान)···

तब तो जब गवर्नमेंट इजाजत मांगे तब दे दी जाये यही रखा जाये। ···(व्यवधान)···

श्री जगन्नाथ राव जोशी (शाजापुर) : इसी सत्र में इस विधेयक को पेश करने की क्या आवश्यकता थी? अगले सत्र में भी यह आ सकता था। ···(व्यवधान)···

अध्यक्ष महोदय : कुछ रीजन्स बताये होंगे तभी तो मैंने इजाजत दी होगी।

गृह मंत्रालय में राज्यमंत्री (श्री कृष्ण चन्द्र पंत) : एक एतराज तो उस तरफ से यह किया गया कि इस सत्र में यह पास नहीं हो रहा है अगर यह बिल इसी सेशन में पास कर दिया जाये तो हमें बड़ी खुशी होगी।

श्री अटल बिहारी वाजपेयी : पास करने का समय कहां है? हम कहते हैं कि बिना चर्चा के ही पास कर दीजिए। यदि अधिवेशन समाप्त हो जायें तो आर्डिनेन्स निकाल दीजिए और जो इसके खिलाफ बोलते हैं उनको फांसी पर चढ़ा दीजिए। ·····(व्यवधान) ···

श्री फूलचन्द्र वर्मा (उज्जैन) : बहुमत के आधार पर यहां पर जंगल के कानून बनते जा रहे हैं। (व्यवधान) ·····

अध्यक्ष महोदय : मैंने अच्छी तरह से देखकर इसको इजाजत दी है। यह नहीं कि यूं ही दे दी है। स्पीकर का काम सिर्फ यही नहीं है कि यहां पर बैठा रहे। कई दफा गवर्नमेंट की तरफ से कुछ आता है तो उसमें गवर्नमेन्ट की भी कुछ ड्यूटी होती है और आपकी अपोजीशन की भी कुछ ड्यूटी होती है। अब वह दिन गुजर गए जब 9 स्पीकर्स का गला काट दिया गया था। कभी किंग का कहना नहीं माना तो स्पीकर का गला काट दिया गया तो वह बातें अब चली गईं। अब रूल्स की बात है। रूल्स प्रोवाइडेड हैं और उनके मुताबिक मुझे डिस्क्रीशन दिया गया है जिसको मुझे इस्तेमाल करना है। वैसे आपकी व्यूज का हम आगे खयाल रखेंगे। ···(व्यवधान) ··

श्री अटल बिहारी वाजपेयी : आपने अभी तक एक शब्द भी नहीं कहा कि इस विधेयक को इसी समय लाना क्यों जरूरी था।

अध्यक्ष महोदय : फाइल आएगी तो बता दूंगा। आम तौर पर यही होता है कि स्पीकर

[अध्यक्ष महोदय]

जवाब नही देता है । ···(व्यवधान)···अगर स्पीकर को एथारिटी है, डिस्क्रीशन है तो वह चलेगी वरना आप उसको वापिस ले लीजिए । · (व्यवधान) · अगर आप मुझे भी हुक्म करें तो आपको फाइल दिखा दू कि क्या रीजन्स हैं । कल आप एतराज करते थे कि उस मेम्बर ने फाइल क्यो ली, मैंने मिश्रा जी से बात की थी ··

श्री अटल बिहारी वाजपेयी : एक बात मुझे और कहनी है । यह चीज सर्कुलेट की गई है, यह क्या है ? अलीगढ़ यूनिवर्सिटी बिल का कारिजेन्डम सर्कुलेट किया जा रहा है, क्या इसकी भी आपने इजाजत दी है ?

अध्यक्ष महोदय : वह तो प्रिंटिंग मिस्टेक्स है ।

श्री अटल बिहारी वाजपेयी : अध्यक्ष महोदय, आप बैठ जाइए, मैं आपको बताना चाहता हू । आप हमारे साथ जबर्दस्ती कर रहे है । (व्यवधान) ·

अध्यक्ष महोदय आपको तो एक पार्टी लीड करनी है, आपमे इतनी तेजी आ जाये तो कैसे रोका जायेगा । ··(व्यवधान) ·

श्री अटल बिहारी वाजपेयी यह यहा पर बाटा जा रहा है । · (व्यवधान) · यदि अलीगढ यूनिवर्सिटी बिल मे कोई अमेन्डमेंट करना है तो वह सदन मे आना चाहिए, इस तरह से नही आ सकता है ।

अध्यक्ष महोदय इस समय मेरे सामने आइटम न० 2, इंडियन पीनल कोड है और इस पर अभी वोटिंग नही हुई है ।

श्री अटल बिहारी वाजपेयी : मेरे हाथ मे यह आ गया तो मैंने कहा एक यह नयी मुसीबत आ गई । · (व्यवधान) ··

अध्यक्ष महोदय : क्या अपोजीशन का यही काम है बात पर खडे होना ? मैं जानता हू अपोजीशन छोटा है, मेरा फर्ज है आपको एकोमोडेट करूं और मैंने कई मसलों में आपको एकोमोडेट किया है, काफी डिसीकेट हालात मे एकोमोडेट किया है । अगर उसको ओवर-एग्जाजरेटेड समझें तो वह बात अलग होगी । ·· (व्यवधान)···

श्री श्याम नन्दन मिश्र (बेगुसराय) : चेयर को भी ममता होनी चाहिए और हमको भी । आम तौर पर जो भी विधेयक आयें उनको ऐसे ही न मान लें । ···(व्यवधान) ··

MR SPEAKER · The question is :

"That leave be granted to introduce a Bill further to amend the Indian Penal Code, the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 and the Unlawful Activities (Prevention) Act, 1967."

The motion was adopted

SHRI F H MOHSIN I introduce the Bill.

13.08 hrs.

HIRE PURCHASE BILL—*Contd*

MR. SPEAKER : We will now proceed with the further consideration of the Hire Purchase Bill Shri Somnath Chatterjee.

SHRI SOMNATH CHATTERJEE (Burdwan) Mr Speaker, Sir ·

So far as this Bill is concerned, I consider it as a welcome measure because it has become necessary to control the abuse of the hire purchase system on the part of financiers and various financial institutions and to save the hirers who generally hail from the weaker sections of the society As I indicated yesterday, one of the greatest evils which has crept into this system is that the financiers were procuring the signatures from the hirers on forms in which blanks were there and they were being utilised by the financiers for filling in the blanks suitably. They have been taking signatures on blank promissory notes, blank bundis, etc., apart from taking penal interest.

Another gross misuse of the system is the power taken under these agreements by the financiers to seize the vehicles and goods even though 95 per cent of the instalments may have been paid and only one or two instalments remain unpaid. In that case, the hirer not only loses the instalments he has paid but the property as well So, there was a considerable demand for bringing proper legislation to control the abuses and evils which have crept into the system In modern commercial activities these hire purchase transactions have greatly increased in number and it was necessary that legislation should have been introduced to regulate these transactions That is why I welcome this measure

13 10 hrs.

[MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER *in the chair*]

Another evil that has not fully met in the present Bill is the system developed by these financiers namely, after paying 4 or 5 instalments, if the hirers could not pay further, the owners would seize the vehicles and enter into a fresh agreement with the hirer adding the unpaid balance to the price without reducing the amount already paid and charge more for the same vehicle I do not find any provision which fully meets that kind of racket which is going on

About the right of the owner at the time the agreement is entered into, clause 6 specifically provides that

> "Notwithstanding anything contained in any contract, in every hire purchase agreement, there shall be implied warranty—
>
> (a) that the hirer shall have and enjoy quiet possession of the goods, and
>
> (b) that the goods shall be free from any charge or encumbrance in favour of any third party at the time when the property is to pass"

It does not make any provision as to the right of the financier with regard to the goods at the time the contract is entered into The Minister yesterday in his introductory speech referred to this aspect He also referred to some amendments we have tabled and he also referred to the 20th report of the Law Commission Page 14 of that report says

> 'In practice, the amounts received by the financiers from the hirer are in turn paid over to the dealers, and by the time the hirer qualifies himself to obtain a purchase by payment of all the instalments, the financiers would have obtained a clean title to the goods If we are now to provide that the condition as to title should operate as on the date of hire purchase agreement, we would be striking at this class of business"

With great respect to the Law Commission, I would submit that this is not the correct approach Take the provisions which are incorporated in clause 9 of the Bill, at page 6

> "(1) The hirer may, at any time, during the continuance of the hire purchase agreement and after giving the owner not less than fourteen days' notice in writing of his intention so to do, complete the purchase of the goods by paying or tendering to the owner the hire purchase price or the balance thereof"

Suppose there is an agreement providing for the payment of the money in 20 instalments After three instalments the hirer wants to purchase it He is given right to purchase the goods under clause 9 Now the position is this The Law Commission says that the owner at the time of entering into the agreement need not have the title It is only when the 20th instalment is to be given, the last instalment is to be paid by the hirer, the owner himself acquires the title, which would be sold after the payment of the 20th instalment This is what I read out from the recommendation of the Law Commission, which apparently has been accepted by the government How will this clause 9 work in such cases?

Clause 9 cannot operate because the owner by that time has not acquired the title and so he cannot transfer the title under clause 9 The hirer will be without remedy, or a remedy which will be infructuous because the owner will have no title to the goods at the time of entering into the hire purchase agreement itself What we have suggested is that the owner must have the right to enter into such agreement It may be that he has a contingent right,

[Shri Somnath Chatterjee]

a contingent title in the sense that he has done something and by doing something more he will acquire complete title. But there must be an assurance that there cannot be a charge or encumbrance in favour of a third party. Suppose a person takes a truck under a hire purchase agreement and pays ten instalments. Then it appears that somebody has a better right to these goods then a third party, who is not bound by this, takes away the goods and the hirer will have to run and file a suit or proceedings for the purpose of recovery of the amount which he has already paid, with umpteen difficulties, consequential difficulties, and I do not know under what the claim can be made Therefore, for the purpose of the protection of the hirer it is necessary that there is provision in the law that the owner will have the right to enter into this agreement and nobody else will have any claim or encumbrance over the goods which will be the subject matter of the hire purchase agreement.

It is said here that it will strike at the root of the matter, namely, that it will, so to say, shrink the number of transactions. We feel that it is hardly justified to say that, particularly when no statistics have been given to show how it will in any way affect the nature of the transaction.

The other aspect on which we wanted to stress is that this Bill does not take into consideration and does not bring within its ambit sales which are credit sale transactions. I purchase some goods I cannot pay the whole amount at a time So, I enter into an arrangement with my seller that I shall pay it by instalments and upon the payment of the instalments my rights would be complete. Now, there have been many transactions of credit sale nature which have all been given the garb of hire purchase agreement. This is our experience and in courts of law we have seen how this is done ; credit sale agreements have been entered into under the garb of hire purchase agreements, although all the necessary incidence of hire purchase agreements are not there. When trouble comes the owner or the seller takes advantage of similar clauses in the hire purchase agreement and they try to take possession of the goods, although it is a credit sale. Therefore, one would have thought that credit sales should have been included in this Bill to save those persons who enter into transactions in an unwary manner without fully understanding the implications of that.

The last point on which I wish to make a submission before the Minister and before the House is about the financial position of those persons who have to take recourse to this hire purchase system. I am referring to the final report of the Road Transport Taxation Enquiry Committee: which made its final report in November 1957, under the chairmanship of Shri B V. Keskar. Sir, at page 26 of this Report, it has been said, "We are of the opinion that Government should do something to help the small man in the road transport industry and not leave him to find his resources entirely from the private agencies. We are informed that banks and State Finance Corporations are generally unwilling to advance loans for the purchase of motor vehicles. The Government should recognise the genuine needs of the small operators in the industry and make available same facilities for easy and liberal credit by a suitable procedure under the aegis of the Reserve Bank or the State Bank. We hope that the Study Group which is dealing with this problem in detail will make suitable suggestions in this regard."

My submission before this House will be that it is not sufficient to provide some law to regulate the hire purchase transactions. To make hire purchase facilities more readily available to ordinary people in this country, some sort of scheme should have been provided for the purpose of providing adequate finance through appropriate financing institutions under the Government so that ordinary people are not forced to go all the time to the unscrupulous financiers and the financial operators who are really misusing these provisions for the purpose of their own end and they have the hirer at their mercy.

I have proposed certain amendments or which I shall make my submission when I come to detailed discussion ; at this time I shall draw your attention to clause 18. It is a very welcome proposal. Proviso to clause 18 gives the right to the hirer to pay the arrears in instalments and then to save himself from the clutches of the owner in taking possession of the car. It gives only one week or in some cases two weeks time. I was suggesting that some provision should have been made for increasing the time if the court allows. I, therefore, submit this point which the hon. Minister should also consider. I shall make my submissions in more details when I deal with them.

श्री सरजू पांडे (गाजीपुर) : उपाध्यक्ष महोदय, यह जो बिल यहां पेश किया गया है वह

सराहना योग्य है। मगर जैसी आशा थी कि सदन में जब हायर पर्चेज बिल आयेगा तो वह एक काम्प्रिहेन्सिव बिल होगा और उससे जो हमारे छोटे मोटे खरीदार है उनको मशीनों और दूसरी चीजें खरीदने में आसानियां पैदा होंगी उसकी पूरी तरह से पूर्ति नही होती। मन्त्री जी को एक काम्प्रिहेन्सिव बिल लाना चाहिये था ताकि कानून को रोज-रोज बदलने की आवश्यकता न होती।

आप जानते है कि हमारे यहां हायर पर्चेज पर मशीनें देने का काम कुछ बड़ी-बडी कम्पनिया करती है और काफी फायदा उठाती है। जो छोटे मोटे मशीनें खरीदने वाले लोग होते है उनके रास्ते मे भीषण बाधाये उत्पन्न की जाती है। हालांकि इस विधेयक में कुछ सुविधायें दी गई है लेकिन जिस तरह से सूद वगैरह की व्यवस्था इस में हुई है उससे छोटे मोटे लोगों का नुकसान उठाना पड़ता है।

जैसा मेरे मित्र ने अभी कहा, बिल मे व्यवस्था की गई है अगर कोई पर्चेजर ठीक टाइम से पैसा देने में फेल हो जाता है तो उसको एक सप्ताह का नोटिस देने के बाद ऐग्रीमेंट को खत्म किया जा सकता है। मै समझता हू कि यह समय बहुत थोडा है और इस तरह का प्राविजन इसमें नहीं किया जाना चाहिये। उनको और समय देना चाहिये ताकि वह बीच के समय मे पेमेंट कर सकें।

इसी तरह से अगर हमे बैंकों से ऋण मिलता है सामान खरीदने के लिये तो उसमे सूद की दरें बहुत ज्यादा है। इसके लिये भी इसमें व्यवस्था होनी चाहिये ताकि खरीदारों को आसानियां मिल सके। उनको बैंकों से आसान किस्तों मे ऋण मिलना सम्भव होना चाहिये ताकि वह दूसरी जगहों न जायें और उनका शोषण न हो सके।

मैं मंत्री महोदय से कहना चाहता हूं कि आज हमारे देश में जो ब्लैक मनी है उसका लोग नाजायज इस्तेमाल करते हैं। उसको रोकने का एक ही रास्ता है। जो हायर पर्चेज सिस्टम है उसपर छोटे लोगों को सामान दिलाया जाये, और इसकी काफी गुंजाइश हो सकती है और छोटे लोगों को भी सामान मिल सकता है। सेलेक्ट कमेटी में बार-बार कहने पर भी मन्त्री महोदय इसकी पूरी त्रुटियां को दूर नही कर सके हैं। जब क्लाज वाई क्लाज कंसिडरेशन होगा तब उस पर विचार किया जायेगा।

मैं इतना ही कहना चाहता हू कि निकट भविष्य मे मंत्री महोदय कोई ऐसा बिल लायें जिसके द्वारा जो छोटे मोटे कारबार लोग करना चाहते है वह हायर पर्चेज पर सामान खरीद सके। वह लोग छोटी-छोटी मशीनें लगा कर अपने देश में ज्यादा वक्त काम कर सकें।

मैं इस सिलसिले में ज्यादा नही कहना चाहता क्योंकि काफी बडी-बड़ी बहसें हो चुकी है। लेकिन मैं यह जरूर चाहता हू कि पर्चेजर को और ज्यादा टाइम देना बहुत जरूरी है। अगर कोई आदमी टाइम से किस्त देने में फेल हो जाता है तो सरकार ने नोटिस देने के बाद उसकी सारी चीजे नीलाम कर देने की व्यवस्था की है। इस तरह से नहीं रखना चाहिये।

लोग ज्यादा से ज्यादा चीजें हायर पर्चेज के द्वारा खरीद सके, इस लिये इस विधेयक की आत्मा का मैं समर्थन करता हू लेकिन चाहता हूं कि निकट भविष्य में मंत्री महोदय इस बिल को सुधार करके दूसरा बिल लायें।

*SHRI E. R. KRISHNAN (Salem) : Mr. Deputy Speaker, Sir, on the Hire Purchase Bill brought forward before the House by the hon. Minister Shri Nitiraj Singh Chaudhary, I would like to say a few words. This Bill has been considered by a Joint Committee of both the Houses of Parliament and has been passed by the Rajya Sabha On behalf of the Dravida Munnetra Kazhagam, I welcome this measure and support it.

Sir, nowaday's a large number of transacons are taking place on hire purchase basis in our country. We find large number of people purchasing big Benz trucks, buses, cars, auto-

*The original speech was delivered in Tamil.

[Shri E. R. Krishnan]

rickshaws and bicycles on hire purchase basis. Though such hire purchase transactions have been taking place in our country for quite a few years, the Government have only now thought it fit to bring forward a legislation to protect the interests of the common people who make purchases on instalment basis.

Sir, it is indeed regretable that even this Bill has not given adequate protection to the buyers under hire purchase scheme. This Bill contains no provision which puts a restriction, on the maximum rate of interest to be charged by the sellers or dealers.

It is only those people who do not have ready cash in their hands or enough resources are driven to purchase articles under hire purchase system. It is common knowledge that people who want to engage themselves in some gainful activities purchase buses, trucks and cars. These people generally belong to the middle income group or law income group The financiers who advance money charge huge rates of interest. The rates of interest vary between 15% to 30%. They even charge interest for the money paid every month. For example, Sir, if a person purchases an article of the value of Rs 300/—he is to pay Rs. 15/—every month for a period of 20 months to cover the price of the article. But he is also asked under the hire purchase agreement Rs. 2/—or more by way of interest on each instalment and if one calculate the purchaser is required to pay a very high rate of interest.

In the cooperative sector and in other financial institutions of the Government in order to protect the interests of the poor, money is advanced on low rates of interest. These institutions may belong to the State Governments or the Central Government. But the financiers who advance money to the common people adopt unscrupulous means and charge very high rates of interest which may even be 24% or more. That is why, Sir, though I have extended my support to this Bill I pointed out earlier that it is regretable to note that the Bill does not make any provision to put a restriction on the maximum rate of interest chargeable.

Sir, the economic conditions of our people are such that even to purchase the ordinary domestic items like benches, chairs, electric articles, fans and utensils and so on, they have to go in for hire purchase. Since there is no fixed rate of interest under the law we find the buyer has to pay 25%, 30% or more as interest. The necessity for putting a restriction on the rate of interest chargeable in any scheme of hire purchase cannot be over-emphasised.

Sir, I would now refer to the pernicious method of asking the intending buyer to make initial deposit. The initial deposit in many cases amounts to 30 to 40% of the value of the article to be purchased. Here also there is a need to put some restriction. The initial deposit should not be in any case more than 10% of the value of the article. The rest of the amount should be realised through several easy instalments.

Sir, in big cities like Madras there are many rich persons who advance money to people in the low income brackets for the purchase of trucks, buses, cars and so on. In their zeal to become self employed many innocent people fall victim to these unscrupulous financiers After getting the truck or the bus, as the case may be these poor people find themselves udable to pay instalments with the huge interest thereon within the stipulated time. As a result they lose the buses or trucks which are taken away by the financiers. In this process they also lose the amounts they had already paid. You will agree with me, Sir, their conditions are indeed, pathetic.

Poor people, because the initial payment being less than the value of the article are attracted by the hire purchase scheme. The poor man goes in for a hire purchase of a cycle which nosmaliy costs 400 rupees because he is to pay only Rs. 100 by way of initial deposit. Subsequently, even if he fails once to make payment of Rs. 10/ a month he loses not only the cycle but also whatever money he had already paid. Thus the poor are greatly affected in such circumstances.

The Bill is no doubt a welcome measure in view of the large number of hire purchase transactions that are taking place in our country. However, I would like to draw the specific attention of the hon. Minister to two basic issues I have raised. As I said Sir, there must be restrictions on the quantum of money to be paid as initial deposit, Secondly, there must be statutory restrictions on the maximum rate of interest that can be charged under the hire

purchase scheme Even at the expense of repetition I would point out here Sir that while in the cooperative sector the loans are advanced at the rates of 6% to 8% interest the financiers charge starting from 12% to 24 or 30% as interest The poor and the common people are greatly harassed They resort to hire purchase scheme only because they have no other means of purchasing the articles which they need badly It is a desire to become self employed that prompts them to purchase trucks, buses, cars etc Therefore it is very essential that their interest should be protected I appeal to the Minister that he should give careful consideration to the points I have mentioned

Though the Bill has come rather belatedly I welcome it With these words I conclude,

श्री फूल चन्द वर्मा (उज्जैन) उपाध्यक्ष महोदय, मै आपका आभारी हू कि आपने मुझ बोलने का समय दिया है। हायर परचेज बिल पर हम चर्चा कर रहे है। यह विधेयक सयुक्त प्रवर समिति के पास इस भावना के साथ भेजा गया था कि वहा इस का विस्तृत विवेचन होगा और यह बिल पूर्णता लिए हुए इस सदन के अन्दर प्रस्तुत किया जाएगा। लेकिन दुख के साथ कहना पडता है कि जिस भावना के साथ इस बिल को उसके पास भेजा गया था वह भावना पूरी नही हुई। इस बिल मे जो कमिया थी उनको दूर नही किया गया और अधूरे स्वरूप मे ही इस बिल को हमारे सामने प्रस्तुत कर दिया गया है।

आज के युग मे हायर परचेज का बडा महत्व है। इस सदन की यह इच्छा थी और मैं भी यह चाहता था कि इस बिल के माध्यम से हायर परचेज को एनकरेज किया जाता, लोगो की परचेजिंग केपेसेटी को बढाया जाता। इस ओर इस बिल के अन्दर कोई ध्यान नही दिया गया है। यदि इस पर ध्यान दिया गया होता तो आज ब्लैक मनी जो कि काफी बडी मात्रा मे लेन देन का, आदान प्रदान का साधन बना हुआ है, उस पर भी कुछ हद तक रोक लगाई जा सकती थी, यह बिल उसको भी कम करने मे सहायक हो सकता था। लेकिन इस ओर कोई विशेष ध्यान नही दिया गया। ब्लैक मनी पर रोक लगती तो लोगो की खरीदने की जो ताकत है वह सुदृढ हो सकती थी। लेकिन ऐसा इसमे कुछ नही किया गया है।

हमारे समाज के अन्दर और देश के अन्दर हायर परचेज प्रणाली विभिन्न प्रकारो से चल रही है। इसके माध्यम से लाखो रुपये का प्रतिदिन क्रय विक्रय होता है। कांग्रेस प्रगतिशील नीतियो का, समाजवाद का ढोल बार-बार पीटती रहती है। यदि इस बिल के अन्दर इस बात का समावेश किया जाता कि लोगो की परचेजिंग पावर बढे तो मैं सोचता हू कि यह इस सदन की भावनाओ के अनुरूप होता। इस तरह का इसमे समावेश नही हुआ है। यदि यह कर दिया गया होता तो मैं पूरी तरह से इस बिल का समर्थन करता। जिन बातो का इस बिल मे समावेश किया गया है, उनसे मेरा सन्तोष नही हुआ है।

मन्त्री महोदय ने सयुक्त प्रवर समिति के प्रतिवेदन ही देखा होगा। उसमे हायर परचेज करने वाले लोगो को पूरा प्रतिनिधित्व नही दिया गया है। मैं चाहता हू कि जब मन्त्री महोदय उत्तर दे तो इस बात पर विशेष रूप से प्रकाश डाले।

मैंने कुछ सशोधन प्रस्तुत किए है उनमे मैंने कुछ बाते उठाई है। जब धारावार चर्चा होगी तब उन पर मै बोलूगा। इस वक्त का उल्लेख मैं एक बात करना चाहता हू। आपने न्यायालय का प्रावधान किया है। दीवानी न्यायालयो की हालत इस सदन से छिपी हुई नही है। मन्त्री महोदय को तो उनका काफी विस्तृत ज्ञान है वह ला मिनिस्टर है और उनको अच्छी तरह से मालूम है कि आज जो सिविल कोर्ट हमारे देश मे है उनमे दस-दस और पन्द्रह-पन्द्रह वर्ष तक मुकदमे पैंडिंग पडे रहते है, उनका ठीक से निर्णय नही होता है। क्या गारटी है कि हायर परचेज के जो मामले हैं उनका निपटारा जल्दी होगा। मैंने एक एमेंडमेंट दिया है जिसमे मैंने मांग की है कि न्यायालय के स्थान पर विशेष ट्रिब्यूनल की नियुक्ति की जाए और उसको जो पावर्ज हैं वे

[श्री फूल चन्द वर्मा]

वही हो जो न्यायालय की होती हैं। इससे एक बात का लाभ अवश्य होगा। हायर परचेज के अन्तर्गत जो विवाद उत्पन्न करेंगे वे ट्रिब्यूनल के पास जायेंगे और वहा एक निश्चित अवधि रहेगी और उस निश्चित अवधि के अन्दर उनका निपटारा हो जाएगा जिससे लोगो का पैसा बचेगा, समय बचेगा और हेरासमेट से उनको छुट्टी मिलेगी।

यह भी जरूरी है कि हायर परचेजर और फाइनेंसर के बीच मधुर सम्बन्ध हो ताकि हायर परचेज प्रणाली का प्रोत्साहन मिल सके। इस सम्बन्ध मे भी इस बिल के अन्दर कोई विशेष बात नही कही गई है। मैं समझता हू कि फाइनेंसर और हायर परचेजर के बीच अगर सम्बन्ध मधुर होगे, उनके सम्बन्धो मे काफी निकटता होती तो विवाद कम खडे होगे। इस ओर यदि ध्यान नही दिया गया तो नाना प्रकार के विवाद उत्पन्न हो सकते है। सदन के माननीय सदस्यो ने विस्तृत रूप से इसके सम्बन्ध मे प्रकाश डाला है। मे चाहता हू कि जिन बातो की ओर मत्री महोदय का ध्यान आकर्षित किया गया है उनकी तरफ वह विशेष ध्यान द। जहा तक एमेडमेंट्स का प्रश्न है, जब धाराबार बहस होगी तब मैं उन पर बोलूगा और अपने विचार विस्तृत रूप से आपके सामने रखूंगा।

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF LAW AND JUSTICE (SHRI NITIRAJ SINGH CHAUDHARY) I am thankful to the hon Members who have taken part in the debate and who have generally supported the measure and who have also made some very useful suggestions

Regarding the suggestions that have been made, most of them are included in the amendments to the various clauses to which we shall come a little later When these amendments come up, I will put forth the Government's point of view and I will leave it to the House to consider what decision there should be

Shri Somnath Chatterjee has made two very important suggestions He has said that presently the position is that if the hirer defaults even one or two instalments, the financier takes away the property and forces the hirer to enter into a fresh agreement I would request him to refer to Clauses 18 and 21 in the present Bill I feel that these two clauses protect the hirer Firstly, one default does not allow the owner to take possession of the property A notice is necessary After that if he wants he has to go to a court of law and in the court of law the person who has defaulted can make the payment Sufficient provision is made for that He made references to credit sales

SHRI SOMNATH CHATTERJEE Clause 18 deals with notice before termination Clause 21 deals with notice after termination

SHRI NITIRAJ SINGH CHAUDHARY He referred to credit sales May I refer to Law Commission's report where they have said I quote

> "While circulating the draft Bill for opinion we had sent a questionnaire in which one of the questions was whether credit sale agreements should be included within legislation The opinion is overwhelming against such inclusion We have therefore decided to exclude them from such legislation If it should become necessary at any time owing to the exigencies of business to enact legislation for granting relief to purchasers under credit sale agreements, that should in our view, be more appropriately done, by inserting special provisions in the Sale of Goods Act, 1930

Credit sales have been left out

SHRI SOMNATH CHATTERJEE That is the Government view also ?

SHRI NITIRAJ SINGH CHAUDHARY This is just the beginning This is not a full legislation We are trying to make certain provisions Shri Somnath Chatterjee referred to Clause 6(2)(a) Clause 6(2)(a) says that the owner should have the title at the time when the property is to pass When the hirer gives notice, it is for the owner to give his title within the period of notice There is no inconsistency between these clauses

Shri Krishnan said that the persons advancing money charge exorbitant rates of interest, from 12 to 30 per cent. I may say, there have been cases where they even demanded 50 per cent. Provision is now made so that such things do not happen.

Shri P. C. Verma made certain references to the Joint Select Committee. He said, they did not pay full attention I am sorry, he has not fully studied the report of the Joint Select Committee. They went into the matter for nine months, they made a very useful report and I think they must be thanked for the work that they had done. About other points made by Shri P. C Verma, he has moved certain amendments, when those amendments are taken, I will make my submission.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : The question is :

"That the Bill to define and regulate the rights and duties of parties to hire-purchase agreements and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto, as passed by Rajya Sabha, be taken into consideration."

The motion was adopted.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : We go to Clause-by-clause consideration. For Clause 2, there is no amendment. I will put Clause 2 to the vote of the House. The question is :

"That Clause 2 stand part of the Bill."

The motion was adopted.

Clause 2 was added to the Bill.

Clause 3—(*Hire-purchase agreements to be in writing and signed by parties thereto*)

MR DEPUTY-SPEAKER : For clause 3, there are two amendments.

SHRI SOMNATH CHATTERJEE : I move :

Page 2, line 40,-

add at the end—

"including the surety, if any, in the presence of one or more witnesses or witnesses who shall belong to any of the following categories of the persons, namely, a notary, a magistrate, a gazetted officer of the Central Government or of a State Government, a member of any municipal corporation or municipal committee or district board, an officer of any scheduled or nationalised bank, a teacher of any school and such other class or classes of person or persons as may be designated by notification to be issued by the Central Government under this Act." (14)

My next amendment is Amendment No. 15. I beg to move :

Page 2,—

omit lines 44 to 47. (15)

Clause 3 (1) says that 'Every hire-purchase agreement shall be in writing and signed by all the parties thereto.' As I said, This is one greatest evil which has crept into our hire purchase transactions. By this, we wish to avoid that. He should not get a dominating position. That is, the owner or the financier should not be in a dominating position and the hirer should not be placed in a situation where he would be an underdog. In view of the dominant position of the financier, what happens is, in respect of the total amount, in respect of the particulars of the vehicle, in respect of the particulars of the goods, blank forms are obtained so that he may utilise those documents as and when they become necessary. The owner or the financier fills in the particulars and uses them in a court of law. I have seen it in my own experience. These are very common litigation in Calcutta. All these have been very common type of litigation for the last 2 years. If they enter into agreement for a motor car or a truck, they have no option but to go and surrender completely to the owner of the vehicle, or the financier. This is because the motor companies insist on delivery being taken at once. They cannot have the money and so they have to submit to such a thing To avoid the possibility of any blank form being obtained from them we must provide for signatures of witnesses. It is not in the form of attestation. There should be an independent person before whom this document should be signed. In this way blank forms will not be procured from the hirers by the owners of the financial institutions. That is why I say in amendment No. 14 that we may add the words

[Shri Somnath Chatterjee]

'including the surety if any, ..' etc If the Minister wants to increase the categories, he can do so. I am not on that point I am only on the point of principle One may say that these types of people may be won over by the financier or the owner. But, as I said, this will be some sort of protection to the hirer so that they are not made to sign on the dotted line There is no model form which is being prescribed in the rules Under this Act no rules are to be framed So, what is the objection on the part of the Government to accept this amendment ? If this amendment is accepted, nobody can dispute the agreements and the owners or financiers would not indulge in any 'sharp practice' if I may use that expression

My second amendment to Clause 3 is only consequential upon the other amendment that I have suggested Sub-clause (3) of clause (3) says

> 'where there is a contract of guarantee, the hire purchase agreement shall be signed be the surety also, and if the hire purchase agreement is not so signed, the hire purchase agreement shall be voidable at the option of the owner "

One cannot contemplate why there should be this provision There is a tripartite arrangement It contemplate the owner, the hirer and the surety, that is, a guarantor But there may be cases where the guarantor does not sign at the time of the execution of the agreement If it is not signed, what will happen ? It becomes voidable at the option of the owner. It should be made incumbent upon the guarantor also to be a party to it at the time of the agreement.

I command my amendments to the hon Minister for acceptance

SHRI NITIRAJ SINGH CHAUDHARY Your amendment seeks to incorporate the words 'in the presence of one or more witnesses or witnesses who shall belong to any of the following categories of the persons, namely, a notary, a magistrate, a gazetted officer of the 'Central Government' and so on and so forth May I refer him to clause 25 which says that a copy of the document shall be provided to the hirer When a copy of the document is provided to the hirer the question of leaving any blanks or filling up later does not arise.

SHRI SOMNATH CHATTERJEE : They will obtain signature from them saying that a copy has been given That is how it is being operated He will see in his experience that this will happen

SHRI NITIRAJ SINGH CHAUDHARY . We have provided for the signature of the surety in sub-clause (3). He wants it to be done in the presence of one or more witness or witnesses who shall be long to any of the following categories of persons, namely, a notary, a magistrate gazetted officer ..' We feel that it would cause considerable inconvenience to the parties the hire purchase agreement is to be signed in the presence of these persons because this is not only restricted to metropolitan cities , it will go to kasbas and other places where these persons may not be available, Therefore, it is not possible for me to accept the amendments.

MR DEPUTY-SPEAKER I shall put amendments 14 and 15 to the vote of the House

Amendment Nos 14 and 15 were put and negatived

MR DEPUTY-SPEAKER . The question is '

"That clause 3 stand part of the Bill "

The motion was adopted.

Clause 3 was added to the Bill.

Clause 4—(*Contents of hire-purchase agreements*)

SHRI SOMNATH CHATTERJEE : I beg to move . amendments Nos 16 and 17.

Page 3,—

after line 13. *insert*—

> '(f) that the owner has a right to enter into the said agreement and that the goods are free from any charge or encumberance in favour of any third party at the time when the agreement is entered into." (16)

Page 3,—

Omit lines 17 to 23. (17)

I have made my submission in the opening and I shall not take long. These amendments are necessery so that the hirer may have undisturbed right to enjoy the goods he is taking on hire. There should be an undertaking from the owner that the property is free from any charge or encumbrance and that at that time he has got a right to enter into that agreement. Otherwise, after a number of instalments have been paid, if somebody comes and puts forward a claim and seizes the vehicle or the other goods and removes them, the hirer is completely at the mercy of the owner ; he has to file litigation and carry it on. In clause 4 we say what are the provisions which must be included in the hire purchase agreement ; so also in claues 6 (1) and (2) we are privididmg what the warranties and conditions are implied. A warran y is being asked for in respect of a future event, future state of affairs. I am saying : why depend upon a future warranty ? Why not a present warranty ? The hirer will probably give his life's savings to get a truck so that he can run it and earn some money for the purpose of living. He puts in his money Why should not the owner and the financier give an undertaking that he has a right to deal with that property and that there is no charge or encumbrance so that nobody else interfers with the possession of the hirer. I do not know why the Government does not agree to it. I read out the portion of the Law Commission's recommendations. It says it may shrink business. There are no materials before us how it will affect the business. On the other hand, the hirer gets into serious difficulty and there is a great deal of apprehension that the hirer will suffer if such a clause is not inserted

Amendment No 17 is not quite consequential upon the other amendment. I have asked for the omission of sub-clause (3). This sub-clause provides for the institution of a suit by the hirer for getting the hire-purchase agreement rescinded That means, if an agreement is entered into in violation of these provisions, the hirer has to rush to the court for getting it rescinded and getting into a situation in which he does not get any immediate relief. A mere provision asking the hirer to go to court to establish his title will not help the hirer. So instead of leaving it to the hirer to go to court, it should be the owner's res obligation to state in the agreement that he has this right.

SHRI NITIRAJ SINGH CHAUDHARY : About amendment no. 16, the doubts of the hon. member are that the hirer is at a disadvantage. The amendment is unnecessary because of the provisions of clause 6 (1) and clause 6(2)(a). Clause 6 (2) provides for the warranty as to quiet possession and the warranty as to the goods being free from any charge os encumbrance. Clause 6(2) (a) provides for the condition as to the title.

The amendment is inconsisten: with clause 6(1)(b), according to which the goods shall be free from any charge or encumbrance in favour of any third party at the time when the property is to pass. The warranty as to the goods being free from any charge or encumbrance should properly only at the time when the property is to pass If it is made applicale at the inception of the agreement, the smaller businessmen will be thrown out of business and no advantage will be secured to the hirers.

Regarding amendment No. 17, if sub-clause (3) of clause 4 is omitted, there would be on sanction for ensuring that the provisions of clause 4 are complied with by the owner. This will cause great hardship to the hirer who is a weaker party to the transaction. He referred to the Law ommission's report. I will refer him to page 15 of that report. It is a long para and I will not read it.

With these words, I submit that it is not possible to accept these amendment.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : I will now put amendments 16 and 17 to the House.

Amendments Nos. 16 and 17 were put and negatived.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER The question is :

"That Clause 4 stand part of the Bill."

The motion was adopted.

Clause 4 was added to the Bill.

Clause 5 was added to the Bill.

Clause 6—(*Warrantees and conditions to be implied in Hire-Purchase agreements*)

SHRI SHANKERRAO SAVANT (Kolaba) : I beg to move :

Page 3, line 44,—

for "when the property is to pass"

substitute—

"when the agreement is entered into and at all times during the continuance of the agreement" (1)

SHRI PHOOL CHAND VERMA (Ujjain) I beg to move .

Page 3,—

for lines 43 and 44, *substitute*—

"(a) an implied condition on the part of the owner that he has a right to sell the goods at the time when the agreement is entered into and at all times during the continuance of the agreement ," (7)

MR DEPUTY-SPEAKER Amendment No. 26 is the same as No 7

14 hrs.

SHRI SHANKERRAO SAVANT Sir, my amendment is nothing new It only seeks to revert to the position as it emerged from the Joint Committee report The Joint Committee had decided that the title passes even at the time of agreement Accordingly, they made the necessary amendment No reasons were given why in the Rajya Sabha the unanimous report of the Joint Committee was passed over Secondly, I may point out that as the general law stands, the seller will have the title at the time he enters into the agreement of sale. Hire purchase agreement is nothing but a deferred sale. That being the position, why should we not give protection to the hirer at the time of the agreement itself ? Now the position will be that when the agreement is entered into, for all times during the continuance of the agreement there will be a presumption on the part of the owner that he has a right to sell the goods. This is in consonance with the general principles of law on the sale of goods etc. It is also in consonance with the unanimous recommendations of the Joint Committee. I, therefore, request that the amendment may be accepted.

SHRI NITIRAJ SINGH CHAUDHARY . The object of these amendments is to provide that the implied condition as to title should apply right from the inception of the hire-purchase agreement In the Bill as introduced, it was provided, in accordance with the recommendations of the Law Commission, that the owner should have a right to sell the goods at the time when the property in the goods is to pass to the hirer The Joint Committee amended the provision to provide that the condition as to title should be implied not only at the time when the property in the goods is o pass to the hirer but also from the inception of the hire-purchase agreement When the Bill was considered in Rajya Sabha, Rajya Sabha accepted the official amendment, which had the effect of restoring the position as it stood in the Bill as introduced The above amendments are for the purpose of reverting to the position as suggested by the Joint Committee

The Joint Committee had given two reasons in support of their recommendation

First, that it will be in the interests of orderly growth of hire purchase business

Secondly, that it will avoid fraudulent transactions and ensure that a hirer gets a clear title

Coming to the first reason if according to the view of the Committee, the condition as to title is to be satisfied from the inception, only businessmen who have the means or adequate finances to purchase the goo is will be able to carry on hire-purchase business Small businessmen will have to give up the business. Hire purchase business in less expensive consumer articles like radios, sewing machines, etc , is generally carried on by the smaller business people All these people will be thrown out of their business Further, bigger business people may not adquately cater to the needs of small places It may also be mentioned that honesty and fair dealings are not necessarily the monopoly of the affluent business people and it is difficult to appreciate as to why it is necessary to make hire-purchase business their monopoly for ensuring orderly growth of hire-purchase business.

The second reason adduced by the Committee may be considered. Would a fraudulent man be deterred from giving on hire-purchase goods which he does not own just because the law implies a condition that a person should have title to the goods at the time when he gives them on hire-purchase ? The answer is a clear no. As observed by the Law Commission, "it would make no difference" to a fraudulent dealer because he has "no thought of giving a good title at any time" (page 15 of the Law Commission Report). On the other hand, the amendment suggested by the Joint Committee, which is now sought to be restored by the Hon. Members, will prevent an owner who did not have title at the inception of the agreement but who is willing and able to perfect his title from doing so and completing the agreement.

In short, the amendments suggested by the Members will throw out of hire-purchase business small business people. It will not help the hirers in any way nor will it reduce fraudulent transactions. On the other hand, it will prevent honest dealers acting under *bona fide* mistake from completing the transaction. Under the laws of other countries such as England, Australia, etc., the condition as to title applies at the time when the property is to pass.

Therefore, I would request the hon. Members to withdraw the amendments and if they do not withdraw, I am sorry I cannot accept the amendments.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : Mr. Savant, in deference to the Minister, will you withdraw your amendment

SHRI SHANKERRAO SAVANT : I do not agree with him, but nevertheless I shall withdraw my amendment.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : Has Mr. Savant leave of the House to withdraw his amendment ?

HON. MEMBERS : No.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : Then I shall put amendment No. 1 to Clause 6 to the House.

Amendment No. 1 was put and negatived.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : I will now put amendment No. 7 to Clause 6 by Shri Phool Chand Verma to the House.

Amendment No. 7 was put and negatived.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : The question is :

"That Clause 6 stand part of the Bill."

The motion was adopted.

Clause 6 was added to the Bill.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : Dr. Laxminarayan Pandeya is not here. So, his amendment is not moved.

Clause 7 – (*Limitation on hire purchase charges*)

SHRI PHOOL CHAND VERMA : I beg to move :

Page 5—

for lines 29 to 33, *substitute* –

'(f) "statutory charges", in relation to a hire-purchase agreement, means the amount calculated in accordance with the provision of sub-section (2) hereinafter provided.' (8)

Page 5—

for lines 34 to 49, *substitute*—

'(2) "statutory charge" in relation to a hire-purchase agreement shall be an amount calculated at a flat rate of not less than seven and a half *per centam* per annum on the net cash price of the goods comprised in the agreement or such other rates as may be specified under sub-section (3).' (9)

Page 6, lines 1 and 2—

for "less than ten" *substitute*—

"more than a flat rate of fifteen" (10)

SHRI SOMNATH CHATTERJEE : I beg to move :

[Shri Somnath Chatterjee]

Page 5 —

after line 28, *insert*—

"(iv) any amount which has been paid or is payable on account of commission, financial or otherwise, to the owner in respect of the agreement ;" (18)

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : I put amedments 8, 9 10 and 18 to Clause 7 to the House.

Amendments Nos. 8, 9, 10 and 18 were put and negatived.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : The question is :

"That Clause 7 stand part of the Bill".

The motion was adopted.

Clause 7 was added to the Bill.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER . The question is :

"That clauses 8 to 11 stand part of the Bill".

The motion was adopted

Clauses 8 to 11 were added to the Bill

Clause 12—(*Assignment and transmission of hirer's right of interest under hire-purchase agreements*

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : Dr. Laxminarayan Pandeya is not here.

SHRI PHOOL CHAND VERMA : I beg to move :

Page 8, line 11—

for "court" *substitute*—

"Special Tribunal" (11)

Page, 8—

for lines 15 to 17, *substitute*—

'*Explanation*.—In this sub-section, the "Special Tribunal" means a tribunal specially constituted for the purpose of hearing cases arising under this Act.' (12)

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : I shall put amendments 11 and 12 to the House.

Amendments Nos. 11 and 12 were put and negatived.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : The question is :

"That clause 12 stand part of the Bill".

The motion was adopted

Clause 12 was added to the Bill.

Clauses 13 to 16 were added to the Bill.

Clause 17—(*Rights of hirer in case of seizure of goods by owner*)

SHRI SOMNATH CHATTERJEE : I beg to move :

Page 9,—

for lines 26 to 29, *substitute*—

"(2) For the purposes of this section, the value of any goods on the date of seizure is the price that may be agreed by and between the parties to the agreement and in default thereof, as may be ascertained by the court having jurisdiction to entertain a suit for any relief claimed under or in respect of the agreement and for the purposes of assessing such value, the court shall ascertain the best price that can be reasonably obtained for the goods by the owner on that date, less the aggregate of the following amounts, namely :—" (19)

If you please see *Clause 17* of the Bill, it says in sub-clause (1) :

"Where the owner seizes under clause (c) of section 19 the goods let under a hire-

purchase agreement, the hirer may recover from the owner the amount, if any, by which the hire-purchase price falls short of the aggregate of the following amounts, namely :—

(i) the amounts paid in respect of the hire-purchase price up to the date of seizure ;

(ii) the value of the goods on the date of seizure."

Sir, the intention is that if the goods are seized the hirer may recover the balance amount of what he has paid and the value of the goods on the date of seizure.

Sub-section (2) purports to define the value of the goods. It says :

"(2) For the purposes of this section, the value of any goods on the date of seizure is the best price that can be reasonably obtained for the goods by the owner on that date less the aggregate of the following amounts, namely :—..."

The intention obviously is that the hirer atleast should get back the difference between the amount which he has paid and the real value of the goods. But how does he realise it ? In all cases he is forced to go to court. There is no other way out. Certainly the owner will not say that this is the value of the goods. Therefore, whatever the value the hirer mentions. the owner is certainly not going to accept it. What is the position ? Therefore, I have made a suggestion that in cases where both the parties may take up a reasonable attitude, they may arrive at a figure. It may be upon bargaining between them Then, if that figure is accepted and it becomes the value of the goods on the date of seizure within the meaning of clause 17(1), it will avoid litigation between the parties concerned. Now, the only method is to go to courts. There is no method. Therefore, I have suggested in my amendment No. 19 that, for lines 26 to 29, subsitute :—

"(2) For the purposes of this section, the value of any goods on the date of seizure is the price that may be agreed by and between the parties to the agreement and in default thereof, as may be ascertained by the court having jurisdiction to entertain a suit for any relief claimed under or in respect of the agreement and for the purposes of assessing such value, the court shall ascertain the best price that can be reasonably obtained for the goods by the owner on that date, less the aggregate of the following amounts, namely :—"

The real alteration that I am suggesting is that instead of making the parties in all cases to go to court, you give an opportunity to them to come to an agreement or an agreed valuation as to the price of the goods on the date of seizure so that on the basis of that, the parties may regulate their rights under clause 17 and must not have to go to court in all cases.

SHRI NITIRAJ SINGH CHAUDHARY : I submit that the parties are not debarred from coming to an agreement. In every dispute, they are free to come to an agreement. It is unnecessary to provide that here. If the parties agree the matter could be determined in accordance with the agreement Clause 17 becomes really relevant only when there is a dispute between the parties, not otherwise. When there is a dispute, the matter can be taken to a court having competent jurisdiction in accordance with the provisions of the Code of Civil Procedure If there is no dispute and the parties have come to an agreement, they can decide it amongst themselves. I think, this is abundantly clear. There is no necessity of amendment.

SHRI SOMNATH CHATTERJEE : Clause 17 (2) says :

"...the value of any goods on the date of seizure is the best price that can be reasonably obtained for the goods by the owner on that date..."

I say, this is the only provision which has been made how to ascertain the best value of the goods Where is the scope of an agreement here ?

SHRI NITIRAJ SINGH CHAUDHRY : In every dispute, when the parties come to an agreement, the court enforces that agreement.

MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER ; Now, I put amendment No. 19 moved by Shri Somnath Chatterjee to the vote of the House.

Amendment No. 19 was put and negatived

[Mr Deputy Speaker]

MR DEPUTY SPEAKER The question is .

"That clause 17 stand part of the Bill"

The motion was adopted

Clause 17 was added to the Bill

Clause 18 (*Rights of owner to Termina e hire purchase agreement for default in payment of hire or unauthorised act of breach of express conditions*)

SHRI SOMNATH CHATTERJEE I beg to move

Page 10, line 15,—

after ' weeks *insert*—

or within such time as may be allowed by the Court on an application made by the hirer (20)

Page 10, –

after line 16 *insert* —

Explanation,—In this sub section court means a court which would have jurisdiction to entertain a suit for the relief claimed in the application (21)

Sir, I do hope this time, the Minister will not look to the departmental officers only

The marginal note to clause 18 says

' Rights of owner to terminate hire-purchase agreement for default in payment of hire or unauthorised act or breach of express conditions '

Then, clause 18(1) says

"Where a hirer makes more than one default in the payment of hire as provided in the hire purchase agreement, then subject to the provisions of section 21 and after giving the hirer notice in writing of not less than—

(i) one week in a case where the hire is payable at weekly or lesser intervals , and

(ii) two weeks, in any other case

the owner shall be entitled to terminate the agreement by giving the hirer notice of termination in writing

Provided that if the hirer pays or tenders to the owner the hire in arrears together with such interest thereon as my be payable under the terms of the agreement before the expiry of the said period of one

'week or as the case may be, two weeks, the owner shall not be entitled to terminate the agreement "

This is a protection which otherwise is welcome, namely, that an opportunity is given to the hirer to remedy the breach That opportunity is being given You continue to enjoy the benefits of the agreement I take it that is the intention

The time limit is provided only one week before the expiry of the agreement or in case where the amount is payable at weekly or lesser intervals

What I am proposing is this There may be genuine cases of great distress on the part of the hirer He may provide money in one month's time, not in one week's time or in two weeks time In such cases, he cannot take advantage of clause 18 The Minister may point out Clause 21 which is the situation which will arise after the agreement has been terminated , the parties relationship will be considerably altered What I am suggesting is this Kindly see amendment No 20 , it says

"or within such time as may be allowed by the Court on an application made by the hirer '

This is a right given to the hirer if he can make out a case by making an application to the appropriate court The time is ordinarily two weeks But, in these circumstances, if he gets a little longer time, then he can pay off The court will decide It is well known that in the case of Limitation Act when certain proceedings cannot be filed within the time, there is a provision for extension of time, and the court will decide if a sufficient case is made out I am suggesting this amendment because it is not left to the hirer's

discretion but the court will go into the matter whether he should be given a little longer time ; the court will decide. Kindly see again amendment No. 20. It is only giving power to the court in appropriate cases where the hirer makes an application.

Amendment No. 21 is a consequential amendment indicating which is the court that will have jurisdiction in deciding this matter—in a similar language as has been provided in in Clause 12 which the House has passed. In Clause 12 you will find the definition of 'court' given in this explanation A similar definition has been provided.

I do feel that the hon. Minister will favourably consider these amendments.

SHRI NITIRAJ SINGH CHAUDHARY : Clause 18 provides that the hirer makes more than one default—not one default ; the defaults have to be two or more. The hirer gets a fair chance and time. Thereafter when the matter goes to the court, at the time of the hearing of the suit or application by the owner for recovery of goods, the hirer can obtain relief. Sufficient time is there... (*Interruption*) If it was only one default, what you say would have had very great force, but the provision is where there are more than one default.

SHRI SOMNATH GHATTERJEE : The hirer involuntarily makes the default. Nobody wants to make a default ; because he is in financial difficulties, he makes a default. He must find money within a fortnight to pay all the arrears. Can the Government not make a provision for the hirer to obtain extension of time from court, if the court is satisfied that there has been a sufficient case ? Is a fortnight's time sufficient to get the money ?

SHRI NITIRAJ SINGH CHAUDHRY : It is not only a fortnight. This is only when there is more than one default. Then he gets another chance to pay the money in the court when the matter comes there.

I am, therefore, not accepting the amendments.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : I shall now put amendments Nos. 20 and 21 to Clause 18 to the vote of the House.

Amendments Nos. 20 and 21 were put and negatived.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : The question is :

"That Clause 18 stand part of the Bill."

The motion was adopted.

Clause 18 was added to the Bill.

Clause 19 was added to the Bill.

Clause 20—(*Restriction on owner's right to recover possession of goods otherwise than through court*).

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : Mr. Lakshmi Narayan Pandeya is absent.

Mr. Phool Chand Verma.

SHRI PHOOL CHAND VERMA : I beg to move :

Page 11, lines 34 and 35,—

for "any court having jurisdiction to entertain a suit for the same relief."

substitute—

"the Special Tribunal" (13)

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : I will now put amendment No. 13 of Shri P. C. Verma to the vote of the House.

Amendment No. 13 was put and negatived.

THE DEPUTY SPEAKER : Now, the question is :

"That Clause 20 stand part of the Bill.

The motion was adopted.

Clause 20 was added to the Bill.

Clause 21—*(Relief against termination for non-payment of hire)*

SHRI SOMNATH CHATTERJEE I beg to move

Page 11, line 42,—

after ' application" *insert*—

"or within such time as may be allowed by the court in that behalf" (22)

Page 11, line 47,—

after "delivery," *insert*—

' or order for appointment of a receiver or injunction" (23)

Because of the provision of clause 21, as I understood the hon Minister has opposed my amendment to clause 18 because he said the hirer will get another chance As he will get another chance under clause 21, why, therefore, he be given opportunity under clause 18 ? Although I am wholly unimpressed by this argument we have to submit to the wishes of the massive mandate

Now clause 21 says

"Where the owner, after he has terminated the hire-purchase agreement in accordance with the provisions of sub-sections (1) of section 18, institutes a suit or makes an application against the hirer for the recovery of the goods, and at the hearing of the suit or application, the hirer pays or tenders to the owner the hire in arrears, together with such interest . . .

Then what will happen ?

" ..the court may, in lieu of making a decree or order for specific delivery pass an of order relieving the hirer against the termination , and thereupon the hirer shall continue in possession .."

In cases of hearing where instalments are paid weekly, if a fortnight lapses and when the owner goes to a court and asks for a decree for taking possession, what is the time allowed to the hirer to take advantage of it ? Only at the hearing of the suit or the application he must pay. Therefore, before the matter is disposed of, he has to pay off all the arrears of instalments together with interest, etc. Otherwise, he does not get the benefit at all of this section What I have suggested is this that it may be that during the hearing or before the hearing is over the hirer cannot pay but the court in appropriate cases, after looking into the facts and the circumstances of the hirer and the owner may decide, 'Yes, although I am disposing of this application or the suit, I am giving you one month's time or three weeks' time or 2 weeks' time to pay off ' This is precisely what I have suggested It says

"or within such time as may be allowed by the court in that behalf"

which is to be added after the words 'after the hearing of the suit or application ' 'At the hearing has a very technical meaning It means before the time it is disposed of 'At the hearing of the suit or application or within such time as may be allowed by the court in that behalf ' Can t you trust the court ? I cannot understand This is not a matter for the owner to decide it himself Here, we are asking the court before which the matter is brought by the owner to decide as to what is the time which should be allowed to the hirer to pay off the arrears of instalments including the interest What is the objection of the Government, I cannot understand ?

In another amendment to this clause what I have provided is apart from a decree or order for specific delivery also an order for the appointment of a Receiver or injunction The purpose of this is, I shall say The position is this. It contemplates that instead of making a decree or order for specific delivery, if the clause stands as it is without amendment, if at the hearing of the application, that is the final disposal of the matter and the application or the suit, if the hirer pays the amount, then the court will not pass a decree or order for specific delivery, that is, that the hirer do make it over to the owner. But there are many cases where during the pendency of the suit or an application, there may be applications for appointment of Receiver and although he would have otherwise got the opportunity of paying up the

arrears in instalments and retaining the posseson of the car, he cannot take advantage of it. Even when an application for Receiver is made and the Receiver is appointed by the court there is no restriction on the court in appointing a receiver or making an injunction against the hirer restraining him to use the vehicle during the pendency of the application before the court. I do not know these obvious glaring lacunae we find in the Bill. Give an opportunity to the court to fix a reasonable time. If you could make it effective by appointment of the Receiver or making an order of injunction, that is not taken away. Therefore, I do commend these amendments for the hon. Minister's kind consideration and acceptance. I do not see any basic objection to this

SHRI NITIRAJ SINGH CHAUDHARY : Clauses 18 and 20 do not modify the existing law to the deteriment of the owner because of protection of the hirer. We must balance the interests of both As I have already submitted, the hirers interest are sufficiently protected. The Bill does not seek to codify the law relating to hire-purchase and the provisions of general law, Civil Procedure Code, Specific Relief Act, Contract Act etc will apply to the extent that they are not modified by the Bill.

May I also request Shri Somnath Chatterjee to refer to Order 40 of the CPC which provides for receivers, and it will apply, as he has said ?...

SHRI SOMNATH CHATTERJEE : Such an application for receiver can be made and then the receiver will be appointed. Where is the bar ? The bar is only against making an order for specific delivery.

SHRI NITIRAJ SINGH CHAUDHARY : I do not question what he says. I have myself said...

SHRI SOMNATH CHATTERJEE : How does he intend to protect the hirers ?

SHRI NITIRAJ SINGH CHAUDHARY : As I have submitted, the hirers interests are sufficiently protected. We are trying to strike a balance between the owner and the hirer by providing more relief to the hirer.

SHRI SOMNATH CHATTERJEE : By giving him only verbal protection, which can never be enforced.

SHRI NITIRAJ SINGH CHAUDHARY : Not verbal protection, but actual protection.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : I shall now put amendements Nos. 22 and 23 to clause 21 to vote.

Amendments Nos. 22 and 23 were put and negatived

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : The question is :

"That clause 21 stand part of Bill".

The motion was adopted.

Clause 21 was added to the Bill.

Clause 22 was added to the Bill.

MR DEPUTY-SPEAKER : There are some amendments seeking to introduce new clauses 22 A to 22 C. But the hon. Member concerned is absent.

The question is :

"That clause 23 stand part of the Bill".

The motion was adopted

Clause 23 was added to the Bill.

Clauses 24 to 28 were added to the Bill.

Clause 29 — *Service of notice)*

SHRI SOMNATH CHATTERJEE : I beg to move :

Page 14, line 9, *after* "sending it by" *insert* "registered" (25)

The attitude of the hon. Minister does not encourage me but I shall be failing in my duty if I do not press this amendment. After all, this ought not to be a controversial legislation. I am sure the hon. Minister will be convinced of the efficacy of this amendment and its usefulness, but I do not know why he is not able to accept it.

SHRI NITIRAJ SINGH CHAUDHARY : He will withdraw it after I make my submissions.

SHRI SOMNATH CHATTERJEE . Clause 29 reads thus .

"Any notice required or authorised to be served on or given to an owner or a hirer under this Act may be so served or given—

(a) by delivering it to him personally , or

(b) by sending it by post to him "

There are various provisions in this Bill which require notice to be given either by the owner or the hirer I am suggesting here that it will also increase the revenue of the State if we provide that the notice should be sent by registered post It will also avoid many controversies, because otherwise it would be one of the methods of raising disputes. One will say that he has sent the notice while the other will say that he has not received it That means that there will be controversy over the posting of the letter, about how the letter was sent, whether it was properly addressed and whether the envelope bore the proper and adequate stamp and so on Where real protection is intended to be given, why not clearly say that the notice should be sent by registered post ?

SHRI NITIRAJ SINGH CHAUDHARY I am sure my hon friend will agree with me that there are overriding provisions in the General Clauses Act in this regard Section 27 of the General Clauses Act provides :

"Where any Central Act or Regulation made after the commencement of this Act authorises or requires any document to be served *by post* whether the expression 'serve' or either of the expressions 'give' or 'send' or any other expression is used, then, unless a different intention appears, the service shall be deemed to be affected by properly addressing, pre-paying and posting *by registered post* a letter containing the document "

SHRI SOMNATH CHATTERJEE · Does the hon Minister mean that wherever it is provided as in this case that the notice be sent by post, because of the General Clauses Act, it must be sent by registered post ? Is that his view ?

SHRI NITIRAJ SINGH CHAUDHARY · Yes.

SHRI SOMNATH CHATTERJEE : Let it be recorded.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : I shall now put amendment No. 25 to vote

Amendment No. 25 was put and negatived.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : The question is .

"That clause 29 stand part of the Bill"

The motion was adopted.

Clause 29 was added to the Bill.

Clauses 30 and 31, clause 1, the Enacting Formula and the Title were added to the Bill

SHRI NITIRAJ SINGH CHAUDHARY I beg to move

"That the Bill be passed"

MR DEPUTY-SPEAKER The question is

"That the Bill be passed"

The motion was adopted

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14 33 hrs

ALIGARH MUSLIM UNIVERSITY (AMENDMENT) BILL

MR DEPUTY-SPEAKER We have half an hour before we reach the deadline of 3 p m. for the motion fixed to be taken up at that time Now Prof S Nurual Hasan

श्री अटल बिहारी वाजपेयी (ग्वालियर) : उपाध्यक्ष जी, मेरा प्वाइंट आफ आर्डर है । आज कोरिजेंडा के नाम से एक कागज मैम्बरों में वितरित किया गया है जिसके बारे में कहा जाता है कि वह अलीगढ़ युनिवर्सिटी एमेंडमेंट बिल 1972 का कोरिजेंडा है ।

उपाध्यक्ष महोदय, आप इसे देखेंगे तो यह कोरिजेंडा नहीं है, आल्सो स्पेलिंग मिस्टेक को

ठीक करने की कोशिश नहीं की गई है वैसे तो इतने महत्वपूर्ण सरकारी बिल में इतनी गलतियां हों, यह सरकार के लिए अच्छी बात नहीं है, लेकिन जिस जल्दबाजी में बिल पेश किया गया है उसमें कुछ स्पेलिंग की गलतियां रह सकती है। लेकिन यहां तो कई अमेंडमेंट दिये जा रहे हैं। आप देखिये कोरिजेंडा का आइटम 9, पेज 9, लाइन 42—फार 'दि टाइटल' रीड 'हाफ दि टाइटल'। यह कोई ओवरसाइट की गलती नहीं है कोई प्रिंटिंग की मिस्टेक नहीं है।

पेज 2 देखिये, आइटम 22, पेज 19 लाइन 12—फार 'टेकनालाजी' रीड 'थियोलाजी'। टेकनालाजी अलग है, थियोलाजी अलग है। टेकनालाजी की जगह थियोलाजी किया जा रहा है। लेकिन यह कोरिजेंडा नहीं हो सकता है, उसके लिए एक अमेंडमेंट इन्हें लाना पड़ेगा, उसके लिए आपको सूचना देनी पड़ेगी, उसको पास करना पड़ेगा।

एक और आइटम 28 देखिये, पेज 23—आफ्टर लाइन 26, इंसर्ट 'फैकल्टी आफ ला'। यह कोरिजेंडा में कैसे आ सकता है। शायद सरकार पहले फैकल्टी आफ ला को शामिल नहीं करना चाहती थी, और अब वह फैकल्टी आफ ला को शामिल करना चाहती है। वह शामिल कर सकती है, उनके साथ बहुमत है। वह काले को सफेद कर सकती है, सफेद को काला कर सकती है, लेकिन सदन का इस तरह मजाक नहीं बनाया जाना चाहिए। इसके लिए सब्स्टेंटिव मोशन आना चाहिए। उपाध्यक्ष जी, आप इनको इजाजत मत दीजिए।

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (PROF. S. NURUL HASAN) : I beg to submit that what has been circulated as per agenda are in fact corrigenda, that is to say these are mistakes of compositors. I am very sorry that proof-correcting was not good enough and these have crept in. I should like to start with two major points which my hon. friend Shri Atal Bihari Vajpayee has raised. I would refer you to page 19, where in line 10, there is 'faculty of engineering and technology.' There is no faculty of technology by itself. On the other hand there is a faculty of theology. If you would be good enough to refer to page 36, where a full list of faculties is given along with the departments, you will observe that on page 37, under No 8, there is a faculty of engineering and technology. On page 36, in line 21, there is a faculty of theology. This quite obviously is printer's devil and there is no intention on the part of the Mover of this Bill to surreptitiously put in an amendment.

Again I should like you to be good enough to refer to page 23. In page 23, you will notice that after Roman number viii, in line 27, Roman No. viii has just disappeared the University shall have the following faculties, namely....Then you will see on page 36, there is a faculty of law. Quite clearly the printer somehow omitted this whole line which was : viii : faculty of law. It is not the intention of the Mover to move an amendment. It was part of the Bill but in printing this was left out. I am sorry that the corrigenda list is rather long. It is obvious that these are mistakes of the printers and I would therefore request you to accept these as mistakes of the printers.

श्री अटल बिहारी वाजपेयी : उपाध्यक्ष जी, आप इसको मंजूर कर लें। मगर आप इनको फटकार बताइये कि इस तरह का बिल ये कैसे लाये ? यह सरकार तो बिलकुल शुद्ध छाप भी नही सकती, यह पार्लियामेंट के सामने शुद्ध छापकर भी नहीं ला सकती है। इनको फटकार बताइये। यह जो गलतियां शुद्ध की जा रही हैं इन्हें मैं मानता हूं।

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : I think from what the hon. Minister has explained certain printing mistakes have crept in. Therefore, it is a corrigenda.

PROF. S. NURUL HASAN : Sir, I beg to move :

> "That the Bill further to amend the Aligarh Muslim University Act, 1920, be taken into consideration."

SHRI EBRAHIM SULAIMAN SAIT (Kazikode) : I have a motion to refer the Bill to a Select Committee.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : He is moving the motion for consideration ; let him complete his speech, I shall hear you afterwards.

PROF S NURUL HASAN Sir, this Bill is coming almost seven years after the emergency legislation was passed by this House in 1965,

14.40 hrs

[SHRI K N TIWARY *in the Chair*]

when that emergency legislation modified or changed the composition of the Executive Council and the Court and reduced the powers of the Court Instead of a duly constituted Executive Council and a duly constituted Court, that emergency legislation introduced a nominated Executive Council and a nominated Court. That Bill, however, did not, in any way, affect the functioning of the academic bodies of the University or its powers But, in any case, the Government had promised that it would bring in a proper, comprehensive measure as early as possible so that in place of the nominated Executive Council and a nominated Court, a properly constituted Executive Council and Court might be introduced

At that time, it was also felt that it would be in the best interests of the Aligarh Muslim University itself as well as in the general interests of academic life in the country if the principles by which the Aligarh Muslim University Bill were to be drafted were to be more or less the same as the principles by which the Banaras Hindu University Bill were to be drafted In the meanwhile, the House passed in 1966 the Banaras Hindu University Act, but by this time various controversial issues began to be raised from various quarters, regarding, firstly the nature of the Banaras Hindu University and then the character of the Aligarh Muslim University A little later, certain unfortunate incidents took place in the Banaras Hindu University A Committee of Enquiry was appointed to look into that and consequently the measure was further delayed

In the meanwhile at the instance of a conference of Vice-Chancellors, the University Grants Commission appointed a committee on the governance of universities under the chairmanship of Dr P B Gajendragadkar It was felt that the Radhakrishnan Commission had gone into some length in the matter of the organisational pattern of the Universities in the country Enough time has elapsed since then In the meanwhile, the Education Commission had made certain general recommendations A model legislation Committee had also meet and made certain recommendations The University Grants Commission's decision to appoint a high-powered Committee was, therefore, welcomed by the Government and the Government decided that it would be better to await the receipt of the report of such a Committee before finalising its proposals to amend the Aligarh Muslim University Act In 1970, however, the University proposed to organise the Golden Jubilee of its foundation A view was put forward by many people in the university as well as in Parliament that it would not be entirely proper for the university to celebrate its golden jubilee while it was being administered by a nominated executive council and a nominated court Government, therefore, brought forward a temporary legislation—the Aligarh Muslim University Amendment Bill—in 1970 seeking to establish a fully constituted executive council and a fully constituted court but at the same time stating that it was a transitional measure and Government would introduce a comprehensive Bill after the receipt of the recommendations of the Gajendragadkar Committee by UGC and Government

But in the meanwhile, a great deal of agitation was mounted up partly inside the university and partly outside, in the colleges of the city as well as in the university, both demanding something which would not satisfy the other The university in such a situation decided to postpone the celebration of its golden jubilee and therefore, the immediate urge to bring in a measure of temporary reform was no longer there and the Government decided not to proceed with that Bill but to await the recommendations of the Gajendragadkar Committee

The Gajendragadkar Committee submitted its recommandations in the summer of 1971 The UGC generally endorsed the recommendations of this committee Subsequently the Government of India brought these recommendations to the notice of all State Governments In the meanwhile, the UGC had brought these recommendations to the notice of all universities After waiting for some time to assess the reaction in the country both among the universities and State Governments, the then Education Minister, Shri Siddhartha Shankar Ray made a statement in this House saying that the Government accepted the recommendations of the Gajendragadkar Committee. After that,

the Government started working on the legislative proposals of the various Central Universities. Since the Aligarh Bill had been inordinately delayed, it was decided to take up that Bill first. We hope that very soon, Government will be coming before Parliament with legislation in regard to the governance of the other Central Universities. In this Bill every care has been taken to see that the governance, the pattern of organisation of the university is in accordance with the recommendations of the Gajendragadkar Committee. I shall try to explain the main provisions of the Bill.

Apart from a number of purely formal clauses, which the hon. Members can see very clearly what they are, I would like to explain what appear to me to be the more important features of this Bill. Firstly, in the powers of the University, section 5(2) had already provided that special attention shall be paid by the University for the promotion of oriental and Islamic studies and the teaching of the Muslim theology. The precise words are "to promote oriental and Islamic studies and give instruction in Muslim theology and religion and to impart moral and physical training". In addition to it, it has been decided to add another clause, as clause (b), which says "to promote the study of the religions, civilisation and culture of India." This is based on a specific recommendation, which has been made by the Gajendragadkar Committee, which has said at page 20 :

> "It is hoped that both Aligarh and Banaras would make a special effort, if necessary jointly, to make a study of the composite culture of India."

Incidentally, Aligarh has already been contributing to the study of the classical languages like Arabic, Parsian, Sanskrit, Prakrit and Pali. It bas been paying a good deal of attention to the teaching of Urdu, Hindi and some of the other modern Indian languages like Tamil, Telugu, Malayalam, Bengali and I believe now, Marathi also. It has had the privilege of paying special attention to the promotion of Urdu. It is, therefore, only fit and proper that this emphasis on the study of religions, civilisation and culture of India should be explicity provided herein. The department of History, the Department of Civilisation and several other departments have been dealing with various aapects of Indian culture and civilisation, and particularly with the contribution which the Muslims have made to the growth of the composite culture of India.

Aligarh had been empowered to admit, under certain conditions, persons to appear at its examination as private candidates. This power has been slightly enlarged to include correspondance courses as well so that purely private candidates may no longer be admitted, but those who are permitted to appear as private candidates are given some sort of instruction. This, the hon. House will recall is in accordance with the National Policy Resolution on education. We have also brought in measures for the establishment within a radius of 25 k ms of the university special centres, specialised laboratories and other units which the university may have to establish. We have also provided that the university may declare the Department of Studies to be an autonomous department in accordance with the recommendation of the Education Commisssion and the Gajendragadkar Committee.

The next important change is the deletion of Section 12(a) of the Principal Act. Section 12(a) of the Principal Act enabled the university to affiliate colleges to it. The Gajendragadkar Committee Report made a categorical recommendation that except for the university of the Delhi it would be desirable for the central university to remain unitary teaching institution. This principle was accepted in the case of Banaras Hindu University in 1966. At that time Banaras had for historical reasons four colleges affiliated to that University. But in 1966 the power of the University further to affiliate any college was taken away so that the teaching and residential unitary character of the university may not further be eroded. In the case of Aligarh, the university had not at any time its power under Section 12(a) and had never affiliated any college to the university. Therefore, the deletion of Section 12(a) of the principal Act does not adversely affect the interest of any college which is already affiliated but at the same time it brings this measures into line with the similar measure in Banaras Hindu University Act. It is also in accordance with the recommendations of the Gajendragadkar Committee and there is a great deal of academic justification for keeping some of our educational institution

[Prof S. Nural Hasan]

unitary and residential, It is primarily in unitary and residential universities that innovation and experimentation in academic thinking can easily take place. It is only here that major reforms of the examination system and of continuous assessment of the work of students can take place. It is also only in such institutions that the unitary and residential life of a university can be fully organised. Therefore, taking into consideration all these important factors, the Government have accepted the recommendation of the Gajendragadkar Committee and have proposed that Section 12(a) of the principal Act be omitted.

MR, CHAIRMAN : You may continue to-morrow.

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15 hrs.

MOTION RE : ALLEGATION OF PUBLICATION OF LARGE NUMBER OF POSTERS BY A COMPANY IN VIOLATION OF COMPANY LAW

MR. CHAIRMAN . We now take up the motion in the name of Shri Jyotirmoy Bosu. I have a request to make to you all. Without the permission of the Chair, nobody should get up

[MR. SPEAKER *in the Chair*]

MR. SPEAKER ; Shri Jyotirmoy Bosu.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU (Diamond Harbour) : Mr. Speaker, Sir, I regret to say, to start with, that we expected the Prime Minister to remain present in the House because she has brought a lot of controversy. If she feels nervous to face the House, well, we take it that way, that she has preferred to stay away. Let her not take recourse to address a *maidan* meeting about things happening in the house. This is a very important matter, The whole country is wanting to know things. I make a submission before you, Sir. Let the House be brought to order. The howling and speaking are two different things. With your good wishes, I start.

Sir, the politicians in India, unfortunately, stand discredited during the last 25 years. I do not want to talk about previous years. They have been described as corrupt and people with lack of integrity. Let us search our hearts, ask our conscience. There are many honest persons in the House who have grass-roots and I have only my regards for them and I do not wish to touch them at all

SHRI S.A. SHAMIM (Srinagar) : Thank you for the compliment.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : You will agree it will not be wise for many to shout and get identified with the other camp. Although the Government and the ruling party, it is understood everywhere, is seething with corruption, very little has come out in black and white. With great difficulty, we have been able to produce a few photostats - that is nothing more than a drop in the ocean but for these few persons who had to sacrifice their jobs. About six workers of Saraswati Press have been thrown out of jobs ; they have been thrown out to starve because they have been considered to be providing these documents to us.

During the Finance Bill debate, I produced a few photostats, authenticated it, and under the command of the Chair, I handed it over to the Chair. I feel, the Government got terribly cold feet and, without thoroughly examining the documents carefully—you require this sometimes—they tried to deny. The honourable Prime Minister, the dear leader of the country, although present in the House, got cold feet and kept silent. Mr. Chavan, a clever man, a good parliamentarian, in reply said, "He has made some baseless charges against my party" and he stopped at that.

My friend, Mr. Ganesh, a junior Minister, went a little further and called it, 'a serious matter', in the Rajya Sabha ; he said, it is a serious matter but a fabricated document. But the hon. Prime Minister, the dear leader of this House, who is running with the hare and hunting with the hound—as she said of one of the Congressmen in a recent episode felt very shaky and had no courage to face the House on this issue and she decided to take recourse to serious impropriety and displayed lack of basic integrity. In the name of so called drought relief mission to West

Bengal on 20th May, she addressed the youth rally at Calcutta and said this. This is as reported in the *Statesman* :

> "Mrs Gandhi said that documents produced in this connection were false. The photostat contained no real evidence. Her picture was superimposed and the letter allegedly written by the Press to a monopolist contained no signature. But the CPI (M) will spread the word that the Congress took money..."

Then I come to the *Times of India* which says :

> 'She referred to the election poster controversy to say that the allegation against the Congress had absolutely no basis at all. Capitalists provided funds for every party. They paid us, they also paid the Marxists but....." etc , etc.

Then the Calcutta paper, *Hindustan Standard* reported :

> "The CPM was trying to prove that the Congress was a party backed by capitalists .."

Who doubts that ?

> "thouogh it talked of socialism. The photostat, Mrs. Gandhi emphatically pointed out, was totally baseless....." etc.

She also said that capitalists' money had nothing to do with these payments.

I shall answer her, with your permission, one by one, and I hope the Press will give similar coverage...(*Interruptions*)

MR. SPEAKER : Is that your main object ?

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : We can have a quiet chat outside, Sir.

I come to the utterances of the Prime Minister. They paid Mrs. Gandhi and her Party. These are very serious admissions. We want a list of all those who had paid the money from 1-1-1970 to 31-5-1972. We want a copy of that to be laid on the Table of the House and you may please be kind enough to refer it to the Public Accounts Committee for a thorough examination on that account. What are the Government doing about these violations which have already taken place, Mr. Raghunatha Reddy must tell us today : violation of Company Law, black money and many many other issues are involved.

"They paid the Marxists". I challenge Mrs. Gandhi to prove it .(*Interruptions*)

SHRI K. P. UNNIKRISHNAN (Badagara) : You got from Mandelia, Mavoor. Calicut.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : I say, prove it.

SHRI K. P. UNNIKRISHNAN : We will.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : There is a reply given by the Minister of Industrial Development and Internal Trade, Mr Raghunatha Reddy, from Hyderabad ..

MR SPEAKER : What is this about ?

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : Company donations.

MR. SPEAKER : What is it ?

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : This is the reply given in the Rajya Sabha.

MR. SPEAKER : What is the issue ?

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : Company donations.

They have given a list of umpteen number of the parties headed by the Congress which was given Rs 2,33,07,021. If the hon. Member can point out in that list giving at least 40 names the name of the CPI (M), I shall take any punishment that the House may give.

SHRI K. P. UNNIKRISHNAN : You take it under the table.

SHRI M. RAM GOPAL REDDY (Nizamabad) : You take it at the point of gun.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : Although the Congress tops the list, although the Congress survives on the capitalist money, I can assure the House that my Party survives on the common working man's contribution. (*Interruptions*).

She said 'The documents produced were false', "Photostat contained no real evidence", "Picture superimposed", "Letter allegedly written by the press to a monopolist contained no signature", "No mention of the Press Work Order", This is very strange She did not talk about the fully signed photostat which talked about the placement of an order to the tune o 8 lakhs, the minimum of which is Rs 4,80,000 There is no mention about that. But, Sir, this is most interesting .. After her return from Calcutta, the two photostats were stealthily taken away from the Speaker's office I consider the office has not been kind to me in this regard

MR SPEAKER When you give it to me, I showed it to her also

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU I will come to the conclusion on that

This shows without anybody's doubt that she did not eally know the full contents of the photostats before going to Calcutta and there she misled the country Does it become of a Prime Minister of a country ?

About the picture superimposed, I say she did not read this small press line which, of course, requires a magnifying glass It says 'Printed by Saraswati Press', I can place another copy of that with the pressline which clearly says 'Printed at Saraswati Press, published on behalf of All India National Congress' I have also got for the pleasure of the House a photostat superimposed with the pressline 'Printed at Saraswati Press and published on behalf of the All India National Congress Committee' (*Interruptions*) You please allow me to place it on the Table of the House. 'Documents are false, letter allegedly written by the press to a monopolist contained no signature" Sir, I read out the two documents for your pleasure This is letter dated 15th March "Shri Saraswati Press .." I must say one word I have missed it 'Shri Sawaraswati Press' is controlled by a Congressman who was a Deputy Finance Minister here (*Interruptions*) Yes. he was Minister of State for Finance here and I don't want to mention the name here because it is not material (*Interruptions*) Mr. Arun Chandra Guha ? I don't know about it. It was written to Mr. Gaur, Typist II, Calcutta, dated Ist March 1972 It says .

"Some drafts were allotted to you for typing and this included a letter regarding the election poster No 2, a new design addressed to Shri R P Goenka, Managing Director, Duncan Brothers, 31 Netaji Subhas Bose Road, Calcutta I The letter alongwith some carbon copies were typed by you on the same date and issued under reference No .dated 1st March 1972 under the signature of Shri Dipak Bose, Asst Sales Manager It is significant to note that while you put your initials on all other letters typed by you on that date, at the end of this letter, as per your usual practice, you did not put your initials on the copies of above letter which was typed by you presumably to conceal your identity with an ulterior motive "

It appears that a copy of the above letter on a printed letterhead of this company was supplied to the management of the daily paper *Satyajug* on the basis of which a photostat copy of the above letter was published in the issue of the *Satyajug* on 10 3 72

As a result of the publication of the photostat copy of the above letter in *Satyajug* the secrecy of the order placed on this press by a reputable party was divulged and the reputation of the company has been seriously undermined. As it is apparent that such publication in the above paper was possible as a result of your taking the initiative in supplying the management of the above newspaper with a copy of your above letter to the detriment of the company's interest and as such action on your part amounts to communication directly to an outsider of a document which came to your possession in course of your official duties. You are hereby charged with committing an act which constitutes a major misdemeanour under clause 17(c) (xiv) of the Certified Standing Orders of the Company

You are accordingly hereby directed to furnish your explanation in writing

within 48 hours from the time of receipt of this chargesheet"...etc.

I place it on the Table* of the House. And then, on the 12th May 1972, there is this letter to Shri Balakrishna Dhar, the same unfortunate person. It says :

"With reference to the enquiry regarding the above matter as held by Shri S B Dutt, Labour Adviser, Bengal National Chamber of Commerce and Industry, this is to inform you that the Enquiry Officer has found that the charge against you for unauthorised disclosure of information regarding the affairs of this Press, which came to your knowledge in course of your duties has been fully established and there are no extenuating circumstances.

As the above enquiry was held in your presence and you were permitted to be represented by a co-workman."

The man has been dismissed on suspicion. I can produce the original letter which is in my bag. For the time being I am placing this photostat copy. Mrs Gandhi's congress cannot servive without big money. 75 per cent of our countrymen during the past 25 years have been kept illiterate and in utter darkness, You can take them for a ride and talk about *garibi hatao*. They talk about payment by crossed cheque I want to ask : What stopped them from placing order directly ? Why did they not place order directly to the *Saraswaty Press* ? Is the good will of the Indian National Congress and its leaders in any way less than Mr. R. P. Goenka's ? I want to ask them this also. I have got genuine friends in the Congress...

MR. SPEAKER : The discussion before the House is only about violation of the Company Law.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : It is all interconnected.

MR. SPEAKER : There need not be charges and counter-charges This is only about violation of the Company Law.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : I assure you on that, Sir...

MR. SPEAKER : The time allotted was 3 hours. You were given 20 minutes. That is already over.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : I talked to the Chairman and I was given to understand that I will be given a little more time, Sir. The press order clearly shows that eight lakhs posters were ordered. The cost is Rs 60 per thousand. The value comes to Rs 4.80 lakhs. Over Rs. 5.50 lakhs is in the name of Messrs. Balmer Lawry, which is also under the control of Messrs. Duncan Bros

The letter about which Shrimati Gandhi had said says :

"The bill will be submitted to you, Mr. R P. Goenka when the job will be completed."

It does not say far a moment that the bill will be submitted to the Indian National Congress. It is all in documents. Anything that you want to see we are prepared to show to you Why was this favour shown ? Why was there this violation of company law ? And why has this been allowed ?

The house of Goenkas had a phenomenal rise during the last ten years. We have heard about the scandals of Asian Cables. I do not wish to go into the details of that. It is alleged that the Government gave them import licence for ten times their actual requirements. They have sold it in the black market. On the floor of this House, the matter has been discussed.

MR. SPEAKER : The motion is about violation of company law. But the hon. Member is side-tracking that issue.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : I am not moving an inch out of it. I assure you, Sir, Kindly bear with me.

MR. SPEAKER : The question is about violation of company law. But the hon. Member is not coming to that.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : Kindly allow me to continue.

SHRI INDRAJIT GUPTA (Alipur) : A little background is also required, and he has to give it

*The Speaker not having subsequently accorded the necessary permission, the document was not treated as laid on the Table.

MR. SPEAKER : The motion is about violation of company law, but he is going on without coming to that.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : I am at your command, Sir. I am not moving an inch out of the subject.

Why did he do that ?

MR SPEAKER : I am asking the hon Member to come to the main point.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : Sir, you are a lawyer and I am sure you understand my line of argument. So, kindly bear with me.

SOME HON. MEMBERS : He must be allowed to make out his case.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : Polythene was sold in the blackmarket for a few crores of rupees thus fritering away foreign exchange. What I am saying seriously is that this man, Ramu Goenka, or Shri R P. Goenka almost started a second office somewhere in a Minister's office and started collecting funds I do not want to mention the name of the Hon Minister, if I can avoid it. (*Interruptions*)

SHRI K. P. UNNIKRISHNAN : Let him withdraw this charge.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : I am saying so on my own responsibility..

MR. SPEAKER : The hon. Member is making extraneous statements, I am not going to allow it.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : I do not want to mention the name of Shri Uma Shanker Dixit. As I have said, I do not want to mention the Minister's name Why should I ? I have already told you that I would not name him (*Interruptions*) Why are they shouting ? There was a CBI inquiry instituted...

MR. SPEAKER : The hon. Member said that he would not mention names, but he has mentioned names now.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : There was a CBI inquiry instituted against these Asian Cables three years ago. What has happened to that ? Because of this hush money, they are being made to keep quiet. I have written three letters to three Ministers during the last ten days to get more details about this, to the Department of Company Affairs, to the Ministry of Industrial Development and to the Ministry of Foreign Trade, but I have been unable to get any real answer to my queries. No real information has been divulged...

MR SPEAKER : The hon. Member is making allegations against them and he is trying to get information from them and he is asking them whether they are true.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : They wanted diversification of product, for the so-called utilisation of polythence, But actually there was no utilisation ; it was sold in the blackmarket To cover this up, they collected, Shri Ramu Goenka or R P. Goenka alone collected Rs 4 58 crores for the 1972 elections .

MR SPEAKER : I am not going to allow this I am not going to allow anybody's name to be mentioned here, unless there is a substantive motion

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : Ramu Goenka had thrown a victory celebration party in Delhi costing Rs 50,000 in which he had made a speech ..(*Interruptions*)

MR SPEAKER : The hon. Member is making a speech without coming to the mam point.

SHRI C M STEPHEN (Muvattupuzha) : On a point of order, Sir...(*Interruptions*)

MR. SPEAKER : Is the hon. Member sure that he has no file with him today ? Let him kindly keep sitting.

SHRI ATAL BIHARI VAJPAYEE (Gwalior) : He has no file today.

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN *rose*—(*Interruptions*)

MR. SPEAKER ; No, no, please. Sit down please.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : Mr. B. K. Shah, the managing director of New India Assusance Co , collected Rs. 65 lakhs and

made it to the Congress through one Gunwant Kapadia, a high official in their department. (*Interruptions*) Then, the Birlas paid around Rs. 50 lakhs. They wanted to pay a part to the Andhra Congress Chief, but then he was told that "you are no friend of the Congress." He was not allowed.

SEVERAL HON. MEMBERS *rose*—

MR. SPEAKER : He refers to the Prime Minister ; then in the same breath he refers to some Kapadia. (*Interruptions*)

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : There was a circular ; it was signed by the Secretary-General, Bhaskar Kakatkar—

SOME HON. MEMBERS *rose*—

MR. SPEAKER : Kindly sit down. He is not coming to the point. He must come to the point.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : I am quoting from a newspaper. Why are they so fidgety ?

THE MINISTER OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS AND SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT (SHRI RAJ BAHADUR) : Sir, I rise to a point of order. According to rule 353, Shri Jyotirmoy Bosu should have sent to you a copy of his notice or previous intimation about the subject which he wants to deal with. No allegation of a defamatory nature can be made against any person unless the Member has given previous intimation to the Speaker and also to the Minister concerned.

MR. SPEAKER : He cannot mention any names about whom he did not inform the Speaker. So I will not allow any allegations against them. No allegations against them.

SEVERAL HON. MEMBERS *rose*—

SHRI DASARATHA DEB (Tripura East) : To show how the violation took place, we have to build up our case. (*Interruptions*)

MR. SPEAKER : The motion is only about the violation of the company law.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : I have written to you under rule 353. I am not saying, and I have not said, anything different.

SHRI RAJ BAHADUR : I demanded at least 24 hours' notice. Without informing you of those names, he is mentioning so many names and making allegations against them.

MR. SPEAKER ; No names shall be allowed.

SHRI RAJ BAHADUR : It must be expunged.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : Sir, as I said, a quota for the spindleage was fixed. Now, the Indian Cotton Mills Federation in 1972 issued a circular signed by them, in respect of paying by cheques for the advertisements in the Congress party's souvenir : in the District Congress souvenir : Rs. 100, Rs. 60 and so on.

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN : Sir, on a point of order.

MR. SPEAKER : Are you treating it as a point of order ? Will you please sit down ? I strongly object to the method by which points of order are sought to be raised ; holding the book aloft like a flag and trying to raise a point of order. (*Interruptions*)

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN : Sir, let me frame my point of order. Mr. Jyotirmoy Bosu is raising this motion under rule 184. Under rule 184, what has got to be discussed is a matter of general public interest. No such discussion shall take place except on a motion made with the consent of the Speaker.

SHRI PILOO MODY (Godhra) : Congress corruption.

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN : The motion says :

> "That this House do consider the allegations made, with the support of photostat copy...."

MR. SPEAKER : This motion was agreed to by the Committee which weighed each word. No name of any party ; nothing of the kind ; except that this should be a case of violation of the company law on which this debate was allowed. I cannot allow the

[Mr. Speaker]

debate to go outside its scope.

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN : I have to frame my point of order.

MR. SPEAKER : I understand your point of order. If there is a violation, he must prove the violation first.

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN : Let me frame my point of order. The motion says "That this House do consider the allegations made, with the support of photostat copy, during the debate on the Finance Bill. ....had got published a large number of posters in clear violation of the Company Law."

That particular allegation which is sought to be supported by a photostat copy is alone open to discussion in this House.

MR. SPEAKER : Kindly sit down.

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN : Therefore nothing else can be permitted.

PROF. MADHU DANDAVATE (Rajpur) : Sir, a point of order. My point of order is this. According to the motion printed here in the Order of business, it is true that violation of the Company Act is to be discussed. In relation to that I want to seek a clarification, a ruling.

When we are discussing violation of company law in the general discussion can we not name.....

SOME HON. MEMBERS : No.

PROF. MADHU DANDAVATE : Try to understand what I am saying. When we are permitted to discuss the violation of the company law, we can also go into the motivations as to why the company law has been violated. It will be perfectly in order.

MR. SPEAKER : First let it be considered whether it is violation or not. If it is established that there was a violation, we can go in for motivation.

SHRI PILOO MODY : I assure you, there is violation.

MR. SPEAKER : Whether that is a breach of the company law or not that will be considered ; motivations can be mentioned. But if anything that is not mentioned in the motion before the House is brought in, I will not allow that.

PROF. MADHU DANDAVATE : That means a general discussion is permissible about motivation.

THE MINISTER OF STEEL AND MINES (SHRI S. MOHAN KUMARAMANGALAM) : This is not a general discussion about the violation of company law ; it is not an allegation in general. The allegation in the motion is that the Managing Director of Duncan Bros. Ltd. had got published a large number of posters in clear violation of the company law. The motion is concerned only with that. The allegations made with the support of photostat copy are to be considered. Other companies are not involved ; no political party has been mentioned..... (*Interruptions*)

SHRI ATAL BIHARI VAJPAYEE : It is involved.

SHRI PILOO MODY : We have come to bury Caesar ; not to praise him. The photostat is clear in so far as the allegations made. The allegations is against a particular party. That is the subject matter of discussion.

SHRI S A. SHAMIM : It mentions the Congress party ; the photostat copy, I mean... ...(*Interruptions*)

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : I am rather pained to see that my hon. friend a veteran politician Mr. Mohan Kumaramangalam is seeking protection under the Speaker's chair. I was talking about the Indian Cotton Mills Federation with which Mr. Goenka is connected. In 1972, this year, a circular was issued signed by the Secretary General fixing a quota of each mill on spindlage. If a mill had paid money against phony advertisement in a district Congress souvenir, if it was in cheque it was Rs. 100, if it was in black it was Rs. 67. I asked my informer : why has the process been reversed ? He said : the man gets rebate on income-tax. So, it is : Heads I win, tails you lose. There was a reward, Import

of one lakh bales of additional global cotton was to be allowed.. ...(*Interruptions*) The cotton merchants paid Rs. 14,50,000.....

SHRI RAJ BAHADUR : I rise on a point of order. Is all this permissible ? It is not a part of the motion that we are considering ? (*Interruptions*)

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : .....to Dixit through Madam Mohan Rice, Chandra Singh Hansraj and Kesarji Thakkar and the reward was that a port of the cotton import will be allowed directly by merchants instead of through the Cotton Corporation of India. The paper people collected Rs 3½ crores and handed it over to them. National Rayon alone paid Rs. 60 lakhs. (*Interruptions*).

MR. SPEAKER : The question is about Duncon Bros.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : All these donations are in violation of the Company Law. I want your permission to read out a few things which are vital for the country.

MR. SPEAKER : It should be vital to the motion.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : Sir, Government should not seek shelter under your table. Crores and crores of rupees were collected for this *garibi hatao* mission and in return rewards were given, which created more hardship and rise in the cost of living for the poor man.

Sir, I am not talking about a minister or a minister's daughter-in-law because they are not in good taste. I want to talk about a vulgar book published by a man from Rajya Sabha, Mohan of Meakin Breweries...

MR. SPEAKER : What has this book to do with this motion ?

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : It is a connected with company donations! (*Interruptions*). Those cannies who swallowed much were either dropped from Ministry or made Governor.

Sir, I want to say a few things. I want to quote from this UNI publication *India Today* :

The relevant clause (Section 293A) in the amending Bill reads :

> Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act (Companies Amendment Act, 1968) neither a Company in general meeting nor its Board of Directors shall, after the commencement of the Act, contribute any amount or amounts (a) to any political party or (b) for any political purpose to any individual or body.
>
> In case of contravention (i) the company shall be punishable with fine upto Rs. 5000 and (ii) every officer of the company who is in default shall be punishable with imprisonment upto three years and liable to fine."

This is the position. Let me quote what the former Chief Justice Subba Rao said.

MR SPEAKER : You have already taken double the time. Instead of 20 minutes, you have already taken 40 minutes.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : I am concluding, Sir. Former Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, Mr. K. Subba Rao said in October 1967 that the provisions in the Company Law for contributions to political parties was a "hopeless source of corruption."

This is what the Monopolies Commission says.

MR SPEAKER : You are saying about what the Commission says or what law says. The question is, what do you say about this motion ?

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : I will come to that. This is what the Monopolies Commission say :

> "But people cannot be blamed if they believe that it is the hope of favours to be received that induces such payments and after the election is over businessmen try their best to see that the investment made by them brings satisfactory return. We cannot also ignore the unfortunate reality that some big businessmen do not hesitate to use their 'deep pocket' to try to corrupt public officials in the a tempt to continue and increase their industrial domain. If,

[Shri Jyotirmoy Bosu]

as is often alleged, the general level of honesty in the country has gone down, one at least of the contributory causes has been this conduct of some businessmen "

"The Direct Taxes Enquiry Committee Final Report says at page 8

"It is also spent in purchasing illegally quotas and licences at premia, financing secret commissions, bribes, litigation etc giving 'on-money' in business transactions, buying industrial peace, financing election expenses and giving donations to political parties Black money is also utilised in call deposits, bogus hundi loans, acquisition of movable and immovable assets "

MR SPEAKER This is a debate on a particular subject, which is so much clearly demarcated But he goes on covering a very wide ground

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU Ronald Segal says at page 250 of his book *The Crisis of India* .

"Moreover, Congress enjoys, despite the foundation of the big business backed Swatantra Party, by far the largest access to money for political purposes—less through the generosity of its mass support, for the poor of India are far too poor to provide any significant subsidy than from the merchants and industrialists in pursuit of government contracts, import licences, and administrative jobs for members of the families . .. Today vast industrial concerns not only give substantial sums to Congress for its election funds, but carefully advertise their gifts, and the Congress leadership is stolidly unembarrassed by such contributions Lal Bahadur Shastri, now Prime Minister, when Minister of Commerce and Industry, declared in Parliament

'I candidly admit that Congress has collected funds from these rich people who wanted to give funds "

I will conclude by saying that some of these questions have to be answered by the Government Is the Department of Company Affairs prepared to have a probe and then prosecution to stop all this ? Severe action has to be taken to see that black money does not come into the picture It has to be assured that it is not a return for favours granted The question of election expenses and the unfair nature of the slogan in the poster have to be gone into Then credit is taken for the victory in Bangladesh which should legitimately belong to Sheikh Mujibur Rehman and the refugees For want of time I cannot go into all that

SHRI RAJ BAHADUR . All these are irrelevant.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU So, my demand is that an all party parliamentary committee should probe into the matter and see what can be done

I beg to move

"That this House do consider the allegations made, with the support of photostat copy during the debate on the Finance Bill by Shri Jyotirmoy Bosu that the Managing Director of Duncan Bros Ltd Calcutta had got published a large number of posters in clear violation of the Company Law "

MR SPEAKER Motion moved

That this House do consider the allegations made with the support of photostat copy, during the debate on the Finance Bill by Shri Jyotirmoy Bosu that the Managing Director of Duncan Bros Ltd , Calcutta had got published a large number of posters in clear violation of the Company Law "

I would like to point out to Shri Jyotirmoy Bosu that he has taken more than double the time I would also invite his attention towards relevancy

SHRI K N TIWARY (Bettiah) Sir, in the great noise he has said so many things which are not according to rules May I request you to go through the records and, if they are not according to the rules, they should not be part of the record ? (*Interruptions*)

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU . Sir, may I lay these things on the Table ?

MR SPEAKER I will have to see them before I allow them to be laid on the Table.

SHRI SURENDRA MOHANTY (Kendrapara) : I beg to move : That for the original motion, the following be substituted, namely :—

"This House, having considered the allegations made, with the support of photostat copy, during the debate on the Finance Bill by Shri Jyotirmoy Bosu that the Managing Director of Duncan Bros. Ltd , Calcutta had got published a large number of posters in clear violation of the Company Law, is of the opinion that a Parliamentary Committee may be appointed to enquire into the matter in all its aspects." (1)

SHRI SAMAR GUHA (Contai) : I beg to move : That for the original motion, the following be substituted, namely :—

"This House, having considered the allegations made, with the support of photosat copy, during the debate on the Finance Bill by Shri Jyotirmoy Bosu that the Managing Director of Duncan Bros. Ltd , Calcutta had got published a large number of posters in clear violation of the Company Law, recommends that a judicial Committee, with a retired Supreme Court Judge as its Chairman, be set up to inquire into the allegations in all their aspects."(2)

SHRI P. K. DEO (Kalahandi) : I beg to move : That for the original motion, the following be substituted, namely :—

"This House, having considered the allegations made, with the support of photostat copy, during the debate on the Finance Bill by Shri Jyotirmoy Bosu that the Managing Director of Duncan Bros. Ltd., Calcutta had got published a large number of posters in clear violation of the Company Law, recommends that a committee may be constituted under the Commissions of Inquiry Act, to be presided over by a retired Supreme Court Judge, to go into the whole matter and report to Lok Sabha by the first day of the next session of Lok Sabha." (3)

SHRI PRIYA RANJAN DAS MUNSI (Calcutta South) : Sir, my hon. friend, Shri Jyotirmoy Basu, the only model of the proletariat of the Marxist Communist Party, has rightly expressed certain opinions which show that he has been holding brief for certain other houses.

I am not holding any brief for Duncan Bros. It is a matter for the Company Law and the matter has to be decided by the Government whether they have violated the law or not. But Mr. Bosu has sufficiently proved his great talent to advocate on behalf of Birla House and to just malign the other business house in the glimpses of his speeches. I am just explaining I was just listening to the speech of Mr. Bosu with great patiecne. Mr. Bosu has raised the issue and motion for the Duncan Bros. affairs in the poster issue and he has also taken the name of the Prime Minister and tried to accuse her not once but on many occasions. Well, Mr. Bosu should be aware of the fact that this is not the first time that our beloved Prime Minister is being accused by the Marxist Communist Party or the Swatantra, Jan Sangh. On the previous occasions she was treated as Yahya Khan during the election campaign. Before that also she was treated as a capitalist, In spite of all these things we have successfully concluded our argument and I do not understand why our friends from the opposition—Marxist Communist Party are feeling unhappy for this. As Mr Bosu has rightly said their party is a party of the Proletariat and have been collecting funds from the common people. I will certainly raise . (*Interruptions*)

Mr. Speaker, Sir, Mr. Jyotirmoy Bosu once again raised the issue that the Congress Party is trying to mislead the masses and is trying to collect money from the big business houses which is the violation of the Company Law.

Mr. Speaker, Sir, I am just explaining certain things. (*Interruptions*)

MR. SPEAKER : Mr Das Munsi, I am really sorry that Mr. Bosu has been going off the point and just side-tracking. I know that some of the Members did not like it.

SHRI PRIYA RANJAN DAS MUNSI : I have come to establish my claim. (*Interruptions*)

MR. SPEAKER : I allow you to refute the point about your organisation and the Prime Minister. The main motion is about Duncan Bros.

SHRI PRIYA RANJAN DAS MUNSI : I am quite aware of the fact. Mr. Speaker, Sir, we have been specifically saying...

MR. SPEAKER : Why are you going off the point ?

SHRI PRIYA RANJAN DAS MUNSI : I want to submit one thing—whether I am permitted to establish my fact that Marxist Communist Party charged our party that it was associated with the big business houses and collected funds. The Marxist Communist Party—the modern Proletarial Party—is so fashionable that they collected in one year—in the year 1971—not one pasia, not ten paisa, not twenty paisa, a large sum and an amount of Rs. 20,000 was devoted to Mr. Jyoti Bosu by proletariat, without having the name—an unknow source. (*Interruptions*)

MR. SPEAKER : You just take up the question of the violation of the Company law. I also appreciate that, leaving aside the motion, Mr. Jyotirmoy Bosu went to many other places and persons. But, in a minute, you come to the main motion.

SHRI PRIYA RANJAN DAS MUNSI : I am coming to my point. The way the Marxist Communist Party made up their back ground, I am also trying to make the background of that.

MR. SPEAKER : Mr. Jyotirmoy Bosu did attack the Congress party and the Prime Minister. I did not like it because he did not touch the motion. (*Interruptions*)

SHRI PRIYA RANJAN DAS MUNSI : Mr. Jyotirmoy Bosu produced a document, a photostat copy, collected three pieces of papers and made it into one. Very badly, they have made it. I have no doubt about it. My only submission on the Minister of Company Affairs and the Minister of Home Affairs is to probe into all this, how this proletariat party, the Marxist Communist Party, has collected funds through their own receipts without having the name of the company, concealing the headline of the company and sources.

This is one instalment of Rs. 20,000 to Mr. Jyoti Bosu, The name is unknown, who is the donor.

SOME HON. MEMBERS : Shame, shame !

SHRI PRIYA RANJAN DAS MUNSI : This is another interesting document about the violation of the Comany law. Rs. 16,000 to Mr. Jyoti Bosu against B. K. I. Would it be wrong for me to say that this "B.K" means Birlas ? Here, it is written ' B.K.I". That means instalment No. I. Will it be wrong on my part to assume that this donation by "B.K." means it is from Birlas and "B.K.I" means the first instalment ? This is the first instalment from Birla to Mr. Jyoti Bosu.

I am going to another interesting document—Mr Iqbal Singh, an employee of Amin Chand Pyarelal. He is so proletarial that he has donated only Rs. 5000, without any name, from Amin Chand Pyarelal to Promodh Das Gupta, Secretary of the Marxist Communist Party.

These are all the documents. I can place them on the Table* of the House. These are all in he receipts of the Marxist Communist Party and initialled by the Marxist Communist Party's own collectors. This can be probed into ano checked by any authority. Mr. Jyotirmoy Bosu has unnecessarily explained his point in frustration. Let a parliamentary committee be appointed to probe into all the cases and you will be surprised to find that not only they are being financed by the big business houses ...(*Interruptions*) and also by Mr. Piloo Mody, by his own organisation, belonging to big business houses.

I was listening to the speech made by Mr. Jyotirmoy Bosu on this issue. (*Interruptions*) Mr. Piloo Mody requests for a photostat copy. He is himself a photostat copy of corruption.

Now, I come to another point. We have paid the poster bill by a crossed cheque. It has been clarified on more than one occasion. And the money was collected from Members of Parliament and various sources. You can have a probe. No problem.

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*The Speaker not having subsequently accorded the neccessary permission, the document was not treated as laid on the Table.

I will say one thing. Mr. Bosu's Party is a very intelligent Party, no doubt more intelligent than any party in India but not more than Mr. Piloo Mody's. They had collected money from big business houses in a peculiar way, depriving the labourers of their dues. In Texmaco, a Birla's concern, labourers are suffering for a long time for lack of payment. Texmaco came to an agreement in 1970 ; a losing concern. which could not provide financial assistance to the labour came to an agreement not to repay the whole thing with 12 per cent bonus for which the condition was made that the management would pay Rs. 10 from each labourer for donation to the CPM party. An agreement was signed in 1971 inside the factory infront of K.K. Birla's management where Mr. Bosu's Party representative was present.

I am coming to the last point, Mr. Bosu's Party is a very open Party. It invites people on all occasions, but one secret thing that was done in their whole life, in their political history, was the secret accord in 1970 In the house of Mr. Snheansu Acharya, barrister, who can conceal facts and do manipulations in law, the advocate of CPM, there was a systematic meeting arranged between him and Birla; the Acharya-Birla parley started for financing CPM on a long-term basis When journalists went to that place, the journalists were told by Mr. Bosu, 'I shall beat you unless you leave this place '.

Aminchand Pyarelal of Park Hotel is there in Calcutta I am challenging Mr. Bosu not inside Parliament but in West Bengal also, to disprove this. Aminchand Pyarelal of Park Hotel were not given licences for many reasons before the United Front Government came to power. Immediately after the installation of U. F. Government, they were given licences providing one lakh rupees in cash and special amenities to CPM. Whenever the CPM Politburo met in Calcutta, the advantage was this ; the Park Hotel would serve as the host on such occasions... (*Interruptions*) should I not be allowed to speak ?...(*Interruptions*)

श्री राम रतन शर्मा (बांदा) : उपाध्यक्ष जी, मेरा प्वाइन्ट आफ आर्डर है। जिस तरह से ये लोग कह रहे है कि सी० पी० एम० ने पैसा खाया है, उससे अपने को जस्टिफाइ करना चाहते हैं कि उन्होंने भी खाया है, यह कोई बात है ?

SHRI PRIYA RANJAN DAS MUNSI : Our line is very correct. I am happy that Jan Sangh is assisting the CPM in this game.

I now come to another point relating to big business houses and violation of Company Law, etc. As I have said earlier, the CPM is an intelligent Party. They know the business and how to manage the game. This is a fact. They don't get the money and collect the money in the open but they manage certain parleys and get the money. That has been unmasked before the people of West Bengal. So, really speaking, they are very sorry for that and I am happy that Mr. Piloo Mody has come forward to assit Mr Jyotirmoy Bosu, to give him some suggestions how he can collect more things from the big business houses...(*Interruptions*)

16 hrs.

SHRI PILOO MODY : Please pursue the point that you just made.

SHRI PRIYA RANJAN DAS MUNSI : With regard to the poster, it is a fact ..

SHRI PILOO MODY : Here is a chance. I want to learn from him how to collect money.

SHRI PRIYA RANJAN DAS MUNSI : It is a fact that the Marxist Communist Party have tried their best immediately after the election to accuse our Party and the Government, firstly, on the issue of rigging the elections where they have failed. Secondly, they have tried their best to establish that violence has been spreading, There also they have failed Now, they are depending on the issue of posters. Mr. Speaker, Sir, regarding violation of company rules, it is not for me, it is for the minister for Company Affairs who can well explain it how far it is a good or bad, to which I am not a party but I want to establish the fact that our Party, so for as I know, is not linked up with any big business in India to collect money. I am sorry we cannot share our opinion with our friends on the hon. Opposition most of whom represent big business houses.

This is not the only instance, there are several other instances which I would like to place before you. In the TEXMACO and in the Birla Jute Mill the CPM made an agreement with the Birlas. The agreement is that

[Shri Priya Ranjan Das Munsi]

the labour have to work more and unless there is financial stability of the company, they have not to pay any more to the labour but they have to pay a substantial amount to the Marxist Party and they have taken it I would like Mr. Jyotirmoy Bosu if he gets another opportunity to explain how and why and when the the Marxist Communist Party trersurer Mr Sen got with him in cash Rs. 4 lakhs and Mr. Promod Das Gupta, the Secretary of the CPM declined to declare the source of that money For the elections how could they muster transport and so many vehicles if the CPM can prove it in clear arguments I can (*Interruptions*)

Sir, it is a fact that the Marxist Communist Party is the poorest party in We st Bengal They have no supplies The problem with them is this In West Bengal if they were not getting funds from big business houses including Birlas, then why the Marxist Communist Party very recently, only seven days before this debate, convened a meeting, a secret meeting, of prominent leaders of the Commu nist Marxist Party in Mr K. K Birla's house in Calcutta ? If something has gone against them and if the Marxist Communist Party wants to face the allegation that I am telling something wrong, I am ready to face my charge in correct line and in correct fashion

Lastly, I would like to submit to you another document, a very interesting document That is so interesting In 1969 the CPI (M) Party, the poorest Party of India, in politics and in everything, they maintained only one receipt book , the collection fund of the party showed only Rs 8 lakhs in one branch They have continuously been collecting money from various sources They only mistake they have done is, they did not write at any time the source of the money from which it was coming. Only they said, some good friends, some noble friends The money was given to Promod Das Gupta, Mr. K M Birla and B M Birla houses are there who were also in a position to finance the marxist party But unfortunately it so happened that Marxist Communist party's demand to Goenka was less than the demand of Birla So they had to defend Birla on this issue I have got this document with me which I can place* before you They got money from Aminchand Pyarelal. (*Interruptions*) I don't know why Mr. Piloo Mody is disturbing. At the instance of some big industrial houses, Mr. Piloo Mody's party diverted some funds to CPI (M). Since you have rung the bell twice, I conclude.

SHRI INDRAJIT GUPTA (Alipore) : We are living in an age when arguments about many types of ceilings are going on, land ceiling, urban ceiling and so on. There is another ceiling, statutory ceiling imposed by law, about which some of us do not bother, and that is, the ceiling on election expenses These charges and counter charges etc are all connected ultimately with the questions of election expenses. I am really sorry the way that my friend Mr. Jyotirmoy Bosu has sought to bring forward his argument on the basis of the photostat copy in relation to the question of violation of the company law Since Mr Jyotirmoy Bosu brought in this matter the Government has made no statement Today since this Debate is taking place, I hope, Government's explanation will be heard later on in the course of the debate

AN HON MEMBER It should have come in the beginning

SHRI INDRAJIT GUPTA No statement has been made I regret this very much Not only has the Government not spoken, but they refuse to take the country into confidence, they refuse to give explanation to charges made against them and this is something which is bound to create more and more suspicion in the minds of the people No statement has been made till this moment On the other hand, the Prime Minister who is the leader of this House did choose to repudiate these charges, not here but in a public meeting outside.

I think Shri Jyotirmoy Bosu is not quite clear about the target that he wants to attack, becouse the way in which the motion has been presented is something which I am afraid is bound to miss the target

Prior to 1968, the law of this country permitted companies openly to make donations to political parties ..

SHRI PILOO MODY : And publish them.

*The Speaker not having subsequently accorded the necessary permission, the document was not treated as laid on the Table,

SHRI INDRAJIT GUPTA :... ..and show that in their balance-sheets. Since 1968, the position is no longer that. The Monopolies Commission which has been quoted in this—I do not know what this is ; it is an explanation given in Shri Jyotirmoy Bosu's photostat copy ; I have not checked up the quotation, but I presume that it is correct...

SHRI G. VISWANATHAN (Wandiwash) : I have checked it up and it is correct.

SHRI INDRAJIT GUPTA : I am drawing your attention to a very important thing where the ysay :

> "People cannot be blamed if they believe that it is the hope of favours that induces such payments and after the election is over, businessmen try their best to see that the 'investment' made by them brings satisfactory return'.

The motive of these big monopoly houses ..

SHRI PILOO MODY . And small monopoloy houses...

SHRI INDRAJIT GUPTA :.. is quite clear. Are we to believe that these big businessmen and monopoly houses who were openly giving donations to certain political parties prior to 1968, because there was nothing illegal about it...

SHRI PILOO MODY : Because it was profitable.

SHRI INDRAJIT GUPTA :.. subsequently after 1968 have found no means of circumventing the law I do not have such a poor opinion either of Mr. Birla or of Mr. R. P. Goenka as astute businessmen...

SHRI PILOO MODY : Or of any Minister.

SHRI INDRAJIT GUPTA :...as to think that they are not able to circumvent the law ; moneys are still paid but paid under the counter so that they do not come within the mischief of the company law.

If we proceed on this basis, I do not know which party among the parties which are now making this allegation can stand up and declare that it has a clean record...

SHRI PILOO MODY : Shri Priya Ranjan Das Munsi did that just now.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA (Begusarai) : Let the hon. Member speak for his own party.

SHRI INDRAJIT GUPTA : My hon. friend says that I may speak on behalf of my own party. I would like to share with the House a statement appearing in the *Free* Press Journal of Bombay, dated the 11th October, 1969, made by a person who was, as far as I knew, the leading light of my hon friend Shri Shyamnandan Mishra's party—I do not know where he is now, whether he is in retirement or where. I do not know--Shri S. K. Patil. I quote it :

> "The Congress Organisation is put to great difficulties following the introduction of the clause in the company law, stopping all donations by companies to political parties in the country, according to Shri S. K .Patil, MP. Speaking to newsmen in Bombay on Friday, Shri Patil said that those who were responsible to recommend such a clause were the enemies of the Congress. The Congress which was receiving sumptuous funds...

SHRI G VISWANATHAN : That was about the undivided Congress.

SHRI INDRAJIT GUPTA : The report further reads :

> "...from various companies during the elections all this time has been now greatly inconvenienced as a result of this clause in the company law and thus it had affected its various social, organisational and political activities among the masses, he pointed out. He said that his personal suggestion at the time when the existing clause was mooted was at the most an amendment to the company law so that it would enable individuals controlling the companies to contribute funds to the political parties, if not companies as a whole.

"Such practices are in vogue in America"—Mr Mody's dream land —"and he would have welcomed such a system wholly," he added. (*Interruptions*).

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA · Clandestine donations are a thousand times more heinous.

SHRI INDRAJIT GUPTA · My argument is, by making an allegation on the footing of a technical violation of the company law you are trying to hide the clandestine things which are going on still in this country Clandestine donations cannot come within the mischief of the company law easily. Clandestine dealings are going on, I am quite sure of it, and you know it very well (*Interruptions*)

MR SPEAKER Do not interrupt please

SHRI INDRAJIT GUPTA Mr S K Patil, when he was a member of the undivided Congress, expounded his philosophy very clearly Am I to take it that after the Congress was divided, and Mr Patil became a pillar of Mr Mishra's party, he has changed his philosophy ?

I would just remind you that on no less than four or five occasions, either in the Lok Sabha or in the Rajya Sabha, the Government has officially, in reply to questions, given figures of donations made before 1968 These donations are identifiable from the balance sheets of the companies to various parties What do we find in them ? I may just mention one or two of them On the 24th November, 1969, Mr F A Ahmed, the then Minister of Industrial Development, gave figures relating to the period March, 1962 to November, 1968 He showed that during that period, out of a total of Rs 3 40 crores paid by companies as donations to political parties, the Congress had got Rs 2 73 crores, thr Swatantra, Rs 55 93 lakhs, the Jan Sangh Rs 2 25 lakhs and so on There are other smaller donations. Even my party is there

AN HON MEMBER What a surprise ?

SHRI PILOO MODY It must be Rs 11,500

SHRI INDRAJIT GUPTA I will tell you, it was Rs 10 We also know what kind of companies they must be, paying Rs. 10 ? My own "New Age" printing press, a registered company, can also pay Rs. 10.

SHRI PILOO MODY I doubt whether it gave you any donation

SHRI INDRAJIT GUPTA · Similarly, on the 24th November, 1970, Mr. Raghunatha Reddy gave some figures regarding donations by the Cement Allocation and Co-ordinating Organisation, that is, the consortium of cement companies There, we find that the undivided Congress got Rs 10 06 lakhs, Swatantra party, Rs 14 64 lakhs ; Jan Sangh, Rs 5 12 lakhs And then there were the Jana Congress, National Conference, etc I do not go into them

Then, in the Lok Sabha on the 25th June, 1971, again figures were given about the donations or monies distributed through the Cement Allocation and Co-ordinating Organisation There are some very interesting things Jan Sangh, Delhi, got Rs 7,000, Jan Sangh, via Nana Deshmukh, Rs 1,25,000, via Jagdish Mathur, Rs 1,25,000, Swatantra party via G D Somam, Rs 15,000, C Rajagopalachari, Rs 15 000, R N Singh Deo Rs 2 lakhs, Mulchand Deshlehra, Rs 1,55,000 Congress, via G D Somani Rs 45,000, and so on

Then, again, in the Rajya Sabha on the 17th November, 1969, figures for donations during 1967-68, that is the last year prior to the change in the law, were given Here, it is more interesting Birlas gave Rs 16 45 lakhs to the Congress, Rs 21,555 to the Jan Sangh, (*Interruptions*) Rs 10 to the CPI

SHRI PILOO MODY How did you extract it ? Did you go begging outside to his house ?

SHRI INDRAJIT GUPTA Tatas gave Rs 5 40 lakss to the Congress, Rs 2 50 lakhs to the Swatantra Party Kirloskars gave Rs 1 20 lakhs to the Congress, Rs 3 75 lakhs to the Swatantra Party There is some Goenka mentioned, I do not know whether it is R. P Goenka or some other Goenka ; it is only Rs 25,000 (*Interruptions*) It is not irrelevant at all These are gentlemen whom the Monopoly Commission has referred to as people who play with the hope that if there was investment in this stage, after the elections were over they would try their best that the investments made by them brings satisfactory returns.

SHRI PILOO MODY : That can only be done with the Congress.

SHRI INDRAJIT GUPTA : So long as they could do it within the four corners of the law, they were doing it. Now they must be doing it by other means. This photostat copy produced by Mr. Bosu...

MR. SPEAKER : I did not get the third one.

SHRI INDRAJIT GUPTA : This is the photostat as it stands here, as supplied to us. I do not know if there is any other photostat going around. In my view it cannot at all establish the case that there has been a violation of the company law. What it can prove as a piece of circumstantial evidence, what it points to is that Mr. R. P Goenka is obviously a person who is very friendly with the Congress Party. How this order has been placed—if that is genuine—in his name and why letters are addressed by Saraswati Press to R. P. Goenka—this explanation, if there is any, has to be given by the Congress Party We have not heard any explanation so far either from the Congress Party or from the Government. We have heard that they have paid the bill, not Mr. Goenka but the Congress Party, by a crossed cheque. I dare say that when they make a statement, they can produce the crossed cheque also. I presume that we can see the bills of the Saraswati Press, So it does not establish on any account that there has been a violation of the company law and I do not believe that Mr. Goenka is such a simpleton that he will allow something to be done which can be within the mischief of the company law. I know Mr. Goenka to be quite an astute tycoon in this respect. All that can be established here—for that no photostat copy was necessary, excuse my saying so—is that rich people, businessmen, monopolists and proprietors of big firms, many of them are friendly with the Congress Party or with individuals in the Congress Party or the Swatantra Party ; subsequent to 1969 at least in West Bengal there is plenty of suspicion—I cannot produce photostat—that many of them are very friendly with the CPM. Am I to take it that until a photostat is produced by somebody or the other, there is no basis for suspicion...(*An. Hon Member* : No basis) I am sorry because that is the philosophy of a businessman, when he finds that there is a chance of making a profitable investment in a party which might later bring him returns, he is liable to try that game and certain people accept these donations. Before 1969 the CPM in West Bengal was not a profitable investment for a businessman. But after 1969 certain businessmen, maybe Birlas or anybody else, certainly think so. Similarly, the Congress, In all these 20 years, we find that they had been doing it. Mrs. Gandhi has admitted in a public meeting in Calcutta ; it was referred to as such : we take money, what is wrong with it ? Only she said, the the CPM also takes .....(*Interruptions*). Shri R. P. Goenka is wealthy enough to pay not from his company funds but from other sources. You are insisting that it is a clear violation of the Company Law. I am afraid you won't be able to prove that. Mr. Goenka is a much cleverer man than you.

The point is, rich people in the country who have got money, have they stopped giving donation to political parties, particularly those people who were giving company donations prior to 1968. Why should they stop ? There is no logic in it The Law is quite easy to evade. This is linked with the question I began with. I do not want to take up much time. The ceiling which has been imposed, I find on election expenses, is being observed more in violation than in conformity. It is a fact that money is being spent like water in the elections. Who does not know it ? It is not hidden from anybody. Where does this money come from ? It is certainly very easy to evade the law and produce some fictitious election expenditure statement. (*Interruptions*). Unfortunately, my party is not a profitable investment for the people who could give money, to us.

Now, the trouble is, here there is a demand being made for some sort of commission of enquiry. I must make it quite clear that the demand for a Parliamentary Committee is the surest way of protecting Mr. Goenka. We should think about it. (*Interruptions*). Those members who are demanding this are perhaps only helping to assure Mr. Goenka,

Now, in a paper called "States", a weekly paper or fortnightly—it appears in the issue of 3rd April 1971, they had posed certain questions regarding election expenses to Members of various parties—MPs—to get their replies to the same. One question was :

> "Since the almost universal breach of ceiling on expenses has been an open

[Shri Indrajit Gupta]

> scandal beginning from the first General Election, would you favour a review of the law on the subject by a highpower Commission ?"

To this the reply given and published in that issue by no less a person than Mr A K Gopalan is as follows ,

> "We have no faith in solving problems by submitting them to Commissions It seems to be an occupational disease with our Congress bureaucratic system "

So, Mr A K Gopalan does not believe in commissions He made it quite clear But this Santhanam Committee on prevention of corruption had made it quite clear that the manner in which funds are raised by political parties, especially at times of elections constituted a major source of corruption in our national life They stressed the need for unremitting vigilance

The Company Law Administration whose representative or spokesman is here, have not said anything before us I do not know what he is going to say at the fag end I want to know this When this matter was first brought up has the Company Law Administration done anything about it ? Have they carried out any probe ? They have said nothing We also know nothing It is the responsibility of the Company Law Administration to probe into the relevant books and papers of this Duncan Bros, which is mentioned here as the company concerned and others with which Mr R P Goenka is connected and to find out if there is any basis for the suspicion They have not told us anything Because of this, we are handicapped We have yet to hear from the Minister, unless he intervenes earlier in the debate As far as that goes, the Company Law Administration has still to answer to the country

Since we want to build socialism in the country and 'hatao Garibi' all of us have to try collectively together to see that these rich monied people, the big business monopolist, who are out for their own gain to invest money and in return to get patronage and favours are not encouraged to go on like this. The law which has been passed is being rendered fictitious by people who take money from big businessmen under the counter and this should be stopped It is no use saying that it can be done by making the law further stringent because any law seems to be evaded in this country It can be done only by rousing the moral and social conscience of the public in this country Let us at least take a pledge in this Parliament that we will not allow this It has been said here that we begin our parliamentary career by violating the law relating to election expenses It is not a good beginning for a political career Let us get together and use this opportunity provided by Mr Bosu through this motion to make a resolve that in future we will not encourage these tycoons and monopoly houses and the foreign interests also to invest money as they have been doing in the past, for the sake of getting favours in return.

The target in this should be made clear, whether it is the company law or it is the question of taking money from rich people One is going on all the time The other one, I do not think can be established in this particular case

SHRI K P UNNIKRISHNAN (Badagara) Sir, looking from the perspective of healthy development of parliamentary institutions and parliamentary framework, an unfortunate precedent has been laid today These are not the kind of debates which can generate popular hope and solve our complex problems I am sorry this House for the last two weeks or so has been held to ransom by a war of innuendos, tit bits half- truths and so on which have been let loose on us Instead of pondering over and discussing the basic problems of our day, we are wasting our time on trivialities I must say I am not surprised at the menagerie that is assembled on the other side and has come up with this story of the posters There is the vanguard party of the proletariat of comrade Jyotirmoy Bosu , there is the party of acknowledged right reaction of My Piloo Mody, and there is the party of native Swadeshi reaction of Shri Atal Biharof Vajpayee and there is also the party of my friend, Shri Shyamnandan Mishra and you know what he is. This is the kind of menagerie that has let loose this war of innuendoes, half truths and the miserable half-truths and tit-bits on us in attempt to mislead the House and the country

But I want to tell them one thing that this House cannot be misled nor the country could be misled because only in the recent past the people of this country have demonstrated their faith in the leadership of our Prime Minister and our party. We shall not allow this kind of jugglery and histrionics to have precedence over facts. The facts as I know them, the facts as they are on record, must be stated. I hope somebody shall do so officially on behalf of the All India Congress Committee. There are some clear points which emerge as I look at the facts. I understand that on 7th February of this year, the AICC did place an order on Saraswati Press for 8 lakhs of posters. Subsequently, we did place orders with Saraswathi Press for printing 13 lakhs or 14 lakhs more posters. On the 14th March 1972 the AICC by a crossed cheque on the Allahabad Bank did pay them Rs. 1,95,000 for printing, striking charges as they technically call it, exclusive of the cost of paper which the AICC had arranged. These are crystal clear facts.

I did also make an enquiry about the mention of R. P. Goenka's name. I understand a junior official of the AICC had gone to Calcutta to place the order ; as my friend from the AICC would subsequently explain, it was by sheer accident or coincidence that this name appears on the order book.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA : How ?

SHRI K. P. UNNIKRISHNAN : It will be explained. If other local references are available, this would not have been necessary. If Shri Jyotirmoy Bosu has enough financial solvency and credibility, and if he can stand gurantee for our posters next time, we shall consider making Shri Jyotirmoy Bosu our guarantor for our posters.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA : So, Goenka was your guarantor. Now it has been proved.

SHRI K. P. UNNIKRISHNAN : Where is the violation of the company law provisions in this and where is the political morality involved in this transaction ? And also, where is the collusion with the monopolists proved ? I would like to challenge Shri Jyotirmoy Bosu, who is trying to mislead the House deliberately and consciously, to come up and tell us where is the collusion proved, where is the violation of the company law proved and what is the political morality involved in this. About the political morality of his own party, I shall have to say much later on.

I would beg and appeal to the House to consider earnestly what is all this ballyhoo about ? Is it political morality with which he is concerned ? If that is so, I know there are bigger sinners on the other side. Is it about monopolies that they are concerned ? Are they concerned with the growth of monopolies ? It was not his party, "the vanguard of the proletariat," which brought up the MRTP Act It is not, what I would call, "the hoodlum Left," the Marxist Party, which took the great time-bound actions and steps to regulate the growth of monopolies ; it was my Prime Minister, my leadership, my party and also many of us who struggled for it. Take again the case of Goenkas If I remember right, it is I who raised it during the debate for demand in 1971 ; it was not Shri Jyotirmoy Bosu I deny him the right to do so. It was not any one else from the other parties, but it was myself and Shri Satpal Kapoor, Vayalar Ravi and other friends from this side who raised the issue and now, I am told, a CBI enquiry is going on So, what is it that they are trying to say ?

Shri Jyotirmoy Bosu should know that his is a two-State party, now decimated to a party which has a hold in a few constituencies in two States, in a few districts and in a few tehsils. Here it is that party which claims the right to lead the Indian revolution on behalf of the toiling masses of India. I charge specifically and with a sense of responsibility Shri Jyotirmoy Bosu's party with collusion with monopolies, including Birlas, the biggest of the Birlas, indulging in rank corruption and also defending the corrupt. I shall prove every word of it.

Shri Jyotirmoy Bosu has a distinguished colleague, his namesake probably with a slight difference, in West Bengal, who was a responsible Minister in their Government, who was presented with a car by a monopoly house, the House of Poddars, and this business house has been in collusion with the Marxist Party. There is internecine rivalry among the Marwari circles in Calcutta, and

[Shri K. P. Unnikrishnan]

it is this that they have been trying to utilize for their own ends, for their own profit motive, for making collections, for collecting hush money and indulging in rank political corruption, which this country has not seen in any State or in any other political party.

As my hon. friend, Shri Indrajit Gupta and, before that, my young friend, Shri Priya Ranjan Das Munsi, pointed out, in 1969 elections, they collected tonnes of money from Amin Chand Pyarelal, from Birlas, even Jains and also from some big business houses, like, C. Roman Co—Shri A.K. Gopalan personally went and took the money from them—and from Laxmichand Bagaichi, a group of firms in Bombay.

Now, in my State, I have my own examples to give. A few months ago, we enacted the Forest Nationalisation law in Kerala. Who opposed it ? Not the Congress, not the C.P.I., not any other revolutionary party. But the great party, "the vanguard of the proletariat," of Mr, Jyotirmoy Bosu Why ? We have a staple fibre division of Birlas Gwalior Rayons in Mavoor near Calicut. Its General Manager and Vice President, Mr. Sabu and Mr. D. P. Mandelia were every day confabulating in the hotels of Cochin and Calicut. Out came a statement from Shri K Chathunni, M.L.A., the leader of the Karshak Sangh. Has Shri K. Chathunui got anything to do with the Marxist Communist Party ? He is a leader and responsible M.L.A. He made a statement criticising the Nationalisation. I challenge him to disprove this fact. A political question, a matter of fundamentals, a matter of axiomatic importance, is involved in this. This is what the Marxist Communist Party has done. It comes to the rescue not of the toiling masses, not in defence of the principles, but in defence of the interest of Birlas. I say it and I would repeat it.

There was again the question of financing of their party daily in Kerala called "*Desh Abhimani*," and after 3 or 4 months, after they came to power in 1967, *esh Abhimani* came up with an edition in Cochin, with the Rotary press and all the other paraphernalia, building, and everything. We would like to know from where the party got the funds to start a separate edition. It was also collected from contractors, from chit fund promoters and from rice millers, And for a price ! That is why you were thrown out by the people of Kerala.

Sir, I will not go into the details of many other acts of omission and corruption. But I shall only prove my charge with just an example. There was a question of Mr. Wellington who was a Minister in the E.M S Ministry, the United Front Ministry in Kerala...

MR. SPEAKER : It is enough you have made counter-charges. But so far as the Motion is concerned, I am still waiting. Will you now come to the Motion ?

SHRI K. P. UNNIKRISHNAN : I am coming to the point. I must explain the background. You allowed him to say all kinds of things, against my party, against the Prime Minister and all that.

MR. SPEAKER : I also a llowed you some time to refute all that, but not all the time.

SHRI K. P. UNNIKRISHNAN : Now, it was over the question of specific charges of corruption against the Minister, Mr. Wellington, that an inquiry was demanded by others constituents in the United Front Ministry. Shri E M.S. Namboodripad refused to hold an inquiry and it was on this that the E.M.S. Ministry which had such a fantastic majority, unknown *in the legislative history of India*,—that broke and, subsequently, when a judicial inquiry was ordered truth came out. Here is the proof of that, the findings by a retired High Court Judge, Mr. Govinda Menon, of Kerala –I quote :

> "The charge has been proved and I hold him guilty of corruption in the rotten *putrid act of conduct*..."

—meaning the term as *Azhimati* in Malayalam. It is against this that some of the revolutionaries and founders of the Marxist Communist movement in Kerala had revolted and bad said that this leadership, this party, is an collusion with the monopolists, that it is in collusion with the contractors, that it is in collusion with the most filthy elements of society. Mr. K.P.R. Gopalan whose place in the communist movement Mr. Jyotirmoy Bosu will not refute, Mr. N. C, Shekher, all these

leaders of the communist movement, came out of this party mainly because of all this.

16.45 hrs.

[MR DEPUTY-SPEAKER *in the Chair.*]

We shall not allow them to hide facts just by distributing these leaflets or raising such innuendos in this House. And now I charge your Party with taking a political line from the gutter press. That is why, Mr. Bosu finds himself in this unenviable position as he is today. There is an example which I will quote. Recently a charge was made against my friend, the Home Minister of Kerala, Mr. K. Karunakaran, by a gutter paper, a filthy paper, which no decent person will touch, called "*Nawab*." Another paper, "*Thani Niram*," repeated it. On the third day, *Desh abimani*, the official organ of CPM, comes out with the same story. On the fourth day, the *Nawab* editor was arrested, and on the fifth day, Mr. E.M.S. comes out asking for civil liberty and defending the *Nawab* editor. Is your political line being decided by these people or is it decided by your Central Committee ? This is what is going on. It is not an accident, because that Party has ceased to be the party of working class, has ceased to be the party of toiling masses or struggling workers and peasants ; that party, I would repeat, has become a party of the 'Hoodlum Left.'

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : Do you allow him, Sir, to malign a Party like this ? Anyway, go ahead. (*Interruption*)

SHRI K. P. UNNIKRISHNAN : Mr. Bosu has no right to speak for toiling masses because his party is no longer a representative party of that character ; it is not a Party which has any affiliation with international socialist movement ; it is not a party which has any kind of association with the left. Why do you laugh ? (*Interruption*) Probably North Korea from whom you, probably, take money.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : I only want to draw your attention to the fact that a large number of your party members would like to speak. The hon. Member may please conclude.

SHRI K. P. UNNIKRISHNAN : I am just concluding.

This House cannot be misled by Mr. Bosu's vitriolic attacks and the supporting roles of Mr. Mody and Mr Mishra. I am sure that the whole hypocritical and hysterionic show put up by him will be exposed in this House itself by the concrete replies of the spokesmen of my Party and of the Minister. I am sure, people will not be misled again. I am sure, Mr. Bosu's Party will remain a footnote in Indian history whereas my Party and my leadership will carve out a permanent place in Indian history.

SHRI G. VISWANATHAN (Wandiwash) : Mr. Deputy-Speaker, Sir, a charge was made in this House by Mr. Jyotirmoy Bosu that 8 lakhs multi-coloured posters were printed for the Congress Party by Mr. R. P. Goenka, Managing Director of Duncan Bros. Ltd. This was a serious allegation made by a responsible Member while speaking on the Finance Bill. Mr. Chavan, Minister of Finance, was present at that time and the first reply or reaction of the Government was from Mr. Chavan. His reply was, it may be fabricated. That is what he said. I think you were in the Chair at that time It is unfortunate that when that allegation was made in the Lok Sabha, a responsible House, an august House, she chose a platform in Calcutta to answer these allegations. According to the STATESMAN, the Prime Minister referred to allegations made by some Parties that the Congress had taken money from the industrialists for winning the elections. She said that it has been alleged that the Congress poster carrying the portrait of herself had been printed by a well-known monopolist in a press in Calcutta but she said that the documents produced in this connection were false and that the photostats contained no real evidence. "Her picture was super-imposed and the letter allegedly writtten by the press to the monopolist did not contain any signature." But with regard to the CPM charge that the Congress took money from the monopolists, she said "I know they also got money from business houses at the time of elections."
According to the *Hindustan Standard*, "Mrs. Indira Gandhi emphatically pointed out that the charge was totally baseless and was made by the CPM to serve its purpose."

Here is a charge that it was printed by Shri Goenka, a leading industrialist and a monopolist for the Congress Party and that the Prime Minister says that it is absolutely false, it is super-imposed and designed by the CPI (M). Here is the poster which I got translated from Bengali into English. It is this,

[Shri G. Viswanathan]

"She has kept her word. (1) Independence to Bangla Desh, (2) Return of refugees and (3) Release of Mujibur Rehman."

These are the achievements of the Congress. Then it says :

"Help her to remove poverty..."

That is '*Garibi Hatao*'. Finally :

"Vote for Congress"

This poster was supposed to have been printed by Mr. R. P. Goenka. Now it is for the Congress and particularly for the Prime Minister to refute these charges on the floor of the House. This allegation was made when the Finance Bill was being discussed and you were also present at that time. This question of poster does not end here, it involves many important issues. Has there been any violation of the Company Law ? How these companies contribute to very liberally to political Parties? Whether they give to some of the political Parties or all and whether it is black money or white money and how that black money is generated and proliferated and ultimately how the monopoly houses have a hold on the Government.

Already, as has been pointed out by Mr. Raghunatha Reddy in his reply in the Rajya Sabha, from March 1962 to November 1968 out of the total contributions made by big business houses and other industrial firms to Political parties, the total is Rs. 3,40,00,000 and out of this, the Congress Party—I think it was undivided and divided both to gether got Rs. 2.73,00,000 which is slightly above 80% of the total contribution . . . (*Interruptions*) This is your Minister's reply and not mine. That is why the Congress Party is shy of getting into this discussion or taking action against these companies. These political contributions by the big monopoly houses and industrialists constitute a grave danger to the political life of our country. It saps at the very root of the democratic set up. Not only that, it exposes people in nublic life to temptations and such contributions are morally reprehensible and constitute a source of evil. Ultimately, when they contribute, they expect something. That is why the Monoply Enquiry Commission went into this aspect of the question and it says :

"We are bound to mention in this connection that the considerable assistance that some of the leading industrialists in the country had given to the ruling party from time to time has furnished ammunition for the attack .."

"That big business is hand in glove with the party in power. The fact that such assistance has been liberally given at the time of the last general elections has been admitted by the Government in a statement in Parliament."

It has been accepted by the Government that donations to poli ical parties has been going on. I want to know one thing from the hon. Minister. We have provided under Art. 293 (a) of the Companies Act that if some firm contributes to political parties or individuals for political purposes they may be fined upto Rs. 5,000 or imprisonment for 3 years. I want to know from the Minister, since 1968-69, in how many cases they were fined or prosecutions launched and how many have been punished for violation of the rules. Shri R. P. Goenka has contributed to the ruling party. I make this charge that he has contributed. After hearing my friend Mr. Unnikrishnan, from the ruling party, I think it is a partial admission that Mr Goenka has contributed it. That is what I derive from his speech, He said it. If I am not correct, they can correct me later on. This R. P. Goenka does not come under 75 monopoly houses. But according to the Licensing Policy Enquiry Committee he comes under 20 large industrial houses. He is a very influential man. This R. P. Goenka, whenever coming to Delhi, stays with a very senior Cabinet Minister whom I don't want to name. He stays there. He has got so much pull with this Government. In the Fourth Lok Sabha, SHRI S. M. Banerjee made a charge in this House that about 50 Congress MPs were in the pay roll of the Birlas. He mentioned names of two of the Ministers who were sitting in the Treasury Benches. One has been promoted as governor. The other is waiting in the queue to be promoted as Cabinet Minister. At that time they had a slender majority, With this increased majority I don't know how many of them are in the pay roll of Birlas. Not only that. After the 1967 election when Mrs. Indira Gandhi finalised the Ministry. at the time of giving the list to the President, after getting that typed list, pressure was brought upon her. She was pressurised to

include a certain Minister and finally she had to write with her own hand the name of the Minister in the typed list and it was an addition and this will show how they are pressurising even the Prime Minister of this country. Not only that. There are so many instances how these monopoly houses are controlling. Take for example the small car project. It is pending for so long. Mr. Salve will agree with me. He has also been talking on the same point. It is pending for more than a decade, more than 12 years or 13 years. Why is it pending ? Because, a big car manufacturer who holds the Government to ransom, who can dictate terms to this Government, does not want any other car to run in the roads of this country. So, when they talk about small car, it is only the figment of imagination. Not only that. Very recently one of the big monopolists wanted to contest for Rajya Sabha. He filed nomination as independent. Just 2 days before the election he was adopted as official congress candidate from U.P. Even after the split of the congress, even after the so-called reactionaries have been sent out, the so called socialist and progressive Government is giving licenses to the monopolists. I want to prove this charge. In 1971, out of 159 licences totally given, 114 have been given to all these monopoly houses out of these 75 houses. Not only that even in 1971, during the same financial year, and before 12th April, 1972, out of 18 applications for expansion of bigger units, the task force of the Industrial Development Ministry has disposed of 13 applications from larger industrial houses and foreign majority firms to increase their output by 200 to 300 per cent. This is the hold of the monopolists on the Government, and hence they go on contributing to the ruling party.

17 hrs.

Now, the charge has been made. The Prime Minister says that it is a baseless charge and it is a baseless allegation. Here is a chance to the ruling party and the Government to unmask the CPIM charge. They have to accept this. This is a golden opportunity which is given by the House to repudiate the charge made by Shri Jyotirmoy Bosu, and go out of it. They have to accept the challenge and accept a thorough inquiry into this affair, and let us come to a conclusion about which is true and which false.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : Before I call the next speaker, I would like to draw the attention of the House to the fact that the time fixed, namely 3 hours, has no more meaning now. Even so, I think hon. Members would agree that some kind of limit has to be kept.....

SHRI S. A. SHAMIM : Some ceiling.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : I would suggest that if each speaker could take 15 minutes, I think 15 minutes would be a good enough time in which they can make their points, it would help us to reach the end of the list.....

THE MINISTER OF STATE (DEFENCE PRODUCTION) IN THE MINISTRY OF DEFENCE (SHRI VIDYA CHARAN SHUKLA) : I am not surprised that after having been rejected by the people, the Communist Party (Marxist) has stooped down to such tactics and is attacking the party leaders in a personal way. I want to remind my hon friend Shri Shyamnandan Mishra of all those people in the Fourth Lok Sabha whose fond tactics and whose *modus operandi* here was to find out, right or wrong, all kinds of filthy unparliamentary and untrue.....

SOME HON. MEMBERS : What was unparliamentary about it ?

SHRI VIDYA CHARAN SHUKLA : I would request my hon. friend to recall what happened in the Fourth Lok Sabha .....

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA : I never did that. If I did, my hon. friend would have been the first target. I have missed him. I had not done that. So, let my hon. friend not go like that.

SHRI VIDYA CHARAN SHUKLA : I am quite sure all of us who have good foundations in political life do not ever go on to personal attacks .....

AN HON. MEMBER : This is all the money of the big business.

SHRI VIDYA CHARAN SHUKLA : We never do any kind of character-assassination. We have never believed in that, and all through, either in parliament or outside we have never attacked any political opponent, by name or personally. We do believe in

[Shri Vidya Charan Shukla]

social, political and economic debates, and we do so in the House and outside.

I only wanted to remind this House and the Leaders of the Opposition of what happened in Maniram, when they all ganged up together to attack the Prime Minister personally and see how the whole thing took shape after that. What happened in UP after the Maniram bye-election results were declared and after that, the mid-term polls came in the country ?

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA : They pumped in tonnes of money. That was what happened in Maniram.

SHRI VIDYA CHARAN SHUKLA : I am coming to that.

SHRI NARSINGH NARAIN PANDEY (Gorakhpur) : It is all wrong. It is rubbish.

SHRI P. K. DEO : They were exploiting the poverty and ignorance of the people.

SHRI VIDYA CHARAN SHUKLA : May I be allowed to speak in the House ? I cannot help it, if my hon. friends opposite cannot hear the truth. If they cannot, they should momentarily retire from the House or close their ears. For, I am going to state what appears to me to be the truthful account of these people who have been specialising in only character-assassination. I was referring to Maniram election and after that, the mid-term election, the mid-term poll, a historic event in the country. (*Interruption*)

SHRI B. N. REDDY (Niryalguda) : He is unable to counter our allegations and he is escaping from it. (*Interruptions*)

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : Order, please. The Minister is not replying. He is intervening. I think the charge cannot be levelled against anybody. It has no more meaning ; the confines of the debate also have no more meaning. It has become a free for all. So, I do not think anybody can object now. I would like to draw the attention of the hon. Members that the Minister is not replying as such ; he is only intervening in the debate as one of the speakers.

SHRI VIDYA CHARAN SHUKLA : I was only objecting to the character assassination inside the House and personal attacks on the leaders of political parties. I may give only one instance ; I may remind the leaders of the Opposition of the fate which came to them when they resorted to such tactics in Maniram, and later on in the mid-term poll, when they all ganged up to attack the Prime Minister personally before the people of the country, and when they gave the slogan. Indira Hatao, and said all kinds of unfair, dirty and filthy things about the leader of the nation. I do not want to recall them ; they are well known to the people and they know what kind of speeches were made by the senior leaders of the Opposition, and what came out after the election. The verdict of the Indian people was very clear. (*Interruptions*)

श्री विभूति मिश्र (मोतीहारी) : शमीम साहब यह क्या दिखा रहे हैं ।

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : Order please.

SHRI S. A. SHAMIM : I have not violated any rule.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : Listen to me please. Mr. Shamim, I am not saying anything. I am only appealing to you and other Members in this House to kindly co operate. I am appealing to everybody to make the debate more meaningful and more effective, and if possible, by not drawing too much attention to oneself. If you kindly co-operate and put that paper down, I think the debate could become more meaningful.

SHRI S. A. SHAMIM : All right, Sir.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : I think you are also one of the speakers whose names are with me. I am sure you are waiting for that chance.

SHRI VIDYA CHARAN SHUKLA : I was referring to the results of the mid-term poll of the Lok Sabha which was held a year back and in that, the leaders of the Opposition knew how mature the Indian people were. It is no use abusing the Indian people, as Mr. Jyotirmoy Bosu did, when he was initiating the debate. He said that 70 per

cent of the illiterate people of India have been tempted by various tempting slogans of the ruling party It is, I think, a very sad feature of our democracy that we have opposition parties and opposition leaders who do not understand the Indian people Having been rejected by the people in the elections and in the mid-term poll and in the last general election, they come up here again and try to adopt the same tactics which have paid them no dividends of any kind and they have been completely and fully repudiated by the people And here they come up and say that a particular industrial house has violated the Indian Companies Act Now, anybody with any modicum of common sense knows that if there is any violation of the Companies Act or any law the Government will do its duty There is no doubt about it And Shri Raghunatha Reddy, my colleague, will indicate what the Government has done and proposes to do in this matter Assuming for argument's sake that the Government does not do anything what prevents Mr Bosu or Mr Vajpayee or Mr Shyamnandan Mishra or any other Member of citizen of the country to go before a court of law ? This is a cognizable offence under section 293(A) of the Companies Act The allegation in the motion is, not that the Government has done any thing wrong, not that the Prime Minister has done something wrong, not that the Congress Party or any other Member has done anything wrong, it is against the Managing Director of Duncan Brothers who, according to the allegation made, has violated the Companies Act If so, what prevents the leaders of the opposition who are very vocal from going before a court of law (*Interruptions*) Whatever is expected of the Government, what is its duty, it will discharge that If they do not feel satisfied with the reply of the hon Minister, if they do not want to treat the matter as closed I should expect them to go to a court of law, file a complaint against the managing director of Duncan Bros and get a verdict with their so-called irrefutable evidence Let Mr Bosu produce all that before a court of law, and get a sentence passed against R P Goenka for violation of company law.

SHRI P K DEO You should appoint a commission of enquiry under the Commission of Enquiries Act.

SHRI VIDYA CHARAN SHUKLA It is an alleged violation of the company law and if the reply of the Government does not satisfy you, you are at liberty to go to a court I should like to challenge Mr Jyotirmoy Bosu let him go before any competent law court with all the material that he says he has got If they do not do so, we shall come to the inevitable conclusion that they are not interested in knowing the truth, they are not interested in the violation of the Companies Act by an individual, they are not interested in upholding the provisions of the Companies Act Nothing prevents him from going to a court of law If you do not do so, the reason would be that you have no proof, the conclusion will be that you are interested in making political capital out of nothing You are misusing this forum for making political gains I want to warn him that the Indian people cannot be fooled He said that seventy per cent of the people are illiterate He was very much mistaken The results of elections in West Bengal have shown that he is very much mistaken about his opinion of the Indian people (*Interruptions*) He should forget such tactics, hitting below the belt and saying things which cannot be proved in a judicial forum This is not a judicial forum This is a political forum the supreme Parliament of India, it is a public forum Here questions of law are not decided like this whether somebody has been guilty of violation of law or not This is the crux of the matter If he does not follow it up in a regular legal way in a court of law, the inescapable conclusion in our minds and in the minds of the people would be that he was only trying to make political capital out of this and he had no substance.

Nowadays there is a tendency on the part of the opposition parties to use this forum of Parliament for a particular purpose Nagarwala debate yesterday and this debate today clearly indicate that they are not interested in debating the serious social, economic und political policies of the Government which are the subjects which should be rightly debated here This forum should not be allowed to be misused in this manner I hope this will be the last of such debates to attempt to denigrate political personalities in this manner

श्री अटल बिहारी वाजपेयी (ग्वालियर) : उपाध्यक्ष जी, कल भी सरकार कटघरे में थी, आज भी सरकार कटघर में खड़ी है। आश्चर्य

[श्री अटल बिहारी वाजपेयी]

की बात यह है कि सरकार का पक्ष प्रस्तुत करने के लिए जो माननीय सदस्य खडे किये जा रहे हैं, वह विरोधी दल का पक्ष प्रस्तुत कर रहे हैं, पुष्ट कर रहे हैं।

उपाध्यक्ष जी, यह बात मान ली गई है कि कलकत्ते के सरस्वती प्रेस ने पोस्टर छापे। यह बात भी स्वीकार कर ली गई है इस विवाद मे कि वह पोस्टर काग्रेस पार्टी के लिए छपे। एक और बात मानी गई है कि श्री आर० पी० गोइका का नाम जाली नाम नही है। श्री आर० पी० गोइका सारे मामले के गारटर थे। उपाध्यक्ष जी, अगर ये तीनो बाते सच हैं तो प्रधान मत्री के इस वक्तव्य का क्या मतलब है कि 'दि डाक्यूमेट्स इन दिस कनेक्शन आर फाल्स'। कौन सा डाक्यूमेट झूठा है? अगर यह डाक्यूमेट सच है कि पोस्टर छपे, अगर आप इस बात को मानते हैं कि पोस्टर काग्रेस पार्टी के लिए छपे और गोइका गारटर थे तो प्रधान मत्री के कथन का क्या अर्थ है कि सारे डाक्यूमेट्स फाल्स थे।

SHRI K P UNNIKRISHNAN Goenka has not paid for it AICC has paid for it He is deliberately trying to mislead the House

श्री अटल बिहारी वाजपेयी उपाध्यक्ष जी, प्रधान मत्री ने कहा है

Photostat contained no real evidence.

तो और कौन सा ऐविडेस चाहिए? काग्रेस के सदस्यो ने इन फोटोस्टेट कापीज को चुनौती नही दी है। किसी सदस्य ने यह नहीं कहा कि प्रधान मत्री का यह कथन ठीक है कि "Her picture was superimposed, and the letter allegedly written by the press to a monopolist contained no signature"

ऐसा लगता है कि सचाई वह है जो सर पर चढ़ कर बोलती है। प्रधान मंत्री ने कलकत्ता मे कहा था वह गलत साबित हो गया हैं और आज काग्रेस पाटी के सदस्य सारे पोस्टर कांड का खडन करने के लिए नई बाते लेकर आ रहे हैं। मैं पूछना चहता हूं कि श्री गोइका गारंटर क्यों बने? काग्रेस के मैम्बरों ने यह भी कहा कि ए० आइ० सी० सी० का एक छोटा आफिसर गया था। अगर छोटे अफसर गोयनका को गारन्टर बना सकते हैं तो बड़े आफिशल्स क्या कर सकते है इसकी सहज ही कल्पना की जा सकती है। क्या गोयनका महोदय काग्रेस पार्टी के सम्बन्धित हैं? क्या वह काग्रेस दल के सदस्य हैं? क्या समाजवाद मे उनकी निष्ठा हैं? हमारी काग्रेस के प्रति गोयनका का प्रेम क्यो उमडा है? क्या यह नि.स्वार्थ प्रेम है? क्या यह सच नही है कि गोयनका महोदय के विरुद्ध तीन साल पहले जाच हुई थी? उन्होने पालियीन का लाइसेंस मांगा था। उन्हे एक हजार टन का लाइसेंस दिया गया। जब कि महीने मे उन्हें 30 टन की जरूरत है और साल मे 360 टन चाहियें उन्हे एक हजार टन पालियीन दे दिया गया। वह पालियीन विदेशो से नही मगाया गया। उस लाइसेंस को ९श मे बेच दिया गया। पचास लाख रुपये उससे कमाये गये। यह मामला सदन मे उठा था। श्री फखरुद्दीन अली अहमद उस समय औद्योगिक विकास मत्री थे। उन्होने हमे जानकारी दी कि मामले की जाच सी बी आई कर रही है। परिणाम क्या निकला अभी तक पता नही है। (व्यवधान) क्या दोनो का कोई सम्बन्ध नही है?

एक बात और। श्री गोयनका बाम्बे डाइग खरीदना चाहते थे। कहा जाता है कि वह सबसे बडी टेक्स्टाइल मिल है। सरकार ने कहा था कि मोनोपोली हाउसेज को उसे खरीदने की छूट नही दी जायेगी, लेकिन उन्हे इजाजत दी गई (व्यवधान) यह भी तय हुआ था, मेरी जानकारी है, कि उसके बदले मे आधा रुपया यहा दिया जायेगा और आधा विदेशो मे दिया जायेगा। इसके लिये गोयनका महोदय विदेश यात्रा पर भी गये थे।

अब कहा गया है कि छपाया हमने प्रेस मे। कागज हमने अपना दिया था। उस कागज के बदले में कौन गारेन्टर हुआ था? (व्यवधान)

मेरी जानकारी है कि पेपर इंडस्ट्री से इस चुनाव में 5 करोड़ रुपये लिये गये। एक बड़े उद्योगपति को दिल्ली बुलाया गया। मैं मंत्री महोदयों का नाम नहीं लेना चाहता। मैं किसी मंत्री के परिवार के सदस्यों को समेटना नहीं चाहता, लेकिन अगर कोई निष्पक्ष जांच हो तो यह बात साबित की जा सकती है कि उद्योगपतियों से पैसा लिया गया। पैसा केवल पेपर इंडस्ट्री वालों से नहीं लिया गया। मेरे पास पूरी सूची है। अगर आप इजाजत दें तो मैं उसको आथेंटिकेट करके टेबल पर रख दूं। जूट मिलों से 20 लाख रुपया लिया गया, टेक्स्टाइल इंडस्ट्री से 1 करोड रुपया लिया गया। में कई ऐसे एजेन्ट जानता हूं जिनसे कहा गया कि कांग्रेस पार्टी को रुपया दे दो। जो रुपया दिया है खातों में लिखा हुआ है और बाद में कमिशन में उस रुपये को लिख दिया गया। यह बात साबित की जा सकती है। जो सिल्क मिलें है उनसे 1 करोड़ रुपया लिया गया। ट्रेड इडस्ट्री से 80 लाख रुपया लिया गया और ऐडवर्टीईजमेंट के जरिये $2\frac{1}{2}$ करोड़ रुपया लिया गया। में इसके बारे मे और चर्चा करूंगा। शुगर इंडस्ट्री से 30 करोड रुपया प्राप्त किया गया। बड़े-बड़े उद्योगपतियों से 5 करोड रुपया लिया गया। सिनेमा उद्योग को भी नही छोड़ा गया। 15 लाख रुपया सिनेमा उद्योग से भी लिया गया। (व्यवधान) जो लोग होटल चलाते हैं, शराब बेचते है उनसे 50 लाख रुपया लिया गया, सीमेंट इडस्ट्री, टी इडस्ट्री और खानों से भी रुपया लिया गया। (व्यवधान)

कम्पनी ला राजनीतिक दलों को रुपया देने से रोकता है। अभी हमारे मित्र श्री शुक्ल बोल रहे थे। वह रक्षा मन्त्रालय में काम करते हैं। सरकारी पार्टी को अपनी रक्षा के लिए रक्षा राज्य मंत्री को मैदान मे लाना पड़ा। लेकिन उन्होंने ऐसी रक्षा की कि सारे मामले का बंटाधार कर दिया। उनका कहना है कि अगर कानून का उल्लंघन हुआ है तो अदालत में जाकर शिकायत करो। अगर हरिजनों के साथ भेदभाव होता है और जो कानून का उल्लंघन है, उसके खिलाफ भी तो अदालत में शिकायत हो सकती है लेकिन क्या इस सदन में वह मामला नहीं उठ सकता है? यह सदन सरकार को कह सकता है कि कानून का उल्लंघन क्यों होने दिया गया?

क्या यह ताज्जुब की बात नहीं है कि अभी श्री मुशी जो यह कह रहे थे कि मार्क्सवादी पार्टी ने भी रुपया लिया है तो फिर वह कोर्ट मे क्यों नहीं जाते हैं? मार्क्सवादी पार्टी के खिलाफ आरोप लगाने की क्या जरूरत है? क्या इस चर्चा का एक ही जवाब दिया जाएगा कि अदालत में जाओ? यह भी एक अदालत है। देश की पचास करोड़ जनता इस अदालत की तरफ देख रही है। मै कहना चाहता हूं कि आप कल मुकदमा हार गए और आज भी हार रहे है।

कम्पनी कानून राजनीतिक दलों को रुपया देने से रोकता है। अब कहा जाता है कि हमने जो भी पोस्टर छपाए उसका क्रास्ड चैक दिया। क्या क्रास्ड चैक पहली तारीख मे नही दिया जा सकता? क्या उस चैक का जो रुपया लिया गया चैक के रूप मे वह रुपया किसी उद्योगपति से प्राप्त नहीं किया गया? क्या इस बात की जांच करना जरूरी नही है कि वह रुपया कहां से आया? और इसकी जांच अगर जरूरी है तो फिर इस सदन मे उठाया गया मामला ठीक है और सत्तारूढ़ दल के हित मे है कि वह इस मामले की पूरी जांच करवाना स्वीकार कर ले।

एक और व्यापक प्रश्न उठाया गया है। कानून से कम्पनी रुपया नहीं दे सकती। लेकिन कम्पनियां रुपया दे रही हैं। रुपया उसी को दे रही हैं जो बदले में कुछ दे सकते हैं, जो लाइसेंस रोक सकते हैं, जो लाइसेंस जारी कर सकते है, जो पुरस्कार दे सकते हैं, जो तिरस्कृत कर सकते हैं। वही कम्पनियों से रुपया पा सकते हैं

श्री अमृत नाहाटा (बाड़मेर) : जो आर एस एस को गुप्त दान मिलता है उसका क्या हुआ?

श्री अटल बिहारी वाजपेयी : ये अपने आरोप की सफाई नहीं कर रहे हैं, ये आरोप लगा रहे हैं। इससे इनकी अपराधी मनोवृत्ति का पता लगता है। अभी ये सी पी एम पर आरोप लगा रहे थे और अब हमारे ऊपर लगा रहे हैं।

सवाल यह है कि यह जो चोरी छिपे रुपया दिया जाता है इसको रोकने का तरीका क्या है? आप स्वीकार करेंगे कि जब कम्पनी ला में रुपया देना मना नहीं था तब कम्पनियों को बही खातों में उसको लिखना पड़ता था। बही खाते प्रकाश में आते थे और पता लगता था कि किस कम्पनी ने किस पार्टी को कितना रुपया दिया। इसके बारे में जानकारी होती थी और उसके बदले में सरकार या सरकारी पार्टी उस कम्पनी को क्या लाभ पहुंचा रही है, इसका भी अनुमान लगाया जा सकता था। लेकिन अब जो कुछ होता है, सब टेबल के नीचे होता है। यह स्थिति और भी भयावह है। लोकतंत्र की पूंजी विकृत कर रहे हैं दूषित कर रहे हैं। अगर पैसे के आधार पर जनतंत्र चलेगा तो जनता की सही भावना कभी प्रकट नहीं हो सकेगी। यह पोस्टर काण्ड हमें इस बात का मौका देता है कि हम सारे चुनाव के तरीके पर गहराई से विचार करें और मैं इस मांग को दोहराना चाहता हूं कि अगर आप राजनीतिक दलों को कम्पनियों से रुपया लेने से रोकना चाहते हैं मैं किसी दल की बात नहीं करता हूं, जो विदेशों से रुपया लेते हैं और सदन में खड़े होकर अपने को दूध का धुला हुआ साबित करना चाहते हैं, उनकी भी मैं बात कर रहा हूं — चाहे विदेशी धन हो और चाहे स्वदेशी धन हो, तो आपको चुनाव के तरीके को बदलना पड़ेगा और वह तरीका एक ही है कि पश्चिमी जर्मनी की तरह से सरकार चुनाव का जो खर्चा है, उसको अपने ऊपर लेने की जिम्मेदारी सम्भाले। मान्यता-प्राप्त राजनैतिक दलों के जो उम्मीदवार अपनी जमानत बचाने में सफल होते हैं, उनका खर्चा सरकारी खजाने से होना चाहिए और राजनैतिक पार्टियां जो खर्च करती हैं, वह भी सीलिंग में जोड़ा जाना चाहिए। आज तो हम सब लोग झूठा हिसाब देकर इस सदन में आते हैं। (व्यवधान)

अध्यक्ष महोदय, आप मुझे क्षमा करें, हमारे संसदीय लोकतंत्र का भवन झूठ के ऊपर खड़ा है। क्या कोई कह सकता है कि कानून में जो सीमा बांधी गई है, उस के अन्तर्गत चुनाव लड़ा जा सकता है? हर एक पार्टी हृदय पर हाथ रखे और इस समस्या का हल निकाले।

एक माननीय सदस्य पहले आप रखें।

श्री अटल बिहारी वाजपेयी हम तो रख सकते हैं, हमारा हृदय है। लेकिन जिनके हृदय नहीं है, वे कहां हाथ रखेंगे?

MR DEPUTY SPEAKER You can intervene only when you want to raise a point of order How can you make a speech ? I have called your party colleague to speak Dr Henry Austin

DR HENRY AUSTIN (Ernakulam) Though the motion now being considered pertains to violation by an individual of some of the provisions of the Company Law, Mr Jyotirmoy Bosu has made this motion as a cover to indulge in mudslinging against my Party I am familiar with the *modus operandi* and the thinking of Mr Bosu My younger colleague, Mr Munsi has placed before the House a catalogue of their connections which would reveal that all the gusto which he had shown while distributing the so called photostat copy, which itself was objectionable, and the mud slinging against my Party were not as a result of righteous indignation but were carried on with deliberate political motivation—politically motivated , out of frustration he has done it I can understand, and I only pity him But when a more responsible leader, although belonging to a Party with whose philosophy I cannot agree, Mr Atal Bihari Vajpayee, made certain irresponsible statements, I felt very bad and it hurts He gave a list—I do not know from where he collected that list—of certain allegations against my Party In a democracy, any party can malign another party, can make allegation, but it has to be proved, it has to be supported by facts For a responsible leader like him to come forward with irresponsible statements and wild allegations only help to set bad precedents I do not want to join issue with him It would be better, for the orderly functioning of this demo-

cracy, if leaders of responsible political parties set a better code of conduct.

I do not want to make a lengthy speech. Sir, as the hon Members may know, I am the General Secretary of the Indian National Congress and it is my duty to place before this august House certain facts which would prove beyond any shadow of doubt how we operate, how clean was the transaction that we entered into in the printing of some posters about which some hon. Members have made an unjustifiable allegation. I have contacted the responsible officer who heads the publicity division of All India Congress Committee and have been able to gather some facts which I would like to place before the hon. Members you in the interest of an objective assessment of the situation.

The Congress ordered 21,25,000 posters for printing by the Saraswati Press. These posters were delivered to the All India Congress Committee for distribution in the election campaign. All the paper used for printing the posters was provided by the AICC. The total cost of paper was Rs. 2,74,000. These posters as well as 16,80,000 folders which were printed by the same Press as also Sales Tax and packing charges were paid for by a single crossed cheque No J 821975 for Rs 1,95,592.50P on the Allahabad Bank dated 14 3.72. ...

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : What is the cost of the posters ?...(*Interruptions*)

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN : He is coming to that.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : On a point of order, Sir...(*Interruptions*) Since I have a right of reply, it is necessary for me to make copious notes about what he says. I wanted to know how many posters were printed and how much money was paid for it.

DR. HENRY AUSTIN : On this amount, Rs. 1,43,850 covers the cost of printing of the posters under Order No. 189/72, The receipt issued by the Saraswati Press for this was receipt No. 2071 dated 16.3.72 for Rs. 1,84,449.90 and No. 2074 for Rs. 11,142,60. The position so far as the Congress is concerned is, therefore, very clear.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : No, it is not clear...(*interruptions*)

DR. HENRY AUSTIN : We ordered 21.25 lakh posters. The paper was provided by us. These posters were fully paid for by means of crossed cheques.

SHRI P. K. DEO : Have you got a paper factory ?

DR. HENRY AUSTIN : In Orissa.... (*Interruptions*) I am prepared to give the details also. We bought paper for this from the Titaghur and Bengal Paper Mills for Rs. 2,24,236.78P. In the light of this clear-cut proof and in the light of this documentary evidence available, I think Mr. Jyotirmoy Bosu has the right and the duty to relate his observations and practices to the factual data which I have presented to the House. Firstly any political party will be able to throw mud against another party. In a democracy it is the duty of every leader to exercise restraint and responsibility. Unless we do this, I am afraid, democracy will not be able to function the way the people of this country want. I have no doubt in my mind that Mr Jyotirmoy Bosu, although he might shed crocodile tears in the name of democracy, we all know he is not a democrat . (*Interruptions*) He believes in a system, in a way of life about which my young friend, Mr. Munsi. had placed a catalogue before this House. Knowing full-well their background, I expected and our Party expected that at least they would have adopted the policy that discretion is the better part of valour. My friends, I don't want to make a detailed speech. My other friends and colleagues have sought to show that the Congress operates as a result of the massive mandate they have obtained from the people of this country and they uphold high principles and these high principles will always be cherished and under the leadership of Shrimati Indira Gandhi who has denied all your allegations point-blank in your own home city, the Congress Party will continue to uphold the high moral principles. As far as the Congress is concerned, whatever may be the mudslinging the opposition may indulge in it is the people of the country who will judge, and we depend only on the will of the people.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA (Begusarai) : The sleep, somnolent creature, this Parliament, seems to be shaking its locks and shorting. For the last two weeks or so Parliament has, indeed, proved that it is the custodian of the conscience of the people. We in

[Shri Shyamnandan Mishra]

the opposition, have always been treated by certain newspapers to certain sermons which we richly deserve. They have said that Parliament has been on the decline. But now it has been proved that the process of decline if any, has not been irreversible Parliament has, indeed, highlighted some of the problems which have been very much in the minds of the people. And we really feel proud of Parliament and prouder of the opposition.

In the first instance I will try to insulate it from politics and it is, indeed, surprising to me that the other side had to convert itself into a defence council for Mr. R. P. Goenka. The motion relates to Mr. R. P. Goenka and he indeed is a fortunate person who has got about 362 advocates for him in the House. This motion relates to the House of Goenka. We want to insulate the subject completely from the ruling party. But they happen to be so touchy in this matter. This was confined only to the House of Goenka. What did we get from the other side ? They said : You please don't refer to the Prime Minister, you please don't refer to the ruling party. The motion refers to allegations based on pohotostat copies ; the photostat copy does bear the photo of the Prime Minister ; it also bears the name of Indian National Congress. Even so, I will resist the temptation of referring to the photograph of the Prime Minister though I must say, it is so difficult to resist the temptation. But then, certain things have been said and proved. The case of the Opposition does not require any special advocacy.

AN HON. MEMBER : Then, why is he speaking ?

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA : Why are my hon. friends opposite feeling restive ? The case is proved against the house of Goenkas. That is the main proposition. And how is it proved ? May I congratulate the ruling party on having a very very respectable guarantor, namely Shri R. P. Goenka ? After having screened the entire planet, they got this most respectable guarantor for themselves.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : Facing CBI inquiry.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA : And what is the background of this Mr. Goenka ? The background was mentioned by some of my hon. friends on this side of the House. The background is that this follow has been flourishing under the patronage of this Government. The hon. Prime Minister was pleased to say, everyone gets money from the capitalists : "Yes, we have got money from them ; others also do get." Now, may I ask the Prime Minister whether the Opposition possesses that vast power of patronage and coercion...

SHRI K. P. UNNIKRISHNAN : He does not get it these days ?

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA : When that is the case, will they care a hoot for us and for the rest of the Opposition ?

However, what you, Sir, have witnessed is, and that cannot and will not bear any contradiction, that spokesmen afte spokesmen from the other side were only flinging countercharges on the author of this motion, Shri Jyotirmoy Bosu and his party. They were citing other examples. So, it only means that violations have been taking place, and indeed violations have been galore. That is proved. Earlier this side also had said that violations had been indulged in, and here is the allegation in this motion that violation has been indulged in by Mr. R. P. Goenka.

SHRI K. P. UNNIKRISHNAN : His friends and leaders are responsible for that.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA : My hon. friend Shri K. P. Unnikrishnan has conceded that he was a guarantor.

SHRI K. P. UNNIKRISHNAN : I said, reference, maybe, I did not know. He came on in only as reference. Let him not mislead the House.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA : Then, we have been told that the payment had been made...

SHRI K. P. UNNIKRISHNAN : By us.

SHRI G. VISWANATHAN : Why do they not allow the lady to speak ?

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA : Payment has been made through what cheque and on what date ?

SHRI K. P. UNNIKRISHNAN : It has already been given.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA : And there might be so many orders.

SHRI K. P. UNNIKRISHNAN : The orders also have been mentioned.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA : It has been said that the ruling party spent not less than Rs. 5 crores....

SHRI K. P. UNNIKRISHNAN : My hon. friend did not listen properly.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA : ...on publicity, and only the film publicity of the ruling party cost them about a crore of rupees. The four-minute filming of certain things on the screen has cost them about a crore of rupees.

What payment ? In what cheques ? On what dates ? That is the basic question :

Then, the question arises that if Mr. Goenka, this monopoly house, stood a guarantor. . , .

SHRI K. P. UNNIKRISHNAN : No ; let not my hon. friend mislead the House. I said, may be as reference.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA : If he did not, if they denied it, the ground would be shifted. Their document which had been produced by my hon. friend Shri Jyotirmoy Bosu bad not been contradicted by any person. Then, the charge sticks to Mr. Goenka and he is a criminal and he must be prosecuted.

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN : Who said 'No' ?

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA : Exoneration can take place only to the extent that he is proved to be a guarantor. Otherwise, here is a person who has made a clandestine donation to the ruling party, and the charge is proved. May I submit that the hon. Finance Minister and others who followed him in the same vein were guilty of breach of privilege of this House ? They have said about this document that it is a fabrication. There has not been any evidence adduced so far to show that the document has been fabricated. The document stands intact, and not an iota of evidence it has been proved to be wrong. (*Interruption*). Not an iota of it has been proved to be wrong. Please wait. Further evidences have multiplied, and they have been placed on the Table of the House. They have been incorporated in the speech of Mr. Jyotirmoy Bosu. So, my humble submission is this : the Prime Minister says that they received money ; her spokesmen, the spokesmen of the ruling party have said that they have received money. Hon. Members of the opposition have quoted instances. There has been the arrest of six workers. What does it denote ? This clearly and conclusively proves that the documents have been correct, and it was wrong on the part of the—(*Interruption*)

AN HON. MEMBER : They were dismissed.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA : I am sorry. They have been dismissed, and they are going to be prosecuted. That conclusively proves that that document is correct.

My submission is that they have yielded to the charge that has been made from this side. My only grievance is that they had no right to disappoint us in the manner—The pleasure, in fact, lies in some resistance, but there has been none from your side.

Mr. Deputy-Speaker, this is not the only instance. In Bombay also—I do not refer to political parties by name, and here I refer to a political party, and so, please do not feel hurt about it,—there was a poster, as Bombay would not lag behind the city of Calcutta. There are Goenkas in Bombay also. There was a poster produced by Mr. Govardhan Das and Mr. Arvind Kilachand and some others, who are very great advocates of socialism and also great believers in the programme of the eradication of poverty. That also cost Rs. 5 lakhs.

Then, Mr. Deputy-Speaker, there is the Firestone Co. We are supposed to be opposed to the Americans. This Firestone Co., contributed to a political party.—I do not name that political party—Rs. 80 lakhs. And what was the instrumentality through which this donation was made ? This was made through advertisements largely.

SHRI K. P. UNNIKRISHNAN : How ? Please explain.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA : I am not mentioning the political party This Firestone Co , made a contribution of Rs 80 lakhs through the instrumentality of its various branches numbering thousands, and the main person concerned was the Regional Manager at Delhi, Mr Sucha Singh Here is a complete charge Do not take it upon yourself Enquire into this matter These advertisements are proving to be the greatest source of evil Advertisements are given to mythical journals which never see the light of the day May I demand from the forum of this House, which is the highest forum in this country, either these advertisements should be banned or these souvenirs should be laid on the Table of the House If the souvenirs have not been published, then these criminals who have made the donations must be brought to book In fact, they have defrauded the public exchequer if they made contributions of about Rs 5 crores

SHRI PILOO MODY What about the criminals who took the donation ?

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA , But I do not name the criminals So, I say that if they made a contribution of the order of Rs 5 crores they have defrauded the income-tax department to the extent of Rs 4 crores Who stands to lose ? It is the public exchequer Therefore, this is not only a demand of a political nature , it is of legal and financial nature

Lastly, after the banning of company donations, what are we confronted with to day ? I must say that the crimes that are being committed are a thousand times more heinous than those that were committed when company donations were open

May I say, finally, that all this talk of socialism to which we have been treated is only a magical bloom on words That has not yielded anything An honest politician, as somebody said, is one who, when he is brought will stay bought (*Interruptions*) I think they will, as honest politicians, stay bought

SHRI R K. SINHA (Faizabad) Mr Jyotirmoy Bosu lives in a glass house But it suits him to attack the ruling party He has today discovered that we are a bourgeois party ; we are supported by Indian capitalism But his great admirers who are with him, I mean the American leaders of the world counter revolution, discovered in Mrs. Indira Gandhi and the Indian National Congress their greatest enemies (*Interruptions*) It is not from the classical pattern of outmoded marxist books can one learn what is socialism and what is marxism but only from the practice and theory of life Who nationalised the banks in India ? We nationalised the banks in India Mr. Shyamnandan Mishra was voting against it (*Interruptions*) The Bharatiya Jan Sangh and the Swatantra Party voted against it Who are supposed to be the defenders of socialism ?

Those who live in glass houses should not throw stones at others When my friend Mr P R Das Munsi came out with certain facts and figures, I saw Mr Bosu missing from the ranks of Parliament Mr Bosu is a believer in Hitler's philosophy If a big lie is repeated a number of times, it shall become true (*Interruptions*) I want to remind my marxist friends of the so called Zino view letters that were thrown on the face of the world and how it affected the Labour Party in Great Britain I want to remind my friends that the social democrats and communists in Germany were convicted for crimes which they did not commit Have we forgotten the case of the Reich stag fire in Germany It is very easy for Shyamnandan Mishra to argue like a village school master who though vanquished could argue still The cheque number was quoted , the letter number was quoted (*Interruptions*) Still Mr Mishra argues that we had not paid for the posters , Mr Goenka paid for them Why this furore ? (*Interruptions*) I want to analyse the voting pattern in this Parliament the day before yesterday on the issue of the ICS Bill Nobody in the Opposition except four** cast their votes against it

18 hrs

SHRI PILOO MODY I happen to be one of the four people who voted against that Bill and I am proud of it that I have not sold my conscience, I have not sold my intelligence, I have not sold my soul to a myth belonging to a foreign country And, I refuse to be referred to in this House as ** I will have you to know that this is a very fundamental thing of all Parliaments that every individual may

**Expunged as ordered by the Chair.

vote exactly according to his conscience and not necessarily according to the dictates of some other super-human power.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : I think we all accept that in this House, the highest forum in the country, we have freedom of expression and freedom of casting our vote. Therefore, I think it is unfortunate that in regard to the way we cast our vote, that word was used. I do not want this word to go on record. It is not going on record.

SHRI R. K. SINHA : I did not want to insult anybody's sentiments. I was merely analysing the national situation in India today. Those who used to defend the right to property, the private sector, the princes and the privy purses, were forced to vote with us day before yesterday and on the Constitution Amendment Bill relating to Kerala, the voting was 311 to 0. What does it prove ? It only proves that under the leadership of Shrimati Indira Gandhi and the Congress Party, the nation has moved to the left.

SHRI PILOO MODY : One party, one leader, one nation, one sex ! (*Interruptions*),

SHRI R. K. SINHA : The cry of a celebrated buffoon cannot stifle the voice of the Parliament of India Why is it that the Marxists today are trying to lead an opportunistic alliance with Jan Sangh, Cong (O) and Swatantra ? It is because they want to sabotage the Indian revolution ? Their friends are doing it in Bangladesh They want the experiment of democracy to fail in India. They have no other allies except people like Mr. Vajpayee and Mr. Mishra. They were defeated at the polls and they discovered the argument of rigging of the poll in West Bengal. Now that voice has been silenced, they have come with Nagarwala issue yesterday and the poster issue today. They are trying to lower the morale of the Indian people. Those who have no faith in democracy and in the people, those who split the communist party, those who split the trade union movement in India, they have no faith in the movement of the proletariat in India They have only one faith, *i.e.* to break Indian democracy. The poison they generated in the last election and in the election before that suffocated them, and we won the elections again. The people of India have shown them where they stand.

SHRI RAJ BAHADUR : Mr. Deputy-Speaker, Sir, till 5 50 p m. the opposition parties have taken as much as 104minutes and the Congress Party has taken only 66 minutes. We claim it as our right that we should be given twice as much time as the opposition parties have got. Let the House continue till 9 O'Clock We are not afraid of continuing this debate. We must get the time that is due to us ..(*Interruptions*)

SHRI PILOO MODY : I entirely agree with the hon. Minister. This debate should go on and on. I agree that they should get proportionate time.

MR DEPUTY-SPEAKER : I think the submission of the Minister of Parliamentary Affairs is very reasonable. He will get the proportionate time to which his party is entitled. I will not deny time to anybody.

SHRI SURENDRA MOHANTY (Kendrapura) : Mr. Deputy-Speaker, Sir, this debate has been so much ramified, so much acrimony has been brought to bear upon this issue that really I am at my wit's end what to speak and what to avoid. The issue has been diluted and its target has been misplaced by bringing in so many extraneous issues. The hon Shri Vidya Charan Shukla referred to the Maniram elections and the charisma of the Prime Minister. But my only regret is that the massive mandate which the Congress Party has received in the general elections and the charisma of the Prime Minister have to depend upon these posters printed by Goenka.

The question on this poster issue is very simple and it has been dealt at length by many hon. Members. The Prime Minister in her speech at Calcutta dismissed this photostat copy as not genuine. But have the Congress Party been bold enough to challenge the authenticity of the photostat copies in the name of Shri R. P. Goenka, placing an order for printing of election posters in five languages for the election campaign. This photostat copy, which has been presented to you, has not yet been disputed. It is a fact on record that these election posters have been printed ; though it does not mention any particular party, from the subsidiary evidence that has

[Shri Surendra Mohanty]

been led it has been proved that it has been printed for the Congress Party.

The question arises whether this contravenes the provisions of the company law or not Shri Indrajit Gupta, according to the well-known dialectics of the rightist Communist Party, has told us that before 1968 donations to political parties was not culpable and, therefore, what was being done in the open till 1968 is now being paid under the counter

In all humility I would like to submit that two wrongs do not make one right Mr Jyotirmoy Bosu's charge, whatever may be the validity, cannot be disproved by the fact that other parties also receive donations from companies. Therefore it is very unfortunate that this simple issue, whether this poster has been printed by Mr Goenka in furtherance of the electoral prospects of the Congress party should have been sought to be disproved by bringing in extraneous matters which really have no relevance

If anything, this debate has proved the observations of the Wanchoo Committee that it is really difficult to stop the rampage of black money when political parties receive donations from these Black money hoarders My only regret is that when the party in power charged with stopping the rampage of black money, when the party in power is receiving donations in this kind of manner from monopoly houses, it is really difficult to stop the rampage of black money

It has been said that if there is any violation of the Company law, then the party concerned should go to a court of law instead of agitating the matter on the floor of Parliament I would like to submit that to evade the Company law, this kind of decoy has been laid here Instead of paying in cash, Rs. 5 lakhs have been contributed in the shape of posters simply to evade the Company law I ask : Is it moral ? Is it ethical ? Is it political ? That is really the issue that is to be determined. And it cannot be determined in a Court of Law.

The second photostat which is a letter from Saraswaty Press to Mr Goenka giving the estimate has not been disproved. Nobody has said that it is a fake document The only thing has been said is that it bears no signature You will appreciate that office copies do not usually bear the signature of the person who sign it. It is usually kept in a file and some time it bears no signature. It is merely an office copy. It has been borne out that the employees of the Saraswaty Press who were privy to this have already been dismissed. I ask the Congress party why they have been dismissed They have been dismissed because those conscientious employees have passed on the information to the press and the public as to how a monopoly house has been financing the Congress party under the counter.

Sine these two documents have not been controverted, the only basic issue remains, as to whether this is a matter into which an inquiry should be conducted or not. I have moved an amendment that a parliamentary committee should go into this and see whether the Company law violation has not taken place and whether the ruling Congress party has not benefited by the violation of the Company law

It has been said that whatever bill the Saraswaty press has submitted has been paid by the A I C C by a cheque I was listening very carefully to Mr Austin But he has not clarified whether this particular order No. 189/72 dated 7-2-72 has been paid by a cheque by the A I C C He has not said so He has quoted the Nos of 3 or 4 cheques But those cheques are not related to this particular order No 189/72 dated 7 2 72 which stands in the name of Mr R P Goenka Therefore, citing the Nos of those cheques has no relevance Now, a pertinent question arises. If the Congress party has paid through cheques, why and how Mr. R P Goenka could be brought into the picture ?

18.15 hrs.

[MR SPEAKER *in the chair*]

Nobody disputes about the charisma of the Prime Minister But why should the charisma of the Prime Minister be sustained through posters printed by Goenka ? (*Interruption*) If these posters have been paid for through valid cheque drawn by the AICC, why and how Goenka came into the picture ? We know that Dr Siddhartha Shankar Ray, the Chief Minister of West Bengal, is a very affluent man. He could have stood as guarantee. Why should Mr R P. Goenka come into the picture ? That only underlines the secret link that the ruling Congress has with the monopoly houses.

The other day, I brought before the House how a Minister's son without qualifications was employed by Union Carbide, a foreign monopoly house. This is how things are going on. Do you think that, with this massive mandate, you can ride roughshod over all norms of ethics and of propriety ? If that is so, I say to the nodding heads that it is a sign of your decay and not of resurgence. Therefore, I say in all humility that if the ruling Party accepts my amendment and agree to the appointment of a Parliamentary Committee to go into the whole question, it will not only absolve the ruling Congress of the suspicions but will also put on an even keel the political life of our country.

डा० लक्ष्मी नारायण पांडेय (मंदसौर) : प्वाइंट आफ आर्डर । अध्यक्ष महोदय, अभी सदन में एक महत्वपूर्ण और गंभीर चर्चा चल रही है और आगे अभी और उसे चलना है । लेकिन मजदूरों के बोनस के बारे में एक आधे घंटे की चर्चा होनी है, तो इस डिबेट को कल ले लिया जाय · (**व्यवधान**)···नहीं तो इस आधे घंटे की चर्चा को ले लिया जाय कल ।

अध्यक्ष महोदय : कल देखूंगा, अगर हो सका तो कर दूंगा ।

The debate must finish today. We had allotted three hours for this. The debate was to be finished by 6 p. m Now it is 15 minutes past 6 p. m. The opposition has taken double the time of Congress benches. The opposition has taken about 110 minutes and this side. about 66 minutes...(*Interruptions*) It is normally at the cost of Congress benches. I am not going to accommodate for more than five or ten minutes...

AN HON. MEMBER : They are in the dock.

MR. SPEAKER : There is no question of who is in the dock and who is not in the dock. This is a discussion in Parliament. Do not think in these terms that some people are in the dock and some people are not in the dock. This is not a court ; this is Parliament.

Now I will give five minutes each for the movers of substitute motions and another ten minutes to this side. Then I will call the Minister.

SHRI S. A. SHAMIM : Every time the Opposition members who are to speak at the fag end have to suffer. Hon'ble Speaker is lenient to one or two but on account of that, why should we suffer ? It is not proper, Sir. The members of the Opposition should get more time Why should we suffer ? Yesterday, Prof Dandavate could not speak.

MR. SPEAKER : Your share comes to four minutes.

SHRI S. A. SHAMIM : Please give me four minutes That is enough.

SHRI P. K. DEO : The Deputy Speaker said that I would get 15 minutes and I have my substitute motion.

MR. SPEAKER : I am not going to keep that proposal. You have taken a lot of time.

DR LAXMINARAIN PANDEY : What about Mr. Dandavate ?

MR. SPEAKER : There are so many interested to speak.

PROF MADHU DANDAVATE (Rajapur) : May I make one submission with your permission, Sir ? You say that some Members of the ruling Party and some of the Opposition had taken disproportionately more time. So everytime it happens that disproportionately the other Opposition Groups get less time and a stage may come when we may get negative time. Why should we suffer for it ?

MR. SPEAKER : I only sympathise that you come at the tail end.

PROF MADHU DANDAVATE : Even then we do come here. We have come here on the votes of the people. They have also come here on the votes of the people···(*Interruptions*)

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : He had no time yesterday We are very sorry to learn, but let it not be repeated today.

SHRI PILOO MODY : After all even a small Party over a period of time will accumulate some time allotted to it. That time should be given to them at least.

MR. SPEAKER : They will be given.

SHRI PILOO MODY : We have been suffering from the same disease.

MR. SPEAKER : We have been suffering from too many diseases.

SHRI P. K. DEO (Kalahandi) : It is the compulsion of duty that has forced me to give this substitute motion to refer this matter to a commission to be constituted under the Commission of Inquiry Act on the analogy of Pratap Singh Kairon inquiry. That Commission of Inquiry was headed by Shri S. R. Das. It is also on the analogy of the matter of Sarajuddin being referred to Mr. S. K. Dass. Money was ac cepted from Serajuddin by the Secretary of Sh ri K. D. Malaviya for which he had to go out of the Cabinet in a most unceremonious way. On the analogy of these past precedents, I gave my substitute motion. Specially, these matters relate to certain alleged charges of corruption, nepotism, use of black money which not only expose the character of the Government in giving shelter and patronage to certain monopoly houses for an ulterior motive and if proved, it will invalidate the 1971 elections.

Although it relates to the house of the Goenkas, one of the 75 business monopoly houses which had Asian Cables and Duncan Brothers which figured prominently in the Monopoly Inquiry Commission report, as feathering their nests by multiplication of their capital and assets under the licence-permit-quota raj and one of them has got the title of Padma Bhushan...(*Interruptions*) Yes, Mr. Goenka got Padma Bhushan.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA : I see.

SHRI P. K. DEO : Sir, I deem, it my duty to bring to the notice of the House a call attention which was discussed on August 22, 1969 which was brought by Mr. Naidu on a manuscript letter by Shri Kalelkar, Director-General of Technical Development to Asian Cables demanding Rs. 4 lakhs for diversification permil of the PVC projects...(*Interruptions*) Severat issues have been raised, *viz.*, illegal use of user licences, selling the imported raw materials, making huge profits which have been corroborated in the Company's accounts ..

SHRI PILOO MODY : and shared by the Government.

SHRI P. K. DEO :...of 1967-68 and which has revealed a blackmarket sale of imported raw material to the tune of Rs. 25 lakhs. Shri F. A. Ahmed brought the mantle of protection because he happens to be the blue-eyed boy of the Congress party and he brushed aside the letter as fabrication. The CBI report has not yet been publiahed. They have gone further deep into the matter. They have said some other items like aluminium and copper have been sold in the black market.

I come to Duncan brothers. It belongs to Goenka. They placed orders for 8 lakhs of posters on the Saraswaty press to promote the election prospects of the congress party. The Prime Minister called it fabrication. The Finance Minister called it baseless. It is because, the Congress party is at the dock. But the fact has not been denied by Saraswaty press and it has not been denied by the Duncan Brothers. The question is, who paid for these particular posters. Who had paid this ? This subject of banning of company donation to political parties has been a subject which Prof. Amin and my friend Mr. Piloo Mody had been eloquently advocating in this House in the past. We have expressed our concern about the extent of black money in circulation. There have been some suggestions of having a seminar of economists. The seminar is not going to solve the problem. Black money has been in circulation. Wanchoo Committee has said about it. They have come out with a statement that we must have effective and positive measures. With this money power they are exploiting the poverty and ignorance of the Indian masses. When I heard the speech of my CPI friend, it reminded me of this :

दिन के वधिनी रात के मोहनी
पलक-पलक लहू चूरो ।

This is Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde attitude. This is what our communist friends have been playing in this country. I request the Minister to answer the following questions.

Is the same Duncan Brothers not involved in a subject which is under the CBI enquiry ? Has not the CBI unearthed blackmarket sale

of imported items like PVC, aluminium and copper ? Why has not the report been published by the Home Ministry which is presided over by the Prime Minister ? (*Interruptions*) My second question is this. Is it not a fact that as a *quid pro quo*, this company was given the assurance for the purchase of Bombay Dyeings, and negotiations have been going on with Bombay Dyeings and Duncan Bros. ? There are many scandals like the wool deal with which Shri L. N. Mishra is very much familiar. Large Congress posters appear in Connaught Place and they are paid for by the Narang group. Advertisements have been raised in Congress souvenirs and all these have to be gone into. So, a commission of inquiry must be instituted under the Commissions of Inquiry Act to probe into the entire matter.

PROF. MADHU DANDAVATE (Rajapur) : I had joined in raising this poster issue through a motion, because I feel that the issue raised in this debate is a symptom of a deeper malady. The malady involved is the evil role that is being played by the industrial houses and black money in the political life of our country.

I am not at all worried as to which party is involved in it. Tomorrow if it is established that even my party is involved in it, it will be a matter of anguish and a matter of shame and sorrow for me. Therefore, if I criticise what is happening, it is out of our love for democratic traditions and the democratic political fabric of out country.

The issues involved in this debate are the violation of the company law by giving donations to a political party, the collusion of a party with the industrial houses, and the most important point that I would like to stress is that if things continue in this particular manner and at this pace, it will be impossible for a poor man in this country to contest any parliamentary election, and it will be beyond the reach of a poor party and a common man in the country.

Whenever we raise the issue of either fraud or malpractices, the stock argument that is being advanced from the Treasury Benches, and the Finance Minister is the foremost in this, is that the Opposition may criticise them, but they have the massive mandate of the people. What is the massive mandate of the people ? Have the people told the ruling party that their massive mandate means that if they indulge in corruption and malpractices, they should not do it in a microscopic way but they should do it in a massive way ? Let me say that this is only a straw in the wind What is more important to me is political motivation and I have said this while raising the point of order, and I am glad that you have given a ruling that even the motivation behind this violation of the company law does fall within the ambit of the general discussion on the subject. Therefore, I am more concerned with the political motivation. I do not want to indulge in just legal quibbling I am not interested merely in that. I am one of those people who feel that sometimes the law makes the mind sharp by making it narrow, and, therefore, I am one of those who feel that we should not indulge in legalistic quibbling in order to find out whether merely the company law has been violated.

I want to point out to you why I felt that there was a *prima facie* case in the allegations which has been put forward by Shri Jyotirmoy Bosu : when I just went through the photostat copy placed before the House by Shri Jyotirmoy Bosu, I felt that I had to take a view of the photostat copy on the background of the politics that was going on in the country, and I would like to test the validity of the case on the background of the politics of the purse that is going on, Therefore, on this background it is perfectly valid and relevant to say that the prestige of the Prime Minister of the country is involved. During the last elections, Rs. 23 to 25 lakhs were collected from a number of industrial houses. These people might be having contacts with the industrial houses.

SOME HON. MEMBERS : No, it is an under-estimate.

PROF. MADHU DANDAVATE : I am quite correct in saying that Rs 20 to 25 lakhs were collected from each industrial house. I have said it in the past. These people might be collecting them from the Industrial magnates. We have no contacts with them. But we have contacts with the trade union organisations in those very industrial houses. When these donations are given, the industrial magnate knows that but also the cashier and the accountant known that. The industrial magnate might be with them, but the cashier

[Prof. Madhu Dandavate]

and the accountant are intimately connected with the trade union organisations. When I make this allegation, I do not want to be unfair. Therefore, I want to make a declaration here that if the ruling party is willing to make a judicial probe to find out the finances of all the political parties including the ruling party, as far as the election campings are concerned, with your permission, I am prepared to place before the judicial probe the tape-recorded evidence of the shady transactions that have taken place between those who have taken money from the industrial houses and those who actually paid it.

In this connection, let me tell you one instance. The dignity and the decorum of the House demand that I should not reveal the names. The rules do not permit us to reveal those names without prior permission. But I wish to say one thing. In the last Lok Sabha election, using the prestige of the Prime Minister, for industrial house in Bombay, a quota of Rs. 25 lakhs was fixed. They contributed Rs. 23 lakhs, and afterwards they were told through the Prime Minister "you have let us down". That industrial magnate said "we have contributed Rs. 23 lakhs," Then they were told that the Congress records indicate that only Rs. 8 lakhs to Rs. 9 lakhs were donated." It was later found out that Rs. 15 lakhs were retained by an individual and I want to make this statement on the floor of the House that a member of the Union Ministry was involved in it, and in view of the fact that the Prime Minister found it out, that Minister was removed from the Central Cabinet, but tragically enough, he has become a Governor of one of the prominent States in this country. That is the premium put on such things.

On the same background, I would like to say a few words about licences. A licence for polythene for a quantity of 1,000 tonnes was given allegedly for the Asian Cables. This was sold in the blackmarket for Rs. 25 lakhs. A CBI enquiry is going on. but still that enquiry has not seen the light of the day, and we still do not know in Parliament what are the findings.

I do not wish to take much time. Advertisements were given to some souvenirs and to some "non-souvenirs" We have seen advertisements being collected for the souvenirs, and I know the contributions which have been made through advertisements. But was also know that some souvenirs have not come out. Like that, Rs. 3 crores have been collected. This is what is actually happening.

Normally, I would not like to refer to what has been stated by way of criticism of Members of the Opposition. But there is an unwritten law in the Parliamentary procedure that when we from the opposition want to confront the ruling party, we have not to attack each other. I have basic differences with the Swatantra party ; I have differences with the Jan Sangh. I differ with the Congress (O). But here, when we function as Opposition, and when we are confronting the ruling party, an unwritten understanding must be there that we do not try to quarrel among ourselves and try to give a handle to the ruling party. I do not want to be the Queen's Opposition, but I want to be the real Opposition in this Parliament.

I will conclude. Since the hon. Member from the C.P.I. has given a number of quotations, and since a number of figures have also been given, I would also like to give some quotation. In the Lok Sabha, Shri Samar Guha had asked a question on March 14, 1969, about the fabulous money which was received by the Communist Party of India for its New Age Printing Press and the Kalantar Press in Calcutta. The Minister has also confessed it in the reply that he gave : the reply in the Lok Sabha document is there. He admitted that this revenue, was available to the Communist party's presses, and even the foreign language publications of the U.S.S.R. are pouring over into India. They do not pay for that. All that money is made available for the Communist party. I would not have referred to this normally, but since a number of questions have been raised in this debate, I referred to it.

Therefore, I will conclude by repeating my demand that there should be a judicial probe. Let the atmosphere be cleared. Let every party be put in the dock. If you want even the Socialist party may be put in the dock. I am prepared for that. Let all the parties, right from ultra violet to infra red, be put in the dock. Let us find out the truth and let the guilty be punished...

AN HON. MEMBER : Which socialist party are you referring to ?

PROF. MADHU DANDAVATE : Just as there are two Congresses, there can be more than one socialist party. If this atmosphere of corruption and malpractices is not cleared, I warn the ruling party that, in spite of the image of the Prime Minister in the country, this Government lead by Mrs. Indira Gandhi will go down the way of Chiang kai-Shek's Government in China and Soekarno's Government in Indonesia..... (*Interruptions*).

MR. SPEAKER : Shri Stephen.

SHRI S. M. BANERJEE (Kanpur) : Mr. Indrajit Gupta never opposed a commission : he simply wanted a parliamentary committee. Let there be a commission of enquiry. We are all for it. The CPI are not afraid of facing an enquiry.

SHRI PILOO MODY : Ho, ho.

SHRI S. M, BANERJEE : Do not behave like a baboon.

MR SPEAKER : What is the trouble Mr. Mody ; you are groaning ?

SHRI PILOO MODY : I notice that you pay great attention to 'Ho, ho' but nothing about baboons, chimpanzees and all the infantile words ; all that you leave out.

MR SPEAKER : You are very visible to me ; evidently I take notice of you.

SHRI PILOO MODY : You must not only use your eyes but also your ears..... (*Interruptions*)

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN (Muvuttupuzha) : Mr. Speaker, two issues have cropped in the course of this discussion...

SHRI P. K. DEO : He says he is going to slap him. We need your protection.

MR. SPEAKER : I cannot give protection to every buffoonery.

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN : With respect to the two matters which cropped up during the discussion in this House, which you in your democratic wisdom decided to allow—yesterday we had a discussion under rule 193 and today we are having a discussion under rule 84—I should say that the purpose of the discussion is not only to clear the atmosphere .. (*Interruptions*).

श्री अटल बिहारी वाजपेयी : यहां चप्पल दिखाई गई है। एक मैम्बर चप्पल दिखला रहा है दूसरे मैम्बर को।

SHRI P. K. DEO : He has shown his chappal . . . (*Interruptions*).

MR. SPEAKER : I have not heard it.

SHRI ATAL BIHARI VAJPAYEE : Do you allow this to be on record ?

SHRI P. K. DEO : You should pull him up.

SHRI S. M. BANERJEE : I am sorry : I apologise but he should also behave... (*Interruptions*).

MR. SPEAKER : That is the idea ? You ask for protection ?

SHRI PILOO MODY : I did not ask for protection. I do not need protection.

SHRI K. D MALAVIYA (Domariaganj) : Do you want us to control Mr. Piloo Mody ? You give us permission ; we can control Mr. Piloo Mody. I am sorry ; yesterday also you were not able to control him. I restrained myself to the utmost ; I have been hearing irresponsible statements from this side ; lies are being poured ; you are not able to give protection...(*Interruptions*).

SHRI M. KALYANASUNDARAM (Tiruchirapalli) : I am sorry a member of my party had to offend Mr. Piloo Mody, but he is justified in offeoding him. The Speaker must pull him up. He should not make a running commentary in this House. If he repeats it when a member of my party is speaking, he will not be allowed to remain in this House.

MR. SPEAKER : I agree with Mr. Malaviya. Yesterday also I advised him. Today the situation is the same. I think Mr: Mody should not go out of the limits. There

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is a limit to everything I shall see how it happens again I have been tolerating it all the time I advised Mr Malaviya and other members yesterday to ignore it, but it is going too much out of control

SHRI INDRAJIT GUPTA All arguments have been exhausted now and so other things are being resorted to It is better to end the debate

SHRI C M STEPHEN Sir, in a very painful setting, I am rising to speak on this motion I was wondering what exactly is the purpose of this discussion As a new parliamentarian I have understood rules 193 and 84 to mean that where questions of general interest come up the Parliament must provide a forum where arguments will be advanced from one side and the other so that the final position may be heard from Government, for the masters of all of us—the people of India—to judge everybody in their proper sphere There is no question of anybody prosecuting anybody or anybody standing in the dock It is a national debate, and the Parliament of India has got the responsibility to rise equal to the people s expectation and project an image of character and dignity befitting a supreme body representing the 55 crores of our people

I was asking myself what was the purpose with which these motions were given notice of For a discussion under rule 193, the ultimate as spelt out in the rule is that after hearing everybody, the minister must give a reply If the purpose is to find out the truth, if the purpose is not political but to hear the reply from the minister, it behoves a person who gives notice of such a motion to remain in the House and hear the minister Yesterday I may recall, many things were said by the opposition Then, what happened ? If the purpose was to bear from the government the version of the government which is governing this country, it should have been expected that the persons who are interested would remain and hear the speech But, unfortunately, when the reply came out from here hot, when the Finance Minister rose to speak, the opposition front moved out as darkness would melt when the sun is rising They could not stand it Today what is happening ? What is the issue that has been put up ? Shri Basu has travelled far and wide I have no complaint against it It was inevitable, according to me, in the very nature of things because, forgetting everything what exactly is the issue in the motion ? It is only a simple thing, that a section of the company law has been violated by somebody Taken away from the context, certainly, it is not a matter for the Lok Sabha to discuss and there is nothing to discuss about it It is simply a matter for anybody to go to the company law authorities and demand an investigation If it is not forthcoming, then the general issue may be raised But, instead of that, this was moved and you, Sir, in your democratic liberal wisdom, decided that there must be a forum to discuss it The issue being such on which much of discussion was not possible, it is inevitable that we travel far and wide My only purpose in making this comment is to show that the effort that is made is not to find out the truth, to judge everybody in the proper perspective, to acquit whoever is not guilty and to punish those who are found guilty But that is not the purpose of this motion the purpose is purely political and with that political purpose everything has been spelt out

Now two aspects arise out of the motion for today One is the specific question as to whether the Duncan Brothers Limited have violated the law I am not interested in that The proper procedure is there and if violation has taken place, appropriate action will have to be taken I, as a parliamentarian, is not interested in that

The next question is whether the Indian National Congress has done something shady Here is the General Secretary of the Indian National Congress, speaking in this House He gave facts and figures, he cited the number of the cheque and the bank on which the amount was drawn He stated the exact amount which had to be spent on the paper and the mills from which the paper was collected He mentioned the number of the order the number of the receipt, everything The Indian National Congress, with all its weakness and foibles, with all its susceptibilities and weak points, which you may attack, remains the same mighty organisation in which the people at least for the time being have reposed their faith The General Secretary of the Indian National Congress comes before Parliament, speaks on the motion at the bar of this House, gives no hazy notions but specific detailed statements of the transaction and, even after that, I was pained to hear certain of my friends spelling out the same thing as if

Dr. Henry Austin mentioned nothing at all. That is why I ask the question : what exactly is the purpose of this debate ?

Now, many things have been stated here. I am not here to reply to everyone of them. There are parties and parties. There are parties whom a person like me will take note of there are parties which I would like to ignore. Shri Shyamnandan Mishra spoke here. As a Member of Parliament, I have got respect for him but, as a leader of a particular political party, permit me to say, I have no respect at all for him.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA : I do not want it from you.

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN : Because, he represents a political party which is on the death-bed. a sinking political party, which is being sustained only by the masquerade of the borrowed name of the Indian National Congress. That is not a party for tomorrow ; I would prefer to ignore him and ignore his party. There is the Swatantra Party. I shall not take note of it. Everybody knows what the Swatantra Pary stands for That is not a party for tomorrow. I ignore that political party. But the Marxist Communist Party I take not of. This is a movement in the country. I accept it. Whatever criticism they make, I must take note of that I accept it is a political party which has a backing in a particular area in this country, I will certainly take note of their statement. The Communist Party of India is a political party which I must take note of.

Having said that, I come to what exactly is the allegation. Mr. Jyotirmoy Bosu made a speech during the discussion. That alone is an allegation. There are two aspects of his speech. One is the question that he has raised and the other is a challenge that he has thrown. The question raised was this, "I want to know whether the company donations are prohibited or not. What money is this ? From where Rs. 5 lakhs worth of posters were paid I want a clear and categorical answer." Dr. Henry Austin has given that answer. He may say, he is not satisfied. But we are not interested in satisfying the political parties on the opposite side. We are interested only in satisfying the people of this country.

The Indian National Congress is what it is. Although for this particular purpose, the money was paid by the A.I.C.C., the other parties, some of them, may not understand it. Because they may not know the dealings in cheques They do not have the accounts They do not know about payments of money in cheques. They may be doing out of their pockets, this way or that way. But the Indian National Congress cannot afford to do that. They have got records ; they have got accounts and they are prepared to spell out that sort of operation. But the other friends do not know.

It is not correct to say that we do not collect money. What is the shadow-fighting that is going on ? Did not the Prime Minister, the leader of the Congress Party, tell in Calcutta that we operate our party on donations collected ? There is no secret about it. Whoever says that I am not collecting money, whoever says I am collecting money on a mass base of one rupee each, to say the least, he is a hypocrite. We do collect money Here is a great organisation. We have got to operate it. Whoever thinks that money must be paid to the organisation will pay.

We do not believe that collecting money will put us under any obligation The Government which is governed by the Indian National Congress takes money from different countries. But we take money which has no strings Where the strings come, we say, we do not want the money, Without any strings, we collect the money from America ; we take money from Europen countries. The Government takes money from different countries. That does not mean that we are mortgaging our soul. All that I am saying is : Don't labour to run our organisation.

But having collected money what has the Congress done ? We have nationalised the banks ; we have nationalised the insurance; we have nationalised the mines We are now thinking of taking over monopoly houses. We are trying to bring about land reforms. We are hitting those persons who are paying us money. The people will judge us by what we have done. We want about campaigning the elections. We were not going about as a *sansyasi*. We had our jeeps ; we had our posters ; we had our own notices. The people saw that we were spending money. Finding that, the people voted for us.

19 hrs.

Now, this allegation is not a new one. This allegation is a stale one. It has been all

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along there before the Parliament elections. What did you say ? What did Mr. Nijalingappa say ? The Congress has won here—the money has won ; the Congress has won there—the money has won, You also said that radio is being used ; the money is being fleeced. That was your charge. You put that charge before the people. We went to the people with that charge. But the people said. "In spite of these charges, we prefer the Indian National Congress and, therefore, we hand over Government to you." We faced the people with the charge that you have been putting forth. You waited for 18 months, 18 precious months, and now you are raising a charge. What is the charge against the Indian National Congress which is running Governments in different States and also at the Centre ? After waiting for 18 months, you have discovered a tremendous charge—Saraswathi Press. five lakh posters. That is all you could find out ! That means that you do not have anything in your armoury. It is absolutely clear. I was really surprised to see the picture. What was the picture ? Mr Bosu, in the course of his speech, made a stray remark and that remark is here before us ; the remark is, the Managing Director of Duncan Brothers had placed an order on the Saraswathi Press for printing posters of Mrs. Gandhi in five languages for election purposes. Waited for something, got nothing and here was something dropping. And what are you finding ? The Jan Sangh, the Swatantra and the Cong (O) marched up. In the front you find D'Artagnan with the three musketeers behind him. What is the charge ? Printing order was given. The charge is not that money was paid. What is the allegation ? The allegation, as spelt out by Mr. Bosu, was not that Congress collected money ; it was not that money was paid by the Duncan Brothers. The charge is that Duncan Brothers placed the order. With that, they started out and here comes the big motion which we are discussing now. Have you become so poverty stricken ? You waited for 18 months and you could not find anything more ? May I ask Jan Sangh, Mr. Vajpayee,—in spite of all our differences, ever since I came here I have had admiration for his capacity—how could you march out behind Mr. Bosu on this silly charge ? May I ask Swatantra, how could they march out of behind Mr. Bosu on this silly charge ? And this might champion of democratic cause, the present leader of the dying Cong (O), Mr. Mishra, how could you march out behind Mr. Bosu ? What for ? Printing order was given. Absurdity must have a limit. (*Interruption*) I am not interested in convincing you. Does a chaste woman need a certificate from a prostitute ? For the cleanness of the Party, I do not want your certificate. I value only one certificate and that is the cetificate of the tolling millons of people of this country. The Congress is what it is, and that Cougress admits collecting money and with that money to come to power in order that socialism may be established. The people believed in our good faith. People have accepted that, and we are here, You can carry on again for three more years, and we shall together face the people and the people will give their verdict.

Mr. Bosu, apart from spelling out this charge which was not a charge, has thrown out a challenge to me. The challenge is this. "I have a photostat copy which involved Mrs. Indira Gandhi. I will lay it on the Table of the House. You can bring like that against us." That was the challenge, 'You can bring that. Here is the charge. Have you got any charge against us ? You can bring it.' Sir, I accept that challenge and, therefore, if you have got certain charge... (*Interruptions*) I am coming to that. Wait for a little while. Here is a sentence which he made :

> "Since December, 1970, when the Wancboo Committee had recommended demonetisation, two elections have passed. They brought them with vast majority in power. Who will believe that ? Unless there was a mountain of black money in this country, they would not have been able to do the job."

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BDSU : Exactly.

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN : Correct, An autobiographical statement. The Congress have won. They were surprised that Congress could win. They are finding out the explanation. They can have only one explanation. Not that the people are with the Congress. Not that the people approved the election manifesto of the Congress. They look to themselves, they searched for themselves and they analysed how they won in Bengal in 1967. They realised 'We won because we used the black money and, therefore, if the Congress has won, that is because the Congress used the same black money which we used'. An autobiographical statement is coming.

May I ask : is that your assessment of the people of India, the sovereign people of India ? The sovereign people of India can be bought by filthy lucre ? Is that your assessment of our sovereign people of India ? We, as the sovereign people of India, are higher than that. You are free to think so. By this statement you have thrown out an insult on the face of the people of this country. By this statement you have declared to the world the only way the elections can be won is the black money and the logical deduction is that 'we won the election in Bengal, that was by black money and, therefore, this is also by black money'. That is what you are saying.

Now about this, he says and he has said ;

> "In Madhya Pradesh they have got their very great Birla friends. I would not like to mention names and create confusion in the House. You know better than I do. They have been selling the product of the forest, that is, the *bamboo* to the Orient Paper Mills at Shahdol at a value of Rs. 6 per tonne. They have entered into a deal with the Birlas. They are buying *bamboo* for the paper mill at Rs. 6 per tonne when the market price is Rs. 200 to Rs. 300 a tonne."

He is spelling out a case to prove that the Congress is corrupt. May I hold the mirror in front of Mr. Jyotirmoy Bosu ?

Once upon a time there was a Chief Minister in Kerala. His name was E. M. Sankaran Namboodiripad. I understand he belongs to the Marxist Communist Party. There was an industrialist by name Birla. Birla was brought down to South in 1957.

A contract was signed here for Rs. 6 per tonne. Do you know for what price the forest wealth of Kerala was mortgaged to the Birlas ? Rupee one per tonne . ...(*Interruptions*) If a contract of Rs 6 per tonne is corruption, what would you call the contract for Re. 1 per tonne of the same *bamboo* ? Applying the same principle you stand *condemned with corruption*.....

SHRI K. P. UNNIKRISHNAN : Six times !

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN : There were certain Ministers in Kerala, CPM Ministers. That Ministry went out of power. Why did it go out of power ? E. M. S. Namboodiripad was the Chief Minister. Corruption became rampant. We were only nine in number in that Assembly but the partners found it difficult to get along with them. They named certain Marxist Communist Party Ministers and demanded an inquiry. A resolution was moved in the legislative Assembly. It was for the first time in the history of the Kerala Assembly that they passed a Resolution to have a judicial enquiry instituted. What did the great leader of *Mr. Jyotirmoy Bosu say ? He said*, rather than putting these people on the enquiry, I will get out and he came out. He left the Land Reform Act to be dealt with by somebody else. Enquiry was instituted and here is the verdict, Sir. I have no photostat copy, but I have got this report of the judicial enquiry, from the High Court Judge. He said :

> "In my judgment the making of provisional appointments in the above manner evidences rotten, putrid or impure conduct, which is tantamount to corruption."

He has been charged with corruption, and irregular appointments in the Transport Department. Then he said :

> "The above is indeed a formidable array of appointments made in a grossly irregular, unfair and unjust manner. I cannot resist the feeling that when the directions for appointments which he gave to the District Authorities proved to be of no avail, resort was had to an amendment of the Rationing Order brought about at his instance and to a Circular on procedure of his own evolving on a discussion with the Secretary to Government, Food. The Deputy-Secretary and Joint-Secretary, Food had made useful suggestions as to procedure to be followed which were designed to promote and ensure fairness and equality of treatment in appointments."

But these were given the go-by. And then the judgment says :

> "The indirect or circumstantial evidence as discussed above does afford clinching or conclusive proof that Mr. Imbichi Bava

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made many of the appointments with corrupt motives or with a view to favour those in whom he took interest. In the case of 2 of them there is even direct evidence of his personal interest.....The making of these appointments in the manner stated above constitutes corruption."

There is quite a large number of corruption charges. There is one more State Minister. With this I am closing. He is Mr. M. K. Krishnan. He was put in the dock and here is the verdict.

"But the orders Mr. Krishnan passed on the petitions dated 1.4.1969 and 7.4.1969 suffer from grave irregularities and defects which I have endeavoured to explain at some length in several paragraphs above and I do not think it necessary to recapitulate them. Suffice it to say that the orders are so erroneous in substance, unjust to the Department and to Government and opposed to law, that I have no hesitation in characterising them as foolish if I may be pardoned for using this term, and even perverse. They were such that apart from accusations made against Mr. Krishnan of corruption of oblique motives and of extraneous considerations, much of the comments on them made in the Assembly, cannot be said to be unmerited or baseless."

My hon. friend Shri K. P. Unnikrishnan read out the portion about Mr. Wellington already.

AN HON. MEMBER : Where is Mr. Krishnan now ?

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN : I understand that he has been elected subsequently as a Member of the House. Anyhow, that is the sort of people who are coming in.

In conclusion, I would like to say that when a charge is made, the question arises whether there is a *prima facie* case. Two or three criteria come in in this behalf.....

MR. SPEAKER : The hon. Member has already travelled around a lot. I think it is now time that he should conclude.

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN : I am concluding in a minute.

SHRI DINEN BHATTACHARYYA (Serampore) : The hon. Member has again and again taken the name of Shri E. M. S. Namboodiripad who is not here to defend himself.....

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN : I would not take his name hereafter.

SHRI K. P. UNNIKRISHNAN : He can refer to anyone he likes. Shri R. P. Goenka is also not here to defend himself.

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN : When a charge is made against a great party, the question whether there is a *prima facie* case would be determined by three considerations. The first is : Who made the charge ? The second is : Against whom was the charge made ? And the third is : What was the charge ? I have already told you who made the charge.

SHRI S. A. SHAMIM : We made the charge.

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN : We know against whom the charge has been made. It is the Indian National Congress against whom the charge has been made. You may defame the Indian National Congress, but it is the Indian National Congress. Thirdly, the charge was so little and so small.

This debate has served a purpose and the purpose is that it has revealed the purposelessness, the desperation and the frustration which has crept into the Opposition, and it would have done a great good if it redeems them from this state of frustration so that we may have an effective constructive Opposition in this country.

श्री एस० ए० शमीम (श्रीनगर) : स्पीकर साहब, आज की बहस सुनकर मैं इस बात का इकरार करना चाहता हूं कि यह सारी बहस मुझे बड़ी दिलचस्प लगी और इस बहस को सुनकर मुझे एक वाक्या याद आया कि हजरत ईसा के वक्त में बहुत से लोग एक अपराधी औरत को ले जा रहे थे, उसे संगसार करने के लिए। उसका

जुर्म यह था कि उसने कोई अपराध किया है। रास्ते में हजरत ईसा ने पूछा कि मामला क्या है। उन्हें बताया गया कि इस औरत ने अपराध किया है. इसे संगसार करना है। हजरत ईसा ने कहा, हां इसको जरूर संगसार करो, लेकिन तुम में से वह आदमी पहला पत्थर मारे जिसने इससे पहले कोई अपराध न किया हो।

इस बहस को सुनकर, जब एक दूसरे पर तानाबाजी हो रही थी, एक ही बात उभरी कि इस ऐवान में इस तरफ भी, उस तरफ भी अपराधी बैठे हुए हैं। अगर किसी को यह हक पैदा है कि वह पत्थर मारे तो उसका नाम शमीम अहमद शमीम है। इसलिए कि यहां से और वहां से किसी ने यह इल्जाम नहीं लगाया कि इस मैम्बर ने कभी किसी मानोपली हाउस से, किसी फारन कंट्री से पैसा लिया है। इस बहस को सुनकर मुझे इकबाल का एक शेर याद आता है, और शेर सुनने का शौक मेरे कागजी दोस्तों को कम है, लेकिन मुझे उम्मीद हैं कि वे सुनेंगे—

खुदा बिन्दा ये तेरे सादादिल बन्दे किधर जायें,
कि दरवेशी भी अय्यारी है, सुल्तानी भी अय्यारी है।

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एक बार भी किसी कांग्रेसी मैम्बर ने कलेजा हाथ में लेकर यह नहीं कहा; हां अगर इल्जाम है तो उसकी तहकीकात होनी चाहिये। अगर मैं बदकिस्मती से कांग्रेस का मैम्बर होता तो मेरा मतालबा होता, यहां ज्योतिर्मय बसु ने इल्जाम लगाया, मैं मतालबा करता हां मेरी इज्जत बचाने के लिये, मेरी बदनामी को दूर करने के लिये इस केस की तहकीकात होनी चाहिये। लेकिन जब एक मुजरिम बार-बार जुर्म करता है तो वह हार्डेन्ड क्रिमिनल बन जाता है। उसको यह एहसास नहीं रहता कि उसकी नौय्यित में उसकी इमेज कितनी खराब कर दी है। यहां बार-बार कहा जाता है, हम कहते है करप्शन, आप कहते हैं मैसिव मैन्डेट है। हम कहते हैं साहब नगरवाला रुपया लेता है 60 लाख, आप कहते हैं मैसिव मैन्डेट है। बहस यहां मसिव मैन्डेट की नहीं है। वह अपनी जगह है। अगर हम माने भी नहीं तो भी आप की सूरत देखकर मानना ही पड़ता है। आप कहते हैं मैसिव मैन्डेट है। लेकिन पीछे मैसिव मनी है। इल्जाम यह नहीं है कि आप के पास मैसिव मैन्डेट नही है**। आप मुझको वाद नहीं दे सकते। आपने उनकी पार्टी को हराया, मैंने आपके लाड़ले उम्मीदवार को हराया 58,000 वोटों से, और बावजूद इसके कि इतना रुपया भी खर्च किया गया और **एक ही रियासत है जहां कांग्रेस रुपया खर्च नहीं करती है (व्यवधान) आप की मोटी आवाज··· (व्यवधान)···मैं जानता हूँ, मुझे इसका अन्दाजा है कि जब कोई भी सच्ची बात कही जायेगी तो कुछ लोगों को जरूर तक्लीफ होगी। इससे मुझे इन्कार नहीं है।

शुरू में, मैं तहसीम (स्वीकृत) से कहना चाहता हूँ कि मैं इस बात का इजहार करना चाहता हूँ कि मैं साधारणतया बहुत कम बोलता हूँ और इस सदन में बहुत कम बोलता हूँ। मैं इस सदन में बोलने से घबराता हूँ। मैं इस सदन में बोलने से घबराता हूँ। मैं इस सदन में बोलने से घबरा

دیکھ کر اٹھایا جاتا ہے آپ کہتے ہیں سپیوریٹیڈ ہوتا ہے۔ لیکن پیچھے سپیوریٹیڈ ہے الاونس ہے چھ کا آپ کے پاس سپیوریٹیڈ ہوتا ہے

آپ کچھ کو جواب نہیں دے سکتے آپ نے الاونس پانی کا کہا میں نے آپ کے لاڈلے امیدوار کو ہزار روپے دیئے تھے اور باوجود اس کے کہ انہوں نے پیسے لیے ہوئے تھے ایک ہزار ووٹ سے ہار گئے میں سمجھتا ہوں کہ یہ صحیح نہیں ہے کہ ہماری آواز کو دبایا جائے۔ اگر میں غلط ہوں تو مجھے اس کا اندازہ ہے کہ مجھے کوئی نہ کوئی یاد دلائے گا۔ میں مانتا ہوں پیچھے اس کا اندازہ ہے کہ مجھے کوئی نہ کوئی یاد دلائے گا۔ میں مانتا ہوں پیچھے اس سے پیچھے انکار نہیں ہے]

श्री ए० पी० शर्मा (बक्सर) आन ए प्वाइंट आफ आर्डर । माननीय सदस्य में कहा कि इन्होने** Do you consider that this is parliamentary ? I think that should be expunged from the record.

MR. SPEAKER · Order please

श्री एस० ए० शमीम · आप की इत्तला के लिये मैं जिस प्वाइन्ट पर था···

अध्यक्ष महोदय : आप की स्पीच तो थोडी सी ठीक है, लेकिन शब्द भी (व्यवधान) आप अकेले (व्यवधान)

श्री राम धन (लालगंज)**

SHRI S. A SHAMIM Mr Speaker Sir, I oppose the Congress , I am dubbed as** (*Interruptions*)

AN HON MEMBER . He must withdraw. (*Interruptions*)

SHRI S. A. SHAMIM He said that I am**

MR. SPEAKER : I did not hear him

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA He is there. उन्होने कहा** जो माननीय हरिजन मेम्बर उधर बैठे हुए हैं

SHRI P. K. DEO . The Member must withdraw those words.

SHRI RAJ BAHADUR : Sir, with all respect, I wish to submit that the hon Member, Shri S. A Shamim, should not have said what he said just now. He should also withdraw it, and then the hon Member, from my party will also withdraw what he said. I will take that responsibility of seeing that the hon. Member from my party also withdraws what he said

SHRI P. K DEO . Unless he withdraws those remarks, we will not allow the House to function...(*Interruptions*)

SHRI BHAGWAT JHA AZAD (Bhagalpur) I do not support what he said. But what were the hon Members who are now protesting doing when he was saying all the time ** Let him withdraw that first , then we shall withdraw our words , otherwise we will not withdraw.

अध्यक्ष महोदय क्या कहा आपने राम धन जी ।

श्री राम धन मैंने कोई नई बात नहीं कही ।

SHRI RAJ BAHADUR I wanted to soften the climate , I took the first initiative I am not in agreement with that observation I myself saw that my friend Mr Shamim felt hurt But he has spoken certain things which he should not have done (*Interruptions*) He should also take necessary initiative and withdraw his words

श्री सतपाल कपूर . मैं एक बात कहना चाहता हू···

अध्यक्ष महोदय . आपने क्या कहा है ?

श्री राम धन : मैंने इस सदन में कोई नई बात नही कही । इस सदन मे रोज कहा जाता है कि फला चीन का एजट है, फला अमरीका का एजट है, फलाफला देश का है । इसके अलावा शमीम साहब ने सभी सदस्यों को ** कहा है । आप भी इलेक्ट होकर आए हैं और आपको भी ** बनाया है ।

MR. SPEAKER : I shall see the records and I shall delete whatever is objectionable.

श्री पी० के० देव · आपने क्या कहा ?

*Expunged as ordered by the Chair.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA : The entire speech will have to be expunged ; the speech which the hon. Member just now made has aggravated the position ; his entire speech will have to be expunged . (*Interruptions*)

श्री सतपाल कपूर : **यह भी यहां कहा गया है ।

SHRI RAJ BAHADUR : I have said that they are the blood of our blood and we trust all of them. Nobody should malign them.

अध्यक्ष महोदय : शमीम साहब जब आप बोलते हैं तो हम यह जरूर खयाल रखते हैं कि आप जिस जगह से आये है उस जगह के लिए सब के दिल मे इज्जत है और एहतराम है। वह हमारे देश का हिस्सा है । कभी-कभी हम बहुत बाते वैसी सुन लेते है इस वास्ते कि आपको गलतफहमी न हो कि शायद आप किसी तरह कम समझे जाते हैं। लेकिन आपको भी चाहिये कि थोडा सा ठीक दायरे मे रहा करें । मैं रिकार्ड देखूगा कि क्या कोई अनरीजनेबल वर्ड कहा गया है ।

श्री अटल बिहारी वाजपेयी अध्यक्ष महोदय, अगर आप उसको अभी एक्सपज नही करेंगे, तो वह प्रेस मे छप जायेगा । (व्यवधान)

अध्यक्ष महोदय : अगर किसी ने ** कहा है, तो उसको एक्सपज कर दिया जायेगा । We have all respect for Muslims, for people coming from Kashmir, but that does not mean he has got the liberty to say anything.

श्री सुखदेव प्रसाद वर्मा (नवादा) : क्या माननीय सदस्य सारे सदन को ** बना सकते हैं ? (व्यवधान)

अध्यक्ष महोदय : आनरेबल मैम्बर ने किसी को स्पेयर नही किया है । उन्होने क्या कुछ नही कहा है ? मैं भी हैरान होकर सुन रहा था । (व्यवधान)

श्री श्यामनन्दन मिश्र : जब चोरियों की इतनी मिसालें दी गईं, तब आप की जुबान नहीं खुली । (व्यवधान) जब ई० एम० एस० नम्बूदरिपाद के बारे मे बाते कही गई, तब आप की जुबान नही खुली । (व्यवधान) आप इस तरह मुसलमानो के दिल पर चोट न पहुंचाइये । अगर आप इस तरह कहेंगे, तो माइनारिटी कम्युनिटी के दिलो पर बड़ी चोट लगेगी । (व्यवधान)

अध्यक्ष महोदय : मेरे कहने के बावजूद आनरेबल मेम्बर ने कौन सी बात थी, जो नही कही । (व्यवधान)

श्री श्यामनन्दन मिश्र : उसके बाद तो आप ने बिल्कुल दरवाजा खोल दिया । एक बार भी किसी को नही रोका । (व्यवधान) जब श्री ज्योतिर्मय बसु की स्पीच मे जवाबी चोटे पड़ेंगी, तो आप परेशान होगे । आप तैयार रहिये । (व्यवधान)

श्री अटल बिहारी वाजपेयी अध्यक्ष महोदय, अगर श्री शमीम के भाषण मे कोई बात एतराज के लायक थी, तो कोई भी मेम्बर उस पर एतराज कर सकता था । (व्यवधान)

कुछ माननीय सदस्य : एतराज किया गया था । (व्यवधान)

श्री अटल बिहारी वाजपेयी : अगर वह एतराज आपको मन्जूर होता, तो आप वह हिस्सा रिकार्ड से से निकाल सकते थे । कल मेरी पार्टी के एक मैम्बर ने 'नूरुलहसन मुर्दाबाद' का नारा लगाया था । आप ने उस पर नाराजगी प्रकट की । हमने माननीय सदस्य से वे शब्द वापिस करवाये । (व्यवधान)

अध्यक्ष महोदय : यह भी वापिस होगा ।

श्री अटल बिहारी वाजपेयी : वह तो अपनी बात की ताईद कर रहे हैं । (व्यवधान)

अध्यक्ष महोदय : मिनिस्टर साहब ने कहा है कि मैं अफसोस करता हूं (व्यवधान)

**Expunged as ordered by the Chair.

SHRI RAJ BAHADUR : The expressions **etc. are all bad expressions. But what I consider worse is Mr. Shamim's attempt to excite the entire Muslim brethren of our country by saying** (*Interruptions*), I condemn that. That should be expunged. (*Interruptions*).

श्री दरबारा सिंह (होशियारपुर) : मेरी अर्ज यह है कि इस सदन में शमीम साहब ने ये अल्फाज कहे हैं कि ** ऐसे अल्फाज उन्होंने इस्तेमाल किए··· (व्यवधान)

श्री श्यामनन्दन मिश्र : (व्यवधान)

अध्यक्ष महोदय : आप की समझ सबसे तेज है। चूंकि आप पार्लियामेंट में बैठे हैं इसलिए आप जो कहें वही ठीक है··· (व्यवधान)··· Do not defend an outcaste...

श्री राजबहादुर :**

SHRI SAT PAL KAPUR : He said "your democracy, your secularism, your country"; that is what we object to...(*Interruptions*)

SHRI A. P. SHARMA (Buxar) : Sir, I rise on a point of order. These remarks should not be allowed to remain on record...(*Interruptions*)

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN : He was saying "your country, your democracy"; what does he mean by that? (*Interruptions*)

PROF. MADHU DANDAVATE : Sir, you should go through the records, the remarks of Shri Shamim as well as the other remarks. If they are found to be objectionable, you should expunge both the remarks.

MR. SPEAKER : I am going through the records. I have said at the very outset that if he has uttered that it is going be expunged and it is not for the press. The Minister has said it on his behalf and then he got up. I did not hear what he said. I will examine the record and see if these words have been uttered.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA : What about his whole speech ?

SHRI SAT PAL KAPUR : Sir, what about my point of order ?

MR. SPEAKER : The offensive retort also will go. I know it was very offensive.

श्री शशिभूषण (दक्षिण दिल्ली)** : (व्यवधान)···जो हिन्दुस्तान की डेमोक्रेसी के दुश्मन कहते हैं वह शमीम ने कहा है। इसलिए वह शब्द उन्होंने कहे।

श्री एस० ए० शमीम : आप से मैं यह गुजारिश करूंगा कि यह जो मेरे बारे ** होने की बात कही है···(व्यवधान) मेरा जुमला पूरा होने दीजिये। मैं खत्म कर रहा हूं। मेरी गुजारिश यह है कि इसको एक्सपंज न किया जाए। आप मेरी तकरीर का कोई जुमला एक्सपंज करना चाहें तो कर दीजिये। लेकिन लैट दैट बी आन रिकार्ड··· (व्यवधान)।

[فبری ایس۔ اے جمیم۔ آپ سے میں گذارش کروں گا کہ یہ جو میرے بارے میں ** ہونے کی بات کہی ہے... (دو دھاں) میرا جملہ پورا ہونے دیجئے۔ میں ختم کر رہا ہوں۔ میری گذارش یہ ہے کہ اس کو ایکسپنج نہ کیا جائے۔ آپ میری تقریر کا کوئی جملہ ایکسپنج کرنا چاہیں تو کر دیجئے لیکن لیٹ دیٹ بی آن ریکارڈ.... (دو دھاں)]

श्री शशि भूषण : मैं कभी इनको मुसलमान समझकर ऐसा नहीं कहूंगा। मेरी पार्टी में मुसलमान नेता हैं, मौलाना आजाद से लेकर हिन्दुस्तान का एक बच्चा मुसलमान हमारी पार्टी में है। यह जो इन्होंने कहा यह इनके दिमाग की चीज है।

श्री एस० ए० शमीम : श्री शशि भूषण ने जो एतराज किया···

[فبری ایس۔ اے جمیم۔ فبری معزز ممبر نے جو اعتراض کیا.....]

अध्यक्ष महोदय : आप मेरी भी बात माना करें। अब आप कहते हैं तुम्हारा देश, तुम्हारा देश तो उसके बजाय हमारा देश कहा करिये।

श्री एस० ए० शमीम : स्पीकर साहब, मैं अपनी तकरीर की जिस मन्जिल पर था, जिसमें गलतफहमी हुई, मैं बदकिस्मती से तकरीर कर रहा था—उर्दू में, अंग्रेजी में इलैक्शन में जो चोरी होती है उसे 'रिगिंग' कहते हैं।

**Expunged as ordered by the Chair.

अध्यक्ष महोदय : मैं शायद उर्दू आप से ज्यादा पढ़ा हू ।

श्री एस० ए० शमीम : अभी तक इस मुल्क में एक ही रियासत ऐसी है जहां रुपये के सहारे इलैक्शन नहीं लड़ा जाता है और वह रियासत जम्मू-काश्मीर की । वहां रुपये के सहारे नही, डण्डे के सहारे इलैक्शन लड़ा जाता है और डण्डे के सहारे इलैक्शन लड़ कर उसके बाद अपनी कामयाबी का ऐलान किया जाता है··· (**व्यवधान**)···

अध्यक्ष महोदय : यह बहस जो चल रही है, यह तो रुपये के बारे में चल रही है, डण्डे के बारे में नही चल रही है । जब डण्डे के बारे में चले, तब आप उसका जिक्र कीजियेगा । आज जो झगड़ा है, वह डण्कन ब्रादर्स के पैसे का चल रहा है···

श्री एस० ए० शमीम : काश्मीर एक ऐसी स्टेट है जहां डकन ब्रदर्स का रुपया नही चलता, वहां सी० आर० पी० का डण्डा चलता है, बी० एस० एफ० का डण्डा चलता है ।··· (**व्यवधान**)

[شری ایس۔ اے شمیم۔ میں اپنی تقریر کی جس نوٹ پر تھا جس میں غلطی ہوئی ہو میں بدقسمتی سے تقریر کر رہا تھا۔ اردو میں۔ انگریزی میں۔ الیکشن میں جو چوری ہوتی ہے اسے رنگنگ کہتے ہیں۔

ادھیکش مہودے۔ میں سمجھتا ہوں آپ سے زیادہ پڑھا ہوں۔

شری ایس۔ اے شمیم۔ ابھی تک اس ملک میں ایک ہی ریاست ایسی ہے جہاں روپے کے سہارے الیکشن نہیں لڑا جاتا۔ اور وہ ریاست ہے جموں کشمیر کی۔ وہاں روپے کے سہارے نہیں ڈنڈے کے سہارے الیکشن لڑا جاتا ہے اور ڈنڈے کے سہارے الیکشن لڑکر اس کے بعد اپنی کامیابی کا اعلان کیا جاتا ہے۔ . . . . . .

ادھیکش مہودے۔ جو بحث چل رہی ہے وہ روپے کے بارے میں چل رہی ہے ڈنڈے کے بارے میں نہیں چل رہی ہے جب ڈنڈے کے بارے میں چلے تب آپ اس کا ذکر کیجئے گا۔ آج جو جھگڑا ہے وہ ڈنکنبرادر کے پیسے کا چل رہا ہے۔ . . . .

شری۔ ایس اے شمیم۔ کشمیر ایک ایسی سٹیٹ ہے جہاں ڈنکنبرادر کا روپیہ نہیں چلتا وہاں سی۔ آر۔ پی کا ڈنڈا چلتا ہے۔ بی ایس۔ ایف کا ڈنڈا چلتا ہے۔ . . . . (دو دھاایں)]

SHRI A. P. SHARMA : On a point of order, Sir. (*Interruptions*)

MR. SPEAKER : This is very unfortunate.

SHRI RAJ BAHADUR : Sir, you may examine the records and take whatever action you like. But about the statement that Mr. Shamim made about the B. S. F. and the C. R. P. that it is used for elections, will it not be used by our enemies in Pakistan ? Will it not incite the people there ? He is making a very serious offence...(*Interruptions*)

SHRI S. A. SHAMIM : The best thing will be not to use the B. S. F., the C. R. P. ...(*Interruptions*) Are you trying to blackmail me ? (*Interruptions*)

MR. SPEAKER : Order, order. Shri R. S. Pandey.

SHRI A. P. SHARMA : On a point of order, Sir. The last part of the speech of Mr. Shamim is most derogatory and offensive. In the first part of his speech, he talked about individuals and the whole House and in the last part of his speech, he brought in Jammu and Kashmir and the rest of India. That should also be expunged.

MR. SPEAKER : Shri R. S. Pandey.

श्री राम सहाय पांडे (राजनन्दगांव) : अध्यक्ष महोदय, मैं अहसास कर सकता हू कि आज के दिन की कार्यवाही के संचालन का बोझा जिस प्रकार आपने सम्भाला और जिस प्रकार आप पर भी आक्रमण हुए, उसमे आप की प्रतिष्ठा और गरिमा की रक्षा भी आज न हो सकी, इसका मुझे दुख है ।

21 लाख पोस्टर्ज कलकत्ते में छपे—वाजपेयी जी ने पूछा । उत्तर था—हां, छपे । उसका पेमेंट आल इण्डिया कांग्रेस कमेटी ने चैक से दे दिया, बाजाब्ता आर्डर प्लेस हुआ । अब इस पोस्टर के पीछे ऐसी कौन-सी कहानी थी, ऐसी कौन सी बात थी कि आज राजनीतिक दृष्टि से इतना वितण्डावाद पैदा कर दिया ? क्या पोस्टरों की कहानी वाजपेयी जी नहीं जानते—कैसे छपते हैं और उनमें क्या छापा जाता है ? पोस्टर कैसे छपते हैं और क्या छापा जाता है । अगर पोस्टर की बात है तो क्या आप भूल गए कि जनसंघ में ऐसे पोस्टर छपे जिसमें श्रीमती गांधी को गाय काटते हुए दिखाया गया, खून बह रहा है—इस प्रकार से जनमानस को विचलित करने के लिए ऐसे पोस्टर छपवाये । आप भूल गए उस समय 1952 में जब हमारा हिमालय धायल हुआ था, हम और आप दोनों कानपुर की एक महती सभा

[श्री रामसहाय पाण्डे]

में बाले थे और आज आप श्री ज्योतिर्मय बसु के साथ गलबहियां कर रहे हैं। याद कीजिए कि आपने उस समय क्या कहा था ? आपने इनको उस समय अराष्ट्रीय और देशद्रोही बताया था, हिमालय के घायल होने की बात बताई थी। ···(व्यवधान)···आज आप एक पोस्टर के नाम पर उन्हीं से हाथ से हाथ मिला रहे हैं। बात क्या है ? बात सीधी सादी है। उसमें लिखा है आर० पी० गोयन्का, केयर आफ डंकन ब्रदर्स, अगर उसका अर्थ डंकन ब्रदर्स होता तो आप उस प्वाइन्ट को रेफर कर सकते थे। आर० पी गोयन्का कोई भी व्यक्ति हो, उस पर आप चार्ज लगाते हैं कि मानोपोलिस्ट है, पैसे बहुत इकट्ठा किए, उसको लाइसेन्स मिले तो आप सरकार से कहिए। क्या हमने मानोपली कमीशन एप्वाइन्ट नहीं किए, क्या हमने उन लोगों के खिलाफ इन्क्वायरी नहीं की ? की है। क्या हमने बिड़ला को छोड़ दिया ? नहीं। इन्क्वायरी बैठी, कमीशन बैठा। अगर लाइसेंसेज ज्यादा दिए गए तो हम उसको रोकते हैं। इनके भी लाइसेंसेज ज्यादा होंगे तो नहीं दिए जायेंगे। मानोपली हाउसेज की हैसियत से आपने नहीं बताया कि कौन सा अनुचित लाभ उठाया। श्री ज्योतिर्मय बसु ने कहा कि 5 लाख रुपए डंकन ब्रदर्स ने पे किए। आर० पी० गोयन्का ने पांच लाख रुपए कांग्रेस को दिए—यह उन्होंने कह दिया, बात फेंक दी। लेकिन मैं कहता हूं तुम्हारे परदादा, माओत्सेतुंग चीन में बैठे हुए वहां से बहुत पैसा भेजते हैं, अस्त्र शस्त्र, गोला बारूद, यहां तक कि रेड बुक्स भेजते हैं, करोड़ों की तादाद में आप छापते हैं और आपने कहा कि एक-एक रुपया इकट्ठा करते हैं और हमारा एक-एक पैसे का हिसाब साफ है। हमारे दास मुंशी ने उसको सिद्ध कर दिया है। मैं कैसे उसको सिद्ध करूंगा कि आपके पास पैसा कहां से आता है। मैं पूछता हूं जनता के नाम पर बैंकों को किसने लूटा ? हत्यायें किसने कीं ? श्री ज्योति बसु के रेजीम में पैसे किस प्रकार इकट्ठे किए गए ? उनके रेजीम में सेल क्रिएट किए गए। पैसा लूटा गया। बड़े-बड़े कैप्टेलिस्ट्स से पैसा लिया गया। (व्यवधान)···मैं इनको बताना चाहता हूं कि अपना मुंह गरेबान में देखें। ये कहते हैं कि सिद्ध करो कि हमने पैसा कहां से लिया। मैं कहता हूं बंडल के बंडल चीन से आ रहे हों, किताबें आ रही हों, निर्देश आ रहे हों और तुम्हारा भरोसा इस डिमोक्रेसी पर तो है नहीं···

MR. SPEAKER : Please be relevant. Why are you referring to other countries ? Our rules do not permit that.

श्री राम सहाय पांडे : मुझे सबसे बड़ा दुख इस बात का है कि इसमें प्राइममिनिस्टर को घसीटा गया। इन्होंने फोटोस्टेट कापी दिखाई लेकिन मुझ से भी किसी ने कहा कि 6 आदमी जो सरस्वती प्रेस से निकाल दिए गए, दस-दस हजार रुपया उन्हें देकर डाकूमेंट्स की चोरी कराने की कोशिश की गई। अब ये कहेंगे कि हम झूठ बोलते हैं। ···(व्यवधान)···फिर इसमें प्राइममिनिस्टर को घसीटा गया।···(व्यवधान)···

MR. SPEAKER : I am not going to mention what an amount of restraint was imposed upon me. You also got into the habit of rising when I am on my legs...(*Interruptions*)

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : This man says by paying Rs. 10,000 to the employees of the Saraswati Press I have stolen these designs from the Saraswati Press...(*Interruptions*) I am not so clear. When we go on sitting here for hours together, mind refuses to work.

MR. SPEAKER: I have asked him not to persist on that...(*Interruptions*)

श्री राम सहाय पांडे : माननीय ज्योतिर्मय बसु ने अपने वक्तव्य में सदन में यह कहा कि 6 आदमियों को सरस्वती प्रेस से निकाल दिया गया है ब्रीच आफ ट्रस्ट के नाम पर जिनसे इन्होंने डोकूमेंट लिये। यह मैंने कहा, अब इसको चोरी कहिये, उड़वा दिया, यह लिखिये, या इन्होंने षड्यंत्र किया यह डाकूमेंट्स निकाले, कुछ भी कहिये। मैं कहना चाहता हूं कि इसमें फंसाव कहां है, इसमें पकड़ कहां है, यह मैं निश्चा जी से पूछना चाहता हूं।

पोस्टर्स हमेशा छपते हैं, आप ने यह बात कही कि क्या अखिल भारतीय कांग्रेस कमेटी को यह क्रैडिट नहीं हासिल था ? अब अगर हमें मालूम होता कि माननीय एस० एन० मिश्रा का क्रैडिट है और हमको अवेलएबिल हो सकते थे तो हम इनका नाम ले लेते। एक कमर्शियल टर्म है, अगर एक बड़ा आर्डर है और उसने यह कहा कि हमें एक लोकल रेफरेंस चाहिये, जिस की टर्मिनालाजी यह है कि पेमेंट में जल्दी करवा दे, तो उसमें गलत बात क्या है ? क्योंकि बहुत सी पोलिटिकल पार्टीज ऐसी है जो काम करवा लेती हैं लेकिन पेमेंट नहीं करती, बहुत सा पेमेंट ऐसा पड़ा होगा। अगर उसने एक कमर्शियल लोकल रेफ़रेंस के पौइन्ट आफ़ व्यू से हमारे प्रतिनिधि से यह कहा कि कोई ऐसा व्यक्ति हमको बता दो, और अगर गोइनका जी मिल गये और उन्होंने गारन्टी दे दी, तो उसमें क्या अपराध हो गया ? आप को सिद्ध यह करना है कि क्या श्री गोइनका ने कम्पनी ला का वायलेशन किया है क्या ? और अगर नही किया है तो कोई भी व्यक्ति जो हमको सहयोग देने को आता है तो हम उसका वेलकम करते हैं।

अध्यक्ष जी, यह सब दल जो है हारे हुए है, थके हुए हैं, पतझड़ के पत्तों के समान हैं जरा सी हवा में खड़खड़ा सकते हैं। अपने सिद्धान्त को भूल जाते हैं। कहां श्री वाजपेयी जी का सिद्धान्त, कहां श्री ज्योतिर्मय बसु का सिद्धान्त, और कहां श्री एस० एन० मिश्रा का सिद्धान्त। इनका कोई सिद्धान्त नहीं है। ये पतझड़ के पत्तों की तरह खड़खड़ाते हैं।

आज हम चाहते थे विदा होते, तीन महीने बड़े सौहार्द के साथ हम सब ने काम किया, लेकिन बड़ा दुख है आज चोर, डाकू और भ्रष्टाचार शब्दों का प्रयोग हमने सुना, और भारी विमाग के साथ हम लौट कर जायेंगे। मैं अध्यक्ष जी, कहना चाहता हूँ कि विरोधी दल का होना बड़ा जरूरी है, उसके उत्तरदायित्व का पालन आज इन्होंने नहीं किया है, और तरह-तरह की भाषा का प्रयोग किया गया जहां कोई सौहार्द नहीं, जहां कोई सब्सटेंशियल चार्ज लगाने के पीछे डाकूमेंट्री प्रूफ नहीं है। तीन महीने कुछ नहीं मिला तो यही मोशन लेकर आ गये और सोचा कि बड़ा भारी शेर हमने मार दिया। लेकिन यह कुछ नहीं, यह सब प्रगल्प है।

आप ने कहा कि हम कटघरे में हैं। लेकिन हम नहीं बल्कि आज आप जनता के कटघरे में झूंठ, फरेब बताने और कहने के लिये खड़े हैं।

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : We cannot do it any more today, Sir. Tomorrow there is no Question Hour. We are tired. We can continue tomorrow.

MR. SPEAKER : We are going to finish it today. There is no time tomorrow.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : I am very tired ; at least you have a break. We don't have it. You don't expect us to do more than what you do.

MR SPEAKER : This was meant for 3 hours. I am not going to give you time tomorrow If you want to reply today, you may reply.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : Don't force us in this way. This can be taken up from 10 O' clock tomorrow.

MR. SPEAKER : The hon. Minister.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : You are the custodian of the House. I rise on a point of order. I seek your protection. May I make a submission ?

MR. SPEAKER : Everybody has chance to speak ; everybody has chance to go out and come.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : Please don't drive us like this. It is going to be 8 O' clock.

MR. SPEAKER : I am going to put it to the House...

SHRI A. P. SHARMA : The debate must be concluded today.

SHRI VAYALAR RAVI (Chirayinpkil) : They are trying to walk out...(*Interruptions*)

20 hrs.

SHRI K P UNNIKRISHNAN . Under the rules, it must be concluded today.

श्री श्यामनन्दन मिश्र : कल हम लोग 10 बजे बैठ सकते हैं, क्वैचन अवर नहीं होगा । आज हम लोग थक गये हैं ।

श्री शशिभूषण आपकी इतनी लम्बी स्पीच सुनी, आप भी सुनिये । धैर्य रखिये, सदन का मजाक बना रखा है ।

SHRI RAJ BAHADUR The hon Minister is going to reply. Let us all be quiet

MR SPEAKER I am sorry This was the last day of the session, but hon Members extended it for the other business with the express understanding that this item would be finished today

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA Shall we go on up to midnight today ?

MR SPEAKER The hon Mover was entitled to take only 20 minutes, but he took more than 45 minutes After the hon Minister I shall give him whatever time he wants, but the debate must be concluded

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU I want to make a submission Are you giving me a diktat ? You do not want to hear us ? Do you not want to consider our convenience also (*Interruptions*)

MR SPEAKER . If hon Members could sit for extra hours last night, why could they not sit today also ?

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU Let us sit tomorrow from 10 a m onwards Please do not be guided by the ruling party always. I am very sorry to say this. We can sit tomorrow at ten O clock There is no question Hour tomorrow. We can have two hours for this debate tomorrow. Do not be difficult with us like this. Do not make it difficult for us Do not be so adamant...(*Interruptions*)

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA : We are prepared to sit from ten O'clock tomorrow. What is the difficulty about that ?

SEVERAL HON. MEMBERS : We are prepared to sit till ten O'clock tonight, but the debate must be concluded today.

SOME HON MEMBERS : No, no.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA We cannot work like this.

MR SPEAKER . Are hon Members prepared to sit at ten O'clock tomorrow ?

SEVERAL HON MEMBERS No.

MR. SPEAKER I have put it to the Members, and they say that they are prepared to sit tonight As regards the other suggestion that alternatively they might sit at ten O'clock tomorrow, I have put that also to the House, but hon Members did not agree ..

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA What ? Ten O clock tomorrow Why does it not suit you ?

SHRI C M STEPHEN The rules do not permit an adjournment of the debate

SHRI VAYALAR RAVI This is their tactic

SHRI RAJ BAHADUR The House cannot be held to ransom like this We are prepared to sit up to midnight, but this debate must be finished today

SOME HON MEMBERS Let them walk out We want to hear the hon Minister's reply.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : Do not treat us like this Do not be very unkind to us, Sir You have been very unkind You will require our co-operation at times I am not holding a threat to you or putting a threat before you, but I may tell you that the way you have behaved today, if we had fourteen days, we would have brought forward a no-confidence-motion against you .

MR SPEAKER : I know it.

SHRI RAJ BAHADUR : I move that Shri Jyotirmoy Bosu be named. He has been threatening you and taunting you like this,

He should withdraw it or else he should be named.

MR. SPEAKER : I cannot be coerced like this...

SHRI RAJ BAHADUR : I would request that he should be named I move that he be named. The observations of the kind that he has made against you cannot go on record.

SHRI VAYALAR RAVI : On a point of order. Shri Jyotirmoy Bosu had made some observations against you, Sir, and had made some insinuations also against you. I would request you to please check the records and expunge those observations. They cannot go on record.

MR. SPEAKER : Whatever he said, I put it to the House, but hon. Members did not agree. Now, he is threatening me, and he is coercing me.

AN HON. MEMBER : Blackmailing you.

AN HON. MEMBER : Black money.

SOME HON. MEMBERS : Shame, shame.

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN : This is intolerable.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : You are in command of the House. You put it at 7 O'clock. (*Interruptions*)

MR. SPEAKER : Why did you not do it last night ? (*Interruptions*)

SEVERAL HON. MEMBERS : *rose*—

MR. SPEAKER : Order please.

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN : Mr. Jyotirmoy Bosu was having only 20 minutes, but he took 90 minutes. (*Interruptions*)

MR. SPEAKER : It put it to the House, and it was definitely decided that this debate will finish tonight. I put it to the House whether it was willing to carry this over tomorrow, but they said no. You say it can be taken up at 10 O'clock tomorrow. They say no.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA : Why not at 10 a.m. tomorrow ? (*Interruptions*)

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN : Under the rules, there is no alternative but to finish this today. (*Interruptions*)

MR. SPEAKER : Order please. The Minister.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : I want to mention one thing, Sir, because I am sorry you have not given the correct picture to the House about the decision. The decision was that under no circumstances the House will be extended after 31st May. But then the sitting has now been extended up to 1st June, because the Aligarh Muslim University (Amendment) Bill has been introduced at the last moment and they want to pass it in this session. You are the custodian of this House, and if you are going to browbeat us like this— (*Interruptions*)

MR. SPEAKER : Order, please. It is the pleasure of the House. Now, the Minister.

THE MINISTER OF COMPANY AFFAIRS (SHRI RAGHUNATHA REDDY) : Mr. Speaker, Sir, I should like to make a few observations at the beginning of my speech. The subject matter of this motion falls within a narrow compass. In spite of the dust that has been raised by irrelevant and desperate statements which have been made by some hon. Members, the matter is very simple. The question before the House is, as is stated in the motion, whether there is violation of the company law by the managing director of Duncan Brothers, and nothing else. This is the subject-matter of the motion, and wide of the mark observations have been made and speeches have been made without any concern for this motion Wild allegations have been made which no doubt have been effectively answered by the Members on this side. Therefore, I do not wish to refer to those irrelevant statements and reckless and desperate remarks made in the course of the debate by some hon Members on the opposite side.

The question before the House is, as you have observed, whether there is any violation of the company law, and what has the Government done with regard to this. A photo-static

[Shri Raghunatha Reddy]

copy is referred to in support of this motion. A photostat copy is pressed into service in order to give an air or reality, and an argument is built up on the basis of the photostat copy which is made the basis of this motion. This is the subject-matter of this motion.

The photostat copy refers to one order, 189/72 dated 7-2-1972. What is it ? Shri Shyamnandan Mishra and some of the hon. Members while speaking about it the order day also, have asked the question as to what the Department of Company Affairs is doing and why they did not look into this matter. That is a relevant question that has been raised, and I will answer that question. Though the photostat copy does not prove on the face of it any violation of the company law, the Government with great respect to the wish of the Members which has been expressed on the floor of the House, had sent an officer, an Additional Director Inspection and investigation, with is a senior officer of the Department of Company Affairs, to go and look into this matter, whether there is any violation of the company law in respect of the printing of these posters. This officer had gone to the Saraswati Press and inspected all the documents connected with order No. 189/72. What is this photostat copy ? After the order has been placed, it is transformed into job order, into four copies, and one of the copies of the job order, I think, the hon. Member Mr. Bosu got into his possession and that has been put as a photostat copy ; there is no mystery or mystique about it though Mr. Bosu wants to create an atmosphere of mystery all round as if some serious thing had happened. For a proper appreciation of this thing, one should understand that prohibition under the company law is with regard to donation or contribution to be made by the company to any political party or to any political purpose. That is the essence of the prohibition incorporated in the company law. If an individual, not with standing the fact that he is a managing director or director of a company or an officer of a company, makes a contribution in his individual capacity it has nothing to do with company law...(*Interruptions*) In this case as far as order No. 189/72 is concerned, it is for posters printed by Saraswati Press and every naya paisa has been paid by the AICC office by crossed cheque and these facts have already been placed before the House by Dr. Henry Austin. According to the report submitted by the officer himself, these facts are corroborated and these have been stated on the floor of the House by no less a person than the General Secretary of the Indian National Congress. Credit must be given that every item has been accounted for by the Indian National Congress.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA : To what does Goenka's order relate ?

SHRI RAGHUNATHA REDDY : This amount has been paid by a cross cheque. If any hon. Member is interested in verifying the crossed cheque facilities will be provided to him to go to the bank. Therefore this item which has been incorporated in the motion, the photostat copy which has been introduced as evidence to support the allegation contained in the motion, falls to the ground.

Job order 189/72 has been transformed into four copies and it was unfortunately used by the hon. Member to make wreckless and wild allegations against the Government... (*Interruptions*).

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA : What is the child of this order of Goenka ?

SHRI RAGHUNATHA REDDY : Whether Mr. Goenka's name is there, or somebody else's name is there, that is irrelevant...(*Interruptions*) The motion refers to violation of the company law and whether it is Mr. Goenka or some other director of Duncan Brothers, it is irrelevant because the posters printed in pursuance of order No. 189/72 have been paid for entirely by the AICC and accounted for by the AICC.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA : When was the cheque issued ?

SHRI RAGHUNATHA REDDY : I thought that a wise Member like Mr. Shyamnandan Mishra would have given up this kind of argument after having heard Dr Henry Austin. Unfortunately the hon. Member has asked this question and it is my duty to reply to it now. AICC had issued cheque No. I 821975 dated 14-3-72 drawn on Allahabad Bank for Rs. 1,95,592.50 in favour of Saraswati Press.

SHRI SHYAMANDAN MISHRA : 14th March is after the elections were over.

SHRI RAJ BAHADUR : Ridiculous !

SHRI RAGHUNATHA REDDY : I am a little amused that Shri S. N. Mishra should put this question, because I think he has put this question since there is no other hope. Any experienced man with some knowledge of business knows that after all the bills are made out, then only the cheque will be issued in payment of the bills and not earlier.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA : You have so many orders Produce every paper. We shall examine it.

SHRI RAGHUNATHA REDDY : Apparently having extricated himself from the mystic effect created by Shri Jyotirmoy Bosu, he wants to create a mystery now about the cheque issued by AICC.

Sir, I submii in all humility that there is absolutely no substance in the motion moved by Shri Jyotirmoy Bosu had the document he has produced in support of the motion I have explained already the facts and nothing more is called for by way of reply as far as this point is concerned, because the facts speak more eloquently. Circumstances and facts speak more eloquently than all the arguments put forward by the hon. Members Men may lie, but circumstances and facts never lie. This is the rule of evidence, which we know. (*Interruptions*).

For the benefit of my friend Shri Shyamnandan Mishra and his distinguished colleagues who have indulged in sabrerattling I may with all humility and respect that the dying argument which they used for introducing Bombay Dyeing does not held good, because there is no applicatiou filed by Shri R. P. Goenka as far as the Department of Company Affairs is concerned for purchasing the shares of Bombay Dyeing or for any other purpose.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA : We have no faith in you. You might have manipulated it.

SHRI RAGHUNATHA REDDY : I can very well understand the discomfiture of the opposition, because the mansions which they built on arguments of sand are falling one after another because there is no foundation, including the photostat copies which they have produced before the House for building up their case. (*Interruptions*).

Reference has been made to Asian Cables. It is my duty to answer it. No favour has been shown to Shri R P Goenka. CBI is seized of the matter. the investigation is in progress and law would take its own course... (*interruptions*) No favour is shown to him, This is another reckless allegation made by the opposition, not finding facts which are true and correct.

Then they have brought in the name of the hon. Prime Minister. My hon. friend, Jyotirmoy Bosu, for whose talent I had some respect previously, which now I have lost...

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : We are not interested in that.

SHRI RAGHUNATHA REDDY : I thought he will go by cold logic. But unfornately, he is lost in the world of jealousy. And jealousy is a green-eyed monster. When jealousy takes hold of a person he becomes prejudiced and political animosity leads him to misinterpretation of innocent facts. I am not surprised that Shri Jyotirmoy Basu is jealous of our dear Prime Minister, as shown by the sarcasm—which has indulged in. Whether he likes it or not, the Prime Minister is dear to the country, dear to the people, dear to the Congress Party Not only is she dear to the people of this country, she is one of the finest representatives of the mankind of the present era. Whether you like it or not, that has been acknowledged by all the statesmen of the world, by all the people in this world, that she one of the finest leaders of the mankind produced in the present era... (*interruptions*). When this is the position, when this is a fact acknowledged by the entire people of the world. I feel sorry that Shri Jyotirmoy Bosu fails to face the reality of the situation . (*interruptions*).

Anain, a reference has been made to an alleged statement made by Prime Minister at Calcutta, which was obviously misreported by the press—(*interruptions*).

SHRI ATAL BIHARI VAJPAYEE : Including the All India Radio ?

SHRI RAGHUNATHA REDDY : By the monopoly press.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU · Your masters

SHRI ATAL BEHARI VAJPAYEE . What about the *National Herald* ?

SHRI RAGHUNATHA REDDY As far as monopoly press is concerned, facts are given in such a way as to suit their views There is no free reporting of truth This is what has happened when the Prime Minister's speech has been reported What has exactly happened ? The newspapers have not carried a correct report of what the Prime Minister had said at the Chathraparishad meeting

She never said that the documents were false

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU I will show you the quotation

SHRI RAGHUNATHA REDDY But you would also see that the way in which the documents are arranged, when they are put together, naturally they would create a wrong impression to mislead the people This is the effect for which all these three documents have been put together, without explaining properly what each document means If they had explained it, if they had given explanation of what each document means, then there may be no doubt that the documents have no value whatsoever That is the exact meaning of what the Prime Minister said, namely, this is meant to mislead the public and nothing else About the photostat documents she said they have no agreement with one another In fact, one of the letters supposed to have been written does not carry any signature

As regards the donations to political parties, the Prime Minister never mentioned that the companies have donated to political parties What the Prime Minister was pleased to observe was that individuals—poor persons cannot contribute so liberally as Mr Jyotirmoy Bosu expect them to contribute—and, naturally, some moneyed persons contributed not only to the Congress party but also they have contributed to the party of Mr Jyotirmoy Bosu the evidence of which I need not quote because my hon friends have given ample evidence of that I do not want to go into the evidence that has been produced.

In view of all the facts that I have stated here and, in view of the fact that I have shown the futility of the photos at copies, this Motion falls and all other substitute motions have absolutely no value. So, I oppose this Motion and also other substitute motions that have been given notice of.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU · Mr Speaker, Sir, I have heard with great patience what the hon. Minister Mr Raghunatha Reddy, has said I really wish that the Prime Minister appreciates, because bad days are coming hear, after the Budget session, there is going to be reshuffle of the Cabinet , it should go well in the records (*Interruptions*)

SHRI RAJ BAHADUR Irrelevant

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU May I remind you Mr Raghunatha Reddy all that glitters is not gold Your Prime Minister may glitter But we all know she is not gold Don't try to sell something which cannot be sold The Minister has deliberately misled the House (*Interruptions*)

SHRI RAJ BAHADUR Why should he say all that about the Prime Minister (*Interruptions*)

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU How would you like, if I call Mr Raj Bahadur for whose are I have regard, not for his utterences, the Minister of jungle affairs ? It is not nice for the Minister to behave like this (*Interruptions*)

MR SPEAKER Order, order

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU I come to the issue now

I am quoting from the *Statesman* which is uncontradicted so far as to what the Prime Minister said in Calcutta Mrs Indira Gandhi says

> "The documents produced in this connection were false The photostat contained no real letter alleged to have been written by the press contained no signature."

This is the *Times of India*, your very obedient paper, which referred to the election poster controversy to say that the allegations against the Congress had absolutely no basis

at all. It says, "The capitalists provided funds for every party. They paid us and they paid the Marxists also, etc , etc."

The *Hindustan Standard* goes a little further.

Then. the All India Radio which never speaks untruth, never magnifies, never underplays, absolutely honest to the bone, real journalistic job of objective reporting, carried this news not once but twice in the news bulletin. I ask the Minister, Mr Raghunatha Reddy, to keep his ears a little more close to the ground.

I say, if they had throught that this was wrong, if they were honest people, if they had no guilty conscience, they would have contradicted it. It should come out in the papers. They have got the extensive Press Information Bureau with a few hundred officers who always try to run about, that we do not get press coverage, as little as possible. But this they could not do. I would not call him a liar, but I would say that he has said something which is grossly untrue, and done deliberately. I only say that the Minister has exposed utter hollowness, bankruptcy of thought and lack of integrity...(*Interruption*) What happened to Mr. Ganesh ? What did he say in the Rajya Sabha ? That is on record. You cannot pass on the buck to the people upstairs because they connot defend themselves. The Minister said in the Rajya Sabha that these documents were fabricated. I have got it here. Do you want me to produce it ? He had misled the House. Again I say, if I could call him a liar for a Minister's job but I cannot do it ; it is unparliamentary. I say it, Sir, Ministers can ruin a man ; it shows degradation, utter hollowness and bankruptcy.

Please do not be impatient, Sir. I now come to the real business Will the hon. Minister tell us through you—I put it to Mr Raghunatha Reddy ; kindly lend your ears through the Chair to me - if I prove what you and Dr. Henry Austin have said before the House is nothing but a manufactured story, what punishment will you take ? I will produce documentary evidence here and now to prove that the story of payment and cheque and paper supplied is all manufactured. Will you resign ? (*Interruptions*) I want to put it through you, Sir, once again to the hon. vociferous Minister : what punishment will you offer to take if I prove that what you have said as Minister is nothing but manufactured untruths ? I challenge. You come out.(*Interruptions*) I leave it to you, Sir. (*Interruptions*)

SHRI RAJ BAHADUR : On a point of order. It cannot be produced now. We have to observe the rules ..(*Interruptions*)

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA : Why should the Minister not contradict it ?

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : I will not place any fresh document, if that will give him peace.

I refer to the work order which was placed on the Table on that day and this morning. I refer to the Work Order which has been authenticated by the hon'ble, very hon'ble Mr. Raghunatha Reddy, as genuine copy. What does the photostat read ? It reads :

"Order No. 189/2 offset of 7th February 1972

Mr. R. P Goenka, Duncan Brother's 18,

Netaji Subhas Bose Road, Calcutta 1.

Printing of posters in five languages for

election campaign.

Size 20 " x 30"

Type of test : ink 4 colours.

Quantity : 8 lakhs

Paper to be supplied by the Press."

And they have been harping on one story. Here is the AICC circular which says that the paper has been supplied by the AICC. The paper was supplied by the Press.

SEVERAL HON. MEMBERS : No, No.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : The Minister has deliberately misled the House. So also Dr. Henry Austin.

DR. HENRY AUSTIN : As I said, we have paid for the paper. Worthless arguments.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : This photostat I am prepared to place on the Table of the House.

MR. SPEAKER : That is already there on the Table...(*Interruptions*)

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN : This was stated. It is nothing new at all. In the photostat copies produced here it is already stated...(*Interruptions*)

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : They say that the paper was supplied by the AICC. The order copy, which they say is genuine, clearly shows that the paper had to be supplied by the Saraswati Press. May I tell you, Sir...

SHRI B. K. DASCHOWDHURY (Cooch-Behar) : Fabricated,

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : May I tell you that the price of the posters was Rs. 60 per hundred. For 8 lakhs, the value was Rs. 4,80,000. The AICC accounts—I demand on behalf of, I think, the entire Opposition that the AICC books of accounts of elections of this year and the last year be placed on the table so that the Parliament may examine it...(*Interruptions*)

SHRI ATAL BIHARI VAJPAYEE : Put it on the Table.

MR. SPEAKER : This is a very easy matter For how many years ? Is it after the rift ? You don't mean his papers also ?

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA : Those are already open once, Sir. Now you find the clandestine donations.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : Why should I remind, Mr. Speaker, that he belongs to the divided Congress Party ? I cannot do that because that will be casting aspersion. I can not do that.

Sir, I am suprised to see how the Minister has tried to take shelter under the language of the motion. I am surprised to see that at the beginning they are inclined to take shelter under the Table of the Speaker. But you can escape under the letter of the law but the spirit will catch you one day. No, I am not surprised. This only becomes of a Minister like you and the Government that you belong to. That even wan't absolve them.

A case has been established beyond doubt of any single sensible person and that is why they are so defensive and look so guilty. I charge again the Prime Minister, the State Finance Minister, Mr. Ganesh, and the Finance Minister for calling and saying something untrue, intentionally untrue, describing a genuine document as fabricated because they will put them into great difficulties.

I now come to a few things which have been allowed to be said about the photostat copies. I looked into the things produced by Shri Das Munsi. I wish could avoid, but these things are necessary, because there is skeleton in almost every cupboard nowadays. It says. unit Jyoti Bosu, etc. I do not know what sort of political organisation they have. But we know. We fix quota for a particular Government Secretariat. We fix the quota but we cannot expose them. We cannot tell or write, Mr. Haripada Biswas, Secretary of the Workers and Employees Union has given his quota.

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN : That is the thing. You do it clandestinely without mentioning the names. You cannot reveal. We reveal it. Here is a person coming in the midnight and saying all these things.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : I am saying it soberly. I can tell them, if they can prove beyond the doubt of anybody in black and white that we have been financed by capitalists, then we shall take any punishment that the House may give to us. I did not say in the morning but now I must say because you have opened the floodgates. Mr. Stephen said about Kerala Ministers. Is it not a fact that all CPM Members were absolved ?

SHRI C. M STEPHEN : I have read the finding. It is only corruption, corruption, corruption. That is the finding against them.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : We were absolved.

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN : Not you, CPI was absolved.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : Certain hotel license was granted. Mr. Ajoy Mukerjee was Home Minister who later joined the Congress. If I have to talk about the greatest cases of corruption, perhaps, I shall not be able to finish before midnight. I am talking about Mr. Haridas Mundhra, another godfather of theirs. I am talking about Aminchand Pyarelal, the great uncle of the Congress Party...

SHRI K. P. UNNIKRISHNAN : Aminchand Pyarelal was his patron.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : I am talking about the Mudholkar Commission. I am talking about the Iyer Commission. I am talking about the Santhanam Commission.

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN : Having been convicted of corruption, they have the guts to speak about corruption ? They have been convicted by High Court Judges. What guts have they to speak about corruption ?

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : I shall not stop my hon friend from interrupting. He may go on. I shall deal with the matter in my leisurely way, because I do not intend that the debate should close before midnight. I shall take some more time, and it is very necessary. I have the right of reply, and I have my right to reply to all the points raised. I must cover all the points.

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN : Would he ask Shri Krishnan who is sitting behind him what the finding against him was ? Was he not convicted of corruption ? He is there as communist party Member. He was convicted of corruption. He was tried and convicted for corruption. The CPIM was a party of corruption. I had read out the finding against Shri Krishnan. (*Interruptions*).

SHRI G. VISHWANATHAN : Let them fight it out outside.

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN : It is a party stinking with corruption.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : I am yielding. Let my hon. friend go on. I shall require more time, because I have so many points.

MR. SPEAKER : He cannot take so much time. The debate was fixed only for three hours.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : You may do what you like. I would not take less than two hours.

MR. SPEAKER : The time allotted to the hon. Member as the Mover was only about 20 minutes, but I had given him double the time in afternoon.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : We are going to conclude the debate to night...

MR. SPEAKER : He cannot get so much time. He cannot have more than about 20 minutes.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : You can marshal me out, if you like.

MR. SPEAKER : There is no question of marshalling out.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : You cannot call them to order, because they belong to the Congress. (*Interruptions*)

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN : This is an insinuation. (*Interruptions*)

All right. I shall keep quiet. Let my hon. friend carry on.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : I would require some more time, because I am tired and I cannot speak at my usual speed. Your Reporters cannot take me down if I speak at very great speed. These are the difficulties. So kindly give me some more time.

MR. SPEAKER : The hon. Member may take five or ten more minutes and then conclude.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : I shall take a minimum of one hour.

SHRI RAJ BAHADUR : We have been sitting continuously from three o' clock for this debate. We can sit even till 9 p.m. so that we can have six hours for this debate. We do not mind if we are to sit longer...

MR. SPEARER : The hon. Member has already taken about 20 minutes. He can take another five or ten minutes and then conclude.

श्री अटल बिहारी वाजपेयी : राज बहादुर जी ने कहा था कि वह भोजन का इन्तजाम करने वाले हैं । इसको मह कर दें ।

श्री राज बहादुर : आपने स्वीकार नहीं किया । अब इतनी जल्दी कैसे होगी ? (*Interruptions*)

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : I do not wish to retaliate. I shall finish as soon as possible.

MR. SPEAKER : He should finish in five minutes.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : I can finish in as short a time as possible, provided there is order in the House. (*Interruptions*)

MR. SPEAKER : Order is lacking on both sides.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : Sir, let me go on with my speech. I have got to say so many things. I want to ask one other question. I want Government to tell us one thing. I do not know which Minister will cover it.

Is it not a fact that there was regularisation of unauthorised looms to a large number of persons in Ludhiana, Amritsar and Jullundur, and further 3 million k.g. wool combing licences were given to wool combers, certain parties favoured specially ? Is it not a fact that the import of wool increased by several crores to meet these demands ?

I would also like to point out that in regard to jute, one lakh bales was given to Mr. Tulsian of Karnatak Corporation of Bangalore, a private firm, which has no experience of the export of jute. The Mysore Government holds only a 17 per cent interest. The main beneficiary is Mr. Tulsian. It is a clear breach of the policy of canalising export of jute, for doing this favour to one single indiviudual. He has recently entered into partnership, etc. Huge quantities of stainless steel are imported and entitlements are given. (*Interruptions*) Huge quantities of stainless steel are imported for which licences are given as import entitlement for the export of jute. Double benefits have been given both in export and import. There is no other single case of such gross and arbitrary favours.

The some Mr. Tulsian, a partner of the private secretary, has received a large import licence for stainless steel. One Mr. Lupa has been favoured with respect to the import of machinery against the export of iron ore. Such favours are shown by the ruling party for having received some favours. And I am only saying that. All this involves a baksheesh of Rs. 10 crores. There it is.

I want to mention about the cement scandal and other scandals. It was mentioned here. Your hands are still smelling with cement. Do not back out too much in this House and try to pretend that you are a very pious and saintly man.

Sir, These people caught hold of one of our office-hands, a man called Rabeen Sen who had misappropriated some money belonging to the party. He has been handed over to the police by my party. All the papers have been handed over to the police. They can get help. I can understand he can go to jail if he committed any offence. We are not out to say that he should not be punished. If an individual in a party does misappropriation or defalcation, he should be condemned and he should be sent to the jail. We will do all that is possible to help the police in this matter.

About the bank notes, there were cases in Durgapur and Chittaranjan, where, I am sorry to say, in a crowd of five, four are unemployed in West Bengal ; these are all young boys. I cannot blame them. For the past 25 yeats, they have been given a most shabby treatment They remain unemployed ; live in frustration and in darkness. What is expected of these boys ? The Yuva Congress is also involved in this, and in the bank dacoities in Durgapur and Chittaranjan. You can refer the matter to the police and you will know.

Then there is the money collection by big business. How is the money paid through grant of licences ; through grant of permits ; through grant of economic advantages. They will not touch the man who has fallen from the Congress power ; they are only time-servers. These capitalists would only go to open the safe of those who have got power. Mr. Jagjivan Ram is looking very pleasant today indeed. (*Interruptions*)

I say that if they have the slightest honesty, they would have published the interim report of the Wanchoo Committee, which said, "demonetise." Because, if you cannot demonetise, you cannot get subscription for the elections. You cannot collect money because the money given is from there.

In one particular case ; in the house of a Minister here,—I do not wish to call him even by his designation that he is the treasurer—Rs. 4½ crores had been kept in custody. It was in one Minister's house, one day. I have reliable information.

MR. SPEAKER : Hand it over to me first.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : I can arrange that. Now, I want to reply to the point made by my friend Shri Indrajit Gupta. He said that I have missed the target in my motion. Our target is not to toe behind Shrimati Indira Gandhi ; that type of target does not suit us. He has a very unpleasant job to do ; I feel sorry for him. He has to run with the hare and hunt with the hound. I feel sorry for him.

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN : This is the only idiom that you know.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : I learnt it from the Prime Minister ; it was said about your Shashi Bhushan the other day. They talk about capitalists and big tycoons paying money to CPM. You ask your conscience and give me a reply. Is that the reason why they spent crores of rupees to topple the CPM, joining hands with Congress in West Bengal ? May I ask them this question : what economic powers are there in the hands of the State Government to oblige the capitalists ? Can the State Government issue a licence ? Can the State Government issue a permit or even a passport ? They have no powers and it is not in their hands to please the capitalists.

Mr. Unnikrishnan talked great things about this cheque business. Where has he gone ?

MR. SPEAKER : It will be conveyed to him.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : Does he suggest that the All India Congress led by Mrs. Indira Gandhi.....

SHRI K. LAKKAPPA (Tumkur) : Why do you talk like that ? You never talk about the money received from the Golden Tobacco company ?

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : The leaderless masses in the AICC, do they lack to such an extent as to require a guarantor for Rs. 5 lakhs that the AICC issues a circular that they have a founder friend in Calcutta. Who is the friend ? Mr. R. P. Goenka. It is a cyclostyled thing ; it is here. I want to ask Mr. Stephen about Mr. Karunakaran's letter for Rs. 50,000 from the rubber estate... (*Interruptions*) Because it was there in the newspapers.....

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN : I rise on a *point of order ; the matter is sub judice.*

SHRI RAJ BAHADUR : I appeal to Mr. Stephen to ignore him ; he is irrelevant ; he has lost his case ; he has nothing to say and so he is talking irrelevant things. Why should you take note of him ?

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : I want to tell my friends Mr. Viswanathan, because he said something, that the leader of the ruling party uses her official machinery for furthering the ends of the party.

Mr. V. C. Shukla said that I should go to court. It sounded as if he was speaking for Mr. R. P. Goenka, as if he was an advocate of Mr. R. P. Goenka. May I ask him, through you, Sir, why the tax payers in the country, whom we represent here, pay for the maintenance of two Ministers here, namely, Ministry of Law and the Ministry of Company Affairs, that Mr. Vidya Charan Shukla expects me to go to the court of law. I had a much better impression of him, but I hope Shrimati Indira Gandhi appreciates his speech and keeps it in mind, because the sword of reshuffle is hanging over the Council of Ministers.

21 hrs.

Mr. Dandavate said something very interesting, that the minister collected Rs. 23 lakhs, deposited Rs. 8 lakhs and yet he was made a Governor ! I am looking at Mr. Viswanathan. There are stories about some minister having collected money, and deposited half the amount only and yet made a Governor. Sir, you can enquire into it.

Mr. Stephen would be a very good man in show business, in entertainment business. I have talked about bamboo business. Demagogy here and collusion with the employers is wonderful. We appreciate it.

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN : That is your practice.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : Sir, if the Government is worth its name, they should offer to go before an all-party parliamentary committee and prove their innocence, because their cupboards are full of skeletons—Nagarwala skeleton, Goenka skeleton, and so on. A day will come when you will understand that you are sitting on a volcano.

SHRI RAJ BAHADUR : It is all hallucination !

MR. SPEAKER : I will now put the first substitute motion by Shri Surendra Mohanty.

The question is :

That for the original motion, the following be substituted, namely :—

"This House, having considered the allegations made, with the support of photostat copy, during the debate on the Finance Bill by Shri Jyotirmoy Bosu that the Managing Director of Duncan Bros., Ltd., Calcutta had got published a large number of posters in clear violation of the Company Law, is of the opinion that a Parliamentary Committee may be appointed to enquire into the matter in all its aspects." (1)

The Lok Sabha divided

Division No. 19] **AYES** **[21.06 hrs.**

Banera, Shri Hamendra Singh
Bhagirath Bhanwar, Shri
Bhattacharyya, Shri Jagadish
Bhattacharyya, Shri S.P.
Bosu, Shri Jyotirmoy
Brahman, Shri Rattanlal
Chavda, Shri K.S.
Dandavate, Prof. Madhu
Deo, Shiv P.K.
Guha, Shri Samar
Haldar, Shri Madhuryya
Haldar, Shri Krishna Chandra
Hazra, Shri Manoranjan
Joarder, Shri Dinesh
Kinder Lal Shri
Krishnan, Shri M.K.
Mehta, Shri P.M.
Mishra, Shri Shyamnandan
Modak Shri Bijoy
Mohanty, Shri Surendra
Nayak, Shri Baksi
Nayar, Shrimati Shakuntala
Pandeya, Dr. Laxminarain
Parmar, Shri Bhaljibhai
Ramkanwar, Shri
Reddy, Shri B.N.
Roy, Dr. Saradish
Saha, Shri Ajit Kumar
Saksena, Prof. S.L.
Singh, Shri D.N.
Ulaganambi, Shri R.P.
Vajpayee, Shri Atal Bihari
Viswanathan, Shri G.

NOES

Austin, Dr. Henry
Bajpai, Shri Vidya Dhar
Barua, Shri Bedabrata
Bhagat, Shri H. K. L.
Bhandare, Shri R.D.
Bhuvarahan, Shri G.
Buta Singh, Shri
Chandrakar, Shri Chandulal
Chandrika Prasad, Shri
Chaturvedi, Shri Rohan Lal
Chaudhary, Shri Nitiraj Singh
Chawla, Shri Amar Nath
Darbara Singh, Shri
Dasappa, Shri Tulsidas
Daschowdhury, Shri B. K.
Dixit, Shri G. C.
Doda, Shri Hiralal
Ganesh, Shri K. R.
Gomango, Shri Giridhar
Gopal, Shri K.
Gowda, Shri Pampan
Hari Kishore Singh, Shri
Hari Singh, Shri
Jagjiwan Ram, Shri
Jamilurrahman, Shri Md.
Jha, Shri Chiranjib
Kailas, Dr.
Kapur, Shri Sat Pal
Kedar Nath Singh, Shri
Kotoki, Shri Liladhar
Kumaramangalam, Shri S. Mohan
Kureel. Shri B. N.
Lakkappa, Shri K.
Laskar, Shri Nihar
Lutfal Haque, Shri
Majhi, Shri Gajadhar
Majhi, Shri Kumar
Malaviya. Shri K. D.
Mandal, Shri Jagdish Narain
Mandal, Shri Yamuna Prasad

Marandi, Shri Iswar
Mirdha, Shri Nathu Ram
Mishra, Shri L. N.
Mohammad Yusuf, Shri
Nahata, Shri Amrit
Negi Shri Pratap Singh
Oraon, Shri Kartik
Oraon, Shri Tuna
Peje, Shri S. L.
Pradhani, Shri K.
Raghu, Ramaiah, Shri K.
Raj Bahadur Shri
Ram Dhan, Shri
Ram Sewak. Ch.
Rao, Shri Nageswara
Ravi, Shri Vayalar
Reddy, Shri K. Ramakrishna
Sadhu Ram, Shri
Salve, Shri N. K. P.
Samanta, Shri S. C.
Satish Chandra, Shri
Savant, Shri Shankerrao
Shambhu Nath, Shri
Shankar Dayal Singh, Shri
Shankaranand, Shri B.
Sharma, Shri A. P.
Sharma, Dr. H. P.
Shashi Bhushan, Shri
Shastri, Shri Sheopujan
Shenoy, Shri P. R.
Shiva Chandika, Shri
Shivanath Singh, Shri
Sinha, Shri Dharam Bir
Sinha, Shri Nawal Kishore
Stephen, Shri C. M.
Suryanarayana, Shri K.
Swamy, Shri Sidrameshwar
Tiwary, Shri D. N.
Unnikrishnan, Shri K. P.
Venkatasubbaiah, Shri P.
Venkatswamy, Shri G.
Verma, Shri Balgovind
Verma, Shri Sukhdeo Prasad
Yadav, Shri N. P.

MR. SPEAKER : The result* of the division is : Ayes 33 ; Noes 84.

The motion was negatived.

MR. SPEAKER : We will now take up the substitute motion by Shri Samar Guha. The question is :

"That for the original motion, the following be substituted, namely :—

"This House, having considered the allegations made, with the support of photostat copy, during the debate on the Finance Bill by Shri Jyotirmoy Bosu that the *Managing Director of Duncan Bros. Ltd.*, Calcutta has got published a large number of posters in clear violation of the Company Law, recommends that a judicial Committee, with a retired Supreme Court Judge as its Chairman, be set up to inquire into the allegations in all their aspects." (2)

The Lok Sabha divided :

Division No. 20] AYES [21.08 hrs.

Banera, Shri Hamendra Singh
Bhagirath Bhanwar, Shri
Bhattacharyya, Shri Jagadish
Bhattacharyya, Shri S. P.
Bosu, Shri Jyotirmoy
Brahman, Shri Rattanlal
Chavda, Shri K. S
Dandavate, Prof. Madhu
Giri, Shri S. B.
Guha, Shri Samar
Haldar, Shri Madhuryya
Halder, Shri Krishna Chandra
Hazra, Shri Manoranjan
Joarder, Shri Dinesh
Krishnan, Shri M. K.
Mehta, Shri P. M.
Mishra, Shri Shyamnandan
Modak, Shri Bijoy
Mohammad Ismail, Shri
Mohanty, Shri Surendra
Nayak, Shri Baksi
Nayar, Shrimati Shakuntala
Pandaya, Dr. Laxminarain
Parmar, Shri Bhaljibhai
Ramkanwar, Shri
Reddy, Shri B. N.
Roy, Dr. Saradish
Saha, Shri Ajit Kumar
Saksena, Prof. S. L.
Singh, Shri D. N.
Ulaganambi, Shri R. P.
Vajpayee, Shri Atal Bihari
Vishwanathan, Shri G.

*The following Members also recorded their votes :
AYES : Shri Mohammad Ismail ;
NOES : Shri Mohan Swarup.

NOES

Austin, Dr. Henry
Bajpai, Shri Vidya Dhar
Barua, Shri Bedabrata
Bhagat, Shri H. K. L.
Bhandare, Shri R. D.
Bhuvarahan, Shri G.
Buta Singh, Shri
Chandrakar, Shri Chandulal
Chandrika Prasad, Shri
Chaturvedi, Shri Rohan Lal
Chaudhary, Shri Nitiraj Singh
Chawla, Shri Amar Nath
Darbara Singh, Shri
Dasappa, Shri Tulsidas
Daschowdhury, Shri B. K.
Dixit, Shri G. C.
Doda, Shri Hiralal
Ganesh, Shri K. R.
Gomango, Shri Giridhar
Gopal, Shri K.
Gowda, Shri Pampan
Hari Kishore Singh, Shri
Hari Singh, Shri
Jagjiwan Ram, Shri
Jamilurrahman Shri Md.
Jha. Shri Chiranjib
Kailas, Dr.
Kapur, Shri Satpal
Kedar Nath Singh, Shri
Kinder Lal, Shri
Kotoki, Shri Liladhar
Kumaramangalam, Shri S. Mohan
Kureel, Shri B. N.
Lakkappa, Shri K.
Laskar, Shri Nihar
Lutfal Haque, Shri
Majhi, Shri Gajadhar
Majhi, Shri Kumar
Malaviya, Shri K. D.
Mandal, Shri Jagdish Narain
Mandal, Shri Yamuna Prasad
Marandi, Shri Iswar
Mirdha, Shri Nathu Ram
Mishra, Shri L. N.
Mohammad Yusuf, Shri
Nahata, Shri Amrit
Negi, Shri Pratap Singh
Oraon, Shri Kartik
Oraon, Shri Tuna
Peje, Shri S. L.
Pradhani, Shri K.
Raghu Ramaiah, Shri K.
Raj Bahadur, Shri
Ram Dhan, Shri
Ram Sewak, Ch.
Rao, Shri Nageswara
Ravi, Shri Vayalar
Reddy, Shri K. Ramakrishna
Sadhu Ram, Shri
Salve, Shri N. K. P.
Samanta, Shri S. C.
Satish Chandra, Shri
Savant, Shri Shankerrao
Shambhu Nath, Shri
Shankar Dayal Singh, Shri
Shankaranand, Shri B.
Sharma, Shri A. P.
Sharma, Dr. H. P.
Shashi Bhushan, Shri
Shastri, Shri Sheopujan
Shenoy, Shri P. R.
Shiva Chandika, Shri
Shivanath Singh, Shri
Sinha, Shri Dharam Bir
Sinha, Shri Nawal Kishore
Stephen, Shri C. M.
Suryanarayana, Shri K.
Swamy, Shri Sidrameshwar
Tiwary, Shri D. N.
Unnikrishnan, Shri K. P.
Venkatasubbaiah, Shri P.
Venkatswamy, Shri G.
Verma, Shri Balgovind
Verma, Shri Sukhdeo Prasad
Yadav, Shri N. P.

MR. SPEAKER : The result of the division is : Ayes 33 ; Noes 85.

The motion was negatived

MR. SPEAKER : I will now put substitute motion No. 3, moved by Shri P. K. Deo, to the vote of the House.

The substitute motion No 3 was put and negatived.

Mr. SPEAKER : Now, do you want to have the Half-an-Hour discussion ?

SHRI ATAL BIHARI VAJPAYEE : The Member concerned may not be here. We would like to have it tomorrow.

DR. LAXMINARAIN PANDEYA : I am here.

MR. SPEAKER : I am prepared to sit for half an hour.

SOME HON. MEMBERS : No, no.

MR. SPEAKER : Then, the House stands adjourned to meet again tomorrow at 11 A M.

21.11 hrs.

The Lok Sabha then adjourned till Eleven of the Clock on Thursday, June 1, 1972/Jyaistha 11, 1894 (Saka)

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